

WAYNE COUNTY RECORD.

Vol. 1. Northville, Wayne Co., Mich., December 11, 1869. No. 11.

Wayne County Record.

PUBLISHED SEMI-MONTHLY BY
SAMUEL H. LITTLE,
Editor and Proprietor.
NORTHVILLE, MICH.
To whom business communications should
be addressed.

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Five copies, one year.....	\$7.50
Ten copies, " " "	10.00

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Local Advertising at State rates.

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NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

In accordance with the provisions of the Post Law, five copies of Postmaster's weekly report are sent to each postmaster within the state. Our subscribers, living in the country, are entitled to a postmaster's weekly report, which is sent to them through a postmaster in an adjoining county, or to the benefit of the postmaster.

GENERAL NEWS SUMMARY.

Washington, D. C.

It is ascertained that less than \$800 of the new fractional currency had been circulated and put in circulation without the official seal of the department. The Treasurer attributes the loss to carelessness.

Receipts of fractional currency for the week ending November 20, \$1,007,000; shipments, \$643,000; amount destroyed, \$350,000.

A Washington telegram of the 21st says: "The gold balance in the Treasury today is \$108,060,700, and the currency \$11,627,500. Of the gold balance, \$95,000,000 represents gold certificates outstanding, leaving \$73,060,700 of actual cash in gold in the Treasury. Since the publication of the debt statement at the first of this month, the department has sold \$6,000,000 of gold and purchased \$7,000,000 of five-cent bonds, which are laid away subject to the action of Congress, besides \$2,000,000 for the sinking fund."

President Grant has promoted Robert M. Douglas, son of the late Senator Douglas, to be his Private Secretary—James I. Ely of Chicago, taking Mr. Douglas' former position of assistant Private Secretary.

The new Haytian Minister was formally presented to the President on the 22d, by Secretary Fish. He was in full diplomatic uniform. The usual friendly salutations were exchanged.

A special dispatch from Washington on the 23d asserts that the American squadron in the West India waters has been augmented specially in view of the contingencies that may arise in consequence of the action of the United States in the matter of the Spanish gunboats.

It was stated in official circles at Washington on the 23d that there is nothing political in the legal proceedings [of our government in connection with the affairs of Cuba. "The object of libeling the Spanish gunboats, now under detention at New York, is simply to bring the question before the court with a view to release the vessels, and is between the contractors and the government, and not in this aspect interfered with by Spain through its representative."

President Grant has issued a proclamation suspending the discriminating duties hitherto levied upon merchandise imported into the United States in French vessels, either from the countries of its origin or from any other country, in view of the fact that the laying of such duties on all merchandise imported into France in vessels of the United States, had been discontinued.

President Grant has appointed General A. Wheelwright Consul at Rosario, Argentine Republic.

A Washington telegram of the 24th says: "The entire speech of Mr. Gladstone at the Lord Mayor's dinner has been received here in the London papers, and is regarded as friendly to the settlement of the Alabama claims question in a manner satisfactory to the United States."

The West.
The total vote of Chicago at the late election was 31,297, and that of the county, 33,233. For Mayor, Colonel Mason, the Citizens' candidate, has a majority of 8,335. For County Clerk, Mr. Gindles (the Citizens' candidate) majority is 10,641 in the entire county.

Daniel Walsh, the wife-murderer, recently convicted in Chicago, has been refused a new trial, and sentenced to be hanged on Friday, the 10th of December next.

A decision has recently been rendered by Judge Love, of the United States Circuit Court of Iowa, in the Des Moines river land suits. He decides in favor of those claiming under the Navigation Company, holding that the lands have not been subject to entry since they were reserved from sale some years ago.

The schooner Arrow, loaded with lumber, stranded on the lake shore, twelve miles north of Chicago, on the night of the 16th, and on the following night her captain and crew—a few persons in all—were washed overboard and drowned. A life-boat's crew of five men, while trying to rescue the schooner's crew were capsized, one man being drowned, and the rest having a narrow escape. Six of the bodies were washed on shore and recovered on the morning of the 18th.

In the Territory of Wyoming the Democrats elected every member of the Legislature in both branches. For Delegate to Congress, Nockolls (Democrat) had 3,831 votes; Corlett (Republican), 1,963 votes.

The recent storm on Lake Michigan is pronounced the most severe that has been experienced for several years.

It is stated that Ogden has been decided upon by both companies to be the junction of the Union and Central Pacific Railways.

The Propeller Edge was burned to the water's edge, off Port Washington, Wis., on the 20th. There were six persons on board, of whom the captain, Patrick Barnes, and the wheelman, Charles McLean, were saved.

The lower portion of the city of Georgetown, Colorado, was destroyed by a tornado on the 1st. One life was lost and many persons seriously injured. The cost of repair is estimated at \$20,000.

The Republican majority in joint ballot in the Kansas Legislature is 94.

The President has appointed James H. Marsh as Postmaster at Knoxville, Tenn., in place of Curtis McGowan, arrested for robbing the post office there.

General J. S. I. Idrie has been elected a Delegate to Congress from Alaska.

The Indiana Republican State Convention will be held on February 22, 1870, at Indianapolis.

Vincent Collier, Special Indian Commissioner, arrived at Omaha from Sioux City on the 24th, having performed the journey in twenty-two days, touching all the principal points. He traveled over 3,000 miles along the coast of Alaska, and found the Indians to number over 70,000. They are of a very superior order, having large droves of cattle, raise grain to some extent, and live in villages with well-constructed houses. They are all peaceful, and partial to Americans. Mr. Collier thinks the purchase of Alaska a judicious measure.

The East.

Gen. F. B. Butler was arrested in New York city on the 17th, at the suit of Mrs. Florence, of New Orleans, niece of Gen. Twiggs, charged with feloniously appropriating three jeweled gold-hilted swords, formerly the property of Gen. Twiggs, and worth \$35,000, and a box of silverware valued at \$2,000. Bail was fixed at \$15,000, to be furnished on the 19th, and the General was permitted to go on parole.

Judge Fifthian, of New York, has just decided that when a man and woman live together sixteen years as man and wife without the consummation of the marriage ceremony, they are legally married, and both are estopped as against each other and all the world from denying the relationship.

It is announced that a new grit of ten dollar counterfeit greenbacks has been set about. This last issue is so well executed and so close an imitation of the genuine that professional experts can hardly detect the difference. The letter "P," in "paying bearer," has an upright stroke in the genuine it has none. The fine lines which form the shading around the eagle's head in the vignette are coarse and scratchy compared with the genuine.

The official vote of the State of New York gives Nelson, Secretary of State, 29,253 majority over Sigel, and Allen, for Comptroller, 23,991 over Greeley.

Daniel N. Thompson, bayonet-appointed Deputy Collector of the New York Custom House, vice S. T. Blanchard, resigned. Peter Hynes arrived in Boston on the 19th, and was the guest of Horatio C. Wadsworth.

The court at Philadelphia has overruled the motion for a new trial of Morrow and Dottery, convicted of an assault on Brooks, and ordered them to pay a fine of \$1,000, and sentenced them to imprisonment for seven years.

Heavy gales have recently been experienced throughout the East. At Albany, N. Y., on the 20th several buildings were unroofed and much other damage was done.

The Grand Jury of New York city has made a presentment in relation to the gold corner, and has requested that part of the testimony be published, which will probably be done.

It turns out that the Judiciary article of the New York State Constitution is adopted by about 7,000 majority, but the balance of the constitution is defeated.

Five men were publicly flogged on the 21st, in the jail yard at Newcastle, Del.

The Boylston National Bank of Boston, was robbed on the night of the 20th, of valuable values valued at between \$400,000 and \$500,000, belonging to individuals who had deposited them in the bank for safe keeping. No funds of the bank were taken.

A horrible butchery occurred at Pleasant Grove, Pa., a few nights ago. Two scoundrels entered the dwelling of a Mr. Perghals, shot him and his son, 12 years of age, through the head, killing them instantly, and then split the head of the wife and mother open with an ax.

It is stated that the alleged defalcations in the Methodist Book Concern in New York have been thoroughly investigated by a committee who report that in the general management of the Concern there is nothing to complain of.

General Butler has given bail in \$10,000 upon the charge of Miss Florence of misappropriating the Twiggs swords and certain plate.

Eleven persons died in New York City of smallpox during the week ending November 20.

On the 22d Deputy Collector Blanchard, charged with the perpetration of gross frauds in the drawback department of the New York Custom House.

Advices from Jacmel to the 16th state that the insurgents in the south of Haiti were victorious. Salave's most trusted friend, to Mr. Grinnell, who accepted it. The whereabouts of Mr. Blanchard had not been ascertained by the Deputy Marshals who had been in pursuit of him for several days, but the presumption was that he was concealed somewhere in the city.

District Attorney Pierrepont, of New York, received instructions from Washington on the 23d to prepare writs of attachment against the thirty Spanish guns, boats built at several yards on our Eastern coast, and which were almost ready to general

use. They were to be seized on the ground that they are intended to be used against Peru, a country at peace with the United States.

The National Woman's Suffrage Convention met at Cleveland on the 24th.

The Cuban Junta have published the

Col. T. W. Higginson, of Rhode Island, was elected President, with one Vice-President from each State represented (fifteen). Myra Bradwell and Mary F. Davis were made Secretaries, and W. N. Hudson of Cleveland, Treasurer. There were about one hundred delegates present.

Joseph B. Adams, Republican, was elected Mayor of Portsmouth, N. H., on the 23d, receiving 963 votes, against 590 for Frank Jones, Democrat, the present incumbent.

The South.

The city of Mobile, Ala., was visited by a gale on the 16th, which did considerable damage. The roof of the building of the Mobile & Ohio freight depot was blown off, and several negroes badly hurt, and one white man killed.

The Society of the Army of the Tennessee met at Louisville, Ky., on the 17th.

The total debt of the State of North Carolina, according to the Governor's message submitted to the Legislature on the 17th, is \$29,815,045.

A destructive earthquake has visited the Philippine Islands. Buildings were thrown down, and the loss of property was very great. At Manila, eight persons were killed.

A telegraph cable from Port Said to Suez is to be laid along the bottom of the Suez Canal.

All of Victor Emanuel's ministers have resigned.

Mr. Burlingame has arrived at Berlin with the Chinese Embassy.

The Governor of Bombay recently received a letter from Dr. Livingstone, dated Ujjiji, May 13, 1869. The Doctor was then in good health and everywhere well treated.

President Cespedes writes that since the 5th of July 12,000 men have enlisted in the Cuban army; that the army is confident of success, and willing to submit to hardships. They need arms and ammunition. Recently the Spaniards took 122 native Cubans in a swamp, and killed them all.

Gen. Duice, late Captain General of Cuba, died in Madrid on the 23d.

News from an insurrection which has been going on for some time in the Red River Settlement, B. N. A., up to the 16th, is to the effect that the insurgents had taken possession of the fortresses of the Hudson Bay Company, and were distributing rations daily. Fort Garry and the whole country was in possession of the rebels, and their object was not to throw off their allegiance to the Queen, but to oppose annexation to Canada. A general in St. Paul to the Toronto Globe on the 24th, says the English Loyalists did not take part in the rebellion.

The First of the Second Colored Baptist Church at Lexington, Ky., gave way, on the 26th, during funeral service, and five or six were killed and ten to fifteen wounded.

A resolution to exclude the Negro from the public schools of Louisville, Ky., has been voted down—17 to 5.

The fiftieth anniversary of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Beverly Johnson was recently celebrated at Baltimore. He is in his 74th and she in her 65th year. They have ten children living.

The Virginia Republican State Convention met on the 24th, and elected H. H. Porter, Congressman-elect, as President.

The South Carolina State Legislature convened on the 2d. In his message the Governor speaks cheerfully of the financial condition of the State.

A petition praying for the recognition of Cuba by the United States has been started by the ladies of Baltimore, to be signed only by ladies, to which 4,000 signatures have been obtained in that city alone.

It is seldom that ships set out on a long voyage on Friday. Hardened, sturdy and daring tars who will spring to the top-gallant and stand on the yard arm amidst the surging of a tempest-tossed ocean, and the fearful rocking of the frail bark, have a "holy horror" of setting out on a voyage on that day.

It is seldom that a lady or's gentleman walks to the hymnral altar on Friday. Many would look upon it as an omen that forebodes much ill if the bairns were educated on what is sometimes called "hangman's day."

Few of our readers, we think, indulge in any such feeling. There is no reason why any should. The fact will not warrant the assumption that Friday is a day of ill omen.

It was on Friday that Christopher Columbus set sail on his great voyage of discovery; on Friday he first discovered land, and it was on the same day of the week that he sailed on his return voyage to Spain where he arrived in safety, alive.

Other important events in the history of the United States transpired on Friday. It was on Friday, November 10, 1620, that the Mayflower, freighted with 102 precious cargo of Puritans, reached the harbor of Provincetown. On the same day these noble pioneers of Christian civilization signed, in the presence of God and of one another, the first constitution that was framed within the limits of the United States. "This," says Bancroft, "was the birth of constitutional liberty in the cabin of the Mayflower humanity recovered its rights and instituted government on the basis of equal rights for the general good. As the Pilgrims landed, their institutions were already perfected, Democratic liberty and independent Christian worship at once existed in America."

It was on Friday that Henry VII, of England, gave John Cabot his commission to make a voyage of discovery to the North American continent, and when he returned with him.

The Cuban Junta have published the

Proprietary of the Republic of Cuba. It protects the freedom of religion,

the press, public meetings, education, and

the inalienable rights of the people.

The Suez canal inauguration fleet, con-

sisting of forty-five steamers, arrived at Suez on the 21st, having experienced no difficulty in navigation except that, owing to their numbers, several fouled with each other and were crowded on the banks. The water between Suez and Ismailia was found to be fully twelve feet deep at the shallowest spot.

Vincent Collier has arrived at San Francisco with a petition from prominent citizens of Victoria to President Grant, praying for the annexation of British Columbia to the United States.

The recent supplementary elections in Paris for the Corps Legislatif passed off peacefully, and resulted in the election of Rochebot, editor of the *Lanterne*, in the First Circonscription; Cremerius in the Third, and Arage in the Fifth. No candidate had a legal majority in the Fourth.

West India advices received on the 22d state that the cholera, yellow fever, and small-pox were raging fearfully at Santiago de Cuba, 300 having died from cholera alone within a month.

A destructive earthquake has visited the Philippines Islands. Buildings were thrown down, and the loss of property was very great. At Manila, eight persons were killed.

A telegraph cable from Port Said to Suez is to be laid along the bottom of the Suez Canal.

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The amount paid during the year for military pensions was:

Widow, orphans and dependents... \$2,000,000

Widow, orphans and dependents... \$2,000,000

Total... \$4,000,000

Navy Pensions.

During the year the new claims allowed were as follows:

Captain... \$1,000,000

First-class... \$1,000,000

Second-class... \$1,000,000

Third-class... \$1,000,000

Total... \$4,000,000

Army Pensions.

During the year the new claims allowed were as follows:

Captain... \$1,000,000

First-class... \$1,000,000

Second-class... \$1,000,000

Third-class... \$1,000,000

Total... \$4,000,000

HOME, FARM AND GARDEN.

To remove warts on horses or cattle, bathe the wart two or three times a week with turpentine and sweet oil.

An Ohio correspondent of the *Congressional* recommends hill culture for sweet potatoes on prairie soil, instead of cultivation in ridges, and says that a half shovelful of coal ashes to the hill is beneficial.

In Flury & Johnston's *Small-Fruit Recorder* the following directions are given for propagating blackberries: "Cut the roots up in the fall; pack away in sand and sow in shallow drills in the spring, like peas—scattering over the surface a little coarse manure.

A correspondent of the New York Farmers' Club having asked how to clean cucumber and tomato seed, was told to spread on a piece of paper in the sun to dry. They will be clean enough for home use; for commercial purposes it is necessary to wash out the pulp and dry them.

A correspondent of the *Journal of Horticulture* says that everybody will be disappointed who thinks that rich, plump, juicy pears can be obtained by digging a hole in any soil that comes handy, putting in a tree just taken from a rich nursery, and hastily crowding back the earth.

When taking up trees for transplanting, great care should be taken not to injure the roots. The failure among trees usually set out arises frequently from damage done in digging up the trees in the nursery. Before planting, all bruised and wounded roots should be cut off at the wounded part, making a clean cut with a sharp knife.

In Paris, a French paper, publishes the following simple method of destroying the grubs which do so much damage to apples-trees: Place a piece of aloe, about the size of a walnut, in a quart of water, shake the bottle from time to time during three or four days and apply the liquid with a small brush to the affected parts of the tree. If the weather be dry, a single application will suffice.

Good Sponge Cake—A lady contributes the following recipe to the *Western Rural*: Break four eggs in a pan; then add two cups of pulverized sugar, and beat them well together. Add an even teaspoonful of soda in a tea cup of butter-milk, and stir in with the other, then add four ounces to make a stiff batter, together with a tea-spoon of salt, and sponge to taste. Put it into two pans, it will bake in half an hour. Have it as hot as you would for baking bread.

To wash hoop skirts make a bag, 10 inches, and then raise the skirt in this, about it around the bottom with a 4 ft. cord. Repeat this process with three more, and then draw them tightly in clear water, afterwards have some lard or soap-suds made, add 10 pds. of skinned soap-suds, wash, rubbing the skirt in with the hand. Then put the skirt in a cold bath, and let it stand dry for several days, but not too long.

Benefit of this will be seen in a few days, now country women are very fond of making hoop-skirts, and they are made of various kinds of cloth, some half a yard wide,

one of muslin, one of cotton, etc.

The quantity is sufficient for three.

They are equally as good as those made in the usual way.

I have a sponge cake that could be called the best.

Try them all, I have had many, and my word for it, you will find them excellent.—*Western Rural*.

—Joseph Harris gives the following remedy for weedy land, having especially reference to hilly land, and where the soil is low and thin: Sow fall seed, sowing for spring crops, to be seeded down with clover; fall plowing followed by summer fallowing for wheat, also to be sown with clover; planting two head crops, such as corn and potatoes, in succession, and the constant use of the cultivator between the rows; and plowing and cultivating in the fall, after the crop is reaped; passing the mowing machine over the wheat stubbles sown with clover, if the weeds appear, and keeping down the weeds along the fence and in waste places and road-sides.

Keeping Apples.

The keeping of apples through the winter, though better understood than formerly, is not as perfect or systematic as it ought to be. After all, this is one great fruit, and no want of knowledge should be left unapplied as to the best methods of preserving it in a state of freshness and soundness, so as late a period as it is possible. A large proportion of apples is lost by imperfect storing. We know many of the best farmers pick, barrel, and send to market as soon as possible, and this is doubtless judicious, but there are many others whose crops are not large enough to pursue this plan. They desire to preserve them for the home-market or their own consumption, and for this purpose either bury them in the earth or store them in bulk on shelves or bins in the cellar or attic. In burying, they both rapidly decay and lose their flavor; in shelving them in barrels in large quantities, they will scarcely keep beyond the first of January; and in putting them in the store they freeze, however much they may be covered.

The best way we know of is to have shelves erected in the cellar expressly for fruit—pears and apples. Let them be about two feet wide and one foot apart, and as many and as long as may be necessary, commencing six to twelve inches from the bottom. The shelves should be formed of sills two inches wide and one inch apart, and the fruit laid in single layers. The floor should have a close board bottom

which should be covered with an inch of fine fresh lime, which should be renewed two or three times during the winter. The cellar should be ventilated at mid-day for an hour daily (unless it ought to be under all circumstances), unless the weather is too cold. The temperature should of course never be allowed to fall below the freezing point. If from the fact that the temperature should be raised above fifty by means of a heater, it is not to be counteracted by the admission of outside air. The fruit should be sorted over weekly.

This is not nearly as troublesome as it appears to be when once adopted; and the fact that it will preserve "winter" apples and pears until March and April, will render the labor one of pleasure as well as of profit.—*Westerner Telegraph*.

To Care and Smoke Bacon.

At this season of the year, all our farmers are preparing to salt their hams and bacon, so we propose to give them a recipe whereby salting and smoking can be done in one simple and short process. Many of our housewives are forced to depend upon their neighbors for convenience to smoke with. Those of us who own smoke houses know how difficult it is to smoke meat right. By this process all trouble is avoided. Take a large sized butter-knob, cast, or barrel, according to the quantity of meat you desire to smoke. Place it over a fire of corn-cobs with the cover on. Meat smoked in this way is higher flavored, the corn seeming to produce a better taste than cobs or wood, or green walnuts. Let the tub smoke from five to six hours. To one hundred pounds of meat take eight pounds of salt, two pounds of coarse brown sugar (or three pints of molasses), and two ounces of saltpetre. Rub a little fine salt into the hams and shoulders, then put the meat into the smoked tub, cover it with cold water, turn in the salt, sugar, and saltpetre, cover closely, and sit it in a cool place where it will not freeze. If a scum rises on the brine, turn it off, scald and add a little more salt. If desired to keep through the summer, in the early spring smoke the tub three hours longer, put back the meat and turn out the brine when cold.

In a month after pickling, the hams will be ready to use. They can be kept in the brine all summer, and if a ham is cut return it to the tub for further use. Beef and tongues can be kept in the same manner, and there is no danger from insects. In six or seven weeks the beef is pickled and smoked enough to dry. This is the surest and most expeditious way of salting and smoking pork and beef, and once tried will always be adopted.—*World and Home*.

The New Orleans *Commercial Bulletin* says that one third of its present population would be aptle to transact its business. —We may assume, it remarks, that at 2500 thousand of the seventy thousand men are entirely idle, and fifteen thousand are only nominally employed. Five thousand others are employed the year through, and the remaining thirty-five thousand do an average only about half the labor and business that they could easily do if they could find till employment.

The Most Popular Medicine Extant!

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER

THE PAIN KILLER is a safe, specific and efficacious medicine.

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Wayne County Record.



SAMUEL H. LITTLE, EDITOR & PROPRIETOR

THE MURDER OF A. D. RICHARDSON.

The recent murder of Albert D. Richardson, by Daniel McFarlan, has awakened another thrill of horror throughout the land. The particulars of the occurrence are undoubtedly well known to our readers. Mr. Richardson was probably one of America's best writers. During the war he was the army correspondent for the New York Tribune, and being taken prisoner received hard usage from the rebels. He finally escaped and after much privation and many narrow escapes from being retaken, he reached the union lines. Since then he wrote that popular work "The Field, the Dungeon and the Escape," being a recital of his captivity and barbarous treatment from the hands of the rebels. Another great work written by him—"Beyond the Mississippi," has proved an entertaining, instructive and popular book. As a writer he certainly had few equals and his loss will be felt among the literary world.

He became acquainted with the wife of Daniel McFarlan, who having received ill treatment from her husband sought and obtained divorce in Indiana, after which Mr. Richardson married her. Henry Ward Beecher performing the ceremony, consequently McFarlan had no more claim to her than a stranger, still he secreted himself in the Tribune office and coward-like shot Mr. Richardson as he entered, from the effects of which he died within a week after.

The trial of McFarlan will probably bring out facts in the case unknown at present, but that he will be found guilty of murder is quite certain. If such is the case, it is to be hoped that he may be dealt with in a manner that shall be a warning to such disposed individuals. So many similar crimes are committed now days, upon the simplest pretences that a man's life is unsafe.

NORTHVILLE PRODUCE MARKETS.

NORTHVILLE, Dec. 11, 1869.

Butter—per lb.,	30
Eggs—per doz.,	25
Apples—dried, per lb.,	10
Potatoes—per bu.,	35
Onions—per bu.,	150
Wheat—No 1 white per bu.,	60
Do — Red Do per bu.,	90
Flour—white per bu.,	700
Do — Red per bu.,	600
Buckwheat—per bu.,	60
Oats—per bu.,	50
Pork—per cwt.,	12 50
Beef—per cwt.,	5 00 a 5 50
Tallow—per lb.,	10 a 11
Lard—per lb.,	20
Bacon—per bu.,	2 25

New Firm!
HUTTON & BEDFORD.
Will call the attention of the citizens of Northville, and the public in general, to the fact that they are now

Manufacturing.

Wagons, Buggies, Carriages, Carts, Sleighs
AND VEHICLES of all kinds, in the best and LATEST IMPROVED STYLES, at reasonable rates, can be bought west of New York.

To THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to \$5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send \$1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sampler, which will do to commence work on, and a copy of THE PEOPLE'S LITERARY COMPANION—out of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address F. C. ALLEN & CO., Augusta, Maine.

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The undersigned would say to the public that he is ready to dig wells, in any locality, work warranted. Can give testimonials from various quarters.

Can furnish all styles furnished, or any material necessary for the business.

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Orders can be sent at this office.

NORTHVILLE UNION SCHOOL.

The Trustees herewith present their 5th annual announcement to the patrons of the School and to all who may be interested in Educational matters. We feel much gratification in the high position which this Institution has attained, and in the success which has attended our efforts hitherto.

We hereby tender our thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore received, and trust that the School will merit its full proportion the coming year.

1st Term commences September, 6th 1869. Closes December, 3rd 1869.

2nd Term commences December, 6th 1869. Closes April, 1st 1870.

3rd Term commences April, 11th 1870. Closes June, 24th 1870.

With a New Corps of Teachers, whose successful experience and high recommendations are a guarantee that the grade and excellence which the School has attained, will be fully maintained in all the departments, including Ornamentals and Languages, Ancient and Modern.

The attention of Students wishing instruction in the higher branches, or desiring a course preparatory to entering College is invited to the facilities here offered, and which we believe are second to none in the country.

Prof. A. G. Jepson, A.B., Principal, Mrs. N. E. Jepson, Preceptress, Miss Libbie Blackwood, Intermediate, Mrs. Eliza B. Dunham, Primary, Miss S. E. Smith, Music.

TUITION:

Higher Branches \$6 00 per term of 12 weeks.

Common English 5 50 "

Second Academic 4 00 "

Primary..... 2 00 "

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A receipt from the Treasurer for payment of tuition in advance for (at least) one half term, must be presented to the Principal before registration.

Any information desired will be given on application to the Principal, or any member of the Board.

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Always on hand at our Store. We are now making a specialty of the

DETROIT STOVES!

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NORTHVILLE and WAYNE.

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Stage leaves here at 5:45 A. M.

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Now is the time to subscribe for the RECORD.

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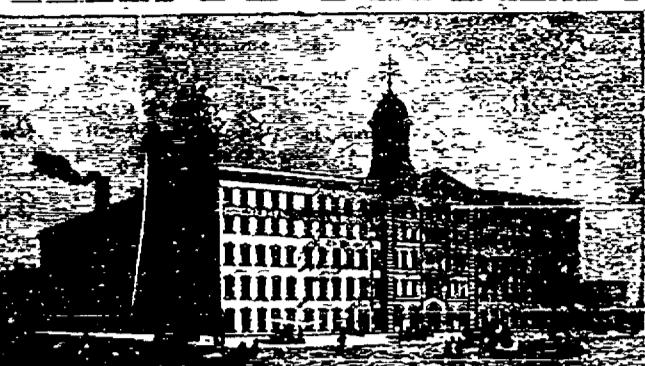
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We sell at Mill Prices.

A. T. DAVIS'S PLYMOUTH MARBLE WORKS.

MANUFACTURER OF

FOREIGN & AMERICAN

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MONUMENTS, TOMBS, MANIFLES,

STAIRCASES, WORKMAN WANTED.

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PLYMOUTH, MICH.

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WARE ROOMS

BASSETT & ORR,

At the O. I. Site of O. J. Purcell,

MAIN STREET

HARDWARE

PLATEWARE

At the above will be sold FOR CASH,

AT THE LOWEST PRICES

CANE, FLAX & WOOD SEAT CHAIRS,

WHISTLETS,

EXTENSION TABLES,

BREAKFAST TABLES,

etc., etc.

25 Rosewood Chairs each \$3.00 to \$7.50

25 Iron Beds, " 75 to 100

25 Sewing Machines, " 60 to \$175

Cash Prize, Silver, etc., raised at \$1,000,000

Chances to draw any of the above Prizes for 25cts. Tickets describing Prizes are sealed in Envelopes and well mixed. On receipt of 25cts a SEALED TICKET is drawn without choice and set by mail to any address. The Prize named upon it will be delivered to the chance holder on payment of ONE DOLLAR. Prizes are immediately sent to say address by express or return mail.

You will know what your Prize is before

you pay for it. ANY PRIZE EXCHANGED FOR ANOTHER OF SAME VALUE. NO BANKS.

Our price's can depend on fair dealing.

REFERENCE.—We select the following

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Moore, Louisville, 1,000; Miss Emma Wal-

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OPINION OF THE PRESS.—"The firm is re-

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