

# NORTHVILLE RECORD.

VOL. XIX.

NORTHVILLE, MICH., FRIDAY, AUGUST 31, 1888.

NO. 45.

## NORTHVILLE RECORD.

PUBLISHED FRIDAYS BY  
E. ROSCOE REED,  
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

### TERMS \$1.00 Per Year.

Our advertising rates made known on application at this office.

Business notices five cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage, birth, death and church notices inserted free.

Obituary comments, resolutions, cards of thanks etc., will be charged for at a reasonable rate.

Correspondence from every school district in this locality is solicited containing local news.

Anonymity considerations not inserted under any circumstances.

### F. & P. M. Time Card.

IN EFFECT DEC 27, 1888.

NORTH 8:35, 9:25 a. m., 1:27, 6:40 p. m.

SOUTH 1:33, 9:25 a. m., 2:42, 8:33 p. m.

### PROFESSIONALS.

MUSIC—I will give instruction in piano and organ playing to a limited number of pupils who may desire them. Rates for lessons will be ascertained and any other information given on application.

Mrs. Lucie Reed.

E. S. ROOT, DENTAL PARLOR, Opposite the Red Rock, on Center Street. All work guaranteed and private rooms available.

C. M. THORNTON, Jr., Auctioneer. Having had years of experience in managing farm produce and considerable experience as an auctioneer I offer my services as such. Terms reasonable and satisfaction guaranteed. Address me at Northville, Mich., or arrangements can be made at the Haddon office.

W. WORTH WENDELL, Attorney at Law. Notary Public. Deeds and Mortgages drawn. Wills drafted. Collections made. Office in Conley block, Northville, Mich.

J. B. HOAG, DENTAL PARLORS OVER T. G. Richardson's store on Main St., Northville. Satisfaction guaranteed on all kinds of dental work. Free extraction without pain by use of nitrous acid.

E. K. RIED.—NOTARY PUBLIC. Special attention to countersigning and drawing of wills.

### SOCIETIES.

G. A. R. LEXY HARMON POST, NO. 318, G. A. R. Department of Michigan, meets every Saturday Friday. Visitors made welcome. J. W. DOLPH, G. M. P. Secretary, 443½.

CHOSSEN FRIENDS—Faise Council No. 5, meets in Choice Friends hall the second and fourth Tuesday evening of each month at 7:30 o'clock. B. G. WEAVER, C. W. B. ANGEL, Secy.

### CHURCHES.

Methodist Episcopal. Hours of Service 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School immediately after morning service. F. E. Bell, Sept. Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7:30. Communion at 6:30 p. m. and Tuesday at 7:30 p. m. Services are invited to all services. REV. G. W. HUDSON, Pastor.

Presbyterian. Sunday Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School at 12 a. m. Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7:30 p. m. All will be held without charge.

Young People's Society meets every Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

REV. W. T. JAMES, Pastor.

Baptist. Hours of Service on Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School at close of the morning service. Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7:30. Services are invited.

Young People's Meeting meets every Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

REV. W. G. CLARK, Pastor.

### SCHOOL OFFICERS.

President—Dr. J. M. SWIFT. Vice-President, W. H. AMBLER. Treasurer—De J. M. DODGE. Trustees—F. P. BELL, O. L. PARKER.

T. S. JONES, M. S. SCOTT, Vice-President, G. S. MASON, Cashier.

STATE SAVINGS BANK

91 GRISWOLD ST., DETROIT.

CASH CAPITAL \$200,000  
FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS.

Directors—R. A. Alger, F. S. Anderson, M. S. Smith; Hugh McMillan, F. J. Hecker, W. K. Anderson, R. S. Mason, C. L. Freer, G. H. Russell, W. C. McMillan, J. K. Burnham, H. C. Parke. Attorneys—Walker & Walker.

Electric bitters are sold at fifty cents a bottle, and Rock-n's Aronia Salve at 25c per box by A. M. Randolph.

### TOWN TALK.

School begins next Monday.

Annual school meeting next Monday evening.

The Cleveland club report 165 members already.

Frank Thompson is dealing out pills at Hueston's drug store.

C. R. Stevens and family are moving into Charles Booth's house.

An excursion from Detroit to-day to Put-in-Bay to see Gen. Harrison.

Miss Emma Simonds was organist at the Pontiac M. E. church last Sunday.

J. R. Corson will add a line of school supplies and five cent counters to his stock.

Take your family and enjoy Pygmalion and Galatea, at the Opera House Wednesday evening.

M. H. Winters, of Belleville, has been elected as secretary of the Wayne county Board of School Examiners.

King Starkweather and H. R. Thayer have been drawn to serve as jurors in the September term of the Wayne circuit court.

We are having quite a dry spell now but be thankful it came so late in the season and after the wheat and oat crops were harvested.

The reserved seat sale for Pygmalion and Galatea has opened at Hueston's drug store, and already a large number of seats have been taken.

Rev. Anna Shaw speaks here Wednesday evening, September 12. More complete announcements will be made later in these columns.

Andrew Yerkes had the misfortune at Walled Lake last Sabbath to fall over board while rowing with his wife and G. W. Koenig, of New Orleans.

Quite a number of ladies of the W. C. T. U. went to Waterford yesterday afternoon to picnic with the ladies of the Plymouth Union at Mrs. George Bryant's.

Chas. Long and family moved here from Clio this week. They occupy the Jackson cottage on Cady Street, and will soon open a grocery and millinery store in the Kellogg block.

About forty went to Saginaw on the excursion Wednesday. The K. T. band went in uniform. They were accompanied on the train by bands from Monroe, Flint, and Mt. Morris.

Everyone purchasing \$2 worth of dry goods or more at Hutton's store, will be presented with a reserved seat ticket for Francis Labadie's entertainment, at the Opera House, Wednesday evening.

Look out for the man who is advertising an infallible cure for corns, price \$1, money to be refunded if the corn does not disappear. If you send him a dollar you will receive by return mail the following receipt: "Cut off your toe."

There is only one tooth pick factory in Michigan and that is located at Harbor Springs. They are manufactured at the rate of 7,000,000 per day of ten hours, and sold at the rate of \$1.90 per case of 100 boxes containing 150,000 or about 300 for a cent.—Michigan Farmer.

The Plymouth Mail refuses to be thankful because they have their liquor tax money refunded to them through the honesty of town treasurer Pomeroy. An editor is willing to be thankful for liberal amounts but a trifle of a few hundred dollars is not worth Editor Steer's notice.

James A. Harper moved his family from Muir, Ionia County, to this place last week. Monday their two-year-old son was taken sick with cholera morbus and died Wednesday. They are strangers in a strange land in deep sorrow, this was the only grandson of either of the grand-parents and was doted on by a large circle of relatives.

About two weeks ago a sleek, sedate appearing man called at Mrs. Lathrop's and engaged board for a week saying he was canvassing for Frank Leslie's magazine. When his week was nearly up he told Mrs. L. he would pay her the next morning. After breakfast he stopped and several of his victims are looking for magazines paid for in advance. He goes by the name of Smith. Keep your bulldog eye on the lookout for him.—South Lyon Pickle.

Don't grumble if certain items are not in this paper. We cannot be everywhere at the same time. We have an item box in the post office where personal and local items may be left, but the name of the writer must be signed or items will not be published. If the items are not properly written we will correct, and will not publish the writer's name.

T. G. Richardson is now the boss boot and shoe dealer in Michigan. His brother had ten stores in different places in the state and was compelled to make an assignment. Last week our Mr. R. bought the entire stocks which with his own made eleven stocks on his hands. He is reducing the stocks as fast as he can and will reduce the number of stores so he can handle them to better advantage. He is now operating stores in Lansing, Holly, two in Pontiac, three in Detroit and Northville.

Since our last issue we have learned the particulars of the unfortunate accident which befell Miss Herbert Crawford last Friday morning. It seems she went to the barn to give the horse some husks which she had just stripped from some corn, and as she went into the stall without speaking, the animal became frightened and commenced kicking and only that her husband was near by, might have killed her. Both bones of the limb below the knee were badly fractured and an ugly wound made, and her recovery will take some time of patient care and attention.—Milford Times.

Monday evening, through Mr. Gandy of the Ypsilanti, the Globe Furniture company, of Northville, received from Shanghai, China, an order for 102 school desks to be shipped by the most expeditious route. The letter bore the Shanghai postmark of July 7, Yokohama, Japan, July 16, San Francisco, Aug. 1, Ypsilanti, Aug. 6, so we learn that it takes just one month for a letter to make the trip. It seems a little strange that it should take ten days to get over the distance between the first two points, but stranger still to a fifty-mile, that six days only should transport it from San Francisco.—Ypsilanti Leader.

A new serial story, of exceptional power and interest, has just been commenced in the Weekly Free Press. The story is entitled "Behind Closed Doors" and was written by Anna Katherine Green, the author of the famous "Leavenworth Case," of which Chief Justice Waite said: "It is the greatest work ever written by a woman." "Behind Closed Doors" is certainly one of the most mystifying stories ever placed before the public. It will outrank the "Leavenworth Case," and take its place as the best novel that its talented author has yet produced. The Weekly Free Press for three months to say address for 20 cents. Subscriptions received at this office.

Henry A. Haigh, secretary of the republican state league, will speak in the Young Men's hall this evening in the interest of that party. Intelligent discussions of the political questions of the day are beneficial and should be attended by every voter. Even if you are not a republican in faith it will not hurt you to hear the doctrines advocated by that party. The intelligent voter will not stay away from a political meeting because the opposite side from his views are advocated. He will post himself all he can. We hope democrats and prohibitionists will give him a good audience to-night and when speakers are here for the other parties we believe the republicans will reciprocate.

The will of the late Luther James, of Lima, Washtenaw county, was admitted to probate and read at Ann Arbor yesterday, and its provisions are somewhat peculiar. James being a bachelor and presumably much opposed to matrimony. After fixing out twenty-one nephews and nieces and two sisters with \$5,000 each, he gives James L. Babcock, who was his attorney's \$30,000 in personal property, and the interest on the residue of the estate, over \$20,000 for five years. If at the end of five years he is alive and married he gets absolute title to the residue. If he is dead and widow alive she gets half of it, and if no is alive and still unmarried the whole is divided among all the legatees.

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### A \$5,000 FIRE.

#### W. T. JOHNSON LOSES HIS BARN AND CONTENTS.

Last Friday evening, about eight o'clock Mrs. W. T. Johnson, who lives two miles south of the village, went to the door of their house and saw smoke issuing from the cupola of their large barn. She sounded the alarm but she and Fred Johnson were the only persons on the place and before they could do anything the barn was all in flames. They succeeded in getting out part of the stock but Mr. Johnson's valuable driving horse, a thoroughbred bull, and five blooded calves were burned up together with about thirty-five tons of hay, 600 bushels of oats, twenty-five bushels of wheat, eighty bushels of meal, thirty bushels of timothy seed, two stacks of straw, wagons, one reaper, agricultural implements, harness, etc. The wind blew the sparks onto the house and it required the combined effort of all the neighbors who soon arrived to keep that from burning or possibly something could have been done to save part of the contents of the barn.

The loss is in the neighborhood of \$5,000 with \$1,600 insurance in the farmers mutual company. Mr. Johnson was in Wixom at the time arranging for an auction sale of part of his blooded stock and from the steps of the hotel at that place saw the fire, little suspecting that he was suffering to such an extent. He did not learn the fact until after he was in his buggy on arriving home that evening. The barn was one of the largest in the township and was filled.

The origin of the fire is solved in mystery. There had been no one around the premises with fire that they knew of. Traups were in the neighborhood in the evening and received supper at one of the neighbors but when last seen were west from there a mile. A traction threshing engine passed by the place in the middle of the afternoon and could a spark have blown to the cupola, a distance of twenty rods or more, lighted in combustible matter and smouldered for four hours before breaking into flames. Is a question of discussion.

The bull was got out of the barn once and to a safe place but he broke away and ran back into the barn where he could not be reached again. The fire was very plainly seen from town but it could not be definitely located and considerable anxiety was manifested about who was meeting with such a loss.

### PERSONALS.

J. W. Fuller returned from his Boston trip Wednesday.

John Blackwood is rustication at Bay View and Mackinac.

The Misses Edith and Minnie Reed leave tomorrow for Saginaw.

H. A. Bradley is spending some weeks at Sand Beach visiting.

Elijah B. Cady has gone to Chicago to engage in business for himself.

E. S. Woodman is confined to his bed yet remains about the same.

The little child of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hazen, of Novi, died Tuesday, Aug. 28.

Misses Carrie Babbitt and Edith Pomeroy returned from Salem Saturday.

Miss Gertie Banks, M. D., of Detroit, spent Sunday with her father, F. H. Banks.

Mr. and Mrs. Parks, of East Saginaw, have been visiting at George Wilcox's.

Mrs. Will H. VanConstant and son, of St. Johns, are visiting Mrs. D. B. Northrop.

T. G. Richardson, of Northville, spent Sunday with relatives in town.—*City Advertiser*.

Miss Jennie Ames, of Chagrin Falls, is visiting her uncle George Brown, of this place.

Mrs. Emma Peppers has accepted a position in a store in Cleveland. She left for there Monday.

E. C. Hawkins and wife, of Ypsilanti, spent Sunday with their daughter, Mrs. J. H. Woodman.

Mrs. Laetta Beebe, of Detroit, is at

her father's—John Jackson. She has come out here for treatment.

The Misses Nellie and Lida McRoberts returned from their Ypsilanti and Niagara Falls trip Wednesday.

J. G. Lapham has been much worse during the past few days and but little hope is entertained of his ultimate recovery.

Mrs. Alfred Noble and son Fred, of Cairo, Ill., are visiting at Mr. Noble's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Noble, of this village.

Rev. Mr. Williams, M. E. pastor at White Pigeon, was a guest of Rev. Dr. Hudson yesterday. They were associates in Maine before coming to this state.

Rev. W. E. Ingersoll has resigned the pastorate of the Milford Presbyterian church after a pastorate of a number of years. Failing health is the reason assigned.

Miss Susie Emery was married Monday to William Woolly, of Traverse City. They left at once for that place where they will make their home. Mr. Woolly is one of the keepers at the insane asylum.

Mrs. James Sessions was called away by telegraph to the sick bedside of her mother, Mrs. Matilda Purdy, at Grand Rapids, a stroke of paralysis being the cause. Her recovery is very doubtful. Her daughter, Mrs. L. E. McRoberts, left for there yesterday morning.

If a horse shows signs of stubbornness, get mad yourself and you are fixed for the rest of the day.

Francis Labadie and Hattie Howell who played "Nobody's Child" here during the season of '85-'86 to crowded houses, are again billed to appear in Northville. This time in W. S. Gilbert's success, "The Great Mythological Comedy Pygmalion and Galatea."

## STATE NEWS.

### BISHOP HARRIS DEAD.

He Passes Peacefully Away in London.

Bishop Samuel S. Harris of the Episcopal diocese of Michigan died in London, Eng., on the 21st inst.

Eight Rev. Samuel S. Harris, the second bishop of Michigan, was born in Chattooga county, Ga., Sept. 14, 1811. He graduated from the university of Alabama in 1832, and at once entered the law school of Chancellor Keyes, from which he was admitted to the bar in 1836. He practiced two years in Montgomery, Alabama, after which he removed to New York, where he was engaged in practice before the supreme court. While in New York, he yielded to a long-cherished desire and relinquished his profession and became a candidate for holy orders. He studied theology under the direction of Rev. J. M. Forbes, D. D. Returning to the south, he was ordained deacon to St. John's church, Montgomery, Ala., Feb. 10, 1838, by Rt. Rev. Richard H. Wilmer, D. D. He was ordained priest in the same church by the same prelate, June 30, 1838. His first parochial work was at this church. Immediately after his ordination to the priesthood he became rector of Trinity church, Cullman, Ga., where he remained two years and six months. Then he removed to New Orleans and became rector of Trinity church, Chicago, which position he held when elected bishop of Michigan.

He was a deputy to the general convention in 1854 from the diocese of Georgia, and in 1857 from the diocese of Illinois. In December, 1858, he was selected by a mandatum to be the bishop of Quincy, but at the earnest solicitation of the vestry of St. James church he declined. He received the degree of doctor of divinity from the college of William and Mary, Williamsburg, Va., in 1874. He was consecrated bishop of Michigan in St. Paul's church, Detroit, Sept. 17, 1879. His publications are a volume of sermons, articles for review, and the "Bishop Lectures for 1862."

Bishop Harris was a man of marked ability, and was beloved by all who knew him. He was respected by all in the diocese, and by the clergy in general who did not conform to his form of worship. Out of his church and in it he was held in the highest esteem. His ability was not only shown in the pulpit, but in managing the affairs of the church. From a human standpoint it seems as though the loss would be irreparable.

The funeral services were held in Westminster Abbey Aug. 21, and the next day the remains, accompanied by Mrs. Harris, son and daughter, sailed for the United States.

### Michigan's Corn Crop.

The area planted to corn in Michigan this year is slightly in excess of the average, and it is probable that this excess has not been lost by failure to grow. On the 1st of August the condition of the crop in the southern counties averaged 91 per cent, and in the central and northern counties 20 per cent of the average yield. As in 1877 and 1888, the crop has suffered by drought, though not to the same extent.

The average rainfall for July was but little more than half the normal for 13 years. Since that date the meteorological statistics make a little better showing, but the rain has been badly distributed, and in many localities the crop greatly needs more rainfall.

In sections in which rains have occurred the conditions of corn is above the average and probably 20 per cent could be a fair estimate for this date. A steady soaking rain of several days' duration is needed throughout the state.

With average weather from now on corn will ripen from the 15th to the fifteenth of September.

### A Distressing Accident.

A terrible accident occurred at Allegan during the soldiers' reunion. Four boys, sons of veterans, were filling blank canon cartridges in a tent where there was a store of fifty pounds of powder. Their names were Lee Weed and Will McLean of Kalamazoo; Prosser of Portage, and Barker of Texas. On the outside of the tent stood Bert Sumner, son of Col. J. D. Sumner. Some one came along and threw a stub of a cigar near the front opening of the tent where powder had been carelessly scattered, and this igniting sent a flame of fire into the tent, reaching the kegs, when a terrible explosion occurred. Young Weed was blown upward through the tent, breaking his arms and legs and tearing his clothes and flesh from his face and body. He lived only a short time. Barker and McLean were terribly burned, and it is said cannot recover, while Prosser and Sumner, both of whom will live, are disfigured for life.

### Murdered His Brother.

Saturday night, August 18, about a dozen men were gathered in Charles Wagner's saloon near the corner of Gratiot and Jefferson streets, Detroit, drinking. Among the number were Charles' two brothers, John and Joseph. A quarrel ensued about the payment of the beer. The men went out into the street, still quarreling, when Charles returned to the saloon, got his revolver, followed the crowd which had been attracted by the fight, and fired at his brother John, killing him instantly. The red handed brother looked at his victim a moment, then turned and went back to the saloon, told what he had done and started on a run. The police were notified and a search instituted, which resulted in his being captured on the following day on the road leading from Detroit to Mt. Clemens.

### Soldiers' and Sailors' Reunion.

The soldiers' and sailors' reunion at Cte began with a big excursion to Mackinac Island August 21. The place for holding the next encampment has been decided upon as West Branch on the first Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday in August, 1889. The association will be officers as follows: President, C. S. Andrews; vice-president, A. J. Rice; quartermaster, J. C. McGowan; secretary, J. C. Harrison; vice-presidents: Osgood, J. Banks; Crawford, O. Palmer; Chetorgan, G. P. Humphrey; MacInnes, Joe Juller; Fresco, Wm. Kitchen; Alcorn, Judge R. J. Kelly; Oscoo, S. Richardson; Pococorona, R. S. Gifford; Emmett, Dr. Hampton; Charlevoix, Wm. Nears; Astoria, H. B. Hindon; Ogemaw, C. M. Ashton; Montmorency, Tom Sherwood.

### Michigan News Briefly Told.

The Roe Stevens brass works of Detroit, which are using \$80 worth of coal per day, are looking at the Port Huron gas field with a view of locating there.

George Ashley, a son of John Ashley of Greenville, is under arrest on a charge of forgery.

Pryson's saw-mill north of Orford was destroyed by fire the other day at a loss of \$10,000.

Among the passengers lost to the Gusher in the Atlantic a few days ago was Capt. George Hammett of Gladstone, Delta county, who had lived upon the site of that young city for 18 years and had just sold his holdings there for \$25,000. He was on his way to pay a visit to his old home in Norway when death overtook him.

A Grand Rapids man checked his grip sack to Lansing and it was lost. He thereupon put in a lost baggage claim—due \$200 for the contents and \$10 for the inconvenience. Then the strip was found, and it contained two butcher knives and a dozen cloth aprons.

Henry M. Wilson, a resident of Michigan since 1852, died in Quincy a few days ago.

Five years ago a man who said he was John Booth of "Groom's country," Ireland, came to Marquette. It became known that the name he gave was an assumed one, but he steadily refused to reveal his true name. He was a man of good education and had seen better days. A few days ago he was buried in the fall of a casket and his rays lay with him.

A company with \$15,000 capital has been organized at Kalamazoo to manufacture steam engines, the factory to be in Comstock township, four miles out of the city. The George T. Smith partner company of Jackson, makes a proposition to the city for the city to buy their works for the sum of \$50,000, and then the company agrees to put up a much more extensive concern. If the city buys the partner works it is understood that there is a torque company ready to take it and start a big factory.

Grand Ledge will hold a special election in September to vote on the question of bonding the village for \$3,000 to secure furniture factory.

George Thompson has been held for trial at Mt. Pleasant on a charge of murdering Albert Harrington.

The soldiers and sailors of Montcalm county met in Stanton a few days ago and formed a permanent organization to be known as the soldiers' and sailors' association of Montcalm county. Capt. T. N. Stevens was elected president. The object is pleasure, protection and relief.

At the business meeting of the G. A. R. association of southwestern Michigan, held at Allendale August 27, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, G. M. Black of Kalamazoo; vice-president, M. A. Merrifield of Union City; secretary, A. A. Hinkton of Oregon; treasurer, O. M. Hall of Union City; county vice-president, Cass, Z. Alrich; Berrien, W. H. Miller; St. Joseph, N. L. Cooper; Van Buren, William Norton, Jr.; Calhoun, William Christie; Branch Alfred Miles; Allegan, H. H. Pope.

Sparks from an engine set fire to the large frame barn on the farm of Col. Thomas Taylor in Bridgeport town, Saginaw county. The building together with the crop from its 15 acres of wheat and 40 acres of oats, 4 tons of hay and a threshing machine and separator was burned.

Eighty-five veterans were present at the reunion of the Twenty-second Michigan Infantry at Rochester August 24. They partook of a banquet agreed to meet next year at Byron, and the following officers were elected: Maj. J. V. Norton, president; S. G. Haddad, secretary; E. E. Gedding, treasurer.

Seth Frisler of Alpena, has found in that village the rib of a mastodon which measures five feet; also another broken rib which is four feet. The bones were found about five feet from the surface.

Moore County ladies are raising funds with which to build another soldier's monument.

Fred. J. Plumb of Michigan has been promoted from a 1000 clerkship to a \$1,400 position in the bureau of internal revenue at Washington.

Eaton Price of Romeo has been appointed watchman in the post-office department at Washington.

The Clinton wrought iron bridge company of Clinton, O., has secured the contract for building a bridge across the Muskegon river near the upper depot at Big Rapids.

A railroad engine fell into the Black River at Port Huron, blocking the bridge so that no train can go through the city, but all Grand Trunk trains go around the town by the old route, and the narrow gauge trains are made up on the north side of the river.

**DETROIT MARKET.**

WHEAT, White..... \$5 @ 50  
" Red..... 57 @ 50

CORN, Per bushel..... 44 @ 47  
OATS..... 38 @ 31

MALT..... 15 @ 13  
TOMATO SEED..... 250 @ 25

CLOVER, Small, per bag..... 410 @ 45  
FEED..... 13 @ 13  
FLOUR—Michigan patent..... 45 @ 46  
Michigan roller..... 45 @ 46  
Minnesota patent..... 50 @ 52  
Minnesota bakers..... 45 @ 46  
Rye per bushel..... 47 @ 45

APPLES, per bushel..... 175 @ 200  
BEANS, pickled..... 175 @ 25  
BUTTER..... 25 @ 30  
BOTTLES, per lb..... 72 @ 17  
CHEESE, per lb..... 92 @ 10  
DRIED APPLES, per lb..... 62 @ 75  
EGGS, per dozen..... 14 @ 15  
HONEY, per lb..... 11 @ 15  
HORS, per lb..... 13 @ 15  
HAY, per ton, clover..... 110 @ 120  
" Timothy..... 44 @ 100

MALT, per bushel..... 26 @ 100  
CANTOSS, per bushel..... 300 @ 225  
POTATOES, per bushel..... 14 @ 13  
BLACK BEANS, per bushel..... 325 @ 350  
PUMPKINS, per bushel..... 225 @ 300  
HUCKLEBERRIES, per bushel..... 225 @ 300  
PEAS, per bushel..... 250 @ 300  
PEACHES, per bushel..... 150 @ 200  
POULTRY—Chickens, live..... 8 @ 7  
Geese..... 6 @ 7  
Turkeys..... 10 @ 11  
Ducks, per lb..... 15 @ 15  
PROVISIONS—New York..... 15 @ 15  
Family..... 15 @ 15  
Extra meat beef..... 75 @ 75  
Lard..... 7 @ 8  
Hams..... 11 @ 12  
Shoulders..... 8 @ 8  
Bacon..... 10 @ 10  
Tallow, per lb..... 3 @ 3  
HAMS—Green City, per lb..... 3 @ 4  
Cured..... 3 @ 4  
Salted sheep skins, wool..... 6 @ 10

LIVE STOCK.

CATTLE—Market firm with a slight advance: steers, \$5 10@6 1/4; cows, bulls and mixed, \$1 25@3 50; Texas cattle, \$1 40@3 50; stockers and feeders, \$2 50@3 50.

HOGS—Market strong and active: mixed, \$3 25@5 50; common to fair, \$1 50@2 25; good to choice, \$1 20@2 50; hams, \$2 50@2 65.

BEEF—Market moderately active and easier: veal, \$1 60@2 50; Texan, \$2 25@3 75; natives, \$3 50@4 50; lambs, \$4 00@5 00.

FLEECES—Fine, \$2 50@3 50; medium, 140@3 50; coarse, 225@3 50; unwashed, unmercantile, 100@2 50; buckles, 150@3 50.

### FAVORS RETALIATION.

Cleveland's Message to Congress—Texts of Wilson's Bill on the Subject.

Other Washington News.

President Cleveland has sent a message to Congress on the fisheries question. The message was anticipated, and created little surprise, as it was shadowed by the remarks of Senator Morgan, during the debate, that it was possible if the treaty was rejected, that the president might be forced to use the retaliatory act, and precipitate a war with Canada.

After reading the petitions of this country engaged in fishing in waters adjacent to Canada, he said that the remedy granted is those measures in an excessively harsh and oppressive manner, and that it has been justified by Canada and Great Britain by the claim that the treaty of 1818 permitted it, and that it was necessary for the protection of Canadian interests; all of which he desired he still desired an amicable settlement, and believed that the treaty just rejected would have been adequate to settle all difficulties.

Ed. yester. American interests in the future without sacrificing our national pride or dignity in the least.

But as his method of co-operation has been declined, the president will now consider the subject of retaliation. He states that it will be impossible to insure Canadians without inflicting some damage on our citizens, but the national policy, which embraces the inflictions, the greatest harm to those who have injured us will be inflicted upon should be thorough and vigorous.

After referring to the retaliatory powers conferred on the president, Mr. Cleveland referred to the 29th article of the treaty of 1818, and the subsequent action of Canada in relation thereto, and says that the powers conferred by congress are not sufficient to meet this situation and recommends immediate legislative action conferring upon the executive the power to suspend by proclamation the operation of all laws and regulations permitting the transit of goods, ware and merchandise in bond across, or over the territory of the United States to or from Canada.

"There need be no hesitation," he says, in suspending these laws, arising from the supposition that their continuation is secured by treaty obligations. It seems quite plain that article 29 of the treaty of '18, which was the only article incorporating these laws, terminated July 1, 1888.

In addition to this very satisfactory evidence supporting this construction of the 29th article, it will be found that the law passed by congress to carry the treaty into effect furnishes conclusive proof of the correctness of such construction. The law was passed March, 1871, and is entitled "An act to carry into effect the provisions of the treaty between the United States and Great Britain signed in Washington, May 3, 1818, relating to the fisheries." This act terminates the 29th article of the treaty.

From this act of Congress of 1871 the president concludes that these articles have been formally terminated, and he suggests that the privilege now granted to Canada of transporting goods from our ports and over our soil be suspended, and adds: "I am satisfied that upon the principles that should govern retaliation, our interest in protecting our vessels and our citizens against the same should be suspended and annulled." I am satisfied that upon the principles that should govern retaliation, our interest in protecting our vessels and our citizens against the same should be suspended and annulled.

The president also calls attention to the unfair treatment of our vessels upon the lake in the matter of tolls and charges, and recommends that such legislation be made as will give Canadian vessels navigating our canals precisely the advantages granted our vessels and cargoes on Canadian canals, and that the same be measured by the same rule of discrimination.

In conclusion President Cleveland says, "The course which I have outlined and the recommendations made relate to the honor and dignity of our country, and the protection and propagation of the rights and interests of our people. A government does but half its duty when it protects its citizens at home and permits them to be imposed upon and humiliated by the unfair and over-reaching disposition of other nations. If we invite our people to rely upon arrangements made for their benefit, we should see to it that they are not deceived, and if we are generous and liberal to our neighboring country, our people should reap the advantage of it by a return of liberality and generosity."

The following is the text of the bill introduced in the house by Mr. Wilson of Minnesota:

An act to empower the President more effectively to carry out the purposes of an act to authorize the President to protect and defend the rights of American fishing vessels in American fisheries, American trading and other vessels in certain cases and for other purposes approved March 3, 1871, and to authorize the President to protect American interests against unjust discrimination in the use of canals in the British dominions of North America.

Be it enacted, etc., that whenever the President may deem it his duty to exercise any of the powers given to him by an act entitled an act to protect and defend the rights of American fishing vessels, it shall be lawful for the President, in his discretion or proclamation to that effect, to suspend in whole or part the transportation of goods—wares and merchandise imported or exported from any foreign country except Canada in bond and without the payment of duty to or from the British dominions in North America across the territory of the United States.

Sec. 2. Whenever the President shall be satisfied that there is any discrimination whatever in the use of the Welland canal, the St. Lawrence river canal, the Chambly canal, or either of them, whether by tolls, draw-backs, refund of tolls or otherwise, which is or may be detrimental to the United States or any of its citizens, it shall be lawful for the President in his discretion to issue a proclamation to that effect, whereupon there shall be collected a toll of twenty cents a ton upon every foreign vessel and her cargo passing through the Saint St. Marie canal or the St. Clair flats canal and the secretary of the treasury may authorize and direct any of the customs officers to collect the tolls levied under this act. The President, when satisfied that such discrimination has ceased, may issue his proclamation to that effect in his discretion, whereupon the tolls authorized by this act shall no longer be collected.

Sec. 3. The secretary of the treasury is authorized to make any regulations needful to carry this act into effect.

One senate, by a vote of 27 yeas to 30 nays, has rejected the fisheries treat., which has for so long been under discussion.

In the cases of the naval cadets who were recently tried by court-martial at Annapolis for bazing, found guilty and sentenced to dismissal, the President has modified and commuted the sentence to confinement for thirty days and a deprivation of one-half of the annual leave.

The President in his order stated that the offence of which the accused had been com-

mitted was an unmanly and cowardly one, which for all reasons deserved the severest condemnation.

Any cadet who hoped to achieve an honorable place in the navy, and who appreciated that not only knowledge but gentlemanly behavior was necessary to his success, ought to feel that he disgraced himself by the unfair and bullying conduct which always characterized bazing.

The President, approving of the law punishing by dismissal those who indulge in bazing, finds it difficult to consider favorably appeals for a commutation of sentence. His decision as to do was arrived at only after consultation with the authorities at the academy. In conclusion the President says:

In full fairness and justice to all naval cadets, I desire it to be distinctly understood that the clemency granted is those cases in which it is not to be considered a precedent for future executive interference; that it is the purpose of all having a duty in the premises to suppress bazing; that due slight inter-

ference with another cadet constitutes the offense, and that the severest sentence recommended upon future convictions will be exerted.

A bill has been favorably

## SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON.

Lesson X. September 2, 1888.

THEME: THE SPIES SENT INTO CANAAN.

Numbers 13:17-33.

17. And Moses sent them to spy out the land of Canaan, and said unto them, Get you up this way southward, and go up into the mountain. 18. And see the land, what it is, and the people that dwell therein; whether they be strong or weak; few or many; 19. and what the land is, to see if it is good or bad; and what cities they dwell in, whether in tents or in strongholds. 20. And what the land is; whether it be fat or lean; whether there be wood therein or not. 21. And be ye of good courage, and bring of the fruit of the land. Now was the time of the first ripe grapes. 22. So they went up, and searched the land from the wilderness of Zin unto Rechob, as men come to Hamath. 23. And they ascended by the south, and came unto Hebron; where Abimalech, Sheba, and Talmai, the children of Anak, were. (Now Hebron was built seven years before Zion in Egypt.) 24. And they came unto the brook of Eshcol, and cut down from thence a branch with one cluster of grapes, and they bare it between two upon a staff, and they brought of the pomegranates, and of the figs. 25. The place was called the brook Eshcol, because of the cluster of grapes which the children of Israel cut down from thence. 26. And they returned from searching of the land after forty days. 27. And they went, and came to Moses, and to Aaron, and to all the congregation of the children of Israel, unto the wilderness of Paran, to Kadesh; and brought back word unto them, and unto all the congregation, and showed them the fruit of the land. 28. And they told him, We have seen the land, and, behold, it floweth with milk and honey; and this is the fruit of it. Nevertheless, the people be strong that dwell in the land, and the cities are walled, and very great; and moreover we saw the children of Anak there. 29. The Amalekites dwell in the land of the south; and the Hittites, and the Jebusites, and the Amorites, dwell in the mountains; and the Canaanites dwell by the sea and by the coast of Jordan. 30. And Caleb said, Let us go up at once, and possess it; for we are well able to overcome it. 31. But the men that went up with him said, We be not able to go up against the people; for they are stronger than we. 32. And they brought up an evil report of the land which they had searched unto the children of Israel, saying, The land, through which we have gone to search it, is a land that eateth up the inhabitants thereof; and all the people that we saw in it are men of great stature. 33. And there we saw the giants; and we were in our own sight as grasshoppers; and so we were in their sight.

V. 34. "Let us go up at once and possess it; for we are well able," were the words of Caleb, seconded by Joshua. There were two brave men but theirs was a minority report. The ten-laid emphasis upon the Amalekites who dwelt on the borders of the "south country" and who had already attacked Israel; the Hittites, a powerful nation whose strength and influence until recently, had been greatly underestimated; the Jebusites holding the region round about Jerusalem; the Amorites "whose height was like the height of cedar's and whose strength as the oaks"; and the Canaanites along the Mediterranean coast. While the occupancy of the land by these people was historically true, Israel in its presence were not as "grasshoppers," for the living God was their leader and with him, few numbers make a majority; and human weakness became strong. The report of the ten was evil in this, that it exaggerated the dangers and minimized the good, leaving God and his promise out of the account. They did not upon the difficulties and taught the congregation to, instead of recognizing God and his resources.

As a result the ten unfaithful spies and those who partook of their rebellion perished in the wilderness, Caleb and Joshua, only entering the promised land. Caleb received as his portion the land he explored in and about Hebron and in recognition of the mercy of God, changed his name from Othniel to "a prayer," to Joshua "the Lord saves."

### RIGHTFUL THOUGHTS

The delays of sin; Israel would have gone steadily forward to the promised land but with Aaron fell into idolatry; would have gone forward, but Miriam sinned; would have gone "up at once" and possessed the land but instead perished. Just such difficulties are occasional now; the Christian church would go up and possess the land, if it were Caleb and Joshua. Ten see plants and defects, where God sees success in an infallible God.

Every soul good is attained by exertion and labor, trusting in God for success. God does not leave his people without witness; there are the grapes of Enoch blessed gospel fruits.

"People often look at the good through the small end of the telescope, and the evil through the large end, diminishing the good as they magnify the evil."

The ten spies in laying God out of their account were as useless to him, as an egg-cutter would be in exhibiting the efficiency of a locomotive without steam or electric power.

Library references: Pocobet, Parker's People's Bible, Dr. Trumbull.

### HERE AND THERE

Queen Elizabeth, of Romania, was educated by Miss Larvier, the wife of the celebrated physiologist.

Joseph Ernest Renan, the philologist and author, has been appointed a grand officer of the Legion of Honor.

It is reported that there is a young lady living near Brookwood, Ga., who can repeat the whole Bible from memory.

Spurgeon does not live to preach unless he chooses to do so. He has saved some money and an admirer has presented him with \$10,000.

Lord Londesborough has to his possession a curious watch, formed after the semblance of a duck. It is of silver and was made in the time of Queen Elizabeth.

Ibrahim Weston, a colored man who died at Barbersville, Ga., recently was the father of seventy-two children, of whom fifty-two sons were able-bodied farm hands when he died.

A Pittsburg woman of forty was married to her third husband just five hours after her lamented No. 2 had joined the silent majority—an unusual intermingling of grape and orange blossoms.

No man yet fully understood a woman. Hence, some people reason no woman can have fully understood herself; for, if she had, how in the world could she have managed to keep the secret?

An old relic possessed by a Southerner is a pair of scissors that her father used in cutting a suit of clothes for President Washington, as he was entering upon his first Presidential term.

A citizen of Washington, Pa., has an English gun that was made in 1743. It was taken from the dead body of a British soldier, who was killed in a retreat from Concord, Mass., April 19, 1775.

Lord Beaconsfield said to Matthew Arnold: "You are the only writer I ever knew who became a classic in his life." In literature or politics the judgment of Beaconsfield was worthy of consideration.

The man who goes fabioz and sits in a cramped-up posture on a narrow thwart from early morn till dewy eve and calls it fun is the same chap that never goes to church because the pews aren't comfortable.

"Trespass! By no means. Ten o'clock I shall be waiting for you."

"Friend of charity, of course?" he said, making the questing assertion not for curiosity but as a salve to his conscience.

"It is an errand of no evil," said Beatrice gravely. Her words satisfied Sylvanus as the words of a fair woman always satisfy the conscience of a man. The amount of conviction carried by beauty is truly wonderful.

### CHAPTER XVII.

#### A CASE FOR KING SOLOMON.

At a few minutes past ten o'clock in the morning Sylvanus Moyle, who for some quarter of an hour had been waiting at the cross-roads as patiently as the finger-post itself, saw Beatrice coming toward him. He hastened to meet her, and his sharp eyes at once noticed that she looked worn and weary. Had he known that she had spent a sleepless night this would have caused him no surprise. The two walked on until they reached the outskirts of the city. Here, by Beatrice's command, the curate halted a cab. "Where shall I we drive to?" he asked.

"There, if you please," said Beatrice, handing him a paper. Mordin started and could scarcely repress a cry of surprise. The paper bore the words, "The Cat and Compass, Market Lane." He wondered what in the world Miss Clauson could want at a fifth-rate Blacktown inn.

Why don't you go and play with other boys?" I'd like to know.

"The five years since her twelfth birthday was green With tender leaves, and all the months between Have slipped away till she is seventeen—The child is lost!"

Louise Hall in *Wide Awake*.

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Rightful thoughts.

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## Northville Record.

E. R. REED, Editor and Prop't.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 31, 1888.

The advantages of advertising could not be better illustrated than in the case of W. L. Douglas, of Brockton, Mass., manufacturer of the celebrated W. L. Douglas \$3.00 shoe. About four years ago S. R. Niles' Newspaper Advertising Agency of Boston, placed for Mr. Douglas an advertisement covering a portion of the New England States. Since that time Mr. Douglas has steadily increased his advertising as his business prospered, and the returns have been so gratifying that he has recently placed through Mr. Niles, his advertisement in over 5,000 newspapers, covering every section of the country from Maine to California.

Don't run on a postal card. The law in regard to this matter, approved by the President June 13, provides that hereafter any postal card, or any other matter, upon the envelope or outside cover of which appears anything which reflects injurious upon the person addressed, or anyone else, or upon his conduct or character, or is plainly calculated or intended to injure his feeling or reputation, or bring him into discredit, or threatens him, will be excluded from the mails, and anything in the nature of an offensive dun apparent upon an envelope, outside cover or postal card, or conveying the suggestion that such duo is enclosed, will be excluded as non-mailable under the new law.

We here many men from time to time speak of "luck" of other men as compared with their own. You may pick out the laziest and poorest man in this town and you will hear him grumble about luck. When he comes to explain his career you will see he planted his potatoes and waited for luck to help them while he sat on a dry goods box and talked politics. The ill-luck he grows of comes through shiftlessness and bad management and generally no other cause. Diligence makes luck. It is too late in the day to make people believe that some people were born to be rich and others poor. It rests with the man; if he is industrious and a good manager he will get along, but if he spends his time in talking about his neighbors he will never prosper.—E.R.

We are in receipt of the program and list of entries for the fall meeting, Sept. 4th to 7th inclusive, of the Detroit Driving Club. On examination of the list it will be quickly noticed that a week of good racing is assured and that several horses will have to lower their records in order to win. This will be the first appearance in public this season, of two sensational trotters, the \$50,000 three-year-old, Bell Boy, with a two-year-old stallion record of 2:26, and Sadie D., a two-year-old with 2:35 to its credit as a yearling, both of whom will attract much public interest in their respective contests. It is fair to presume that the owners of colts, entered against them, have great faith in the merits of their youngsters. Barboldi Patchen and Bandoline are pitted against Sadie D., in the two-year-old "special stake." In the five-year-old "special stake" we find Sunrise Patchen, Nutmeg, Nettie Leaf and Sphinx, all of whom have records down in the 2's and are capable of lowering them.

Nellie V., who got a mark of 2:20 in Chicago last week; Melia G., 2:22; Fugue, privately timed in her race at Cleveland last month in 2:18; Lynx W., 2:24; Pius, 2:28 and others of equal merit go to make up the entries of the 2:28 class, 12 in number. The 2:28 class is filled with 12 entries and the 2:30 with 13 entries.

In the three-year-old "special stake" are Alicegetta, Red Fern and Clonmore against Diplomacy, who captured the three-year-old state at Chicago.

On Thursday occurs the special race for a purse of \$3,000 between Prince Wilkes and Patron. Prince Wilkes has a record of 2:14 and his ability to trot in 2:14 or better at Chicago last week, when he beat Clingstone three straight heats, is not questioned. Mr. Emery, the owner of Patron, has been specially fitting this famous stallion for a race at the fall meeting, intending to beat the great horse of the year, wherever he might be, and to produce his record of 2:14. Last week Patron trotted quarters in 33 seconds, showing that he has plenty of speed and the ability to trot a great race. This will undoubtedly be the greatest racing event of the year.

## AUCTION SALE.

Whereas the directors of the Globe Granite Drill Co. have from time to time called in the capital of said corporation by assessment upon the subscribers to its capital stock, by giving notice thereof to the subscribers, and whereas the following persons have neglected payment of said assessment for thirty or more days since the installments were due and payable. Therefore, the board of Directors will sell at the office of the secretary of the corporation on the 6th Day of August A. D. 1888, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon so much of the stock of each of the said delinquent stockholders as may be necessary to pay installments due on same in accordance with Sect. 11 of Act No. 232, Laws of Mich. for 1885; Elmer W. Smith, Henry P. Britten, Horace E. Cray, Will Stewart, Edward Simonds, George Rayson, Peter Counell, Hiram R. Holmes, Edward P. Kellogg, George C. Houston, Wm. P. Yerkes, Frank N. Clark, Marvin Borre, Orion Barnhart, Will A. Fry, Robert Yerkes, Major D. Gordon, Charles T. Leonard, Milo W. Feed, Nathan H. Power, John H. Fuller, Carpenter Bros., Frank B. Park and John O. Knapp.

By Order of the Board of Directors.

A. W. CARPENTER, Sec'y.

Northville, July 5th.

The above sale has been postponed until Monday, Aug. 6, at the same place and hour.

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# NORTHLVILLE RECORD.

R. E. DAVIS, Editor and Publisher.

NORTHLVILLE

MICH.

The shipment of California fruits to the New York market is comparatively a new undertaking. Last year the experiment was tried of shipping fruit farther east than Chicago, but it was not a financial success. Owing to the better rail services inaugurated and the better facilities made for handling the fruit this year, the business has developed wonderfully in the space of a few months. The shipments have not begun to meet the demand, and the fruit is distributed not alone in New York, but in towns within one hundred miles of that city. The prospects are that the new trade opened will grow into enormous proportions and will easily interfere with the sale of Delaware and other eastern fruit. California, in consequence of the increased business, will become the great fruit state of America.

Africa appears to be the continent to which all the European powers are now turning their attention. The establishment of a free Congo state will naturally prevent any political complications in that particular region, and thus freedom may be secured in the efforts to be made at reactivation and progress. But in the other portions of the continent that are undergoing a process of development the many diverse European claims threaten to keep back the march of improvement. France, England, Germany, Italy and Portugal are each struggling for a share, and what ought to be a friendly emulation in the strife to widen the field of commerce and bring ignorance and superstition under the influence of civilization has been made subordinate to dreams of aggrandizement and of conquest.

The Russian government has begun work upon a canal about seventy-five miles long across the narrow neck of land that joins the Crimean peninsula to Kuzgan territory. The canal will be sixty-five feet broad and twelve feet deep—large enough for the accommodation of the ordinary coasting trade—and will save in sailing distance between points in the Sea of Azov and the Black Sea a distance of 100 miles. The canal will cost \$10,000,000, and, although it is projected for the purpose of increasing the defensive strength of the Russian navy, it will be of great use in facilitating trade. It is not always the case that outlay for military purposes can be made to equally subserve the ends of peace or war.

The bill for the reduction of the postage on trees and seeds is likely to pass without opposition, having been agreed upon in committee. This is a matter of importance to farmers and those interested in tree planting. It will be a sensible measure encourage the transplantation of small tree seedlings into different parts of the country which otherwise would not be planted. It is proposed to reduce the postage rate on seeds and trees from sixteen cents to eleven cents, and possibly the rate may be made only four cents. In this way Uncle Sam will encourage grafting so that his prairies may soon be covered with dense forests.

Five years ago the Northern Pacific gave Seattle, W. T., an eastern connection for the first time, and now three more railroads are projected, one to Vancouver on the north to connect with the Canadian Pacific, another line south toward San Francisco and the like west to Portland. If these lines are built there will be a Pacific railroad extending from Seattle to Vancouver on the north and to the Gulf of Mexico on the south, while the Northern Pacific extends to that city direct communication with the Pacific ocean, as well as with the Atlantic which it now enjoys.

Candy Mat-Cleveland is rated among his fellow-men as worth less than \$200,000, and date Harrison's worldly goods are valued at a sum even less than that. Candide Elvira Lockwood is not rich, nor is candidate Fiske of the prohibitionists, though he is probably worth more money than any of the others. But candidate James Langdon Curtis of the American party is reputed to be worth his two millions.

S. Govinda Rao Sa'vat is the name of a Hindu Brahmin who is passing the summer at Saratoga. His description of India under English government is not creditable to the British. He says that the morals and habits of the people have become corrupt and that they indulge in excesses formerly unknown to them.

A Georgia judge has decided that a wife has no right to take her husband's letters from his pocket. How about those she has given him to mail in the morning? Is she the right to investigate his pockets, see if they are still there?

The statement is made that New York troops officials issue naturalization papers that regiments and masters of vessels take aboard with them for embarking, they bring to this country under all of which would have satisfied our hun-

## BELLE ISLE.

Graphic account of the Sufferings in that State Prison Pen.

George B. Crawford, Co. G, 1st V. I. Regt., gives the following very graphic description of the suffering in the rebel prison pen on Belle Isle, in the National Republic:

On the 10th of September, 1863, the 1st V. I. Regt. was stationed near the village of Petersburg, Va. Five companies of the regiment, B, C, D, E, and H, had been previously stationed at Moorefield, in Hardy county, and a short time previous to this date these companies had joined the remaining companies of the regiment at Petersburg. They were now ordered to reoccupy Moorefield. Being in need of an additional wagon to transport their camp equipage and supplies, one was sent from the detachment remaining at Petersburg with a detail of guards for its return, the writer being one of the number. Moorefield was re-occupied about sunset, and the soldiers encamped on one of the foothills adjacent to the town. Major W. Stephens, who was in command received an order during the evening from Col. Joseph Thoburn, commanding the 1st V. I. Regt., to send a company to capture Capt. McNeill and his command, who had greatly annoyed the Union troops all through West Virginia and the Shenandoah Valley.

Soon after we were encamped, a deserter from the enemy informed the officers in charge that we would be attacked during the night, which was confirmed by some Union citizens of Moorefield. The major in command placed no confidence in the story of the rebel deserter or the citizens, but felt himself secure and was regardless of the interests of the line of retreat to act otherwise. No starter guard was put on. The roads leading to the town were picketed, but the country being well known to the enemy, the picket-stands could be, and were, easily captured or passed, notwithstanding. About 12 o'clock that night Capt. James E. Morrow of Co. F, was sent out in compliance with Col. Thoburn's orders to secure a prize, as above mentioned, in the shape of McNeill and command, but the prize was drawn by the other parties as the sequel will show.



*At Camp.*

We were under our shelter tents keeping the sleep of the tired and weary soldier "when" shortly before the break of day on the morning of Sept. 11, we were suddenly aroused by a roll call being fired from our camp from the rear, accompanied by the noted rebel yell and a charge. Being thus surprised and almost surrounded by the enemy, and not having time to even seize our arms, we were placed at their mercy. They continued, upon resistance being shown, to fire at us—surrounded with the intent of killing every man, woman, and child.

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### A Pithy Sermon.

Our text is "Be a man." Of course you cannot do this if you happen to be a woman; nor can you at once be a great man, if nature made you extremely little. Such changes are slow, and some men seem like making a Negro white, or metamorphosing a dapple into a Congressman. But it has been done. The evolutionists say that bipeds walked on four legs once. Some of them would do it now if it were not for the looks of it. They are that kind of animals.

To be a man you must have high, noble principles. You must know what is right, and then have courage and force enough to do that.

Be generous. Overlook, as far as possible, the faults and weaknesses of others. Give them not only charity, but forgiveness and assistance. Take a friend (or a fellow, even) by the collar, and jerk him out of the ditch. If he is soiled with filth, hold him under the pump or throw him in the river, and then be sure and help him dry his clothes.

Be brave. There is a Gough but muscular old saying, that God, hates a coward and if there be a devil he ought to. Bravery in a right cause (and it is rare that it can be found in a wrong one) is a high order of nobility. Fear nothing. Dare everything. Be bold. It need be shake your fist at the clouds and stamp on the satanic fires beneath your feet. Die for what is right, rather than be a sneak or a coward. Be a man, and over moral subjects as well as on the field of battle.

Have ambition, my dear brothers, that is one of the cardinal virtues. Set your mark higher than your head. The hunter kills two birds in the tree to one on the ground. Let your game be noble, like the lion or buffalo, and that is better than killing skunks if you never get a shot. You have the consciousness of chasing the kings of the forest or the plain, and marshy bear the one below or the other best.

Brothers, you want to be strong and hearty. Your muscles must be vigorous, your blood warm and pure, your nerves steady, and all your senses sharp, and on the alert. Otherwise you cannot be man. Your ears must be acute, your eyes bright, your appetite good, and your heart-clock tick loudly and never run down. But too fast or too slow is bad for both for your reputation and health.—Michigan Journal

### A Praying Insect.

The peculiar physical characteristics of the mantis have given rise to many weird superstitions. The fore-legs of this singular insect are of such a shape that when they are folded up the insect appears to be in the devout act of praying. This has given credence to many marvelous stories that are related about them. The meaning of the insect's name (mantis) is a fortune-teller. The old Greek Anacreon said that the appearance of these insects denoted that spring was at hand, while, Caelus, the scholiast of Theocritus, told that they betokened death or famine.

Another and perhaps the true reason why they were called "fortune-tellers," is that their manner of folding their limbs in an attitude of prayer, resembles the manner of the Greek oracles when they were pouring out their supplications to the gods. The eggs of the mantis are deposited in a double row, in an orange-colored case resembling fine parchment and about two inches in length. The young insects bear a strong resemblance to ants, both in the shape of their body and in the agility of their movements.

The mantis is a thorough cannibal; if two insects meet, a combat immediately ensues, and the victor proceeds to devour his vanquished foe.

The Chinese, taking advantage of the pugnacious propensities of the mantis, keep them for fighting just as we do gamecocks.

Fies form their principle article of food, observation showing that a male will devour four and a female six flies daily.

In catching its prey, the mantis assumes the attitude of devotion and waits quietly for a fly to approach. When one appears, it watches it unremittingly with its baleful green eye, and if the fly comes near enough, its hitherto folded forefeet are thrown out with lightning-like rapidity and grasp the victim, which is then held between them while it is mangled and devoured.

The Hottentots of South Africa look upon it as an exceedingly auspicious omen if one of these mantis happens to alight upon one of them.—Noble M. Everard, B. S., Ph. D.

Friends must be torn asunder, and swept along in the current of events, to see each other seldom, and perchance no more. Forever and ever, in the oddities of time and accident, we whilst away.—Longfellow.

In answer to casual question, "How easy and trifling to tell it's a cure for its worst indisposition." To take Pierce's Purgative Pellets. The old-fashioned corded and cross-banded brandy mustard is again in high favor, as well as lace-striped batiste, and chintz and Scotch chintz as well.

"Beats White Pepper, East Coast."

is the exclamation of thousands suffering from asthma. To all such we say: Catarrh can be cured by Dr. Sizer's Catarrh Remedy. It has been done in thousands of cases; why not in yours? Your doctor is in delay. Enclose a stamp to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., for pamphlet on this disease.

Dark-green rough straw hats feed with a shirring of dark-grey net and trimmed with drooping pink ribbon and grasses are pretty for wear during the autumn.

Are you sad, despondent, gloomy?

Are you sore distressed?

Listen to the welcome bidding—

"Be at rest."

Have you aches and pains unnumbered,

Poisoning life's Golden Cup?

Think not there's no talismanic

