

# NORTHVILLE RECORD.

VOL. XX.

NORTHVILLE, MICH., FRIDAY, JULY 5, 1889.

NO. 37.

## NORTHVILLE RECORD.

PUBLISHED FRIDAYS BY

E. ROSCOE REED,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

### TERMS \$1.00 Per Year.

Our advertising rates made known on application at this office.

Business notices five cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage, birth, death and church notices inserted free.

Obituary comments, resolutions, cards of thanks etc., will be charged for at a reasonable rate.

Correspondence from every school district in this locality is solicited containing local news.

Anonymous communications not inserted under any circumstances.

### F. & P. M. Time Card.

IN EFFECT APRIL 21, 1889.

NORTH 3:55, 9:39 a. m., 1:23, 6:44 p. m.

SOUTH 1:33, 9:25 a. m., 2:45, 8:58 p. m.

### PROFESSIONAL.

MUSIC. Instruction on Piano or Organ, also Vocal lessons. Satisfaction guaranteed. Terms very reasonable. Mrs. F. S. Neal.

J. B. McCracken, Attorney at Law and Solicitor in Chancery. Office Marquette, Mich.

E. N. Root, DENTAL PARLORS, Opposite the Record Block, on Center street. All work guaranteed and prices reasonable.

C. M. Thornton, Jr., Auctioneer. Having had years of experience in handling farm produce and considerable experience as an auctioneer for my services as such. Terms reasonable and satisfaction guaranteed. Address me at Northville, Mich., or arrangements can be made at the Record office.

W. WORTH WENDELL, Attorney at Law, Notary Public. Deeds and Mortgages drawn. Wills drafted. Collections made. Office in Coanley block, Northville, Mich.

J. B. HOAR, DENTAL PARLORS OVER T. G. Richardson's store on Main St., Northville. Satisfaction guaranteed on all kinds of Dental work. Teeth extracted without pain by use of vitalized air.

SEVERAL HOUSES AND LOTS for sale or rent in Northville. Inquire of E. S. Woodman, attorney at law.

P. M. CAMPBELL, VETERINARY SURGEON and Dentist. Honorary graduate of Ontario Veterinary college. Office at Macomber's, Northville. Horses examined as to soundness and certificates given.

E. R. REED, NOTARY PUBLIC. Special attention to conveying and drawing of wills.

### SOCIETIES.

G. A. R. ALLEN M. HARMON POST, NO. 318, G. A. R., Department of Michigan, meets every alternate Friday. Visitors made welcome. E. K. SIMMONS, Com. J. R. LOWDEN, Adg't.

CHOSEN FRIENDS. Union Council No. 5, meets in Chosen Friends hall the second and fourth Tuesday evening of each month at 7:30 o'clock. B. G. WEBSTER, C. W. H. AMBLER, Sec'y.

K. NIGHTS OF RYTHIAS meet every Thursday night at their Castle Hall in Ambler's building. Lodge opens at 8 o'clock sharp. J. D. MURDOCK, C. C. H. BOYER, K. of R. & S.

### LOOSE'S RED CLOVER PILE REMEDY.

is a positive specific for all forms of the disease. Blind, Bleeding, Itching, Ulcerated and Protruding Piles. Price 50c. For sale by Geo. C. Hueston.

### EATON RAPIDS, MICH.

J. M. Loose Red Clover Co., Detroit:—Two years I was afflicted with a very severe attack of Erysipelas. After two physicians had used their treatment for several weeks and I continued growing rapidly worse, being by this time completely blind, and in their diagnosis concluded that there was no earthly help or hope for me. I gave up, having tried all the remedies I knew or heard of. My neighbor, Mr. Miller, came in to see me one day, and said try Loose's Extract Red Clover. As he had known of it working remarkable cures, I told him I had lost hope, that nothing would do me any good in this world, he insisted, and taking his hat went to the drug store and bought me one bottle and urged me to try it, which I did. Ten days afterwards I sent for two bottles and it was wonderful how I improved. I continued using it, and to-day I am better than I have been in years. No sign of Erysipelas has shown itself and I heartily recommend it to suffering humanity as the greatest and best blood purifier in existence.

Yours Truly,  
HENRY MARVIN.

### TOWN TALK.

Wool has come in lively this week. Prof. Crocker is again leading the band.

Belleville has a new post master. F. A. Dean is his name.

This week we have added a couple of fine farms to our list of real estate.

Stephen Andrews is yet alive but lies very near to the point of death.

A bad specimen of the genius tramp has been terrorizing the women of Belleville.

John Nixon and Miss Elizabeth Carmer were married last Saturday, by Rev. Dr. Hudson.

Miss Hattie Yerkes is arranging a flag festival for her music class for sometime this month.

A good deal of wool has come in this week. As high as thirty cents has been paid by Starkweather Bros.

Rev. Dr. Hudson, of Northville, will give his popular lecture to the young in the near future.—*Farmington Enterprise*

We have just been adding a quantity of new type to our office and are better supplied than ever before for job work.

Since Ingersoll went to Johnstown he is said to be converted from his infidelity. He now believes that A-dam fell.

At the Plymouth races yesterday Frank Smith's horse carried off the stakes. The boys from Northville yelled themselves hoarse.

August W. Miller and Miss Lena Elliott were married at the residence of the bride's parents Thursday afternoon, by Rev. Dr. Hudson.

The Y's and the W. C. T. U. will both meet at the residence of Mrs. E. R. Reed on Monday evening and Wednesday afternoon respectively.

Nearly every one went away yesterday to the city, Walled Lake or elsewhere. It was not Sunday in town but a stranger might have mistaken it for such.

We learn that at Walled Lake yesterday the two youngest daughters of Dr. Walline were run over by a horse-man and badly hurt, but we have not learned how seriously.

Salem station citizens are trying to raise a bonus to start a creamery at that point. Might better start for Oklahoma. Creameries have proven a sad failure in this state.

There is a mechanic in town who has worked here ten months, and sent home \$330, paid \$153 for board, lent \$50 and has a month's pay coming. Can you beat that.—*Holly Advertiser*.

E. B. Thompson had a horse and buggy taken from the barn one night last week and driven off. It was found down near Detroit by officer White, and returned to its owner.

Frank Fry will accept thanks for a box of as fine large strawberries as our eyes have often fallen on. They were either good for an exhibit at a county fair or to tickle an editor's palate.

Mention was made in these columns last week of John Waterman going to Grand Rapids to have the cancer on his nose removed. He submitted to the operation and now lies very low at the hospital at that place.

The bustle is going out of fashion; it is doomed. All the boys look at the girl who wears no bustle and that settles it. In the Sunday promenade the new non-bustle dress makes the wearer look charming.—*Evening News*.

We understand that a pool has been formed here and fifty five shares taken in the Louisiana lottery. Whatever is drawn goes into the general fund and to be divided among all the holders. Don't fool your money away boys.

Mrs. Holmes—Why, what's the matter, Angeline? Your eye and your nose—have you been in a railroad accident? Mrs. Laidow—No, dear; the Woman's Club had a little election last night and I was up for president. That's all.

News was received here this week of the death at her home in East Saginaw, of Mrs. Kittie, wife of Clarence Hungerford. It will be remembered that her mother, Mrs. Haynes died in the spring. The burial services will be held at Plymouth Saturday afternoon.

The Rev. Fr. Broegger held services at the Catholic church last Sunday morning and evening. He is succeeding well in building up his church society here. Before returning to his home he called at this office and subscribed for the RECORD.

E. D. Howell has received his appointment as postmaster at South Lyon. He was the successful candidate at a local election held for the purpose of getting an expression of the choice of the people for that position. Why not do the same here.

Elsewhere we publish an interesting poem by Mrs. Louisa Norris, now of Grand Rapids, who lived at this place many years ago while her husband conducted a pottery here. She is in her eightieth year and evidently retains an active mind for one of her years.

"If you are going on a visit, or have friends visiting you, let us know it at once—don't wait until the item is two weeks old, or you have been back two weeks. We want it while it's news. If you can't spend time to come and tell us just drop a line in the item box at the post-office."

Last Saturday evening while H. F. Murray's horse was tied in his yard it broke loose and ran down street into the crowd listening to the band playing. The horse did not like the looks of the big bass drummer and his drum and with a salute from his heels went tearing down the street.

The moulders and town boys have played a couple of games this season of base-ball. Each side has won a game and the test game will be played in the near future. Last Saturday the game caused a good deal of interest and the moulders who were victorious marched up town with the band and an arch with nine picked bones hanging from the circle. The next game will be very attractive.

A couple of our young people drove over to Plymouth the other evening and when they started for home thought they would come back another way. When they found out where they were they were five miles from Plymouth on the road to Ann Arbor. They drove sixteen miles to get the four. They say they did not take anything stronger over there than ice cream but it must have been very strong to have effected them so.

The following brilliant item is going the rounds of the press: "An ingenious chicken raiser has devised a way of preventing chickens from scratching up his garden. He crosses the long legged Brahmas with the short legged bantams, and the result is a new breed of fowls with one long leg and one short leg. When they raise either leg to scratch they lose their balance and come to grief. After a few demoralizing attempts they desist."

Starkweather Bros are taking in wool at good prices as in former years, paying from twenty-eight to thirty-one for good wools in good condition. About 46,000 lbs have been taken in at Northville and 25,000 at Flint. Flint wools run a larger per cent of mediums and No. 1 and combing than at Northville. Hiram Holmes sold his wool to this firm at thirty cents per lb., part of the clip being No. 1 combing. Mr. Holmes is in a fair way to have one of the best clips of wool in Michigan in 1889.

Here is a few rules for you to follow when you visit the Post-Office: First—If you ask for mail, and told there is none, say there ought to be; then go home and send the rest of the family at different times through the day. Second—Don't bring your letters until the mail closes, then curse the postmaster for not opening the bag and putting your letter in. Third—When you stamp your letter, tell the postmaster to put it on; if he don't do it thrash him. In case you put it on yourself, hold in your mouth long enough to remove the mucilage; it will then stay on till it is dry. Fourth—If you have a box, stand and drum on it till the postmaster hands out your mail; it makes him feel good, especially when he is waiting on somebody. Fifth—start for your mail when you hear the train whistle; you will have a good time waiting for it, and can say, "How slow the postmaster is."

### PERSONALS.

Mrs. Dr. Swift is expected home today.

Miss Edith Reed is home for a vacation.

Miss Anna Dodge, of Ypsilanti, is visiting her class-mate, Miss Alice Beal.

Miss Elalie Gorton was in town Monday greeting some of her old scholars.

Wm. Richardson and wife, of Holly, have been spending the week at their son's—T. G. Richardson.

Miss Gertrude Clark, Coldwater's popular teacher, is spending the summer vacation with her mother, F. N. Clark.

The editor and wife are contemplating a trip to Grand Rapids next week to attend the annual meeting of the state press association.

Mrs. A. E. Rockwell and daughter Inez left last Saturday for a visit to Minneapolis and places in Wisconsin. They went by boat to Duluth and were on the water during the warm days of the forepart of the week.

J. N. Elliott has been for the past few weeks up at the Lake of the Woods, up beyond Lake Superior and at the head of the Mississippi river. The weather was cold there and only a few days ago they had freezing weather there.

Arrangements are being made for a general excursion from Northville and Plymouth to Detroit and thence down the Detroit river by steamer to Sugar Island. It will be at low rates, for all day, accompanied by the Northville band and will occur about July 24th 1889. This is no fiction, but the plans are now being completed and announcements will be made in due time. Every body hold on to your spare change and get ready for the most desirable event of the season, and what is more patronize an excursion gotten up by home enterprise.

Northville ought to have a canning establishment. There is no better spot on earth for one. With almost everything the tiller of the soil raises cheaper than dirt, the farmer must turn his attention in other directions and the most profitable business he can engage in is to raise small fruit suitable for canning purposes. A canning factory here would not only be a paying investment for the owner or owners, but would create a market that would benefit business men as well as farmers. No county in the wide world can grow better small fruit than this section and there is no time like the present to start just such an institution. No canning factory, nor any other industry of value to our beautiful village, for that matter, will start itself. If our citizens haven't got "sand" enough to embark in the business themselves, they would doubtless give financial encouragement to an honest, square man who thoroughly understands the management of a canning establishment.

The state department issued a special report Saturday upon the ravages of the grain aphids. In response to a special circular of inquiry to correspondents, under date of June 25, reports have been received from 300 correspondents, 250 of them being from the southern four tiers of counties. The pests are found in immense numbers in every county in southern and central sections and some of the northern counties. They are found on 85 per cent of the wheat heads in the two southern tiers and 55 to 60 per cent in the central and northern counties, being the most numerous in St. Joseph, Kalamazoo, Monroe, Hillsdale and Van Buren counties. On some heads 150 insects were found, and they were more numerous on late than early sown wheat. It is too early to estimate the extent of damage, but it seems impossible for grain to escape being shrunkened. In some localities the numbers have decreased from 10 days ago. Some of the heads sent to the state department are nearly ruined and others not materially damaged. The insect is also found in rye, oat, barley, shurberry and fruit trees as well as in wheat.

John Nevison and Wm. Sanderson were born in England where the first railroad was built for carrying passengers. It was opened Sept. 27, 1825.

We have interviewed Mr. Nevison in regard to it. He was passed three years of age at the time and while he does not remember the opening day he remembers distinctly riding on the road long before any locomotive was built. He says "The first passenger railroad was built between Darlington and Stockton, in the county of Durham, England, and opened for traffic in 1825. Stevenson, of Northumberland and was architect and builder; the Quakers were the proprietors, it is still called the Quakers' line. The rails then used were about four feet long, made fish shape on the under side, each end was secured by an iron chair set in a sand stone about three feet square. After several years the stone blocks, so called, were replaced by what they call sleepers (ties) and longer rails. It was a single track and operated by horses for some years. The passenger coaches were licensed by the government and constructed to carry twenty-four passengers—six inside and eighteen on the roof, drawn by one horse and would travel at the astonishing rate of from six to eight miles per hour, the freight trains were composed of from two to three wagons drawn by one horse. There were up and down grades, when the train came to a down grade they unhitched the horse. There was a stable on low wheels attached to the train with rack and manger in it. The horse was put into it to ride and feed till they came to an up grade, when he got out and went to work again. It often happened that two trains would meet quite a distance from a siding, when they would quarrel, which would have to turn back and frequently end with a fight, an to prevent this the company erected posts midway between the sidings and the train that passed the post had the right of road. It was some years after before a locomotive was put on the road and to compare it with the ones in use on the same road now is like comparing a lumber wagon to a wheelbarrow, the pistons worked perpendicular, a large barrel was used as a tender. The No. 1 engine is on a pedestal in front of Darlington depot. The people were so afraid of such a monster that they would not ride unless the coach was attached to the hind end of a train. The Manchester & Liverpool was the second railroad built and the first locomotive traveled on. The cars were coupled with short chains and when a train started or stopped the hind car had a bad shaking up. Mr. Nevison one day fell asleep and when the train started he was jerked over backward onto the ground. He recovered, ran after the train and was soon aboard again.

### BUSINESS FLASHES.

Items under this head five cents a line each issue.

### RIBBONS! RIBBONS! RIBBONS!

SILK RIBBONS, all colors, wholesale prices at Teichner & Co's.

### WANTED AT ONCE.

A good competent girl to learn the laundry trade. Good wages. City laundry.

### A LARGE

Boarding House to rent with Furniture. Enquire of L. W. Hutton, Northville, Mich.

BUTTERICK PAPER PATTERNS at one-quarter off at G. A. Starkweather & Co's., at Plymouth.

### 15 CENT SILK RIBBONS

5 cents per yard at Teichner & Co's.

SECOND HAND COOK STOVE in good condition for sale cheap at Geo. E. Waterman & Co's.

### TWO HORSE POWER

Engine and boiler for sale cheap. Inquire at this office.

### 20 CENT SILK RIBBONS

5 cents per yard at Teichner & Co's.

### SAGINAW PROPERTY

to trade for property in or near Northville or Plymouth.

\$750

will buy a good nice home not far from the Methodist church. Inquire at this office.

### ALL SILK RIBBONS,

5 cents per yard at Teichner & Co's.

### LOANS NEGOTIATED

And money to loan on real estate. Inquire at this office.

## STATE NEWS.

### The Legislature.

**JUNE 26, SENATE.**—Bills were passed to change the boundaries of school district No. 1 in the township of Hancock, Houghton county, to incorporate the public school of Cassinella, Alpena county, relative to assessments for city property, for city purposes, for the election of boards of county commissioners of highways, to regulate the rates to be charged by railroads for transportation of freight and passengers, to provide for the employment of women and children in mercantile and manufacturing establishments, amending an act of '83 authorizing cities and villages to use private property for public purposes, relating to building and loan associations, appropriating swamp land for a state road in Gogebic county, enabling agricultural societies to preserve better order at their fairs, relative to fees of justices, of the peace, to relieve Sarah Wells Bryan, relating to the care and management of asylums for the insane, authorizing the city of Monroe to raise money for waterworks, to facilitate the inspection of the records of county, city and township officers, to regulate the manufacture and sale of vinegar, to close the existence of corporations for mining and manufacturing whose charters have expired, for the relief of Robert Lake, to incorporate the city of Au Sable, to incorporate school district No. 3, township of Crofton, Newaygo county, relating to elections in Detroit, to provide for the transportation of state militia when on duty at the rate of one cent a mile, for the transfer of the property of the East Saginaw board of water commissioners and board of public works to like boards of the consolidated city of Saginaw. The bill relating to the election of representatives in districts where more than one is to be elected was lost.

**HOUSE.**—The Governor approved the bills for the appointment of an assistant recorder in Detroit, to incorporate the public schools of the township of Hillman, Montmorency county, relative to an asylum for insane criminals, relating to the collection of taxes in Grand Rapids, amending highway laws, to reincorporate Grosse Pointe, relating to probate courts, concerning the eligibility of circuit judges to practice law in certain cases, relative to voluntary assignments, to incorporate the public schools of Petoskey. The following were passed: To prevent the formation of trusts, to incorporate school district No. 3 of the township of Crofton, Newaygo county, appropriating \$24,000 to purchase land, build a cottage and make improvements at the Michigan asylum for the criminally insane, relative to proceedings by garnishment to provide for the support and maintenance of administrators and guardians, to provide for the transportation of the state militia at the rate of one cent per mile when under military orders, concerning elections in the city of Detroit, to fix the boundary of a certain school district in the township of Hancock, Houghton county, for the better protection of lives on railroad trains, for the appointment of a stenographer for the twenty-fourth judicial circuit, relative to the purchase of supplies by the state, relative to the fees of justices, concerning the assessment and collection of the dog tax, relative to assignments for the benefit of creditors, amending the libel law, to provide for indeterminate sentences and the treatment and disposition of criminals so sentenced.

**JUNE 27, SENATE.**—The Governor approved bills for the protection of children in certain cases, authorizing the formation of corporations to improve rivers for driving logs therein, relative to the salaries of county agents of the board of corrections and charities, for the construction of the Bay de Noc and Lake Superior state roads. Bills were passed amending the Detroit charter for the setting of a patent to Johnathan Pelton of Detroit for certain primary school land, to fix the rates to be charged by railroad companies, and the price of thousand mile tickets, relating to the compensation and duties of the state reporter, amending the highway laws, amending the banking laws, authorizing the board of education of East Saginaw to keep separate records of their funds, authorizing the board of auditors to settle the claim of Mrs. Joseph Granger for services rendered by her husband in the late war, for the incorporation of light guard companies, relative to proceedings by garnishment, for the reorganization of militia and manufacturing companies whose terms have expired, to organize a new school district in Alpena county, to alter the boundaries of union school district of Owosso, amending the Victorian charter, concerning the appointment and duties of stenographers for the twenty-third and twenty-ninth judicial circuits, amending the charter of Traverse City, for the construction of a state road in Grand Traverse county, amending the charter of Marshall, to authorize the township of Tawas, Isosco county, to borrow money, relative to compulsory reformatory education of juvenile delinquents, persons. Bills were passed to provide for furnishing Howell's statutes and the public acts of 1833, 1835 and 1837, to all incorporated villages. Amending an act for the sale of the Southern Road and the incorporation of the Michigan Southern.

**HOUSE.**—The following have been approved by the Governor: Amending an act to incorporate the public schools of Adrian, relative to the appointment of special administrators, appropriating swamp lands to improve a channel in Emmet county. For relief outside of the soldier's home, for honorably discharged soldiers, sailors and marines, their widows and widows. Authorizing the Port Huron & Lake Huron plank road company to abandon the portion of their road in the city of Port Huron. Relating to justice courts in Detroit. To limit the amount of water to flow from artesian wells in certain cases. Bills were passed relating to the duties and compensation of the state reporter. To incorporate Au Sable. To improve the drainage of Sanilac county by authorizing all townships in the county to borrow money for the improvement of Cass river, Black river and Elk creek. To amend the banking laws. To place to the credit of the state swamp land fund all money collected from the United States as indemnity for swamp lands erroneously sold. To incorporate the public schools of Highland Park. Relative to public schools. To provide wives with property from a their husbands' estates when the latter have committed any offense sufficient for a decree of divorce or separation, to revise laws for the care of the insane, to prevent the sale of diseases and adulterated milk, to authorize the support of pauper insane who are state charges in the Wayne county asylum, to protect the lives of passengers on street railways, to incorporate the village of Ubley, to regulate charges for sleeping, parlor and chair cars, making appropriation to fight the capital building and grounds with electricity, authorizing the township of Tawas, Isosco county, to borrow money, for state road in Bay county, amending charter of Grand Traverse, to organize a fractional school district in Alpena county, compulsory reformatory education for juvenile offenders, relating to compensation and duties of county superintendents of the poor. The following were lost: Relative to proceedings against gamblers, to control the regulations and use of sleeping cars, to exempt mortgages from taxation, to amend tax laws, for

the reorganization of mining, smelting and manufacturing corporations, for the establishment of a true meridian in each county of the state.

**JUNE 23, SENATE.**—Bills were passed to regulate the charges by railroad companies for transporting cars to and from the tracks of manufacturing companies, to improve the drainage of Sanilac county by cleaning and straightening the channels of Cass river, Black river and Elk creek, making a general revision of the election laws, to provide for the payment of additional salary to the Governor and certain employees of the state departments, making general appropriation for state expenses, to allow the transfer of pauper insane from state asylums to the Wayne county asylum, for the incorporation of mutual provident associations of travelers, clerks, etc., relating to the election of representatives in districts where more than one is to be elected, for the incorporation of fraternal beneficiary associations, to aid the improvement of a state road in Grand Traverse county, for the appointment of a board of arbitration to adjust disagreements between employers and employees, appropriating \$11,000 for the state prison at Jackson, for the confinement of certain persons in the upper peninsula state prison, for the issue of injunctions to restrain waste upon lands when taxes thereon are unpaid, appropriating \$1,000 to purchase real estate to be attached to the soldiers' home grounds, relative to the maintenance of poor persons, relative to proceedings by garnishment in the upper peninsula, appropriating \$7,000 for building and current expenses at the reform school.

**HOUSE.**—The following bills have been approved: To revise the laws relating to the state board of education, relating to assessment and collection of taxes, to provide for furnishing township officers with all laws relating to their powers and duties, for the formation of corporations, to improve land. To authorize the transcript of judgment from the docket of one justice to that of another. Relative to the place for holding elections in the township of Benton, Cheboygan county. To change the name of Ivory D. Deming to Ira D. Deming. To consolidate the cities of Saginaw and East Saginaw. To facilitate the inspection of records in the offices of county, township and city officers. To regulate the charges for transporting state troops, their stores and equipment. Appropriating swamp lands for a state road in Gogebic county. To regulate the rates of fares on railroads. The following were passed: Relating to the service process upon foreign corporations doing business in this state, relative to disorderly persons, to authorize the townships of Quota, Rock River and Au Train to borrow money for the Bay de Noc and Lake Superior state road, repealing an act providing for an independent Forestry commandery, relative to the granting of marriage licenses, to close the existence of mining and manufacturing corporations whose periods of organization have expired, relating to deeds executed in foreign countries, authorizing the village of Dundee to borrow money, appropriating \$2,500 for the industrial home for discharged prisoners for the years 1899 and 1900, to incorporate the public schools of the township of East Alger county, relating to records of deeds, to regulate the rates charged by railroads for transporting freight cars to and from side tracks, appropriating non-resident taxes to improve a state road in Grand Traverse county, relative to the formation of county and town agricultural societies, relating to the maintenance of poor persons.

### Greenville Has a Murder.

Colman Dupree, a man, 60 years of age, who lived one and a half miles east of Greenville, was murdered in his home the other morning between the hours of 12 and 1, after which the house was set on fire and burned to the ground with its contents. When discovered the body was lying in the doorway, a heap of ashes and by the side of which was a revolver from which five chambers had been fired, and an open jack-knife. A kerosene can, tipped over, was found among the debris.

Alex. Taylor and Adelbert Anderson have been arrested upon the supposition of having done the deed.

In the cellar was found \$19.70 in cash, a promissory note for \$30 and a \$100 certificate of deposit in the First National bank, to obtain which was evidently the intent of the murderers.

### Michigan News Briefly Told.

The Kalamazoo street railway is to be sold to satisfy a debt of \$104,000.

Henry Lowe, a Port Huron brute, sold his wife's clothes to get money to buy whisky.

Company C of the Third Michigan cavalry will hold its annual reunion at Lawrence July 23-26.

The Michigan state music teachers' association met in Detroit June 20-21. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, J. H. Hahn, Detroit; secretary, Fred L. Adel, Detroit; treasurer, Jennie H. Worthington of Albion.

The supreme court has affirmed the sentence of Thomas Gallagher, sent to prison from the records of Cass, Detroit, for 25 years for assaulting Capt. Holt and attempting to rob him November, 1887. The captain was shot and severely injured.

Dr. L. O. Senghus of Marine City was drowned in the St. Clair river the other morning. It is now known how he was drowned, but an accident is presumed, as he had been drinking heavily of late.

The body of a little child of John David of East Saginaw was laid out, preparatory to interment, and lighted candles were placed around the coffin. One of the candles fell and set fire to the coffin draperies. An alarm was at once given, but in the excitement of removing Mrs. David, an invalid, from the house, the corpse was forgotten, and the body was burned to cinders. The David house was burned, as was that of his brother, Fred David, and the residence of Daniel Pailles. Mrs. David, mother of the cremated baby, will probably die from the shock.

The Lake Huron shore trotting, pacing and running circuit was organized at Oscoda recently. The premiums amount to \$7,200, as follows: East Tawas, Aug. 1 and 2, \$1,300. Au Sable and Oscoda, Aug. 5 and 6, \$1,500. Harrisville, Aug. 12 and 13, \$1,000. Alpena, August 13 and 14, \$2,000. Cheboygan, August 19 and 20, \$1,000. President, Temple Emery, East Tawas; vice-president, Robert McKerrick, East Tawas; treasurer, D. A. McDonald, Au Sable; secretary, I. E. Pratt, East Tawas.

Hon. Albert H. Horton, class of '60, chief justice of the court of Michigan, died June 22, at his residence in the city of Detroit. He was a professor of Greek in the university of Michigan, and Judge McKinstry, class of '56, had the honorary degree of doctor of laws conferred upon them by Michigan university at this year's commencement.

John McIntyre, assistant keeper of the Presque Isle light, has been arrested for making a felonious assault upon the young daughter of Keeper Gerritt.

One of the most remarkable cases on record is that of Mr. B. Wilson, the Marquette man who was shot through the neck by Louis Nicoli a year ago. The bullet caused total paralysis of Mr. Wilson's body, and his physicians said he had but a few hours to live. He lives yet, however, and can now move his arms quite freely, while it is even thought that his legs will soon also be under control.

A sink hole on the Cincinnati, Jackson & Mackinac railroad, near Hudson, takes \$1,000 of the company's earnings every month to keep it filled.

A minister named Dunston has organized a new religious society in Hillsdale and Calhoun counties known as "The Church of God." He believes in immersion, does not regard Sabbath keeping as essential, thinks that ministers should have no fixed salaries but modestly accept what they can rake in by collections.

W. H. Myers & Son of Hillsdale have secured the contract for water works at Owosso for \$38,600. The works are to be completed by October 1.

The traveling freight agents of Michigan have organized an association, under the title: "Michigan association of traveling freight agents." The following are the officers: President, W. Henderson, East Saginaw; vice-president, W. C. Lewis, Toledo; secretary and treasurer, O. B. Law, Toledo.

The American institute of homeopathy, in session at Lake Minnetonka, Minn., elected Dr. A. J. Sawyer of Monroe president. The institute protested against the shutting out of homeopaths from state medical boards.

Wilmet, Caro and Kintner will be the places touched by the proposed Bay City branch of the Pontiac, Oxford & Port Austin railroad, it is likely, if the road is built.

Allan Beagle of Mio, Sanilac county, has been sentenced to six years in Jackson, having been convicted of rape.

Mr. Kenfield of Crystal went to the house of Mr. Wesley who lived near by, to eject him from the house. Wesley claimed the proceedings were illegal and struck Kenfield over the head with a chair, fracturing his skull. For a time it was feared Kenfield would not live, but now hopes of his recovery are entertained. Wesley has been arrested to await developments.

Some extensive building projects are already being discussed, as a result of the consolidation of the two Saginaws.

Prof. George Barnes of Howell has been relieved from his position as superintendent of the school for the blind, and his first assistant, James E. Kirtland, will also go. Mr. Barnes took the place last June on one year's trial, and while the board of control is not at all satisfied with the matter the trial has not been altogether satisfactory. Rebt. Barker, steward of the institution, has been offered and accepted the superintendency, and will also continue to hold the position of steward and bookkeeper.

The season for deer shooting in the upper peninsula has been fixed by the conference committee of the legislature at from Sept. 25 to Nov. 1.

The regents of the university have requested the resignations of Drs. McLean and Frothingham, and if they are not tendered soon, these gentlemen will be summarily expelled from the faculty of the school.

Miss Jessie Hoppin, a South Haven lady, is teaching at Honolulu, Sandwich Islands.

Charles Huntley of Bedford, Calhoun county, has been fined \$5 for whipping his aged father.

Mrs. Jessie Howe, of Battle Creek and Leonard DeBanco were found drunk on the streets of that city the other day. The woman was sent to the Detroit house of correction for 60 days, and the man was fined \$7.50.

A. M. Atkinson, J. K. Stark, James Little and Thomas Green have bought 20,000 acres of canal land in Iron county for \$200,000. The tract will cut 200,000,000 feet of pine.

The bricklayers on the Kent county court house and the soldiers' home addition have gone on a strike. Contractor Boland had some trouble with War Hayden, his foreman, over wages. Hayden sued Boland and got judgment for \$107. This Boland refused to pay, and took an appeal. Hence the strike.

An epidemic of diphtheria has broken out at Lansing.

Four hundred and sixty-eight students were graduated from the university this year and diplomas were given to over 100 graduates from the normal school.

Saginaw valley farmers are greatly worried because of the appearance in their wheat fields of the green midge.

Rumored that the Ionia over-all and shirt factory is to be removed to Grand Rapids.

A dock 755 feet long and from 30 to 75 feet wide is being built at Dollar Bay for the Tamarack-Oscoda copper manufacturing company. This will give the company a dock frontage of about 1,300 feet at that point.

The Commercial National bank of Detroit has been made a reserve agent for the Merchants' National bank of Battle Creek.

Capt. Chas. Wheaton of the Twenty-third infantry having been found by the army retiring board incapacitated for active service on account of disability incurred to the service, has been placed on the retired list.

James Chellow, aged 22, fell 1,500 feet in a shaft of the Calumet & Hecla mine the other morning, and is very dangerously hurt. His father was killed 15 years ago this month by falling down the same shaft in almost identically the same way.

Judge Chambers has been appointed associate justice of the recorder's court of Detroit.

Bears are unusually numerous in the upper peninsula.

George Sheeny was shot at Thompson's station, Ogemaw county, June 25, by a man named Sam Nedge. Sheeny's injuries are fatal. The men had both been drinking.

Activity at the Bay View summer resort is larger than ever. Over sixty new cottages are now being erected and also the finest Sunday school normal hall in the country. This season's assembly, beginning July 21, and the summer school, opening July 17, promises to be great attractions, and the attendance no doubt will be much larger than last year. Half-rates to Bay View will prevail on all Michigan railroads beginning July 15 and 21, inclusive, tickets good until Aug. 15.

Hon. Jacob Ferris, formerly a resident of Grand Rapids, died at his fruit farm near Spring Lake a few days ago, in the 67th year of his age. Jacob Ferris was formerly one of the leaders of the bar in western Michigan. He was a very eloquent pleader and a political orator of rare powers in early life. He was a member of the state legislature from Monmouth county in 1839. His pleas for the union cause and army in 1861 fairly electrified western Michigan. He went into the army and served honorably as captain in the Twenty-first Michigan infantry. He was one of Kent's delegation of four in the constitutional convention of 1857.

## GENERAL NEWS.

### FORAKER RENOMINATED.

Ohio Republicans Meet in Convention at Columbus.

**Proceedings of the Convention.**  
The Ohio republican state convention met in Columbus June 26. Rev. Francis E. Harsten of Columbus opened the convention with prayer. Hon. Allen T. Brinsmade of Cleveland in a happy manner introduced the temporary chairman, Hon. W. C. Cooper of Mt. Vernon. Mr. Cooper made a fine address, touching upon the tariff, pensions and civil service reform. His remarks favoring civil service were not enthusiastically received.

The secretary, Henry Rehse of Cincinnati, then announced the various committees, after which resolutions of condolence and regret at the death of Mrs. Hayes were adopted by the convention, by a rising vote. The convention then adjourned until the next morning.

When the convention re-assembled, the temporary organization was made permanent, and the convention proceeded to business.

Gen. C. H. Grosveor, chairman of the committee on resolutions, read the report, and the reading was received with much applause. The resolutions renewed adherence to all the principles enunciated by the convention of 1888, especially the principles of protection; indorse the administration of President Harrison and pledge him cordial support; commend the policy of the pension bureau; favor the passage by congress of an equitable service pension bill for all honorably discharged soldiers and sailors of the late war; demand full protection for the wool-towing industry; indorse the decision of the secretary of the treasury regarding the duty on worsted goods; congratulate the people of Ireland upon the progress of their struggle for home rule; indorse the administration of Gov. Foraker; indorse the laws passed by the republican legislature in regard to the liquor traffic, and pledge the party to keep abreast of public opinion on that subject.

The platform was unanimously adopted, and the convention proceeded to the nominations. Several names were presented for governor, but all were withdrawn in favor of Gov. Foraker, and he was declared the nominee amid the greatest enthusiasm.

The name of E. L. Lampson, speaker of the house of representatives, and who had made the canvass for governor, was placed in nomination for lieutenant governor or Senator Kerr of Richland county. There was an evident desire in the convention that no other name be offered, and it was pretty generally understood, and had been so represented, that the governor preferred Lampson for a running mate. S. A. Conrad of Stark was also offered as a candidate. Private J. M. Dailzell of Noble county was presented for the honor, but before the call of the roll for ballot had progressed far the names of Dailzell and Conrad were withdrawn and Lampson nominated by acclamation.

The ticket was completed as follows: For treasurer of state, John C. Brown; Urban H. Hester of Van Wert, clerk of the supreme court; D. L. Watson of Franklin, attorney general; F. J. Dickman of Cuyahoga, judge of the supreme court; and William Hahn of Richland, member of the board of public works. John Hancock of Ross county, who is serving an unexpired term in the office of school commissioner, was nominated for the short and full term.

### MET ON A BRIDGE.

Accident on the Pennsylvania Railroad—Several Persons Killed.

A terrible collision of freight trains occurred near Latrobe, Pa., 43 miles east of Pittsburgh on the Pennsylvania railroad, about 2 o'clock the other morning. At the hour named, freight train No. 335, west-bound, left Latrobe and had just reached the bridge about 50 yards west of that place when it collided with extra freight train No. 113 coming in the opposite direction. Another east-bound freight was standing on a sidetrack on the bridge, and the wrecked trains crashed against it, causing one locomotive and a number of cars to go over the embankment into the creek, a distance of 50 feet.

Thirty-one cars went down over the bridge and were piled one upon the other in the water.

A carload of lime in the center of the train was too high to go down, and it was scattered over the pile of shattered cars. Then the debris took fire and notwithstanding the efforts of the people to put out the flames, continued to burn. The arms and legs of the victims could be seen protruding from the debris. No member of the crew remains to tell of those who went down.

It is almost certain that from twenty-five to thirty people were killed in the wreck. The water in the creek at the point where the accident occurred is about twelve feet deep and it is expected that ten or twelve bodies are in the bottom of the creek, held there by the wreckage.

John H. Millor, a flagman on the freight, states that the proper signals were given when the position of the shifter was discovered and Engineer Caldwell answered, but the train was too high to be shunted. One of the injured taken from the cars was 11 others were in the car, and in another box car it was said by one of the rescued that there were fifteen or twenty men. One or two bodies taken from the wreck were terribly burned by the lime.

### NOW IT'S FIRE.

Fire Destroys a Number of Houses at Johnstown.

A sweeping fire broke out in the first ward of Johnstown, Pa., the other afternoon. The flames spread rapidly and at one o'clock 20 houses were burning. All but three of the buildings in the district bounded by Market and Walnut streets, and by Main street and the river were consumed. Twenty-five houses were totally destroyed, including the large brick schoolhouse.

Many of the buildings destroyed had been washed from their foundations, though many of them contained houses, and goods which had been saved from the flood. But a small amount of these goods were saved. The fire is supposed to have originated from sparks flying from the burning debris in the neighborhood. The Philadelphia fire companies were on duty and fought the flames, which for a time got beyond their control and were only subdued by tearing down houses in their path.

Notwithstanding that the force of workmen employed in the ruins has been reduced nearly one-half, a remarkable showing has been made in the way of clearing up the wreckage. One heavy blast follows another in the debris above the railroad bridge, and Manager Phillips, who has charge of the work, says that he will have the place cleared up in a few days at the farthest.

### A Minnesota Cyclone.

A combined cyclone, waterspout and hail storm passed east of Ruskford, Minn., the other night, destroying everything in its

path. It probably gathered over Wisconsin, Winona county. A belt two miles wide in the pathway of this storm, 30 miles in length, is absolutely laid waste, the trees being as bare of leaves as in winter. The loss by the storm cannot fall below \$100,000. Trees two feet in diameter were torn up and twisted off. For miles in width the hail pelted everything into the ground. Section men at work say that the stones fell fully as large as a man's fist. Andrew Filzco of Yucatan, was drowned in the flood. Another drowning is reported from Hudson.

### CAMERON SUMMONED.

For Fifty Years He was a Mighty Factor in National Politics.

Gen. Simon Cameron died at his home in Lancaster, Pa., June 23, after a long illness.



SEMON CAMERON.

Mr. Cameron was born at Lancaster, Pa. His parents were Scotch. He was a printer by trade, and in 1822, when 23 years of age, he became editor of the principal paper published at Pennsylvania's capital. He was elected United States senator in 1845 as a democrat, but during the Mexican war he became one of the people's party, from which spring the republican party of this state. In 1857 he was re-elected United States senator on a moderate republican ticket. He was a candidate for the presidency in the republican convention at Chicago in 1860, but his state finally went with Lincoln. Cameron became Lincoln's secretary of war and held the position till 1862, when he was appointed minister to Russia, then the most important mission the President could bestow. He performed the duties with great tact and ability. After the close of the war Mr. Cameron again served in the senate from 1865 to 1871, when he was succeeded by his son, James Donald Cameron, who is still representing the Keystone state.

### MRS. HAYES DEAD.

Sketch of Her Life and Good Works.

Mrs. Lucy Ware Webb Hayes, wife of ex-President U. S. Hayes, died at the family home in Fremont, Ohio, June 25.

Mrs. Hayes' maiden name was Lucy Ware Webb. She was born August 24, 1814, at Chillicothe, O., and was the youngest child and only daughter of Dr. James Webb and Maria Cook. Her father served in the war of 1812 and died during the cholera scourge in Lexington, Ky., in 1833. Her mother was a woman of great force of character and deep religious convictions. Lucy was graduated at the Wesleyan female seminary at Cincinnati in 1832. She was married December 10, 1832. Her husband and both brothers entered the army, and from that time until the close of the war her home was a refuge for wounded, sick and forlorn soldiers. She spent two winters in camp with her husband in Virginia, and after the battle of Antietam, where he was badly wounded, she joined him at Aldie, Va., and later spent much time in the hospital near Frederick City. After the war she accompanied her husband to Washington while a member of congress. She was one of the originators of the Ohio soldiers' and sailors' orphan home and on its board of directors prior to its adoption by the state. During the four years of her life at the white house she was distinguished by the graceful cordiality with which she received all who came to her. Since the retirement of her husband to private life she had been an ardently interested member of the Woman's Relief Corps and served during successive periods as the president of the Women's Home Missionary Society of the M. E. church. She was an honorary member of the society of the Army of West Virginia, the medal of which was presented to her by the soldiers, whose loyal regard for her was highly appreciated.

### Death of a Gifted Woman.

Maria Mitchell, the noted astronomer, died at her home in Lynn, Mass., June 22. Miss Mitchell was born in Nantucket, August 1, 1818. Her ancestors had been among the first Quakers who went to that part of the country. William Mitchell, her father, was a bank cashier. He had a penchant for astronomy, and in his house telescopes and astronomical apparatus were in nightly use. When Maria was eleven years old she recorded the instants of the beginning and the end of a lunar eclipse. When 15 years of age she became librarian of the Nantucket Athenaeum. In 1847 came the discovery of the comet which introduced the young astronomer to the world. The King of Denmark gave her a gold medal in recognition of the discovery. There are seven other comets which she has found, being in advance of other watchers in some cases by a few days, in others by only a few hours. In 1855 Miss Mitchell went to Europe. In England she was the guest of Sir John Herschel and Sir George Airy. She was appointed the first professor of astronomy in Vassar college. Three institutions have given her the degree of LL.D. She was always crossed in the Quaker garb.

### Canadian Generosity.

The dominion government, in view of the friendly attitude assumed by the American government in the preliminary negotiations now in progress for an adjustment of international disputes, has reduced the export duty on pine logs from \$3 to \$2 per 1,000, board measurement. Prior to the increase in the duty in November last, millions of logs were annually towed across the great lakes to mills on the American side. Operations since then have been restricted, but it is likely the industry will be revived.

Three children were killed and several persons seriously injured by the collapse of an old building in Boston the other day.

## LAND OF THE AZTECS

### PEN PICTURES PORTRAYING THE

Habits and Customs of the People,  
Climate and General Features  
of the Country — Burro  
Trains or Caravans.

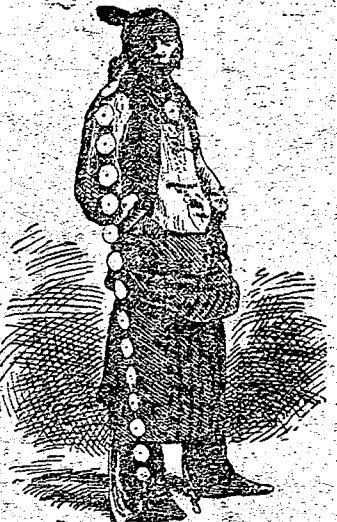
[BY J. F. MITCHELL.]

In company with a number of other newspaper men from Texas and elsewhere, we started from Dallas for the City of Mexico, via El Paso. Texas has been so often described that it is not necessary to devote much space to her peculiarities, wonders and beauties, yet there are always interesting facts to record in regard to this great and growing state. Seven years ago we passed over the Texas and Pacific railway from Dallas to El Paso. The scene now is vastly different from what it was then, and we begin to realize what a powerful agent this magnificent railway has been in developing the vast region along the route. Most railroads follow popula-

The plains stretch away to the horizon in all directions as far as the eye can reach, almost as level as a floor. There is little vegetation and few signs of life of any kind. The soil of the plains is good, mostly of a chocolate color and very deep, but the rainfall is not sufficient for general agriculture. If plenty of water could be secured from artesian wells, this great plateau would blossom as the rose, but otherwise, it can only be classed as a grazing country.

That Texas is a state of magnificent distances may be fully realized by a trip across its broad expanse. It is about as far from Texarkana to El Paso as from Texarkana to Savannah, Ga. It is farther from Canadian, Texas, to Brownsville, Texas, than from Canadian to St. Paul, Minnesota, or to Helena, Montana. A number of Texas counties are nearer to St. Louis than Galveston. Brownsville, Texas, is nearer to Central America than to Lipscomb county, Texas. The Texas and Pacific is a great railroad. It is one of the smoothest and best equipped in the Union, yet it takes its passenger

by means of a cloth bag, in regular Indian fashion. They have fruits, milk, coffee, mescal, toquillo, tamales, chili con carne,



IN HOLIDAY ATTIRE.

confectionery and kiosk knacks of various sorts for sale, and their chattering in broken Spanish is amusing. Not one in a hundred of them can speak English, but they are good natured and patient, and the traveler soon picks up enough Spanish words to drive trades with them in their own tongue for such articles as strike his fancy. They sell milk by the glass, but a suggestion from some of our party that goat milk and burro milk were considered good in Mexico had a tendency to take away the craving for milk on the part of some of the excursionists.

The first important city south of Juarez is Chihuahua, capital of the state of the same name. It is a beautifully located and well built city of some 20,000 inhabitants. It is noted for its rich silver mines and its beautiful cathedral. Chihuahua is 225 miles from El Paso and 1000 miles from the City of Mexico. The tall spires of its great cathedral are seen for many miles before we reach the city.

A mint has long been in operation in Chihuahua, and there are many rich silver mines in the surrounding mountains. American influence is probably felt to a greater degree here than in any other city in Mexico, though the Mexicans far outnumber all other nationalities combined. Chihuahua was founded about 350 years ago. It gets its water supply through an old stone aqueduct built 220 years ago.

Leaving Chihuahua, our train winds around beautiful El Coronel mountain and we enter the valleys of the San Pedro and Concho. Here we begin to see a better farming country. The valleys are greener and more fertile. There are fields of corn and wheat, as well as occasional fields of cotton, all clean as a garden and showing promise of good crops. Mexican peons are seen at work in the fields naked down to the waist and with their legs bare up to the knees. They

the west. The next station of importance is Lerdo, with 12,000 inhabitants, in the laguna country. To the east of this station is a vast plain abounding in salt flats and marshes and known as the Bolson de Mapimi, south and west of Lerdo are extensive grain and cotton farms. The cotton shipments from this station amount to about 30,000 bales annually, most of which goes to cotton factories at various points in Mexico. At the stations in this region we see long lines of patient little burros being driven in from the outlying districts loaded down with all sorts of commodities. Crates of oranges, bales of hay and straw, fire-wood, sacks of corn and beans, building stone, ores from the mines, vegetables and many other things are packed to the railway stations on the backs of these hardy and useful animals. The loads that they carry are enormous, and often they are so buried beneath their burdens that their ears, tail and feet alone are visible. These burro trains often come long distances, even hundreds of miles across the mountains. They are guided by Mexicans on foot who often themselves pack burdens on their own backs. On their return trips the burro trains, or caravans, take manufactured goods back to the mines and ranches in the distant mountains.

In due time we begin climbing the mountains towards Zacatecas. After hours of steady climbing, our engine puffing and laboring very hard, we reach the highest point on the road, about 8400 feet above the sea level. The surrounding mountains are bleak and bare, the air is crisp and cool and all signs of agriculture have been left behind in the valleys below. Here, at the coldest point on our route, we cross the Tropic of Cancer and enter the torrid zone, but we should never suspect it from the temperature. Soon we get a peep down into a deep valley ahead of us, and there spread out below us like a painted panorama, lies the city of Zacatecas. This city contains about 60,000 inhabitants. It is mainly built of red sandstone and presents a peculiar appearance on this account, as most Mexican cities are built of white stone, while the villages are usually of dark adobe. Above the ravine in which Zacatecas is built, the mountains rise on every hand, their slopes being dotted with massive stone buildings in which the work of silver reduction is carried on. This is one of the most important mining centers in the Republic, and the surrounding mountains are literally honey-combed with mines. On a high mountain near the city is an ancient church built in 1528. In former times penitents who had been particularly wicked were accustomed to ascending this mountain to the church on their hands and knees, and such penitential pilgrimages are occasionally made even to this day. There is also a primitive church in Zacatecas which was built in 1539. Leaving Zacatecas, our train rapidly descends from the mountains into the broad and fertile plains of the State of Aguas Calientes. Here great quantities of corn, wheat, barley and wool are raised. The

at work and unmindful of the presence of strange visitors forms a novel and interesting scene. There are large woolen mills in Aguas Calientes. From this place on towards the City of Mexico we begin to notice that the country is densely populated and that irrigation is no longer necessary to successful farming. The wheat is as fine as ever grown anywhere and is ripe for the harvest. Most of the cutting is done with sickles, though we saw an oc-



casional reaper and binder of American manufacture. Now the cities come thick and fast. Here is Lagos with 40,000 inhabitants. It has large cotton and woolen mills. But Leon, in the state of Guanajuato, is the great manufacturing city of the Republic. It has 100,000 inhabitants and produces large quantities of cotton and woolen goods, saddlery, boots and shoes, hats, cutlery and other goods. Leon is in a broad and rich valley that is in a very high state of cultivation. The soil is black, level and exceedingly rich. In fact we doubt if there is a more fertile section on the face of the earth. Here we saw beautiful wheat fields, waving corn and very fat cattle and sheep. It will be remembered that Leon is the place where the great flood occurred last year. The city is



A COBBLER.

nearly 6000 feet above the sea level, yet it is in a level plain with mountains on both sides. Last year a great waterspout flooded the valley, destroyed four thousand houses, washed away twelve miles of the railroad track and caused the death of several thousand people who were either drowned or buried beneath falling walls. In fact the number lost will never be fully known, as many decaying bodies are believed to still be beneath the ruins.

Queretaro, in the state of the same name, has 40,000 inhabitants. It is an interesting city and is built in a beautiful valley. It was here that Emperor Maximilian was shot, June 19, 1867. We might fill columns in regard to Leon or Queretaro, but there is so much of interest in Mexico that we must crowd facts together.

Leaving the cities of the central valleys behind we climb the rim of the great basin in which, like a fairy queen sits the great City of Mexico.

#### A Deserved Rebuked.

A prominent leader of fashion in London (the wife of a duke well known in sporting circles), having occasion to return an article she had bought at a large drapery establishment, was asked by the polite and mellifluous "floor walker": "Which of our gentlemen had the honor of serving your grace?"

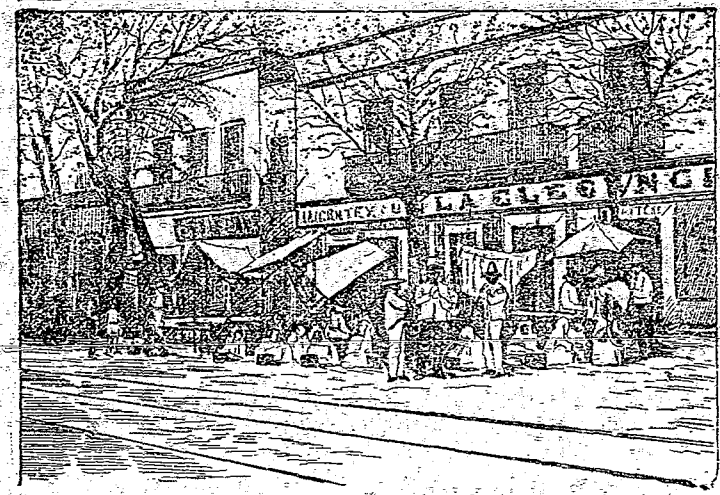
The lady looked at him with a mischievous twinkle in her eyes, and indicating a certain assistant, replied diffidently and modestly:

"Well, sir, I am not quite sure, but I rather think it was that nobleman with the bald head."

#### Encouraging Convalescence.

Young Mr. Shandygaff (handing his card to flunky at the door)—May I ask how Mr. Earl Marquand de Wylls Wylls is this mawning?

Flunky (importantly)—Yes, sir. Young Mr. Wylls Wylls' condition is slightly better. The tone of his system as himproved, han' we hall think, sir, that'e his progressin' bloominkly. 'E 'as recovered strength enough, sir, to light hay cigarette, han' seemed to relish hay couple o' snipes 'eads for the fast time in hay week, sir.



MARKET PLACE.

tion into new countries, but the Texas and Pacific blazed the way. It penetrated a vast uninhabited region and made its settlement and development possible. Not many years ago the country from Weatherford to El Paso was a howling waste. To-day, it counts its cities by the score and its people by the tens of thousands. Such cities as Cisco, Abilene, Colorado, Big Springs, Midland, Pecos and El Paso stand where the prairie dog held undisputed sway, and we see farms and vineyards where the buffalo and antelope roamed at will. Farther on in Mexico, this same mighty agent, the railway, is at work. The journeys that required months of time and untold hardships and discomforts a few years since are now made in a few days in luxurious palace cars. The mines and the vast agricultural regions of Mexico are made accessible to the outside world by such great railways as the Mexican Central, and the work of development is rapid in consequence. Indeed the railway is a great civilizer, and ere long it will place all the riches of the American continent, from Alaska to Patagonia, at our very doors.

There is much beautiful country between Dallas and El Paso, along the Texas and Pacific. With waving fields of grain, ripe almost for the harvest, with the growing corn, the thriving orchards, the inviting farm houses, the fat cattle upon a thousand hills, the broad prairies and plains and the thriving cities ever and anon coming into view, there is much along the route to interest the traveler. In the Abilene country we see countless thousands of prairie

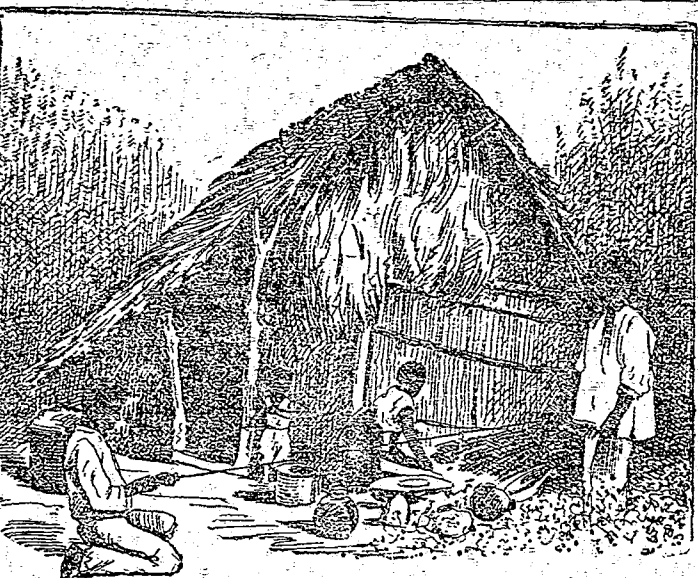


dogs on the level red prairies, forming a novel picture for those who witness it for the first time. As far west as Big Springs the crops look well, as the rainfall this season has been sufficient for the needs of agriculture. West of Big Springs the country rapidly grows dryer as our train chases the setting sun. The country is thinly populated and there is no longer any farming of much consequence. Soon we ascend and find ourselves on the great Smoked Plain, or Llano Estacado, nearly 4000 feet above the level of the sea. The air is cool and crisp and the view inspiring.

trains two days and two nights to run from Texarkana to El Paso.

Our party, consisting of sixty-eight persons, left El Paso for the City of Mexico, via the Mexican Central railroad. The distance is 1225 miles and the road runs the entire distance along the great central plateau of the Mexican Republic. The elevation varies from 3700 to 9900 feet above the sea level, the average being about 6000. This gives the Mexican Central many points of advantage over lines near the coast, as the climate along the line is bracing, the atmosphere pure and there is no danger from the fevers that infect the hot coast country. In this connection it may be noted that the Mexican Central is one of the best equipped railways on the continent. The road-bed is firm and smooth, the cars excellent and the officials courteous and obliging.

Leaving El Paso we soon realized that we were in a strange land, as the face of the country, the people, the architecture and the products are all different. For several hundred miles the country is very dry and uninviting, though stockraising and mining are carried on to a considerable extent. There is no farming here without irrigation, but wherever water was found we saw fertile fields and evidences of patient industry on the part of the Mexicans. Every drop of water is utilized, the river beds being left absolutely dry in many places on account of the demands of the irrigating ditches. The people live in villages mostly composed of adobe houses, or houses built of large sun-dried bricks. These houses are low, square and not prepossessing in appearance, but the interiors of many of them are handsomely finished in white plaster and elegantly furnished. They afford a cool retreat from the semi-tropic sun, being many degrees cooler inside than the average wooden house would be in the same climate in the hot season. Wherever there is a village you are sure to see a cathedral spire which appears to be the centre of attraction. The church is usually the most imposing edifice in sight and some of them are very ancient and costly. On speeds our train, passing villages and haciendas at frequent intervals. The mountains that all the way appear on either side of us seem to be getting higher and more imposing. The valley grows wicker and less barren. Occasional farms appear. Cattle, sheep, goats and burros browse contentedly on the plains. Cactus, mesquite and thorn bushes become more plentiful, calling to mind the saying that "in Mexico everything has a sticker on it." Picturesque groups of men, women and children crowd about the train at the stations, all bearing the unmistakable stamp of the Indian blood that flows in their veins, for, be it remembered, a large majority of the inhabitants of Mexico are descended from the aborigines and not from the Spanish conquerors. They speak a sort of Spanish dialect, considerably corrupted by a mixture of Indian words. Their faces are dark brown and their eyes and hair intensely black. Many of the women are barefooted and some of them have their babies swinging on their backs



INDIAN FAMILY.

seem to labor hard and patiently, and we were informed that they usually get about 18 cents a day for this class of labor. In this connection it may be remarked that most of the lands in Mexico are held in large estates by the favored classes, while the masses are engaged in a struggle for existence as tenants or day laborers. Fortunately for the latter classes their wants are few and easily supplied, owing to the mild climate. A simple diet of corn cakes and stewed beans constitute their staff of life, with occasional bits of meat and plenty of red pepper. Most of the plowing is done with oxen. The yoke is strapped across the foreheads of the animals and made fast to their horns, so that they push with their heads instead pulling in the usual way.

Santa Rosalia, famous for its sanitary hot springs, is an important town and is beginning to attract the attention of foreigners. Forty-five miles south of Santa Rosalia is Jimenez, the shipping point for the great Parral mining district lying to

city of Aguas Calientes, so called from its many hot springs, has about 50,000 inhabitants and is one of the most attractive places in Mexico. Immense stone bath houses are supplied with hot water direct from the hot springs by means of substantial stone aqueducts, and a bath can be had either in a stone bath tub or in a large and beautiful pool covering about one hundred feet square. This pool is surrounded and protected by a massive stone wall about twelve feet high, and has stone bottom, sides and steps. It is exceedingly clean and attractive as a bathing place. Many people visit Aguas Calientes for their health on account of the hot springs. Near the bath houses are the lavadores. These are massive stone basins arranged in a long row in a stone building at a convenient height and are used by the women to wash clothes in by means of hot water direct from the hot springs. The women of the city come here by the score to do their laundry work and fifty or more of them in a group all hard

The "hay fork swindle" has been prevalent all over the country. It requires two men to work this racket. The first man offers the hay fork for nothing, and the farmer will take it and sign a recommendation for it. Then the next one comes along with the recommendation and after a week or two the farmer is surprised to learn that the recommendation is really a skillfully worded order for a number of forks and that they have arrived at the nearest railway station. Sometimes the farmers give an order for forks and there is a verbal agreement that he will pay for the forks only when they are sold. But the man who makes the verbal agreement is never afterwards to be found, while the note soon finds its way into the hands of a collector.

**AN EGG EXPERIMENT.**—Make a very small hole in each end of a fresh egg, and, after blowing out the contents, close one end with a bit of sealing wax. Put two pieces of cloth in the shape of a fish, and sew them together on edges so as to make a pointed bag. Put some sand into this for ballast. The mouth of the bag must be exactly the size of the egg, which is to be fastened into it with sealing wax, or glue, to form the head of the fish. Having prepared it in this way, paint two eyes on the egg with black paint, and the magic fish is ready to put in the jar of water. The weight of the sand in the bag must be such that the fish will float on the surface if left itself, but so that a very light touch will cause it to sink. Cover the jar tightly with india rubber. When a hand is laid on the covering the pressure transmitted to the liquid will cause a little water to enter the egg and the fish will dive; the heavier the pressure the more quickly it will plunge. Remove the pressure from the india rubber and the compressed air in the egg will force it out of the water and the fish will come to the surface again.

On Saturday evening last a verdant young man from near Delton, accompanied by his "best girl," drove into town to witness the acrobatic feats of the limber man, the songs of the funny man, manipulations of the tooth-extractor and long-haired vender of turbar, corn medicine, tooth-powder, etc. The young man laughed long and loud; his dulcinea smiled serenely, and even the horse neighed at the old stale jokes. Everything was lovely, and the domestic fowl hung at a lofty attitude. The young man, in his exuberance of spirit, purchased a 25-cent package containing a box of corn-extractor, and one of toothwash. He gave (as he supposed) the tooth-powder to his girl and the corn medicine he kept for himself. But he made a sad mistake, and the package was divided vice versa. Sunday morning it was discovered that his once fair partner had used the corn inhibitor freely on her teeth Saturday evening after her return home and that during the night her teeth had all dropped out. Mum is the word with her now, and Sunday she sent the young man word that his name was "Dennis" in the future. It is reported that the "old man" is out looking for the youth, with a shot-gun.

—Hastings Democrat.

#### HAVE YOU A BOY TO SPARE?

The saloon must have boys, or it must shut up shop. Can't you furnish it one? It is a great factory, and unless it can get about 2,000,000 from each generation for raw material, some of those factories must close out and its operatives must be thrown on a cold world, and the public revenue will dwindle. "Wanted—2,000,000 boys," is the notice. One family out of every five must contribute a boy to keep up the supply. Will you help? Which one of your boys will it be? The minotaur of Crete had to have a triemne full of fair maidens each year; but the minotaur of America demands a city full of boys each year. Are you a father? Have you given your share to keep up the supply for this great public institution that is helping pay your taxes and kindly electing officers for you? Have you contributed a boy? If not some other family has had to give more than theirs. Are you not selfish, voting to keep the saloon open to grind up the boys, and then doing nothing to keep up the supply?—Presbyterian.

## FURNITURE!

A full and complete line of Artistic Furniture kept in Stock and made in the Popular finishes of Antique Oak, Solid Walnut, and Fine Imitations.

### IN FACT

you will find a complete line of Goods at the lowest reasonable prices.

Call and see for yourselves and you will be satisfied.

## SANDS & PORTER.

The Reliable Furniture Dealers of Northville.

## FURNITURE!

### TO MACKINAC.

#### Summer Tours.

**Palace Steamers. Low Rates.**  
Four Trips per Week Between  
**DETROIT, MACKINAC ISLAND**  
St. Ignace, Chibougan, Alpena, Harrisville,  
St. Ignace, Grand Beach, Port Huron,  
St. Clair, Oakland House, Mattie City.  
Every Week Day Between  
**DETROIT AND CLEVELAND**  
Special Sunday Trips during July and August.  
**OUR ILLUSTRATED PAMPHLETS**  
Rates and Excursion Tickets will be furnished  
by your Ticket Agent, or address  
C. D. WHITCOMB, Gen'l Pass. Agent,  
Detroit & Cleveland Steam Nav. Co.,  
DETROIT, MICH.

If any dealer says he has the W. L. Douglas shoes without name and price stamped on the bottom, put him down as a fraud.



### W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

Best in the world. Examine his  
\$5.00 GENTLEMAN'S HAND-SEWED SHOE.  
\$4.00 HAND-SEWED WELT SHOE.  
\$3.50 POLICE AND FARMERS SHOE.  
\$2.50 POLICE AND FARMERS SHOE.  
\$2.25 WORKINGMAN'S SHOE.  
\$2.00 and \$1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.  
All made in Congress, Boston and New York.

### W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE FOR LADIES.

Best Material. Best Style. Best Fitting.  
If not sold by your dealer, write  
W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.  
J. B. WILCOX, AGENT,  
NORTHVILLE, MICH.  
EXAMINE W. L. DOUGLAS \$2.00  
SHOES FOR GENTLEMEN AND LADIES.

### WOODS' GREAT PEPPERMINT CURE.

For sale by the GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA R. R. CO. Sugar maple the principal ingredient. Advantages:—Railroads already built, numerous towns and cities, one of the healthiest parts of the United States, purest water, good markets, fine fruit, good roads, schools, churches, large agricultural population, best building material at low figures, good soil, low prices, easy terms, perfect title. For books, maps, charts, and all additional information, address

W. O. HUGGART,  
Land Commissioner, Grand Rapids, Mich.

### W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

A thoroughly tested and successful preparation for arresting fermentation, and one to have rich sparkling cider the year around. Has been on the market six years, and is highly recommended by those who have used it. It thoroughly purifies, and imparts no foreign taste. Put up in boxes designed for 25 and 50-gall. packages, containing 25 and 50 cts. Sold by dealers, or sent by mail on receipt of price. INMAN BROS., Fruitland, Akron, O.

## SAY

If you want to see some samples of

PHOTOGRAPHIC WORK  
LARGE PORTRAITS,  
ENGRAVINGS AND  
WATER Colors

Etc. that will delight your eyes drop in

## Gibson & Brown's



### C. J. TUTTLE

THE  
Merchant Tailor.

Fine Tailoring a specialty.  
NORTHVILLE  
MICH

Wills to Stevenson's  
PENSIONS! Abstract Building,  
DETROIT, MICHIGAN.

## The Leonard REFRIGERATOR



is the

Best.

### Grand Oil Stoves.

NEW LYMAN VAPOR STOVES,  
GEM ICE CREAM FREEZERS,  
BUCKEYE LAWN MOVERS,  
WHERRY MOLE TRAPS;  
GARLAND STOVES AND RANGES.

A 6 hole Range with high shelf and reservoir \$27.00.

### GEO. E. W. TERMAN & CO.

**SMITH'S BILE BEANS**  
FOR BILIOUS NERVOUS DISORDERS  
Such as Sick Headache, Torpid Liver, Constipation, Malaria, Chills & Fever—all kinds, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Lost Appetite, Wind on Stomach and Bowels, Pains in Back, Foul Breath, &c.  
A CLEAR, ROSY COMPLEXION follows the use of SMITH'S BILE BEANS. They remove the excess of bile from the blood and tone up the whole system. Most economical medicine in use. Absolutely Safe!  
SAMPLE TESTIMONIAL. "I have suffered from Chronic Constipation for eighteen years, and Smith's Bile Beans are the best medicine I have yet found." H. Clay Voon, Farmington, N. H. Send for full particulars, FOR SALE EVERYWHERE, OR SENT BY MAIL, POSTPAID, FOR \$1.00, 50c PER BOTTLE. PRICE, 25c. IN BOTTLES ONLY.  
J. F. SMITH & CO., Sole Proprietors, ST. LOUIS, MO.

## Gold Lace

When you order Flour call for Gold Lace Northville Mills Flour, or else your grocer will send you a flour that costs them much less and charge you the same price as for Gold Lace—See!

Northville Milling Co.

### LOOSE'S EXTRACT

RED  
CLOVER BLOSSOM  
THE GREAT Blood Purifier.

PURE AND EFFICACIOUS.  
IT CURES  
Cancers, Humors, Sores, Ulcers, Swellings, Tumors, Abscesses, Blood Poisoning, Salt Rheum, Catarrh, Erysipelas, Rheumatism, and all Blood and Skin Diseases.  
Price, \$1 per Pint Bottle, or 5 Bottles for \$5.  
1 lb. can Solid Extract \$3.50  
J. M. LOOSE RED CLOVER CO.  
Detroit, Mich.

**EPOCH.**  
The transition from long, lingering and painful sickness to robust health marks an epoch in the life of the individual. Such a remarkable event is treasured in the memory and the agency whereby the good health has been attained is gratefully blessed. Hence it is that so much is heard in praise of Electric Bitters. So many feel they owe their restoration to health, to the use of the Great Alternative and Tonic. If you are troubled with any disease of kidneys, liver or stomach, of long or short standing you will surely find relief by use of Electric Bitters. Sold at 50c and \$1 per bottle at A. M. Randolph's drug store.

MEMORIES.

'Twas off the coast of Florida,  
'Twas there the boat went down,  
That bore my noble brother's form  
away;  
Has he not yet been found,  
And does his body lie engulfed  
Beneath the yielding wave.  
Oh never, never, had I thought  
He'd meet a watery grave.  
He's traveled far o'er land, and sea,  
He's crossed the briny deep,  
He's faced the artie's raging foam,  
And now where does he sleep;  
My mind goes back, to by-gone days,  
And years that's passed and gone,  
When we around the fire-side sat,  
And sang the evening song.  
The father, mother, sisters, brothers,  
Their voices all united,  
And now, alas, to see,  
How many things have blighted,  
Father and mother has passed away,  
Husband and children, seven,  
Brothers and sisters, ten of them,  
I trust they're met in heaven.  
And here I sit and weep alone,  
Where gentle strangers dry my  
tears,  
But still afflictions come,  
I have a wandering veteran son,  
Oh where, where can he be,  
He'd never sound the large war  
drum,  
Nor beat the large reville.  
He's traveled o'er the mountains  
steep,  
He's crossed the Cumberland; and  
When the shades of night came on,  
He had no where to sleep,  
His blanket was his covering,  
The ground it was his bed,  
The cold damp grass his pillow was,  
On which to rest his weary head.  
Oh, I'm weary of this lonely life,  
With none to care for mother,  
I'm looking out to gain new hope,  
To seek to find each other,  
Then once again gave to my heart,  
We'll meet where tears nor sorrow  
part.

COMMUNICATION.

EDITOR RECORD.—I see from your  
reply to my communication of last  
week that you are off in your informa-  
tion in regard to Michigan legislation,  
and it is but fair to presume you are as  
far from the right in your presump-  
tions as to the results of the law. To  
get you in the right path I take pleas-  
ure in informing you that the three-  
fifths majority amendment which was  
offered to the bill was made by the  
democrat party and voted down by the  
republicans, and the bill as passed only  
requires a majority vote of the voters  
of any county to carry it, which no  
good citizen can find fault with, for as  
I said in my former note that unless a  
majority of a county are in favor of a  
law no officers will be elected and in-  
force it; and on the other hand where  
a majority are in favor of any measure  
they should and will see that officers of  
their views are elected, both supervi-  
sors and prosecuting attorney. And I  
will now make a presumption that  
there is not a county in the state where  
a majority vote for prohibition that the  
supervisors will veto the act. So far it  
is as good as the law of two years ago.  
Now is it not better for all temperance  
people to say let us try and see how  
much good we can do under the law,  
than to try and see how much cold  
water they can throw on it and injure  
its usefulness? Now I shall hope to  
see the prohibitionists if they are in  
earnest for temperance to come out  
and defend the best law they have had  
on temperance. Instead of saying this  
is your republican law, now you repub-  
licans enforce it. It is no baby of ours  
and we won't give it a drop of our  
milk or even a wisp to keep it warm.  
It is possible I have the wrong idea of  
a prohibitionist, and shall be glad to  
see the prohibitionists hand in hand  
with all good temperance workers in  
the front ranks and not saying until  
we can step from Northville to Detroit  
at one step we will fold our arms across  
our breast and say, not one step will  
we take till then. Respectfully,

K.  
We publish the above communica-  
tion from our friend but it is unjust as  
we did not criticize the republican par-  
ty. We may have been mistaken in  
regard to the three fifths vote but if so  
it did not call for such denunciations.

The Calumet News tells of a swin-  
dler with the flower plant racket. He  
flavors flowers with some cheap wild  
perfume and sells slips at a good figure  
to whoever will buy them, and many  
really smart people are deceived. The  
swindler was here several weeks ago,  
and sold a good many of his "plants."  
In the twin cities he called his wares  
"vanilla plants" and he had flavored  
them with vanilla. The people he  
"took in" kept it mum, and it was by  
chance our reporter heard of the occur-  
rence.

**CURE**  
BILIOUSNESS, SICK HEADACHE,  
HEARTBURN, LIVER INDIGESTION,  
DYSPEPSIA, COMPLAINT, JAUNDICE.

**Your**  
**BLOOD**  
Purified.

BY USING THE GENUINE  
**Dr. C. McLANE'S**  
—CELEBRATED—  
**LIVER PILLS!**  
PREPARED ONLY BY  
**FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.**  
—Beware of Counterfeits made in St. Louis, Mo.

**Bucklen's Arnica salve.**  
The best Salve in the world for Cuts,  
Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum,  
Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands,  
Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Erup-  
tions, and positively cures Itches, or no  
pay required. It is guaranteed to give  
perfect satisfaction, or money refunded.  
Price 25 cents per box. For sale  
by A. M. Randolph.

**PISO'S CURE FOR**  
Cough Medicine.  
If you have a Cough  
without disease of the  
Lungs, a few doses are all  
you need. But if you re-  
spect this easy means of  
safety, the slight Cough  
may become a serious  
matter, and several bot-  
tles will be required.

**CONSUMPTION.**

Piso's Remedy for Catarrh is the  
Best, Easiest to Use, and Cheapest.

**CATARRH**

Sold by druggists or sent by mail.  
50c. E. T. Hazeltine, Warren, Pa.

**Why**  
purchase anything in the line  
of parlor or bed room furniture,  
chairs, tables or anything in the  
line of picture frames or mould-  
ing until you have seen the new  
stock I have lately put in at J.  
Overshire's old stand on Main  
st? I have had many years ex-  
perience in the business and will  
guarantee that I can suit you in  
prices and assortment. Give me  
a call. Repairing a specialty.

**W. J. BUFORD.**

**ONLY A DOLLAR!**  
Cheapest Paper in the World!  
**The Michigan Farmer**  
WITH HOUSEHOLD SUPPLEMENT.

The FARMER is a Business Paper for Farmers.  
It Publishes the Best and Most Reliable  
MARKET REPORTS.  
For the Farmer, the Stock-Breeder, the Dairy-  
man and the Horticulturist.

The various departments of the paper, which  
include Agriculture, Horticulture, Stock Breed-  
ing, Veterinary Science, Market Reports of Farm  
Products and Live Stock, Reports of Farmers'  
Clubs, etc., etc., are weekly filled with interest-  
ing and reliable information.  
The "Household" supplement and a large  
amount of choice miscellany make the paper a  
favorite with all members of the family.

**ALL FOR \$1.00 A YEAR,**  
WITH HOUSEHOLD SUPPLEMENT.  
Agents wanted at every Postoffice to canvass.  
Good commission. For particulars address  
**GIBBONS BROTHERS, Publishers,**  
DETROIT, MICH.

**FREE** **FREE**  
\$55 Solid Gold Watch.  
Sold for \$1.00, until Jan. 1st.  
Best \$55 watch in the world.  
Perfect timepiece. War-  
ranted Heavy Solid Gold  
Hunting Case. Both ladies'  
and gents' sizes, with work-  
ing cases of equal value.  
One person in each lo-  
cality can secure one free  
together with our large and val-  
uable line of Household  
Supplies. These samples, as  
well as the watch, we send  
free, and after you have kept  
it for 15 months and shown it to those  
who may have called, they become your own property. Those  
who write at once can be sure of receiving the Watch  
and Samples. We pay all express, freight, etc. Address  
**Stinson & Co., Box 612, Portland, Maine.**

**RICE'S**  
**TEMPERANCE**  
Late The Madison) HOTEL  
Cor. Jefferson Avenue and Randolph  
Street,  
Detroit, Mich.  
J. D. Rice, R. C. SPRAGUE,  
Prop. Clerk.

**CENTRALLY LOCATED.**  
Being within three squares of Brush  
St. Depot, where passengers arrive by  
the Grand Trunk, Lake Shore, and the  
Detroit, Grand Haven and Milwaukee  
Railroads.  
Three lines of street cars pass the  
door—Jefferson ave. line (which con-  
nects with Michigan Central Depot);  
the Trumbull ave., and the Congress  
and Baker st. lines. Woodward ave.  
and Fort st. lines pass within 2 squares.  
**MEALS 25 CENTS.**  
Rates—Per day, \$1.25 to \$1.50. Rooms  
without board, 50c, 75c and \$1.00.

**IDEAL TAILORING.**  
Suits, to order, \$18 to \$50  
Light Overcoats, 15 to 30  
Heavy, 20 to 50  
Prince Albert Coat  
and Vest 20 to 35  
Knight Templar Coats 15 to 25  
Pants 4 to 12

Cleaning, Dyeing and Repairing  
promptly attended to.  
**SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.**  
Railroad fare both ways deducted from  
price of Suits on all orders from  
my Northville friends.

**H. D. CLARK,**  
144 Congress St., East,  
DETROIT, MICH.

**MR. JOHN BURLEIGH,**  
late of York, England, wishes to an-  
nounce that he is now open for engage-  
ments in  
**PIANO TUNING,**  
and respectfully solicits your patron-  
age. Mr. Burleigh has had large ex-  
perience in one of the leading Piano  
Manufactories of England, and all  
work entrusted to his hands will be  
most thoroughly attended to. Orders  
may be sent to 1433 Woodward Ave. or  
106 Abbott St., Detroit, Mich.

**BOILERS**  
**STEPHEN PRATT'S,**  
STEAM BOILER WORKS,  
(Established 1865.)  
Manufacturer of High and Low Pres-  
sure and Steam Heating Boilers of all  
kinds, smoke pipes, breechings, etc.  
Old boilers taken in exchange for new.  
Rivets, boiler plates and boiler tubes for  
sale. Cor. Foundry st. and Mich. Cen-  
tral R. R. tracks, DETROIT, MICH.  
23w52

**KOAL**  
ANTHRACITE and BITUMINOUS  
AT WHOLESALE  
**O. W. SHIPMAN,**  
Cor. Griswold & Larned Sts., DETROIT.  
WRITE FOR PRICES. 21w17

**AGENTS WANTED for the BOOK**  
**JOHNSTOWN**  
**HORROR,**  
—OR—  
**VALLEY OF DEATH**  
A thrilling account of the awful floods  
and their appalling ruin. Graphic de-  
scription of the destruction of houses, fac-  
tories, churches, towns and thousands of  
lives; heart-rending scenes, separation  
of loved ones; tales of heroic deeds, nar-  
row escapes from death, havoc by fire,  
plundering the bodies of victims; dread-  
ful sufferings of the survivors; the great-  
est calamity of the times. Fully illus-  
trated. Send thirty cents in stamps for out-  
fit to save time. Terms liberal.

**FORSYTH & McMAKIN, Cincinnati, Ohio.**  
35w4

**THEIR BUSINESS BOOMING.**  
Probably no one thing has caused  
such a general revival of trade at A.  
M. Randolph's Drug Store as their  
giving away to their customers of 90  
many free trial bottles of Dr. King's  
New Discovery for Consumption.  
Their trade is simply enormous in this  
very valuable article from the fact that  
it always cures and never disappoints.  
Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis,  
Croup and all throat and lung diseases  
quickly cured. You can test it before  
buying by getting a trial bottle free,  
large size \$1.00. Every bottle warrant-  
ed.

**KEEPING**  
**EVERLASTINGLY AT IT**  
**BRINGS SUCCESS.**

If you don't think so step in our store, you will find us busy,  
but ready to show you the best goods that can be had for  
the prices asked. Before you buy a Watch we have a  
very interesting story to tell you, (but not space here.)  
We can test you your eyes in a scientific manner and  
fit them perfectly with spectacles or eye glasses.  
We have a corner on fine Stationery. We  
guarantee satisfaction on Watch work. All  
work done promptly. Yours respectfully,

**A. E. ROCKWELL.**

**GOING OUT OF BUSINESS**  
OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF  
**FURNITURE, BEDS AND BEDDING!**  
TO BE SOLD REGARDLESS OF COST.  
**NOW IS THE GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY OF A LIFETIME!**  
TO SECURE IMMENSE BARGAINS IN ALL GRADES OF FURNITURE.

**\$100,000 worth of Furniture to be Sacrificed**

PARLOR, BEDROOM, DINNING, LIBRARY AND OFFICE SUITS. TABLES,  
CHAIRS, BOOKCASES, SIDEBOARDS, HATRACKS, DESKS, LOOKING GLASSES BY  
THE HUNDREDS. THE LARGEST STOCK OF FURNITURE, BEDS AND BEDDING  
IN THE STATE TO SELECT FROM.

DON'T FAIL TO CALL AT ONCE AND SECURE BARGAINS.  
YOU WILL NEVER HAVE ANOTHER OPPORTUNITY LIKE THIS.

**DUDLEY & FOWLE,**  
MAMMOTH FURNITURE WAREHOUSES,  
125 and 129 Jefferson Ave. Detroit.

**THE RECORD**  
**REAL ESTATE**  
AGENCY.

REAL ESTATE BOUGHT, SOLD  
AND ADVERTISED ON  
COMMISSION.

HOUSES RENTED AND RENTS COLLECTED.

ALL NECESSARY PAPERS MADE OUT  
WITHOUT EXPENSE TO CON-  
TRACTING PARTIES.

For further terms apply at this office.

Some of the following places will be  
sold on contract with small  
payments down.

- Bargain No. 4. Good house and 5  
acres of land, \$3,000.
- Bargain No. 5. Fine house and lot,  
\$2,500.
- Bargain No. 6. 4 desirable village  
lots.
- Bargain No. 7. New house in Beal-  
town, \$1,200.
- Bargain No. 10. Fruit farm of 22  
acres all set out to fruit. 8 miles from  
the village, 19 miles from Detroit.
- Bargain No. 14. House and lot on  
north Center street, \$1,200.
- Bargain No. 16. House and lot in  
Beal town, \$1,050.
- Bargain No. 18. New brick house  
and lot in west part of village, \$2,300.
- Bargain No. 19. A desirable corner  
lot on Main street.
- Bargain No. 23. A neat cottage and  
corner lot on north Center street, \$750.
- Bargain No. 25. House and lot on  
Randolph street, \$1,000.
- Bargain No. 27. House and corner  
lot on Dunlap street, \$2,600.
- Bargain No. 29. House and four  
lots. Barn and beautiful grove, \$2,000.  
Very desirable.
- Bargain No. 30. Four lots on Wing  
street. Will sell on contracts.

- Bargain No. 31. House and lot on  
Main street, \$2,000.
- Bargain No. 32. House and lot on  
Randolph street, \$2,000.
- Bargain No. 33. House and corner  
lot on Main street, \$1,400.
- Bargain No. 34. House and lot, one  
block from M. E. church, \$900.
- Bargain No. 35. Large house and  
lot on south Center street, \$1,800.
- Bargain No. 36. House and lot on  
Dunlap street, \$850.
- Bargain No. 37. Good house and lot  
and barn, one block from post office,  
for \$1500.

**FOR THE NEW YEAR!**  
If you are interested in Agriculture, Horticulture  
or stock raising, you should subscribe for the  
**Michigan Farmer**  
—AND—  
**STATE JOURNAL OF AGRICULTURE.**

It always contains matter of interest to every  
farmer, and especially aims to be a business  
paper for farmers, keeping them posted on the  
value of their products.  
All the old contributors for 1897, and many  
new ones.  
"The Household," which has become a great  
favorite with everybody, will be continued under  
the management of "Beatrix," (Mrs. E. F. John-  
stone).  
We will guarantee that there will be no lack of  
interest in the Farmer for the coming year.  
Subscription price—With Household supple-  
ment, \$1.50 without supplement, \$1.25.  
Agents wanted at every Postoffice to canvass.  
Good commission. For particulars address  
**GIBBONS BROTHERS, Publishers,**  
DETROIT, MICH.

**MUNN & CO.**  
**PATENTS**  
NEW YORK  
After Forty years' experience in the preparation of more than One Hundred Thousand applications for patents in the United States and Foreign countries, the publishers of the Scientific American continue to act as solicitors for patents, designs, trade-marks, copyrights, etc., for the United States, and to obtain patents in Canada, England, France, Germany, and all other countries. Their experience in the preparation of such notices every patentee understands.  
Drawings and specifications prepared and filed in the Patent Office on short notice. Terms very reasonable. No charge for examination of models or drawings. Advice by mail free.  
Patents obtained through Munn & Co. are noticed in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, which is the largest circulation and is the most influential newspaper of its kind, published in the world. The advantages of such a notice every patentee understands.  
This large and splendidly illustrated newspaper is published WEEKLY at \$10.00 a year, and is admitted to be the best paper devoted to science, mechanics, inventions, engineering works, and other departments of industrial progress, published in any country. It contains the names of all patentees and title of every invention patented each week. By it four months for one dollar. Sold by all newsdealers.  
If you have an invention to patent write to Munn & Co., publishers of Scientific American, 371 Broadway, New York.  
Handbook about patents mailed free.

# Northville Record.

E. R. Ezzer, Publisher.

NORTHVILLE.

MICH.



Clara Barton.

Clara Barton, the noble woman who is president of the American Red Cross society, is a native of Maine and was in early life a teacher and founder of some free schools in New Jersey. Somewhere about 1855 she was engaged as a clerk in one of the government departments, but resigned when the civil war broke out that she might give her services to the sick and wounded. During the Franco-German war she was found on many of the battlefields administering to the wounded, and during the dreadful scenes of carnage, which followed the fall of the Commune in Paris, she also carried on her humane work. When the Mississippi overflowed its banks in 1884 Clara Barton again came to the rescue with her corps of trained nurses; in fact when any calamity entailing suffering and loss of life has befallen any part of our country, Clara Barton has always appeared laden with relief. The Red Cross society has its name after a cross cut of red cloth, which is carried by all its members as a badge on the sleeve. All the different Red Cross societies are affiliated with each other, and the international committee holds a meeting once a year in Geneva. The society has been recognized by all civilized governments.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union! Do you know what they are doing? Doubtless you have glanced at the reports of their meetings, and perhaps you have read a little of the story of their work and wondered. Quiet, unostentatious, claiming no glory for themselves, asserting nothing in a bravado spirit for the holy cause that they advocate. But their's is a sacred scheme. In the highways and byways they are forever going about, doing good. Nothing of that fanaticalism which makes men rebellious; none of that pugacity which gives their adversaries cause to complain. They but advocate that which every intelligent man and woman must sanction; the strengthening of the bulwarks that are raised by their patient hands for the defense of mankind in its weakness, the advocacy of all nobler principles that elevate the human race. They do not enter the arena of public discussion for the sole object of securing frivolous and empty triumphs; they seek not, neither do they covet, the vain-glorious applause of the giddy multitude. They go not forth arrayed in the gaudy paraphernalia of some selfish band of loud-mouthed theorists, supported by waving banners and the crash of the drum and the blast of the bugle to herald forth their doctrines in such a way as to give the idler and vagabond an opportunity to while away an hour of listless observation. Humbly, prayerfully, unassumingly, they carry on the work to which their pure lives are devoted. Trusting to the divine assurance of the meek and lowly Nazarene, they take neither scrip nor staff for the journey, but do with all their might what their hands find to do. Their names are stainless, their lives are spotless. There is no evil found in them, even by the most exacting critic. Not by denunciation, but by persuasion; not by braggadocio, but by earnest entreaty; not by derision and upbraiding, but by holy precept and godly example, are they striving to accomplish that great good to the children of men for which the very angels in heaven do them honor.

A philanthropic citizen of Harvey county, Kas., has planted three miles of peach trees along the public highway for the benefit of travelers.

## THE BIRTHPLACE OF BURNS.

By ROBERT G. INGERSOLL.

Though Scotland boasts a thousand names Of patriot, king and peer, The noblest, grandest of them all Was loved and cradled here. Here lived the gentle peasant prince, The young center king, Compared with whom the greatest lord Is but a tilted thing. 'Tis but a cot roofed in with straw, A hovel made of clay; One door shuts out the snow and storm, One window greets the day. And yet I stand within this room And hold all thrones in scorn, For here beneath this lowly thatch, Love's sweetest bard was born. Wit in this hallowed hut I feel Like one who clasps a shrine. When the glad lips at last have touched The something deemed divine! And here the world through all the years, As long as day returns, The tribute of its love and tears Will pay to Robert Burns.

## LINK BY LINK.

A THRILLING STORY OF THE FRANCO-PRUSSIAN WAR.

By MAGNICE LEGRAND.

CHAPTER VI.

FLED!

ON the ruined tower a man sat alone. Through the darkness the starlight shone. It fell on the bare cold walls, and lit up the gloomy recesses, while light misty vapors, soft and silvery as smoke-wreaths, floated in from the river, and dwelt shadow-like in every nook and corner. It was an eerie place enough. A place, no man would dwell in from choice—a place to which its present occupant had been driven by the sternest law that rules human life—necessity.

Restlessly his eyes roved from side to side through the vast desolate width of this legend-haunted hall. The bat's cold wings flapped against his forehead, the night-owls flew to and fro through its gloomy passages. Unspeakably dreary, unspeakably desolate; it seemed to him, who had a coward's shrinking fear, and a child's superstitious dread of darkness and loneliness like this. "Will she never come?" he said to himself again and again, as he listened in vain for the signal he longed to hear—for the splash of the oars in the river below, and the consciousness of a human presence to gladden, even for a few brief moments, his self-enforced solitude.

It was an hour past midnight. A fear of ill that had chanced, of discovery that threatened, fell upon his heart. Listening and watching, the minutes seemed long as hours, each filled with new dread, with ever increasing fear. "If they have discovered her, absence—followed her—oh heavens!" he muttered in his terror, while his eyes glared through the shadows with the fear of hunted animal brought to bay, and desperate.

While the thought still held him, the familiar signal reached his ears. He started to his feet, and looked anxiously toward the window, then repeated it. Another instant and a girl's light figure swung itself through the aperture, and with deft soundless feet dropped safely down on the floor within.

"Ninette!" he cried joyfully, then trembled and turned pale, for with reeling steps and ashy face the girl came on through the black noiseless gloom, and then fell at his feet like one dead.

He bent over her, and a mortal terror shook his limbs, an icy fear seized his heart.

Senseless and still, like a falling statue, she lay at his feet, with the cloud of her rich waving hair, floating over her motionless limbs, shrouding her death-like face. He called her name, he chafed her cold hands, he dashed water on her face, he tried, with eyes on which tears stood thick, and hands which trembled and shook like the weakest woman, to revive her senses, and recall life to the stricken form.

"Oh God! Not this life too!" he moaned, and the sound of his voice in that intense stillness seemed to him charged and fearful.

After awhile her senses returned, slow, quivering breaths heaved her bosom and parted her lips; her eyes—wide with terror, dark with pain—opened on the frightened face above her. She knew it, and raised herself with sudden strength, and shuddered away from his touch as if it were hateful.

"Go, go!" she cried wildly. "Oh, that you had never crossed my path!" He looked at her in amazement, scared by the wild words, by the blazing eyes.

"What has happened?" he faltered. She rose and faced him in the gloom, with a despair and a passion in her face that awed him into shamed remorseful silence.

"What? Only this—that for your sake I have lost love, home, honor! Only this—to keep my oath with you. I have sacrificed my husband's heart, perhaps his life. Oh, Heaven! In my sight, at least, I stand to-day his murderer."

"You are mad!" he gasped in his bewilderment. She laughed wildly.

"Mad? Well, perhaps I am. There are wrongs that turn youth to age, and reason to madness, they say. Such wrongs are mine. Do you know what he has said to-night? That I—I, his wife, have betrayed and deceived him—that I steal from his side in the midnight darkness to meet another lover. Do you hear? A lover. And I could hear that and say nothing."

"You did not confess?" The frightened voice, the terrified fact recalled her to herself. She looked at him in mute scorn.

"Are you afraid of that?" No, I confessed nothing."

He drew a long, deep breath of relief. "Thank God!" he muttered.

She turned fiercely on him. "That is all you say—all you think. It is not for his suffering—for my shame—that you care; and once I believed you loved me!"

"I do love you," he said earnestly. "Yes, with a wavering, selfish love that reck not of the ill it brings, or I endure. Oh, hear me," she pleaded, passionately clasping his hands in her own. "Hear me for once and have pity! Release me from my oath, and let me tell him all. He will do you no harm for my sake. I will buy his release; I will follow him to the battle field itself; I will seek him through the length and breadth of France, if you will only give me leave to confess all—to clear myself in his eyes forever."

He looked at her, wrathful and desperate in his sudden anger.

"What you ask is madness," he said; "it would give one or the other of us to certain death, and the guilt would be yours. Did you say he had joined the army—this rash hot-headed fool?"

"How dare you miscall him?" she flashed out wrathfully. "You—a coward and—" A warning look stopped her words.

"It is not for you to upbraid me," he said. "As for what you ask, it is impossible—doubly impossible now—since, by his rashness, your husband has placed himself in direct antagonism to me. I cannot afford to ruin myself for a woman's caprice. As I said before the tie between us is too strong for you to break—the oath that binds you to serve me comes before your marriage vows." She looked him full in the eyes. In her own glowing the light of despair; the resolve of one fixed and determined upon some course of action, who counts not the danger that lies in the path, and would perish in the attempt.

"You think so?" she questioned very calmly. "Well, I do not. Nevertheless, have no fear of me, I will not betray you. I came at peril of my life to warn you now. I have been tracked here by a woman, vile of tongue and cruel of heart. If she suspects you, I know not. In any case this place is no longer safe." He started.

"And you have delayed thus?" Her face flushed with scorn. Her eyes surveyed mockingly.

"Do you hear the pursuer's step already?"

"Do not play with me," he said with sudden fierceness. "If there is danger, say so."

"There is danger," she answered him calmly, "but we seek it henceforth together." He looked at her in amazement.

"What do you mean? Is this a time for jest?"

"Heaven knows it is not, neither have I the will to attempt it. What I say I mean: I have no home," her voice quivered, "no shelter, no love to love to look for, save yours. You offered it once, and I refused it."

"But now, when shelter means danger and protection death, you accept?" he said in wonder.

"Even so."

"I thought I knew something of women," the man muttered, looking at her with doubtful and reluctant admiration. "I see I was wrong."

For an instant silence reigned between them.

Her face looked bloodless as marble, resolute as despair. The words she had just uttered had cost her more than it was in him to imagine.

"You mean it?" he asked her at length.

"Of a certainty I do," she answered wearily. "I have no home—I can never look in his face, nor touch his hand until my oath is absolved. I may as well share your peril as live here in a shame that will poison my whole future. He will never believe in me again." The mute despair, the utter hopelessness in her face and words, touched even his selfishness.

"It is a hard fate," he said slowly. "To lose all through me. Can you bear it?"

"After what I have borne to-day," she said with an irony that touched him to the quick, "you can ask that! I had to choose between you both, and chose—you!" He flushed from chin to brow, and remained mute with a shrinking hesitation that told of the struggle within.

"We go together then?" he asked faintly at last. She lifted her bowed head and looked at him—a shiver ran through her graceful limbs, and on her face glowed the martyrdom of despair.

"Yes."

A momentary joy quivered over the handsome womanish features of the man who had wronged and insured her.

"So best!" he said gayly. "Once we escape out of this cursed country. It will go hard with me if I do not win you such splendor and such happiness as you would never have found in yonder dreary hamlet." She made no answer. In her heart she asked herself with bitter mockery:

"Gold; will that content, having lost love?"

Then through the chill damp gloom of the breaking dawn they crept like hunted guilty things to the boat that was moored beneath the ruined casements, and so floated on down the misty river to the new day and the new life beyond!

TO BE CONTINUED.

## Real and False Modesty.

It would be well if young women were taught early in life that there is a false shame and an affectation of modesty as unlovely as forwardness, and which repels as effectively as brazenness. To be on the *qui vive* invidious, to have a smart faculty for extracting the bitterness of evil from any good, is all wrong and all unmodest. To see where harm is not intended as immodest. The young woman who thought she would die of shame because some gentlemen came into the gallery where she was alone with the statue of the Venus of Milo, who fell into confusion and blushed mightily, advertised a modesty that was possibly only skin deep. A blush is something sacred, to pure womanhood, and it is a sad spectacle for thoughtful eyes to note a young woman so far gone in the improprieties that she pretends to be shocked at things which simple, unaffected candor is far from thinking wrong at all. There are otherwise virtuous and modest young ladies who manage to convey by subtle insinuations that they are deeply conscious of scenes which a really modest woman would ignore.

It is true indeed, as a great writer has said, that a modest woman must be at times both deaf and dumb. Disagreeable happenings, offensive to the eyes and ears, are at times incidental to every one's life. The most sheltered young lady cannot be entirely protected. She may find herself in places where profane language reaches her ears, where objectionable sights reach her eyes. It is then the time for her modesty to take on an armor of dignity; it is the time to be both deaf and blind.

There are many things in life that young women ought to know of, and which, if they did know, they would regard as great solemn truths, too sacred to be giggled over and simpered at; which are not proper subjects for conversation. But which none the less exist, and should be well comprehended. For a young woman—or a young man, either—there is no safety in ignorance. The mother assumes unwarranted responsibility who leaves her innocent, growing girls and boys to be educated in the mysteries of life by unthinking outsiders.

Constant rubbing cannot wear off the delicate hue of the seashell, nor can the real purity of mind, the real modesty of refined womanhood, be more easily worn away. Mock modesty is twin sister to that cancer-healed virtue which consists in not being found out. Persons who affect it are social "suspects." Beware of it, young women, because if you do not, young men who are in search of lovely wires will beware of you.—Woman's Journal.

## Mother.

Lord Macaulay pays the following beautiful tribute to his mother:

"Children, look in those eyes: listen to that dear voice; notice the feeling of just a single touch that is bestowed on you by that hand! Make much of it while yet you have that most precious of all God's gifts, a loving mother. Read the unfathomable love of those eyes, the kind anxiety of that touch and look, however slight your pain. In after life, you may have friends, but never will you have again the inexpressible love and gentle way shed upon you that none but a mother bestows. Often do I sigh in the struggles with the hard, uncaring world, for the sweet, deep security I felt when of an evening, nestling in her bosom, I listened to some quiet tale suitable to my age, read in her untiring voice. Never can I forget her sweet glances cast upon me when I appeared asleep, never her kiss of peace at night. Years have passed away since we laid her by my father in the old churchyard, yet still her voice whispers from the grave and her eyes watch over me as I visit spots long since hallowed to the memory of my mother."

## Irish in Holy Writ.

"I've found an Irish name in the bible," said Higgins to Wiggins the other day.

"In the bible?"

"Yes, in the Apocrypha, at least."

"What is it?" asked Wiggins.

"Mac Cabee," was the reply.—New Haven Palladium.

## National Matters Condensed.

The funeral of Mrs. R. B. Hayes took place in Fremont, Ohio, June 23. Rev. Dr. L. D. McCabe delivered the funeral address.

The attorney general denies the report that he has requested the resignation of a number of special attorneys for the United States who are practicing before the court of claims.

Some time ago the solicitor of the treasury decided that it was not a violation of the Chinese act for Chinese to pass through this country en route to the West Indies. Secretary Windom has over-ruled this decision.

The relief committee of Johnstown, Pa., has addressed a letter to all committees holding funds for the relief of flood sufferers, urging them to act promptly, and when possible to give the funds in charge of a responsible man who will visit Johnstown and accept a position on the relief committee. So much suffering exists that prompt action is absolutely necessary. The militia has been withdrawn.

President Harrison has appointed William Walter Phelps minister to Germany. The annual convention of the Knights of St. John was held in Washington. The election of officers for the ensuing year resulted as follows: Supreme commander, Col. Jos. J. Schuler of Rochester, N. Y.; supreme vice commander, Col. Wm. T. McGurran of Grand Rapids, Mich.; treasurer, George J. Macintosh, Parkersburg, W. Va.; secretary, Timothy J. Nolan of Cleveland. Col. McGurran was elected by acclamation. Columbus, Ohio, was chosen as the next place of meeting.

Collectors of internal revenue have received instructions to keep a close watch upon fruit distilleries.

William Walter Phelps, one of the American commissioners of the Samoa conference, returned to Washington June 25, and delivered the official documents of the conference to Secretary Blaine.

Six members of an excursion party were drowned on the Hudson river near Albany, N. Y., the other day, their boat being run down by a tug.

An extra session of congress will be called the first week in November.

Tom Woolfolk of Atlanta, Ga., who murdered his family of nine persons, has been convicted of murder in the first degree.

Rev. William Henry Beecher, brother of Henry Ward Beecher, died in Chicago June 24, aged 74 years.

Immigrants to the number of 2,743 landed in New York June 22.

## FOREIGN NEWS.

### England Wants Allies.

It is stated in official circles in Ottawa that no action will be taken at present by either the Dominion or British governments with regard to protecting the British sealers' vessels in Behring Sea. The ships of war on the Pacific coast go north on their usual yearly cruise to which no significance can be attached. The question as to the right of the United States to exclusive jurisdiction in Behring Sea will for the present be held in abeyance, as on good authority it is learned that the British government is seeking the co-operation of the several maritime powers of the world with a view to their joining in the dispute of the United States' claim; and in the reference of the question to arbitration.

The British government has requested the Dominion government to take no action until a settlement has been arrived at in this way. It is stated that the several maritime powers which have been invited to take part in the settlement support the contention of the British government that the Behring Sea is not a closed sea. It is also stated that the claims for damages through the seizure of the British sealers by United States cruisers will also be submitted to arbitration when the question of jurisdiction is taken up.

### Items From Abroad.

All the railway employees charged with causing the recent disaster at Armagh, Ireland, have been committed for trial.

A boat load of pleasure-seekers was carried over the Canadian falls at Grand Pies, Quebec, the other day, and six of the party were drowned.

### Detroit Produce Market.

Wheat—No. 2 red, 88¢; No. 3 red, 87¢; No. 4 red, 86¢; No. 5 red, 85¢; No. 6 red, 84¢; No. 7 red, 83¢; No. 8 red, 82¢; No. 9 red, 81¢; No. 10 red, 80¢; No. 11 red, 79¢; No. 12 red, 78¢; No. 13 red, 77¢; No. 14 red, 76¢; No. 15 red, 75¢; No. 16 red, 74¢; No. 17 red, 73¢; No. 18 red, 72¢; No. 19 red, 71¢; No. 20 red, 70¢; No. 21 red, 69¢; No. 22 red, 68¢; No. 23 red, 67¢; No. 24 red, 66¢; No. 25 red, 65¢; No. 26 red, 64¢; No. 27 red, 63¢; No. 28 red, 62¢; No. 29 red, 61¢; No. 30 red, 60¢; No. 31 red, 59¢; No. 32 red, 58¢; No. 33 red, 57¢; No. 34 red, 56¢; No. 35 red, 55¢; No. 36 red, 54¢; No. 37 red, 53¢; No. 38 red, 52¢; No. 39 red, 51¢; No. 40 red, 50¢; No. 41 red, 49¢; No. 42 red, 48¢; No. 43 red, 47¢; No. 44 red, 46¢; No. 45 red, 45¢; No. 46 red, 44¢; No. 47 red, 43¢; No. 48 red, 42¢; No. 49 red, 41¢; No. 50 red, 40¢; No. 51 red, 39¢; No. 52 red, 38¢; No. 53 red, 37¢; No. 54 red, 36¢; No. 55 red, 35¢; No. 56 red, 34¢; No. 57 red, 33¢; No. 58 red, 32¢; No. 59 red, 31¢; No. 60 red, 30¢; No. 61 red, 29¢; No. 62 red, 28¢; No. 63 red, 27¢; No. 64 red, 26¢; No. 65 red, 25¢; No. 66 red, 24¢; No. 67 red, 23¢; No. 68 red, 22¢; No. 69 red, 21¢; No. 70 red, 20¢; No. 71 red, 19¢; No. 72 red, 18¢; No. 73 red, 17¢; No. 74 red, 16¢; No. 75 red, 15¢; No. 76 red, 14¢; No. 77 red, 13¢; No. 78 red, 12¢; No. 79 red, 11¢; No. 80 red, 10¢; No. 81 red, 9¢; No. 82 red, 8¢; No. 83 red, 7¢; No. 84 red, 6¢; No. 85 red, 5¢; No. 86 red, 4¢; No. 87 red, 3¢; No. 88 red, 2¢; No. 89 red, 1¢; No. 90 red, 0¢; No. 91 red, -1¢; No. 92 red, -2¢; No. 93 red, -3¢; No. 94 red, -4¢; No. 95 red, -5¢; No. 96 red, -6¢; No. 97 red, -7¢; No. 98 red, -8¢; No. 99 red, -9¢; No. 100 red, -10¢; No. 101 red, -11¢; No. 102 red, -12¢; No. 103 red, -13¢; No. 104 red, -14¢; No. 105 red, -15¢; No. 106 red, -16¢; No. 107 red, -17¢; No. 108 red, -18¢; No. 109 red, -19¢; No. 110 red, -20¢; No. 111 red, -21¢; No. 112 red, -22¢; No. 113 red, -23¢; No. 114 red, -24¢; No. 115 red, -25¢; No. 116 red, -26¢; No. 117 red, -27¢; No. 118 red, -28¢; No. 119 red, -29¢; No. 120 red, -30¢; No. 121 red, -31¢; No. 122 red, -32¢; No. 123 red, -33¢; No. 124 red, -34¢; No. 125 red, -35¢; No. 126 red, -36¢; No. 127 red, -37¢; No. 128 red, -38¢; No. 129 red, -39¢; No. 130 red, -40¢; No. 131 red, -41¢; No. 132 red, -42¢; No. 133 red, -43¢; No. 134 red, -44¢; No. 135 red, -45¢; No. 136 red, -46¢; No. 137 red, -47¢; No. 138 red, -48¢; No. 139 red, -49¢; No. 140 red, -50¢; No. 141 red, -51¢; No. 142 red, -52¢; No. 143 red, -53¢; No. 144 red, -54¢; No. 145 red, -55¢; No. 146 red, -56¢; No. 147 red, -57¢; No. 148 red, -58¢; No. 149 red, -59¢; No. 150 red, -60¢; No. 151 red, -61¢; No. 152 red, -62¢; No. 153 red, -63¢; No. 154 red, -64¢; No. 155 red, -65¢; No. 156 red, -66¢; No. 157 red, -67¢; No. 158 red, -68¢; No. 159 red, -69¢; No. 160 red, -70¢; No. 161 red, -71¢; No. 162 red, -72¢; No. 163 red, -73¢; No. 164 red, -74¢; No. 165 red, -75¢; No. 166 red, -76¢; No. 167 red, -77¢; No. 168 red, -78¢; No. 169 red, -79¢; No. 170 red, -80¢; No. 171 red, -81¢; No. 172 red, -82¢; No. 173 red, -83¢; No. 174 red, -84¢; No. 175 red, -85¢; No. 176 red, -86¢; No. 177 red, -87¢; No. 178 red, -88¢; No. 179 red, -89¢; No. 180 red, -90¢; No. 181 red, -91¢; No. 182 red, -92¢; No. 183 red, -93¢; No. 184 red, -94¢; No. 185 red, -95¢; No. 186 red, -96¢; No. 187 red, -97¢; No. 188 red, -98¢; No. 189 red, -99¢; No. 190 red, -100¢; No. 191 red, -101¢; No. 192 red, -102¢; No. 193 red, -103¢; No. 194 red, -104¢; No. 195 red, -105¢; No. 196 red, -106¢; No. 197 red, -107¢; No. 198 red, -108¢; No. 199 red, -109¢; No. 200 red, -110¢; No. 201 red, -111¢; No. 202 red, -112¢; No. 203 red, -113¢; No. 204 red, -114¢; No. 205 red, -115¢; No. 206 red, -116¢; No. 207 red, -117¢; No. 208 red, -118¢; No. 209 red, -119¢; No. 210 red, -120¢; No. 211 red, -121¢; No. 212 red, -122¢; No. 213 red, -123¢; No. 214 red, -124¢; No. 215 red, -125¢; No. 216 red, -126¢; No. 217 red, -127¢; No. 218 red, -128¢; No. 219 red, -129¢; No. 220 red, -130¢; No. 221 red, -131¢; No. 222 red, -132¢; No. 223 red, -133¢; No. 224 red, -134¢; No. 225 red, -135¢; No. 226 red, -136¢; No. 227 red, -137¢; No. 228 red, -138¢; No. 229 red, -139¢; No. 230 red, -140¢; No. 231 red, -141¢; No. 232 red, -142¢; No. 233 red, -143¢; No. 234 red, -144¢; No. 235 red, -145¢; No. 236 red, -146¢; No. 237 red, -147¢; No. 238 red, -148¢; No. 239 red, -149¢; No. 240 red, -150¢; No. 241 red, -151¢; No. 242 red, -152¢; No. 243 red, -153¢; No. 244 red, -154¢; No. 245 red, -155¢; No. 246 red, -156¢; No. 247 red, -157¢; No. 248 red, -158¢; No. 249 red, -159¢; No. 250 red, -160¢; No. 251 red, -161¢; No. 252 red, -162¢; No. 253 red, -163¢; No. 254 red, -164¢; No. 255 red, -165¢; No. 256 red, -166¢; No. 257 red, -167¢; No. 258 red, -168¢; No. 259 red, -169¢; No. 260 red, -170¢; No. 261 red, -171¢; No. 262 red, -172¢; No. 263 red, -173¢; No. 264 red, -174¢; No. 265 red, -175¢; No. 266 red, -176¢; No. 267 red, -177¢; No. 268 red, -178¢; No. 269 red, -179¢; No. 270 red, -180¢; No. 271 red, -181¢; No. 272 red, -182¢; No. 273 red, -183¢; No. 274 red, -184¢; No. 275 red, -185¢; No. 276 red, -186¢; No. 277 red, -187¢; No. 278 red, -188¢; No. 279 red, -189¢; No. 280 red, -190¢; No. 281 red, -191¢; No. 282 red, -192¢; No. 283 red, -193¢; No. 284 red, -194¢; No. 285 red, -195¢; No. 286 red, -196¢; No. 287 red, -197¢; No. 288 red, -198¢; No. 289 red, -199¢; No. 290 red, -200¢; No. 291 red, -201¢; No. 292 red, -202¢; No. 293 red, -203¢; No. 294 red, -204¢; No. 295 red, -205¢; No. 296 red, -206¢; No. 297 red, -207¢; No. 298 red, -208¢; No. 299 red, -209¢; No. 300 red, -210¢; No. 301 red, -211¢; No. 302 red, -212¢; No. 303 red, -213¢; No. 304 red, -214¢; No. 305 red, -215¢; No. 306 red, -216¢; No. 307 red, -217¢; No. 308 red, -218¢; No. 309 red, -219¢; No. 310 red, -220¢; No. 311 red, -221¢; No. 312 red, -222¢; No. 313 red, -223¢; No. 314 red, -224¢; No. 315 red, -225¢; No. 316 red, -226¢; No. 317 red, -227¢; No. 318 red, -228¢; No. 319 red, -229¢; No. 320 red, -230¢; No. 321 red, -231¢; No. 322 red, -232¢; No. 323 red, -233¢; No. 324 red, -234¢; No. 325 red, -235¢; No. 326 red, -236¢; No. 327 red, -237¢; No. 328 red, -238¢; No. 329 red, -239¢; No. 330 red, -240¢; No. 331 red, -241¢; No. 332 red, -242¢; No. 333 red, -243¢; No. 334 red, -244¢; No. 335 red, -245¢; No. 336 red, -246¢; No. 337 red, -247¢; No. 338 red, -248¢; No. 339 red, -249¢; No. 340 red, -250¢; No. 341 red, -251¢; No. 342 red, -252¢; No. 343 red, -253¢; No. 344 red, -254¢; No. 345 red, -25

## A BAND OF BRAVE MEN.

Terrible Experience of a Party of Gold-Hunters on the Banks of the Yellowstone in 1863.

Many are the tales told of hair-breadth escapes and encounters with the red man in Montana by the early settlers who came to the territory in search of gold, says a correspondent of the St. Louis Republic. None, perhaps had a more exciting experience than a party of fifteen people, which left Bannock in April, 1863, under the leadership of James Stuart. This party had determined to explore a hitherto unknown region in eastern Montana in search of the precious metal.

Nineteen days after leaving Bannock the party, while camped on the north bank of the Yellowstone, were startled one evening by the sudden appearance of a band of thirty Indians on the opposite bank, who, firing their guns dashed pell-mell into the stream, which they crossed and came into camp, pretending friendship, but conducting themselves in such an aggressive manner that hostilities were at one time imminent. Finally they withdrew. No one in the party slept that night, knowing the country was full of Indians and fearful that the red devils might attack them. The next morning the Indians returned to the camp just after daylight, and after harping themselves to whatever seemed to strike their fancy, forcibly prevented any of the party from saddling their horses.

The Hon. S. T. Houser, a former resident of St. Louis, who was one of the party, afterward governor of Montana and now president of the First National Bank of Helena, in describing the events which followed says: "Our leader, seeing that something had to be done, formed a plan, showing at the same time no evidence of being alarmed at the turn affairs were taking. Passing by me he said in an undertone: 'Tell the boys there is going to be trouble—to be ready—keep a close watch, do as I do, and for their lives do not fire until I do.' With this he went to work in the most unconcerned indifferent way imaginable, and moving around quietly, giving directions here and there, interspersing them with dry, witty remarks, and doing nothing to give us a clue to what his plans were.

"The mystery was finally solved when the opportunity came. Stuart had been waiting to throw the Crow chief off his guard and catch him apart from his warriors. Our first warning came with his quick, sharp order to 'fork out,' and the same instant he covered the chief's head with his uperring rifle, the muzzle of which was not more than two feet from the old warrior's breast. Instantly we all followed suit, each one cowering at Indian with a cocked rifle or revolver, and like a flash their robes fell from their shoulders and they were naked, with their guns leveled on us in return. The suspense and anxiety we endured for a few minutes were fearful. To realize that one has only to imagine us surrounded by these savage fiends, hundreds of miles from any relief, with two of them to our one, whose arms are equal to our own, and several hundred more of them but a few miles away.

"Fortunately they all looked to their chief and saw that he was lost if a gun was fired. We also looked to our captain and our danger was almost forgotten in admiration. His whole bearing and manner had changed; he seemed and was taller. His usually calm face was afire, his quiet blue eyes were now flashing like an eagle's, and seemingly looking directly through the fierce and, for a time undaunted savage who stood before him. For several seconds it was doubtful whether the old warrior chief would cower before his white foe or meet his fate then and there.

"Capt. Stuart, with his flashing eye riveted upon him, was fiercely and eloquently reproaching the Indian with his bad faith, winding up in a voice of stern determination: 'Signal you warriors off, or I'll send you to your last hunting-grounds!'

"For an instant the suspense was indescribable, and a deathlike silence reigned. The dark, fierce, snakelike eyes of the fiends about us was enough to unnerve most men. None could decide, from the defiant air of the chief, whether he was going to give the desired signal or die; but finally a wave of the hand removed our doubts, and his braves all lowered their weapons and sullenly sought their robes and ponies."

For fourteen days these savages followed the party, seeking an opportunity to murder them. On the night of May 13 the Crows crept to the edge of the camp and fired a volley into it which wounded seven men, two mortally; five horses were killed and five wounded at this first volley; and although the savages continued the

attack until daylight, using their bows and arrows at so short a range that the twang of their bow-strings could be distinctly heard, they worked no further injury upon the besieged camp.

The morning came to look upon a scene which would have sickened a heart of stone. Watkins was shot through the head, and, though dying, was unconsciously crawling upon his elbows and knees round and round in the tent. The life-blood of the unfortunate Bostwick was flowing from five wounds, and with both thighs and a shoulder broken, he lay awaiting death. H. A. Bell, shot twice through the body, was supposed to be mortally wounded, and S. T. Houser had a bullet lodged against a rib over his heart. Just beyond rifle range the Indians still hovered in plain sight, watching for a favorable opportunity to complete their work.

One-half (seven only) of the white men were left unharmed and the wounded were to be cared for. It was decided to stay with the mortally wounded until death came to their relief, then to run the gamut of the Sioux as well as the Crows in the effort to reach a place of safety. It was also determined to give battle to the enemy before starting. Houser, Geary and Underwood made an agreement that if either of them was mortally wounded he should put an end to his own existence to prevent unnecessary sacrifice of the party by remaining to defend a man who would die any way. All being ready the party started in single file for an elevated plateau about 300 yards off. Arriving at the place selected for the fight the captain tried to draw the Indians into battle, but they refused the challenge, and the party returned to the camp, packed up, and started on their perilous journey.

Just before leaving Bostwick, knowing he could not live, blew his brains out. On the second day of the homeward trip, while in the midst of preparations for supper, the party were startled by the report of a rifle in their midst. It was Geary, who, remembering his agreement and knowing he could not live shot himself in the head. Turning to his friends who came rushing up to him he said: "Comrades, I am fatally wounded and must die soon, and the fact that you would all stay by me and die for me has determined me. Remember (putting the muzzle of his pistol against his breast), I am not committing suicide; bear witness to my friends that I only shortened my life a few hours to prevent you from assiduously sacrificing yours in defense of mine; that, though I have a Christian hope in eternity, I fear death; yet must meet it at once to prevent useless sacrifices." Here strong men were all weeping over him as he continued: "God bless all of you, comrades; I must die, and in time for you to bury me before dark. Bury me in this coat (his soldier overcoat) and here."

He was about to fire the fatal shot when Stewart said: "For God's sake, Geary, don't, but if you will do it don't shoot yourself there; it will only prolong your agony. If you must do it place the pistol to your temple." To which Geary replied: "Thanks, Jim; may God bless you all and take you safely out of this."

As he turned to place the pistol to his temple the men with weeping eyes and full hearts all turned to walk away. He pressed the trigger and the cap only exploded. Houser then appealed to him, saying: "For God's sake, desist; this is a warning."

To this Geary made no reply, but seeming to soliloquize with himself, said: "I don't know what to think of that; it never snapped before."

Cocking the pistol again he engaged in prayer for a few minutes and then pulled the trigger that launched him into eternity.

After burying their comrade the party proceeded on their way, with the reds in sight all the time. After several days' marching they came to a trail overhung with a hill, where the Indians assembled in large numbers. Houser, seeing the only salvation for at least a portion of the party was for some one to go over and around the hill, thus drawing the Indians' fire while the others went through the pass, volunteered for this duty. Obtaining Stuart's consent he cocked his rifle, spurred his pony, and was off. Underwood, whose left arm was useless, determined to share the danger, and with his bridle in his right hand he started after Houser.

The appearance of these two brave men seemed to have a paralyzing effect upon the Crows, and before they could recover from their surprise the party was out of the pass and on open ground. After this the Indians gradually drew off and twelve days later the party reduced one-half, reached a place of safety.

What's a name? Most of the alphabet, in Russia.—Life.

## Three Lucky Chicagoans.

Chicago (Ill.) Arkansas Traveler, June 8. Learning that several Chicago people had held winning numbers in the May drawing of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, a Traveler representative was sent to learn what he could of the fortunate persons. The first visit was paid to Mr. F. B. Baird, president of the American buyers' union, whose offices are in the Lakeside building. In response to the reporter's inquiry Mr. Baird said: "I held one-twentieth of ticket No. 38,347, which drew the second capital prize of \$100,000. The \$5,000 was paid to me through the American Express company." Continuing, Mr. Baird said: "My good fortune the reporter withdrew and called upon Schwab & Neider, liquor dealers at 183 North Wells st., who it was reported had held one-twentieth of the same ticket. Mr. Neider said: "Yes, we received per United States Express company \$3,000, but the ticket was placed in our hands for collection by one of our customers, Mr. Wm. Keller of Summit, Ill. The cash has been turned over to him, and I understand, divided among Mr. Keller and three others who were interested with him in the transaction."

Mr. L. Adler, a dealer in gents' furnishings at 510 W. Madison street, was also one of the fortunate ones. He held one-twentieth of ticket No. 34,281, which drew the third capital prize of \$50,000, and the \$2,500 was collected through the banking house of Pessenden, Gross & Miller.

## An Occupation in Danger.

The sphere of the blacksmith has of late years been gradually but surely narrowing down, and it now begins to look as if the occupation would soon be gone. Once he had to make horse shoes, horse nails, and sometimes part of the simpler tools; now these are all manufactured by machinery. They constitute separate and independent branches of business, and are furnished ready-made to the hand of the smith; better, cheaper, and more serviceable than they could be made in his shop. The last ironworker, however, by which the trade is threatened is the most serious of all.

A system of adjustable horseshoes without nails is about to be introduced into England. English need of such a contrivance is far greater than American need, for as a rule, English horseshoeing is a diabolical sort of bungle, and the cumbersome shoes and ungainly nails used in England are simply relics of a primitive age and barbarous in their effect on the horny substance of the hoof.

Capable veterinary surgeons have estimated that twenty-five in every 1,000 horses in England die some ten years before their time as a result of lockjaw, or some other damage inflicted in the process of shoeing. The light shoes and dainty nails of the American blacksmiths are the wonder and derision of the English farriers, who regard their articles as mere toys compared with their own.

There is, no doubt, however, that the estimate which has been made of the loss of horse service in England and Wales, alone in consequence of the necessity of shoeing once a month, and which is \$33,000,000, may serve as a pointer to this country, and when the saving in expenditure and time and the increase in the working power of horses which a perfectly effective adjustable shoe would effect, are considered, the adoption of such a contrivance in America would, in all probability, be rapid and universal.

## Why They Lead.

Dr. Pierce's medicines outsell all others, because of their possessing such superior curative properties as to warrant their manufacturers in supplying them to the people (as they are doing through all druggists), on such conditions as no other medicines are sold under, viz: that they shall either benefit or cure the patient, or money paid for them will be refunded. The "Golden Medical Discovery" is specific for catarrh in the head, and all bronchial, throat and lung diseases, if taken in time and given a fair trial. Money will be refunded if it does not benefit or cure.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets—gently laxative or actively cathartic according to dose. 25 cents.

## The Tear Handkerchief.

In some parts of the Tyrol a peculiar and beautiful custom prevails among the peasantry. The mission of the "tear handkerchief" is thus described:

"When a peasant girl is going to be married, before she leaves her home to go to the church her mother gives her a handkerchief, which is called the 'tear handkerchief.' It is made of newly spun linen, and has never been used. She is supposed to dry her eyes with this when she leaves her home and when she stands at the altar. After the marriage is over and the bride has gone with her husband to her new home she carefully folds up the handkerchief and places it unwashed among her little treasures. So far it has done only half its duty. Her children grow up, marry and go away to new homes, each daughter receiving in her turn a tear handkerchief, and yet that last, present, the present received from her mother, has not fulfilled its object. Years roll by and the once young and blooming bride has become a wrinkled old woman, and outlived, perhaps, her husband and all her children. At last, when the wedding bells are closed for their long sleep, the tear handkerchief is taken from its resting place and spread over the placid features of the dead. Thus it performs its mission."

## Forced to Leave Home.

Over 60 people were forced to leave their homes yesterday to call for a free trial package of Lane's Family Medicine. "If your blood is bad, your liver and kidneys out of order, if you are constipated and have headache and an unsightly complexion, don't fail to call on any druggist today for a free sample of this great remedy. The ladies praise it. Everyone likes it. Large size package 50 cents."

A young Englishman has taught the shah of Persia to wear patent leather shoes.

Oregon, the Paradise of Farmers. Mild, equable climate, certain and abundant crops. Best fruit, grain, grass and stock country in the world. Full particulars, address the Oregon Immigration Board, Portland, Oregon.

An engine on the Bound Brook railroad in New Jersey recently covered a mile in 29 seconds.

For 24 years Dobbins' Electric Soap has been imitated by unscrupulous soap makers. Why? Because it is best of all and has an immense sale. Be sure and get Dobbins' and take no other. Your grocer has it, or will get it.

Dr. Pinel of Paris has succeeded in hypnotizing by means of the phonograph.

A 10c Smoke for "C" Transil's Lunch.

The thimble has only been used in the kingdom of Siam within a few years.

J. C. Simpson, Marquessa, W. Va., says: "Hall's Catarrh Cure cured me of a very bad case of catarrh." Druggists sell it, 10c.

## Dr. Talmage plays the banto.

Valentine, Neb., has an Indian mail carrier.

Queen Victoria makes her own tea when traveling.

There are 9,000 women doctors in the United States.

The United States has a doctor for every 600 inhabitants.

Ex-Senator Riddleberger wants to be governor of Virginia.

Mrs. Mary J. Holmes is in Italy gathering material for a new story.

President Carnot of France served as apprentice as a carpenter.

Secretary Blaine has entirely recovered from his recent attack of lumbago.

## A Michigan Central Railroad Employee Wins His Case, After a Seven Years' Contest.

ALBION, MICH., December 30, 1887. While employed as agent of the Michigan Central Railroad Company at Augusta, Mich., about seven years ago, my kidneys became diseased, and I have been a great sufferer ever since. Have consulted the leading physicians of this city and Ann Arbor, and all pronounced my case Bright's disease. After taking every highly recommended remedy that I had knowledge of to no purpose, and while suffering under a very severe attack in October last, I began taking Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup, and I am today a well man. It will afford me pleasure to render you and suffering humanity any good that I can, and in speaking of your remedy allow me to say that I think it the greatest medicine in the world.

L. LARZIERE, Agent M.C.R.R.

## Sherriff's Sale.

Smoke the Sheriff's Sale Segar a straight 10c Havana cigar for 5c.

Prof. Higgins says there is no heat in the sun. It is only a great electric light. He also insists that the earth has a second satellite.

Dr. Howard says that water for drinking purposes should never be below 50 degrees.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

## St. Jacobs Oil.

Stiffness. Stiff Neck. Soreness.

At Druggists and Dealers.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

## SICK HEADACHE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Biliousity. Eating a perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, and all Liver Troubles. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Price 25 Cents.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., NEW YORK.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

## SINGERS.

and Pisto's Cure for Consumption, the BEST remedy for hoarseness and to clear the throat.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

## W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

Best in the world. Examine his \$3.00 GENUINE HAND-SEWED SHOE. \$4.00 HAND-SEWED WELT SHOE. \$5.50 POLICE AND FARMERS' SHOE. \$2.50 EXTRA VALUE CALF SHOE. \$3.25 WORKINGMAN'S SHOE. \$2.00 GOOD-WEAR SHOE. \$2.00 and \$1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES. All made in Congress, Button and Lace.

## W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 & \$2 SHOES FOR LADIES.

Best Material. Best Style. Best Fitting. W. L. Douglas's \$3.50 Shoe, shown in cut below, is made of fine Calf on last moulded for the foot; smooth inside as hand-sewed shoes, and no cracks or wax thread to hurt the feet. Every pair warranted.

CAUTION. W. L. DOUGLAS' name and the price are stamped on the bottom of all shoes advertised by him before leaving his factory; this protects the wearers against high priced inferior goods. If your dealer offers you shoes without W. L. DOUGLAS' name and price stamped on them, and says they are his shoes, or just as good, do not be deceived thereby. Dealers make no profit on inferior shoes that are not stamped with W. L. DOUGLAS' name and the price stamped on the bottom, and you are sure to get full value for your money. Thousands of dollars are saved annually in this country by the wearers of W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES.

If your dealer will not get you the kind or style you want, send your order direct to his factory, with the price you will pay, and he will send you by return mail postage free, the shoe you want, no matter where you live, you can always get W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES. Be sure and state size and width you wear. If not sure, send for an order blank giving full instructions how to get a perfect fit.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

## THE BEST PRICE COUGH MEDICINE.

25 CTS. FOR CONSUMPTION.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

JOSEPH H. HUNTER

ATTORNEY, Washington, D.C. WILL GET YOUR PENSION without delay.

## Vigor and Vitality

Are quickly given to every part of the body by Hood's Sarsaparilla. That tired feeling is entirely overcome. The blood is purified, enriched, and vitalized, and carries health instead of disease to every organ. The stomach is toned and strengthened, the appetite restored. The kidneys and liver are roused and invigorated. The brain is refreshed; the nerves strengthened. The whole system is built up by Hood's Sarsaparilla. "I was all run down and sick for a long time. I was induced to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, and it built me right up so that I was soon able to resume work." D. W. SHAW, 4 Martin Street, Albany, N. Y.

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. 50c; six for \$3. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

## BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR

FOR PAINFUL, PROFUSE, UNCLE, SCANTY, SUPPRESSED, OR IRREGULAR MENSTRUATION.

IF TAKEN DURING CHANGE OF LIFE GREAT DANGER OF SUFFERING WILL BE AVOIDED.

BOOK TO WOMAN MAILED FREE.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO. ATLANTA, GA.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

## DUTCHER'S FLY KILLER

Makes a clean sweep. Every insect will kill a quart of Dutcher's Fly Killer, and it is as effective against flies, mosquitoes, and other insects as it is against flies.

Send 25 cents for 5 sheets to F. DUTCHER, St. Albans, Vt.

I prescribe and fully endorse Big G as the only specific for the cure of all diseases of the stomach and bowels.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

# EXCLUSIVE PEEPLE'S \$2.50 SHOES SALE.

Peeples Shoes!



Peeples Shoes!

PEEPL'S SHOES!

THE WORLD'S BEST  
Kid Button \$2.50 Shoe  
Has no equal for Style, Fit and Wear. Positively the best shoe in America for the money. Do not be deceived. See stamp on bottom of each shoe. Fair no other. Every pair warranted. Stylish and equal to any \$5 shoe in the market. For sale by

PEEPL'S SHOES!

## RICHARDSON, The Outfitter

Has secured the sole agency for the Celebrated Peeples Shoe. This is POSITIVELY the best shoe in America for the money. The uppers are cut from genuine goat kid, tanned the same as french kid, and having a harder grain surface, is less liable to crack and will wear longer. This shoe is sewed with the very best silk and silk faced top.

A very stylish shoe in every particular, and equal to any \$5.00 shoe in the market. Nothing but the best oak tanned sole leather. Every pair warranted. You will get good style, good fit and good wear by using this shoe. We will also give 8 yards of beautiful persian Mull with every pair of these shoes, and will still continue to give 8 yards with every pair of LADIES SHOES purchased at \$2.50 and upwards.

RICHARDSON, The Outfitter.

### SHIRTS! SHIRTS. SHIRTS!

Domett Flannel Shirts 50c only 50c each, excellent for summer wear. 50c each 1.00 dollar a pair.

RICHARDSON, The Outfitter.

### BUTTONS! BUTTONS. BUTTONS!

Richardson still holds the Button,  $\frac{1}{2}$  barrel of beautiful Buttons purchased at a tremendous sacrifice worth from 10c to 30c per doz. regular price that will go at 10c per card of two doz.

**T. G. Richardson,**  
THE OUTFITTER.