

# The Northville Record

VOL. XX1, NO. 18.

NORTHVILLE, MICH., FRIDAY NOVEMBER 15, 1889.

A. C. Walterhouse, Publisher.

75c. KEEP YOUR HEAD COOL 75c.

And Your Feet Warm!

75 CENTS

And take SOLID COMFORT for 75 cents. How do you ask? Well, RICHARDSON, The Outfitter has been on the lookout, as usual, for Bargains, and has STRUCK IT RICH and can sell you a pair of Ladies' Felt Shoes warm lined for 75 cents.

Having purchased H. P. Baldwin & Co.'s ENTIRE STOCK of these Goods at about sixty cents on the dollar, it gives me an opportunity to show the Biggest Bargains ever given the people of Northville in this line, and that is how we can sell you Ladies Felt Shoes with Felt Bottoms for—what did I say? Yes

75 Cents per Pair.

## OVERCOATS

—AT—

\$4, 5, 6.50, 10, 12.50 & \$15.00.

Never have I been able to show such bargains.

## OVERCOATS.

OVERCOATS FOR CHILDREN.

do do BOYS.

do do YOUTHS.

do do MEN.

OVERCOATS FOR EVERYBODY.

A Big Stock at Right Prices.

21c. Yes, 21c. per Yard.

A Handsome Line of

## Dress Flannel,

36 inches wide, in Stylish Colors, going at 21c. per yard.

Don't miss this One yard wide, only 21c. per yard.

28c. STILL THEY COME. 28c.

A Splendid Line of

## VELVETEEN DAMASSE,

For Trimming, in Plain and Fancy Plaids and Stripes, that will go on sale, Saturday Nov. 16, and be CLOSED OUT at 28 cents per yard.

## T. G. Richardson,

THE OUTFITTER, Northville, Michigan

### LOCAL PENCILINGS.

"Slow and sure" the wise heads claim is by far the better plan. The slow man gets there all the same. Though behind the other man.  
—Mayville Saturday Sayings

We want fire protection.

The Record only \$1 per year.

Local news on 4th, 5th and 8th pages. Thanksgiving two weeks from yesterday.

The school column will be found on page five.

This week we continue our review of twenty years ago.

The Wayne County Review completed its twelfth anniversary last week.

Wanted—A good steady boy to learn the printing trade, apply at this office.

Our business houses expect to be lighted by electricity Saturday evening.

The Ely Dowel and Manufacturing company are making some handsome rustic chairs.

Take your old rags, iron and rubber to Barnett's fair and exchange them for new goods.

The Stanley Air Rifle company are now in working order, and start to manufacture their first lot of guns.

The Farrand & Votey Organ company have contracted to place a \$2,500 organ in the M. E. church, at Wabash, Ind.

The rains and fine weather give a healthy appearance to the tall wheat and in consequence our farmer friends are wearing a happy smile.

The twin brother of Rev. Mr. Clark, of Charlevoix, has received and accepted a call to the Plymouth Baptist church and will begin his pastorate next Sabbath.

Lute Elliott, engineer in the organ factory, was badly scalded about the eyes and forehead on Monday, by the bursting of an oil cup on the engine. The attending physician fears he may lose one of his eyes.

Mrs. E. L. Keudrick, of Romeo, known here as the widow Clayton, died suddenly on Monday, at 4 p. m. The deceased was a sister-in-law of A. D. Kendrick of this place. Mr. Kendrick left Tuesday to attend the funeral.

E. R. Reed has traded his house and lot on Randolph street with George Bradley for his farm of eighty-six acres just west of the fish hatchery. Mr. Reed intends going into the poultry business on an extensive plan. He is ready to take orders for eggs and fancy poultry to be filled when he gets them. He has joined the rank of the grangers.

The system of electric lights with which our business houses and streets are to be illuminated is the "Kieslei," St. Louis. We have two circuits; the street circuit and commercial circuit. The commercial lights will burn until 9 p. m. standard, and the street until 11 standard. It will take between fifteen and twenty miles of wire to complete both circuits.

A Boston man wants us to advertise a fit cure and take medicine for pay. Fit medicine is not a legal tender. We will take itch ointment and condition powders, or anything we need, but we don't want to have fits just to fill up a paper with advertising.—Concord Independent. He probably thought such a proposition would make the editor have fits if he hadn't already.

The auxiliary society met in the superintendent's room of the school building Monday evening for an hour's amusement. Several spectators were present together with the members of the society. The question, Resolved: "That Canada should be annexed to the United States." After a somewhat spirited and very interesting debate the question was decided in favor of the negative. The debaters were: affirmative, J. A. Dubuar, Mr. Chadwick; negative, W. I. Ely, Prof. Houghton. The question was then brought before the assembly for general discussion. The speakers being Dr. Swift, Rev. J. C. Jones, P. N. Clark, F. S. Neal and J. S. Lapham. The society is now in full working order and promises many evenings entertainment of profitable amusement for old and young. The next meeting will be held in the school building, Monday evening, Nov. 18, at 7:30, with an interesting and varied program.

Correspondents wanted.

The Record 14 months for \$1, cash.

Our band gave us some fine music Saturday evening.

The wires are nearly all up for our lighting system.

The Farmington Enterprise has entered its third year.

Who disputes the fact that Northville is not a wirey city.

The street electric lights will be running sometime next week.

Old papers in packages of twenty-five, ten cents, at this office.

The Stanley Rifle company started this week to manufacture 1,000 guns.

Those wishing job printing of any kind will do well to call or address the Record.

Prof. Houghton has a new type-writer. He is like a boy with his first pair of new boots.

Intending purchasers will do well to consult the Record before selecting a place to trade.

The commercial circuit of the electric light is expected to be running Saturday evening.

A good live correspondent wanted for the Record in every town and school district in the county.

Excellent opportunity to put in an excellent system of water works at a small outlay. Start the ball rolling.

To complete our files we are short of the issues of the Record of July 19 and 26, 1889. Can any of our readers supply us the missing numbers?

Those wishing amusement should become a member of the auxiliary society at once, which includes membership to the literary association as well.

Our readers will find an item box in the post office where contributors may drop their items. If you are going anywhere or have guests, or any item of news, kindly send us notice by dropping it in the box or at this office.

A two-cent stamp sent to L. W. Noyes, Chicago, will bring a package of fine quality blotters. One showing a cunning little cupid dressed only in a traveling cap and grip, is represented as saying: "I am a 'runner' for L. Verne W. Noyes, the well-known maker of dictionary holders, and am here to point out the fact that a book held with the edge up will become filled with dust, soiled and spoiled unless hugged together with strong springs. The Noyes holders are the only ones thus closely clasping the book. About 125,000 are now in use and the later makes are so greatly improved—indeed are so perfect that Mr. Noyes is sad because nothing more is desired or can be done in this direction."

### The Churches.

A social will be given at the residence of C. M. Joslin consisting of a literary and musical program given by the young people's society of the Presbyterian church next Wednesday evening. No refreshments or admission.

There will be a chicken pie festival in the M. E. church, Wednesday evening, November 20. Supper served from 6 until 9 o'clock. Everybody invited. Supper 20 cents.

The social at the residence of Mrs. Martha Beal last Friday evening, was a decided success, socially and financially. After a very interesting program refreshments were served. The following is the program:

Recitation,	Miss Gillet.
Reading,	Mrs. M. Hutton.
Music,	Quartet.
Optional,	Blanche Bigelow.
Selection,	Gertie Daines.
Music,	Quartette.
Reading,	S. L. Houghton.
Selected,	Addie Spaulding.
Music,	
Declamation,	Nina Ambler.
Music,	Quartette.
Town talk,	Mr. Chadwick.

Several selections were sung by the entire company from some new books which were being purchased for the Young People's society of the Methodist church.

### Card of Thanks.

We desire to return our heartfelt thanks to our neighbors and friends who so kindly assisted us in our late affliction and also to the friends at Northville who furnished the music.

Mrs. Geo. Simmons and family.

### More Mention.

Frank Butler was in Detroit the first of the week.

Miss Berta Lott, of Flint, is visiting Miss Louise Beal.

Mrs. Orange Butler is the guest of her sister at Lansing.

Mrs. I. N. Blackwood is visiting her daughter in Detroit.

Mrs. P. Connell is visiting her parents at Davison, Mich.

L. A. Beal, of Flint, spent last Sunday with his parents in town.

Fred C. Coldren, of Washington, D. C., is visiting his father, Geo. Coldren.

F. L. Thompson went Monday to attend the Business College at Ypsilanti.

Harrison Yerke and wife spent Sabbath in Detroit with Mrs. Yerkes' sister.

E. R. Reed and wife spent the week visiting at Ann Arbor and Eaton Rapids.

O. L. Palmer is visiting the parents' roof and scenes of his childhood at Adrian.

Geo. Cicary, of Norwiche, Conn., spent Sunday with J. S. Lapham and family.

Mrs. J. G. Lapham has returned from visiting her brother, Ed Baker, of Chicago.

Mrs. W. J. Arlinton and son W. H. Chadwick, of Detroit, were in town a few days last week.

J. H. Woodman, late of this village, spent last Saturday with his many friends of this town.

C. G. Harrington and E. K. Simonds are spending a week on a hunting expedition at Holden, N. H.

Mrs. Purd Sessions after a week's visit with her husband's parents returned to Pt. Huron on Monday of this week.

Frank Potts and wife, of Milford, are spending the week in town. He is tending his brother's meat market while he is at Lansing.

### BUSINESS NOTES.

#### FELTS

By the yard or cut in any shape you wish at Mrs. L. E. McRoberts.

#### LUSTRE PAINTING

Paint for 50 cents by Mrs. F. S. Neal.

#### CALL ON J. W. FULLER

before buying anything in the harness line.

#### HIGH BACK

Dining Chairs in antique oak. Well they are fine for a fact. See them and be convinced at Sands & Porter's. 27-2

#### ALL WOOL

5A Horse Blankets at Nevison's, for only 53.

#### MERCHANT TAILORING.

New Stock just received. All the latest styles. Call and examine my \$25 business suits. Pants to order \$4.50 to \$10.00. All work guaranteed.

CHAS. J. TUTTLE,

Merchant Tailor

#### J. W. FULLER,

is the cheapest place to buy harnesses, blankets and robes.

#### STAMPING

done on short notice, reasonable rates and satisfaction guaranteed.

Mrs. W. H. HUTTON.

#### WOOD

For sale at Nevison's.

#### A FINE LINE

of fancy Antique Oak Rockers just arrived at Sands & Porter. 17-3

#### MILLINERY.

All the latest novelties in Shapes, Frames and Trimmings just received at Mrs. L. E. McRoberts.

#### LOOK AT

those fine all wool Blankets at J. W. Fuller's

#### DR. KINGSBURY

has moved to his new office and infirmary on Randolph street where he may be found.

#### NOTICE.

All persons having accounts with me unsettled are earnestly invited to call and settle without delay.

EDWARD SIMONDS.

#### CHAMP.

Two second hand pianos and two second hand organs for sale cheap. Inquire of A. M. Randolph.

BUTTERICK PAPER PATTERNS at one-quarter off at G. A. Starweather & Co's., at Plymouth.



Tamagno, the Great Opera Singer.

Is an Italian about 38 years of age. He began to sing as soon as he could talk, though he does not belong to a musical family. Tamagno was trained to sing by the celebrated Measio Petrotti, and he made his debut in 1874 at Palermo, when he was 23. He appeared in London for the first time in July last, singing Otello at the Lyceum. That was the only part in which he was seen in London, and he crowded the theatre for the twelve nights he sang. He has sung for eight years in Milan and for three years in Buenos Ayres. During a performance of "The Huguenots" in the latter city the President of the Argentine Republic rose in his box, took out his watch and chair and threw it to Tamagno. He is certain to become a universal favorite with the audiences of the cities of the United States, which he is about to visit.

The well-meaning people who have sent a petition to President Harrison protesting against the political crimes in the south and asking him to use all the power belonging to his high office to put a stop to them, have very little idea of the character and limitations of the executive office. The President is utterly powerless to prevent these political outrages and crimes, and no amount of moral force that he might bring to bear would exert the slightest influence, unless congress should enact a law (which is not probably giving the President the authority to provide for the protection of citizens in the exercise of their political rights, so far as federal elections are concerned. The country must wait for the remedy for political crimes in the south in the growth of a more just and patriotic sentiment than at present prevails. This may be slow in coming—the work of a generation—but hoped for and expected by all who believe in the worth and permanence of American institutions. That this "good time coming" will ultimately be realized none but the pessimist can doubt.

One of the leading woman's rights advocates declares that "under the laws of this country it is a crime to be a woman." Now, there may be wrongs against women in the United States, but they are being rapidly corrected. Neither public sentiment nor law in this country says "it is a crime to be a woman." On the contrary, no question could be raised that would be decided so overwhelmingly in the affirmative as that woman is the most precious and blessed creation of the universe. Woman's rights orators are shooting wide of the mark.

Three sophomores at Yale College are in prison for "hazing." The faculty have informed the students that if there is any further outbreak, the offenders will be expelled from the institution. That is the only way to break up the barbarous custom which has long since ceased to be "fun" and is simply malicious persecution.

The coroner of Binghamton, N. Y., recently held an inquest on the bones of a man who had been buried thirty-four years, and the jury found the "cause of death unknown." The average coroner's jury would have found the same verdict had the inquest been held thirty-four minutes after the decease.

## A DOOMED SHIP.

Out on the broad blue ocean, not far from the equator, thousands of miles from any land, living motionless on a calm sea, was a dismasted ship. Nothing remained of her taunt masts and spars but the mizzenmast, the bowsprit, and jib and flying jib-booms. From the mizzen topsail and cross-jack yards hung a few ragged strips of canvas, and out at the far ends of the flying jib-booms depended part of the stay and some fragments of a sail, torn and rent, just as it had been left after the fierce gale which had rendered this gallant ship so helpless a wreck. Not a breath of wind was stirring in the heavens, not a cloud was in the deep-blue sky; not a ripple or a-flaw disturbed the far-stretching ocean. It was high noon, and the sun was almost vertical. All was silent. The sun was pouring down its fierce tropical rays on the blistered deck and on the vast, calm sea. There she lay, a spectral ship upon a silent ocean. There was not a sign of life on board, not a sound could be heard, except now and again when a swirl of water made the rudder-chains rattle and crack, as the wheel moved a few spokes backward and forward; or when an albatross flapped up from the sea, hovered over the ship, and then flew away in the distance.

The day passes slowly, as many days had passed. As the stars appeared, suddenly there came from the cuddy window a stream of light, and a man, gaunt and emaciated, peered out on to the deserted deck. A few minutes afterward another gleam of light shot from a small aperture in the door of the fore-cabin deck house, and two eyes—cruel, reddish-brown eyes—also peered cautiously out. These two men had been for days waiting and watching for each other's death. They were the captain and mate of the vessel, who, when the crew had taken to the boats, had refused to desert her.

For days and weeks—how many they had no idea, for they had lost all count of time—they had been alone on the pathless deep. To the torture of hunger as now, added the agony of raging thirst—a thirst which neither wine nor brandy would quench, but rather intensify.

Anything more more horrible than their situation can not be imagined, and the dreadful conviction was being forced upon them that they must die.

This was the state of affairs three days previous to the opening of this story. The captain was sitting with his eyes apparently closed, and the mate was watching him with eager, hungry eyes. Up to this point the mate had been the most hopeful of the two, but now he had abandoned himself to despair.

No succor could reach them, he knew, while the calm lasted, but this was not the thought that was haunting his mind. "One of them must die—the death of the one would be the preservation of the other." This was the mental refrain which as it were, formed the chorus to every other thought. "The death of one would be the preservation of the other."

He sat there eyeing the captain with a diabolical leer. He was no longer a man, he was a demon. Suddenly he started up. By a convulsion of feeling which is not uncommon in such cases, he had passed from "helpless despondency into furious delirium. With a hoarse cry he sprang at Capt. Dunnett, brandishing a long knife in his hand. A fierce struggle ensued, it was short and sharp and the mate, after being disarmed, was pushed forward, and fell violently upon the deck. Capt. Dunnett was the younger and stronger of the two and, had he been so inclined, could have dispatched the mate with ease, but he contented himself with disarming him, threw the knife into the sea, retreated to the cabin and shut and locked the door.

The mate after this grew more furious, and after vainly attempting to enter the cabin with a crowbar, he retreated to the fore-cabin and took up his abode there, and now for three days he had been waiting and watching for the captain's death.

To be buried alive has been thought to be beyond question the most painful of all deaths; but it is doubtful if the long-drawn agonies which were being endured by these two men were not more painful of the two.

How long—how long can this last? mused Capt. Dunnett, as he sat and gazed out into the night. A painful sort of apathy was stealing over him. He had no hope, he made no effort, he had no longer any wish to live. If death were coming, his only prayer was that it might come quickly.

Slowly, minute by minute, the life was ebbing out of him; and as surely, with a tortoise-like gradation, the night crept on. The moon had risen, and now, in full-orbed splendor, was riding high in the heavens, casting a

long wake of silvery light on the placid sea, which danced and flickered right away to the distant horizon.

The two lights still gleamed on the deserted deck and the two watchers still watched on.

Meanwhile nature had not been idle. Away in the distant horizon great masses of fleecy clouds began to pile themselves up one above another, gradually extending themselves across the northern heavens. The cloud-packing went on for more than half an hour, accompanied by hot puffs of wind which now and again ruffled the waters. The sky every minute grew blacker and the clouds more dense; vivid flashes of lightning shot across the sky, and there were mutterings of thunder in the distance.



"HOW LONG—HOW LONG CAN THIS THING LAST?"

The silent watcher in the cuddy saw nothing, and heard nothing of all this. His head had sunk heavily on his bosom, and he slept. Suddenly there was a noise beneath the deck like the scratching of a rat; then, slowly and noiselessly the trap-latch under the table was lifted, and through the aperture a head, with curly red hair and fierce eyes, appeared. They were those of Jarvis, the mate. After pausing to see that all was clear, he placed his hands on the deck, and then, with a supreme effort, he silently lifted himself into a sitting posture and again he paused to listen. He could hear the regular breathing of his companion as he sat sleeping peacefully, and a grim smile of satisfaction passed across his wild and haggard face. Silently and stealthily he crawled clear of the table and then stood erect on his feet. His eyes glared wildly, and his breath came quick and short as he drew a knife from his bosom and poised himself to strike.

All unconscious of his peril, Capt. Dunnett slept on. He had no idea of danger from such a quarter, no idea that the mate had for two days past been laboring with maniacal patience and tenacity to clear an opening through the cargo, and had at length succeeded in making his way to the cabin hatch.

Jarvis stood over his intended victim, his eyes glittering with diabolic light. The blow was in the act of descending, when his arm was arrested. The cabin was suddenly illuminated with a blue, electric light, and a peal of thunder, loud as the crack of doom, broke over the ship. The mate stood with his arm raised, as though it had suddenly paralyzed.

The crash of the thunder awoke Capt. Dunnett from his slumbers, and he sprang to his feet. He took in the situation at a glance and, flinging himself on his would-be murderer, sought to disarm him. The struggle was for dear life, and the mate fought savagely. But at last the captain's superior skill and strength prevailed, and Jarvis was once more at his mercy.

"Strike man—strike!" shrieked the mate. "It is your life or mine!"

"You are mad, Jarvis!" exclaimed the captain.

"Yes, I am; but strike, man—strike!"

Put an end to the torture, I can stand no more of it.

"No!" cried the captain, throwing him from him.

Then he turned and left the cabin, locking the door behind him.

Out on the deck a startling sight met his view. A large brig, not more than a mile and a half distant, was bearing down to their succor, under a press of canvas.

For a second or two he stood rooted to the spot. Then in a wild transport of joy, he threw up his arms and cried:

"Saved! saved! Thank heaven! Thank heaven!"

All thoughts of Jarvis's diabolical attempts on his life vanished, and in an instant he had unlocked the cuddy door, and, seizing the mate by the arm, dragged him, half-stunned and dazed by his fall, out on to the main deck, and, as another flash of lightning disclosed the brig again to their view, cried:

"There! there! See what a merciful heaven has sent us!"

A second or two afterward a vivid flash of lightning moved over the mizzenmast; it ran down the mast,

which tottered, and, with a crash, fell over the side. With the first crash of thunder that followed, Jarvis rushed toward the side, and was in the act of springing into the sea when Capt. Dunnett seized him by the collar and flung him violently back on the deck, where he lay stunned and bleeding.

The lightning flashed almost incessantly. The wind came in hot puffs. The brig still held on her course. By this time she was within half a mile of them. But suddenly the hot puffs ceased, and she lay motionless on the water.

All this while Capt. Dunnett and the mate, who had soon recovered his consciousness, stood watching her in an agony of suspense.

The gloom was rapidly deepening.

But what is that curling up from the open hatch in the cabin? It is smoke! At first it came in small wreaths; but now it is pouring out in a great volume. The ship is on fire!

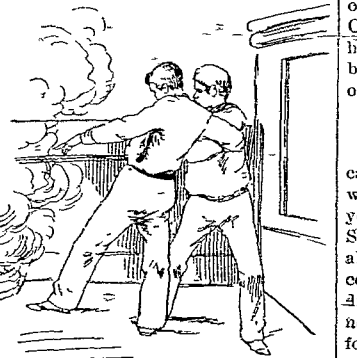
The lightning, which had shivered the mizzenmast, had descended into the hold and set fire to the cargo, and the conflagration was spreading rapidly.

The two men, when they made the discovery, stood appalled with horror. They knew they were standing, as it were, on a volcano for, in the magazine below was stored a quantity of gunpowder, which might explode at any moment and blow the ship to atoms.

The smoke belched forth in large volumes, and now and again a bright, flickering flame shot up from the hatchway.

In another few minutes the flames were pouring into the cuddy, and the whole structure was on fire. The flame extended, and in less than ten minutes the whole of the after part of the ship was on fire, the lurid glare lighting up the superincumbent clouds and leading sea, and producing a scene of surpassing grandeur.

And now another danger was threatening them. Away in the distance there was a dull, sobbing moan, which each minute became more distinct—the tornado was fast approaching, but at that moment they were startled by a sharp cry of "Ship ahoy! Ship ahoy!" and looking in the direction from whence the sound came they saw a boat, manned with four oars, pulling rapidly towards them. In another minute the welcome sound of "In bow!" was heard, and the boat was alongside.



THE SMOKE BELCHED FORTH IN LARGE VOLUMES.

No time was to be lost, the storm was brewing in the north, and if it burst upon them before they reached the ship their doom was certain. Again, the powder in the hold might explode at any minute, so they hurriedly lowered themselves into the boat and pushed off.

While the second mate was rescuing the two men from the burning ship, the captain and the mate of the brig were making all preparations for the coming gale, and, before the boat had got alongside, the sails had been furled and everything made snug.

Capt. Dunnett and his mate had been kept up by the excitement of the situation, but the moment they were on board the brig they fainted dead off, and were taken below in a state of unconsciousness. This had scarcely been accomplished, and the quarter-boat hoisted up and made fast when the tornado burst upon them with terrific fierceness. For a few minutes they could neither see nor hear anything but the roaring of the tormented waters and the howling and thundering of the wind. At first the brig reeled and bent before it; then she rose up, and, like a furious steed, dashed on frantically in the wake of the burning wreck.

All that night the gale continued, and shortly after daylight it moderated, and by noon it had blown itself out, the clouds rose, and the weather cleared up.

Capt. Dunnett and the mate were attended with all the kindness and attention which was necessary for men in their exhausted condition. Jarvis was delirious; and many weary days and restless nights passed before he showed any signs of recovery. But he pulled through at last. The captain

was also for a time entirely prostrate; but he, too, gradually regained his strength, and in a fortnight was on deck again.

Poor Jarvis was greatly embarrassed when he first met his old commander. He was naturally of a humane disposition; and now the frantic passion which was begotten of despair had passed away, he was heartily ashamed of his conduct.

"I was not myself, Capt. Dunnett," he said apologetically. "I was mad with hunger and despair. The devil seemed to have got into my heart; and when I reflected on the thoughts that passed through my mind, and the things I planned during that time, my mind is filled with horror, and I blush with shame when I think of them."

"I am sure you do, Mr. Jarvis," replied the captain, soothingly; "Let us forget all about it."

"Forget it, Capt. Dunnett?" cried the mate, plaintively; "I shall never forget it! The misery and torment of that dreadful time will haunt me to my dying day."

"A dreadful time, truly," replied the captain, solemnly, "and I can only pray heaven that no other two men may ever be called on to pass through such a dreadful ordeal as we did."

"Amen!" cried the mate.

## Length of a Bee's Life.

Take a colony of German or black bees, for instance, and about the 10th of June take their queen away and introduce an Italian queen. Keep a record of the date on which this change was made. In twenty-one days the last black bee will have emerged from its cell. If the Italian queen went to laying immediately the first yellow bee will have made its appearance, which fact should be jotted down also. At the end of the forty-five days from the time the last black bee hatched no black bees can be found in the colony. At forty days plenty of them can be seen. They grow less each day. On the forty-fourth day it will be very few indeed which are left. This is for the summer months, but does not apply at all for the winter. The life of the bee depends upon the work it does. Thus when it labors the most its life is the shortest. Hence it comes about that through the inactivity brought on by cold weather the bee can live from seven to eight months. This is proved by changing the bees as before, only it is done this time about the middle of September. Soon after the first of October the last black bee will be hatched, but I have often found a few black bees left on the last day of June of the next year.—Orange Judd.

## Romance in Life.

If ever you have had a romantic, uncalculating friendship—a boundless worship and belief in some hero of your soul, wrote Harriet Beecher Stowe—if ever you have so loved that all cold prudence, all selfish worldly considerations have gone down like driftwood before a river flooded with new rain from heaven, so that you even forgot yourself and were ready to cast your whole being into the chasm of existence, as an offering before the feet of another, and all for nothing—if you awoke bitterly betrayed and deceived, still give thanks to God that you have had one glimpse of heaven. The door now shut will open again. Rejoice that the noblest capability of your eternal inheritance has been made known to you, treasure it as the highest honor of your being, that you could ever feel—that so divine a guest ever possessed your soul.

Therefore, man or woman, when thy ideal is shattered—as shattered a thousand times it must be—when the vision fades, the rapture burns out, turn not away in septicism and bitterness, saying "There is nothing better for a man than that he should eat and drink," but rather cherish the relations of these hours as prophecies and forebodings of something real and possible, yet to be attained in the manhood of immortality. The scoffing spirit that laughs at romance is an apple of the devil's own hand, from the bitter tree of knowledge—it opens the eyes only to see eternal nakedness.

## Happy Convict Land.

The Isla de Pinos, the "Pine Island," on the south coast of Cuba, is where the Spaniards have established a penal colony for political offenders and certain classes of criminals. The colony is nominally under the supervision of a military governor who, however, seems to devote his time chiefly to nautical experiments, leaving the convicts to enjoy their leisure the best way they can. Some of them own quite extensive banana gardens; others assist the governor in the construction of patent life boats; but the plurality gain a living by the training of fighting cocks, which they raise by handreds and ship to Havana and Cienfuegos with every out-going steamer.—From the Havana Progreso.



**Winning the Golden Fortune.**  
Boston (Mass.) Herald, Oct. 2.  
South Boston hits it quite often, of course, that is generally supposed. Several times have the capital prizes of the Louisiana State Lottery been sent over the peninsula to be distributed among the citizens of that locality. The latest favored gentleman at the court of good fortune was Mr. John H. Haver, who resides on West Fourth street, and who does business at 304 West Broadway. Mr. Haver is a popular citizen of the South Boston district, where he has lived as a man and boy for 35 years of his life. He was a holder of a 20th of the second capital prize drawn at the last drawing of the Louisiana State Lottery, and he received \$5,000 in crisp bills last week. The full amount that was drawn by the number he held was \$100,000, and as there were two other holders of twentieths in Boston, a total of \$15,000 came to this city as prize money to gladden the hearts of the holders of lucky numbers. Mr. Haver is not a constant buyer of tickets in lotteries, but has occasionally purchased such tickets without expecting to draw anything.

One would imagine that counterfeits were very exact about their work, considering the danger of detection, and yet they are satisfied if it is passable.

Wickiwoi—"Have you noticed that we have had some beautiful sunrises during the last week?" Mudge—"No, I've been going to bed early here lately."

The destruction of the Temple of Heaven by fire at Pekin was an unlooked-for event. It was probably not insured, as fire in that direction was not dreaded.

Cantwite—"Say, do you remember that \$5 bill I loaned you?" Owen Long—"Remember it, sir. I never forget a favor like that. You haven't got another one about you, have you?"

Blotter—"Did you read that article from my pen on the 'Causes of Poverty'?" Sharpe—"Yes, a fine article. Who held it?" "Held what?" "Why, your pen, of course?"

Satisfactory explanation—"How does it happen that you have your hand in my pocket?" "On, pray excuse me, sir, I am very absent-minded. I used to have a coat exactly like yours."

Mrs. Hinton (recently married)—"Did you know my husband was very ill?" Miss Carrington—"I suppose he must be, my dear. Before he married you he told me I had broken his heart."

A Young Barbadian. Fond mother—"Tommy, darling, this is your birthday. What would you like best?" Tommy (after a moment's reflection)—"I think I should enjoy seeing the baby spunked."

A crash!—the foreman stood against, with the about his shoes. Survivors of the ill-fated said—"Well, there! I've broke the news."



## ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

**CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.**  
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.  
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

**If you have a COLD or COUGH, acute or leading to CONSUMPTION, SCOTT'S EMULSION OF PURE COD LIVER OIL AND HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIME AND SODA IS SURE CURE FOR IT.**

This preparation contains the stimulating properties of the *Hypophosphites* and fine *Norwegian Cod Liver Oil*. Used by physicians all the world over. It is as palatable as milk. Three times as efficacious as plain Cod Liver Oil. A perfect Emulsion, better than all others made. For all forms of *Wasting Diseases*, *Bronchitis*, *Consumption*, *Scrofula*, and as a *Flesh Producer* there is nothing like *SCOTT'S EMULSION*. It is sold by all Druggists. Let no one by profuse explanation or impudent outcry induce you to accept a substitute.

## TRAGEDIES IN THE SOUTH.

Lexington, Ky., and Bayou Boue, The Scenes of Them.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Nov. 9.—At 1:40 o'clock this afternoon Col. A. M. Swope was killed by Col. William Casius Goodloe and the latter was mortally wounded by Swope. The affair occurred in the lobby of the new government building and grew out of the trouble the two men had nearly two years ago. The men met as at old and hot words passed between them, when Goodloe drew a bowie knife and cut Swope all over pieces. Swope drew a pistol and shot Goodloe, the ball taking effect in the abdomen. The doctors think he will die. Both men drew their weapons at the same time. Col. Goodloe is a national revenue collector for this district and was a member of the national republican committee that elected Harrison. He belongs to one of the oldest and best families in the state.

Col. Swope was one of Kentucky's most prominent republicans and was formerly collector of internal revenue for this district. His brother, Neil Thibodeau, ran to his assistance and was also met by the stranger, a knife which was thrust into his throat partly severing one of the arteries.

Melias Thibodeau, a brother of the wounded man, was next out in the back and side. The stranger then plunged his knife into Frank Pennison's heart. He died without a groan.

The murderer then sprang upon Josh Morrison, an one armed employee of the railroad, who made a gallant fight and succeeded in knocking down his assailant several times before he fell, with ten cuts on his person.

The murderer then ran to the bayou and stopping into a skiff, pushed off into the stream. Mr. Auchen pursued him and after firing several shots which took effect the fugitive tumbled into the bayou and sank out of sight.

## Strength of the Mormons.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—In his annual report, the governor of Utah, speaking of the Gentile strength in the territory, says: "The time may come when the Gentiles will be in the majority, but it will be many years hence. The facts are that outside of Salt Lake City and Ogden the Gentile population is found in the mining camps and the small railroad towns. They are generally engaged in mercantile and professional business. In Salt Lake City and Ogden they own more than one half of the real property. The great bulk of the population of Utah is, and always will be, in the valleys. Only all the finds under cultivation and the water that can be used to irrigate it without great expense is owned and appropriated by the Mormons, and as they hold and own the land and water they hold and own Utah."

The governor writes it some length upon the present attitude of the Mormon people. They have accepted the doctrine of polygamy, he says, and will probably adhere to it as long as they live. The Mormon church, the governor says, actively engages in politics and adds: "I do not hesitate to say that any temporary policy, which leaves the church in a position to control the political policy of the territory is only delaying the final settlement and that future legislation should be aimed at the political power of the church which has been the main pillar of its strength in Utah."

## ABROAD.

STANLEY WRITES A LETTER.

In which He Gives a Brief Sketch of His Journeys.

LONDON, Nov. 7.—Mr. Mackinnon, the head of the Equatorial relief committee, has received a dispatch from Henry M. Stanley, the explorer.

He reached the Albert Nyanza from Bahr el Jebel the third time in 140 days and found that the Equatorial relief committee had been since Aug. 15, 1891, being the day after I made the discovery that Bahr el Jebel and the Nile were one river. The troops in the equatorial province had revolted and shaken off all allegiance. Shortly after the Malabris invaded the province in full force, and after the first battle in May the station yielded and a peace struck the natives, who joined the invaders and assisted in the work of destruction. The invaders subsequently suffered reverses, and dispatched a steamer to Khartoum for reinforcements. I found a letter waiting for me near the Albert Nyanza, exposing the dangerous position of the survivors and urging the immediate resumption of my journey before the end of December, as otherwise it would be too late.

I arrived there Jan. 1 for the third time. From Feb. 14 to May 31 I waited for the fugitives, and then left the Albert Nyanza homeward bound. By the route taken I traversed the Semliki valley, the Awamara, the Azongor, the Toro, the Uvumara, the Uvumara, the Anhor, the Kagarwe, the Uvumara, the Uvumara, the South Victoria and the Nyanza. No hostile natives were met. Since we left Kabbarega we traveled along the base of the snowy range Uvumara. Three sides of the southern Nyanza of Uvumara, which is called now Albert Edward Nyanza, are about one hundred feet higher than the Albert Nyanza, having an extent of Semliki which receives over fifty streams from the Uvumara, and finally enters the Albert Nyanza, making the Albert Edward the source of the southwest branch of the White Nile, the Victoria Nyanza being the source of the southeast branch.

Mr. Mackinnon says the committee has given orders that supplies for Stanley be hurried on to Mpwapa, and beyond there if possible Stanley is expected to reach the coast in January or February.

Good for Bussey. WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—Mary Corwin, widow of Lieut. Michael Corwin, of the Second Ohio heavy artillery, filed an application for a pension in August, 1880, but the claim was rejected on the ground that the Lieutenant's fatal disease was not shown to have originated in the army. Secretary Bussey has re-examined this case and Mrs. Corwin's name is placed up on the rolls, the secretary holding that, as Corwin was in health when he entered the service, and was an invalid when discharged, his widow is justly entitled to a pension.

Don't Like the Ritual. OTTAWA, Ont., Nov. 6.—During a service in St. George's Episcopal church several gentlemen among whom were Sir William Ritchie, chief justice of the supreme court, left in a body on account of alleged ritualistic practices. The trouble will probably result in the resignation of the rector, Rev. Dr. Jones.

Dry sermons are bad enough, but for the minister to preach them through his nose is execrable. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will save both minister and sermon if taken in time.

Potatoes are selling for 16 cents a bushel in Atchison, Kansas.

I have had occasion to try Salivation Oil in my family for both neuralgia and rheumatism. In every instance it effected permanent cure. I also tried it on my child suffering with a sprained back with like success. I take pleasure in recommending it to all. P. S. COSTELLO, (Policeman), 321 Park Ave., Balto., Md.

Ten million pennies will soon be coined by the treasury department.

Hibbard's Rheumatic and Liver Pills.

These Pills are scientifically compounded, uniform in action. No gripping pain so commonly following the use of pills. They are adapted to both adults and children with perfect safety. We guarantee they have no equal in the cure of Sick Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Biliousness; and, as an appetizer, they excel any other preparation.

The Unitarian and All Saints churches in East Saginaw were sold to satisfy mortgages a few days ago, the former of \$10,000 and \$8,000 on the latter.

Oregon, the Paradise of Farmers. Mild, equable climate, certain and abundant crops. Best fruit, grain, grass and stock country in the world. Full information on free. Address the Oregon Immigration Board, Portland, Oregon.

## Card of Thanks.

If the proprietor of Kemp's Balsam should publish a card of thanks, containing expressions of gratitude which come to him daily, from those who have been cured of severe throat and lung troubles by the use of Kemp's Balsam, it would fill a fair sized book. How much better to invite all to call on any druggist and get a free sample bottle that you may test for yourself its power. Large bottles 50c and \$1.00.

## Sportsmen.

Illustrated pamphlet "Sport among Nebraska lakes" mailed free. Apply to P. S. Hustis, General Passenger agent, Burlington route, Chicago, Ill.

Land. Printed matter regarding lands in Nebraska, Northwest Kansas and Eastern Colorado, mailed free. Apply to P. S. Hustis, General Passenger Agent Burlington Route, Chicago, Ill.

**St. Jacobs Oil**  
used according to DIRECTIONS with each BOTTLE.  
FOR BURNS AND SCALDS.

A Baby Burned. Astoria, Minn., Sept. 25, 1888. Our baby—1½ years old—burned her hand on a hot stove and we put St. Jacobs Oil on it. It took the pain all out at once, after putting it on 2 or 3 times it was all cured up. C. P. SLAVE and Family.

AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

**SICK HEADACHE**  
CARTERS' LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Biliary Obstruction. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Headache, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Constipation, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. Price 25 Cents.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., NEW YORK. Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Ely's Cream Balm. GIVES RELIEF AT ONCE FOR GOLD IN HEAD.

CURES CATARRH.

Apply Balm into each nostril. ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N. Y.

## There are Women

who have none of those ailments known as Female Complaints, yet who still need Zoa-Phora.

When a woman has been working about the home, or sewing, teaching, taking care of children, or of sick ones, until her nerves are all unstrung, and she feels as though she would fly to pieces, and everything irritates and annoys her, a dose of

## ZOA-PHORA

will strengthen and soothe her nerves and rest her.

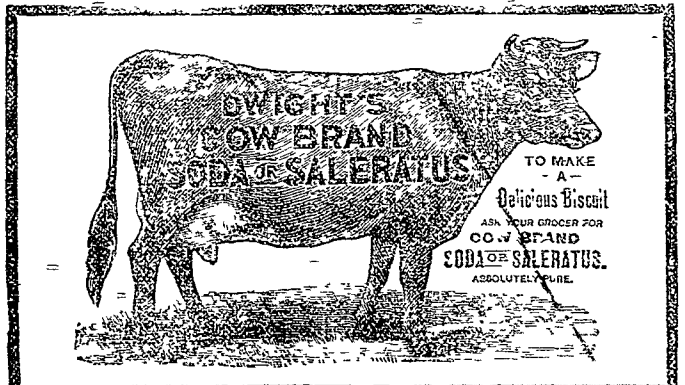
Sleeplessness is cured by Zoa-Phora.

For Sick Headache there is not a more reliable preventive and cure than Zoa-Phora; it works like a charm, in many cases where everything else has failed.

And any woman who does suffer from any of those complaints peculiar to her sex, should not delay a day to use Zoa-Phora.

Our book on diseases of women and children, should be read by every woman, especially by mothers of daughters. Sent in sealed envelope on receipt of five 2c. stamps. Address, Zoa-Phora Medicine Co.

H. G. COLMAN, Sec. Kalamazoo, Mich.



## THE FOLDING SAW.

COMPARATIVELY A NEW INVENTION. Saws Down Trees. Runs Easy. NO BACKACHE. 25,000 NOW SUCCESSFULLY BEING USED.

Actually saves the labor of one man. Adopted by all foreign countries as well as the U. S. Write for Descriptive Catalogue containing testimonials from hundreds of people who have saved from \$4 to \$9 cords daily. Easiest and fastest selling tool on earth. Thousands sold yearly. Agency can be had where there is a vacancy. A new invention for filing saws sent free with every machine by the use of this tool everybody can file their own saws now and do it better than the greatest expert can without it. Adapted to all cross-cut saws. Every one who owns a saw should have one. Ask your dealers or write FOLDING SAWING MACHINE CO., 8 Canal St., Chicago, Ill.

PISO'S REMEDY FOR CATARRH.—Best. Easiest to use. Cheapest. Relief is immediate. A cure is certain. For Cold in the Head it has no equal.

## CATARRH

It is an Ointment, of which a small particle is applied to the nostrils. Price, 60c. Sold by druggists or sent by mail. Address, E. T. HAZELTINE, Warren, Pa.

**MEN WANTED** SO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY Permanent positions guaranteed. Stock complete with fast-selling specialties. Write at once to BROWN BROS., Nurserymen, 6 to 9 Times Bldg., Chicago, Ill. (This house is reliable.)

## TEAMSTERS.



You work in a weather. You want an "all-weather" coat. In fact, the best waterproof coat in the world. No frail rubber affair that will rip before the week is out. Rubber costs more, and lasts but a short time. Your teamsters' coats are the only teamsters' waterproof coats that are light, strong, durable, and cheap. They cost very little, and last a long time. They never get sticky or peel off. The lining is waterproof, and never comes off. They are absolutely waterproof and windproof. Until you own one you will never know the comfort of a rain-day. Beware of worthless imitations, every garment stamped with the "Fish Brand" Trade Mark. Don't accept any inferior coat when you can have the "Fish Brand Slicker" delivered without extra cost. Particulars and illustrated catalogue free.

A. J. TOWER, Boston, Mass.

## HAWKEYE GRUB STUMP MACHINE.

Works on either STANDING TIMBER or STUMPS. Will pull an ordinary grub in 15 minutes. MAKES A CLEAN CUT.

Two Acres at a sitting. A man, a boy and a horse operate it. Heavy Chains or rods haul the stump on a few seconds after it has been cut. The grub is left only one year's growth to be pulled out by a "Fish Brand Slicker" delivered without extra cost. Particulars and illustrated catalogue free. JAMES MILNE & SON, SCOTCH GROVE, IOWA.

## GRATEFUL-COMFORTING.

## EPPS'S COCOA BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operation of the human system, and by a judicious application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicacy which is not only nourishing, but also a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that a consumptive person, or one who is suffering from indigestion, or from any other ailment of the stomach and bowels, can obtain a most valuable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a most judicious use of such articles of diet that





## Northville Record.

"Our object is to admonish, not to sting; to improve, not to wound; to correct errors of men, not to obstruct them in their career."

## A Glimpse of Old Times.

REVIEW OF TWENTY YEARS AGO.

PROGRESS SINCE 1869.

OCT. 9, 1889.

We notice another new dwelling in the north part of the village, erected by John McFarlin. Also should judge from the cellar being dug on the north side of Mrs. Beal's lot, that a building was going up there.

Thursday, the 5th, Daniel Wilkinson, a young man of 22 years, had his foot so terribly mangled in a tile machine, that amputation was necessary. Drs. Swift and Houston performing the operation. It seems that he stood upon the machine crowding the mud in front of the plunger with his foot, when suddenly the power starting, the plunger cranked his foot into the box, causing the unfortunate mishap that will maim him for life.

Any one who may wish for a new hat of bonnet will do well to give Mrs. W. H. Serviss a call. If we judge by our own eyes and by reports of others, she has certainly taken extra pains to select a fine stock of goods, suitable for all classes of customers. Her stock consists of the richest kind of hats, bonnets, silks, ribbons, etc., which cannot fail to please the taste of the most fastidious. She has also a large stock of genuine mohair, switches, urels, childrens and frizzes for sale. Give her a call and judge for yourself.

OCT. 23, 1889.

Our thanks are due to Mrs. Winfield Scott for a nice basket of late peaches.

David Clarkson states to us, that four one-half pound seed planted in ordinary season, he has just realized 119 1/2 lbs. early large potatoes. Some weighing as much as one pound and five ounces.

The spades that are now being used by Hutton & Beal in their quarry, were brought here from Groton, Thompson Co., N. Y. They are made of the best material and are being used by Nelson & Beal, brother of Mrs. Pettigrew of this place, and since being introduced here have given entire satisfaction.

A little sport was indulged in the other day in the shape of a horse race. Chas. Heck and James Connolly, matched their horses to run to Plimouth and back, ten miles, both being harnessed. Connolly's horse came in ahead having made the trip in forty-four minutes. Stakes were put up but to no great amount.

Rev. J. C. Baker made us a brief call Thursday. He looks hale and hearty and reports himself as well pleased with Dexter and its citizens. The church over which he has charge is in a prosperous condition, a piousness has just been bought and paid for at \$2,075. Also a bell added to the church at \$600.

Hughes & Son have made a sale of their brick store on Main street to Edward Smith, a merchant of Maple Rapids, who is about to locate here in mercantile pursuit. The price agreed upon was \$4000. E. & H. Horton disposed of his house lately built and lot to Daniel Pomroy, receiving \$1900. House and lot from E. O. Hastings to H. W. Holcomb, for \$450.

A few days ago while Mrs. Wm. Sessions was driving to the village when her horse became frightened at her parasol, ran away overturning the carriage and dislocating her shoulder. Mrs. Steadon Root, and a sister of her husband Mrs. Barbour were driving on the base line road when their horse became frightened at the carcass of a cow lying near the road, and at once became unmanageable, running the carriage against a stump, putting both ladies to the ground. While they lay some time in an insensible state, before being discovered and finally had to be carried home on beds. Medical aid being summoned, it was ascertained that Mrs. Barbour was so injured by concussion that one side of her body was paralyzed. Although Mrs. Root sustained some severe injuries, they were not of so serious a nature. All are under Dr. Houston care and as we write are reported as recovering well.

NO GO.

Under the laws of France "any person using profane, vicious or strong language through the telephone, or shutting off communication in a brusque or unpleasant manner," is liable to a fine. Imagine an American softly whispering: "Good-bye to you" and gently hanging up the telephone after being told three times that the parties he wanted were "still talking."

Another mysterious Michigan murder! Within ten days two farmers in this state have been shot dead in their own doorways by persons unknown. Is there some "Jack the shooter" at large who makes a specialty of killing men in their own doors?—Evening News.

The Record from now until Jan. 1st 1891, for \$1, cash.

## School Column.

"It never rains but it pours." The old adage has been fully verified during the past week. Company is indeed a rarity and to see six visitors in one day nearly took away our breath.

In the absence of Rev. Clark, Mr. Hatch the evangelist conducted chapel exercises last Monday. Our people will be pleased to see the reverend gentleman again.

Some of the advantages of uniform text-books in a county, are:

1. A saving in the cost of books.
2. Prevention of frequent change of books, as the adoption is for five years.
3. Families moving from one district to another are not compelled to purchase new books.
4. It forms a basis for a systematic graduation of the schools of a county, which would greatly increase the efficiency of the public schools and simplify the work of the teacher.

The Russians have recently improved on the sleeping-coaches of the railway and the perambulating school-master of the rural regions. They have provided a school-wagon, which is furnished with a room for the teacher, a class-room or study and a library, all suitably supplied with the necessary material. This wagon will be on the line of the Transcaspian railway all the year round remaining as long as may be deemed necessary at districts which are not provided with a school.

Secretary Lemley and wife visited us last Monday, visiting every grade, and observing the work done. He will give a paper before the county teachers' association on "The duty of teachers attending the various county association meetings."

The county association will meet in Detroit, on Friday, November 29, and Saturday afternoon, November 30. Indications already begin to point to one of the best meetings ever held. Dead to whom never attend these meetings and live ones seldom miss them. Are you going?

Last attendance of foreign students since we have been here. The teacher's class which will be organized next term will be of great value to any one desirous of teaching next summer. If you wish to join it please inform us this term. This class will not review the subject matter, but will deal with the method of teaching.

Remember the Thanksgiving program by the Grammar grades as mentioned last week. The intermediate grades will also furnish an entertainment.

Call What Call? Read.

Teachers of Wayne county:—Your teacher's association will meet in Detroit, on Friday, November 29 and Saturday afternoon, November 30. As a program committee we believe we have outlined the strongest program ever outlined for Wayne county. Its successful accomplishment depends now on you. Will you attend? We need not ask your sympathy, but far more do we need that influence which can be inspired by your presence only. Make a special effort to be present. For its best success your individuality must take hold and help push it. Will you do this? We call your attention to the stirring words of our county secretary.

Program committee, Prof. Brower, Warren and Houghton.

Twelve teachers of the above call and believe it to be the duty as well as a privilege for every teacher in Wayne county to attend these association meetings.

W. J. LEMLEY, Secretary of Wayne county board of examiners.

Teacher's Attention.

The program for the next meeting of the Wayne County Teachers' association promises to be one of the best ever presented to the teachers of this county. The meeting is to be held November 29 and 30, in Detroit, which is accessible to country village and city teachers. Every teacher in Wayne county should be present.

The devoted spirit with which the first gift and for the foundations of the new Baptist church at Flint was up to the point of the ladies' fair last Sunday evening, for \$175. E. J. Piercy being the purchaser. It was returned to the ladies and again put up and sold to Mrs. M. for \$210 in Flint. The coat, with which the corner stone was laid, was bought by the ladies for \$25 and presented to Mr. Farney, the pastor of the church.

A bus life, with good principles, strong passions, and wisdom enough to secure a fair cultivation of the different sides of the nature, is one of the most important factors for securing a ripe and happy old age.

## MYSTERY.

A WATCH WALKS FROM A CASE SETTING ON THE WORK BENCH IN A. E. ROCKWELL'S JEWELRY STORE.

Saturday evening, between 7 and 8 o'clock, two young men by the name of Lyke and Thompson went into A. E. Rockwell's jewelry store, the former to get a watch that was being repaired. Mr. Rockwell, being in his workroom at the rear of the store, they walked back there, Lyke taking a seat by the stove and Thompson standing by the work bench, on which set a box of watches. Rockwell was called to the front part of the store, leaving the young men in the workroom.

Thompson purchased some pens and pencils paying for them and the fixing of his watch, shortly afterwards leaving the store followed in a few minutes by Lyke.

Mr. Rockwell immediately discovered that a watch was missing, and reported the same to Deputy Sheriff White, who went in search of the two above named fellows; finding them at the Park house, he called Thompson aside and asked him if he knew anything of the watch, Thompson denying. The officer then called his companion who said he saw Thompson take the watch and put it in his pocket. White then took them upstairs and searched them, but did not discover anything.

White requested Lyke to stay in town and keep with Thompson until he went home, he keeping watch of both young fellows. They stayed around town until about four o'clock Sunday morning, during the time Lyke reported to the sheriff that Thompson confessed he had hid the watch under the sidewalk somewhere in the vicinity of C. M. Joslin's residence. As there are several walks in that vicinity the officer concluded to shadow the two instead of searching all over creation.

Lyke swears that Monday forenoon Thompson marked the exact diagram of where he had hid the watch upon the ground in John Thompson's corn field where they were at work husking corn. The sheriff searched the place but did not find the watch.

Monday Thompson was arrested on the charge of larceny. His trial being set for Tuesday last at 10 a. m. Tuesday the case was called before Justice Blackwood and a jury impanelled. Several witnesses examined on both sides. Lyke being put on the stand swore that he and Thompson had entered Rockwell's on the above named evening; that he had taken a seat by the stove some four or five feet from the counter, while Thompson stood leaning against the counter, the box of watches being only two or three feet from him, that he saw Thompson take the watch and that he (Thompson) told him he would give him \$10 if he would keep still. Lyke refused the money but did not inform Rockwell of what he knew until after the interview at the hotel. Mr. Rockwell co-operates Lyke's statements.

Thompson swore differently. He swore to Lyke sitting on the stool, but that he (Thompson) did not stand by the bench only long enough to hand Rockwell his watch that he wanted repaired.

Several witnesses were brought forth to try and impeach Lyke's statement, but were objected to by the prosecution on some points of law. The case occupied two days. The jury were out about two hours and agreed to disagree. The ballot standing three to three. Woodman, for the people; Wendell, for the defense.

Chas. Lyke is a young married man; his home previous to his moving here last spring was Ovid, he has been working for John Thompson, father of the accused and nothing so far has been brought forth to the detriment of his character.

Brown Thompson, the accused, is the son of John Thompson, our worthy townsman, who is well-known in this vicinity.

The case will be again tried before a new jury on Saturday.

Have you seen the new illustrated weekly newspaper? It's the spiciest, brightest and most instructive of all illustrated journals. It is known as "Once A Week." The pennum offer is something extraordinary: A 500 page cloth bound history of the civil war and 26 paper bound books of 250 pages each and a paper for only 40 cents per month. How's that for a liberal offer? Tom P. J. and F. L. Norton are representing the journal here. At the Park House until Monday noon.

## SANDS & PORTER, THE LEADING FURNITURE DEALERS OF NORTHVILLE.

Largest Stock! Lowest Prices! Best Goods!

Call and see our Chamber Suits, Parlor Furniture, Couches, Dining-Chairs, Easy Chairs, Fancy Chairs, etc., and be convinced that we are the house to buy your Furniture of.

## PICTURE FRAMING.

We make a Specialty of Fine Gold Frames; also, Copper, Brass, White and Gold, Oaks, etc., etc. Fine Mats made to order on short notice. See our Fancy Oak Rockers.

SANDS & PORTER, Dealers in Furniture. NORTHVILLE, MICH.

## WHERE CAN YOU PURCHASE

- 3 Cakes Toilet Soap for 5 cents
- 2 Spools Cotton Thread for 5 cents.
- 2 Papers of Pins for 5 cents
- 3 Boxes of Matches for 5 cents.
- 25 Envelopes for 5 cents.
- 1 Yard Lamp Wick for 5 cents.
- 5 Boxes of Bluing for 5 cents.
- 1 Cake Rising Sun Stove Polish for 5 cents.
- 1 Quart Cup for 5 cents.
- 1 Glass Tumbler for 5 cents.
- 1 Bath Brick for 5 cents.

Why certainly at

## BARNETT'S FAIR,

In the Kellogg Block, where you can get almost anything in Glassware, Crockery, Tinware and Light Hardware.

Rags, Old Rubber and Iron taken in Trade.

Novi and Farmington people especially invited to examine our stock and prices.

BARNETT'S FAIR, NORTHVILLE, MICH.

## FOOLISH!

Very foolish for you or anybody else to buy Watches unless you know something about them. Good judges of Watches are not plenty. It is a lifetime business to be an expert. Our experience of over 30 years, we think, will give confidence to those who really wish to get values in purchases.

We make a specialty of Ladies' and Gents' Gold Watches at exceedingly low prices. Never had finer designs in engraving. Prices reduced from \$3 to \$10.

Our assortment in fine Jewelry is greatly increased, designs are of the latest fashions and very beautiful Moonstones.

Some very fine White Stones in Solitaire and Cluster combinations.

We make a specialty of fitting eyes with the finest Spectacles and Eyeglasses.

Have your eyes tested in a scientific way. We guarantee first-class work on all repairs.

A. E. ROCKWELL. Your Friend the Jeweler.



ART GARLAND COAL STOVES are the Best.

OAK GARLAND Wood Stoves

HOME GARLAND Cook Stoves

Home Garland Ranges. Bissell's GOLD MEDAL Carpet Sweepers has no equal

Our Stock is Complete and we Invite you to call and see us

G. E. WATERMAN CO

Subscribe for the RECORD,

Until January 1, 1891, only \$1.00.

## MICHIGAN.

### Swineford Must Settle.

LANSING, November 10.—Governor Begole appointed A. P. Swineford, publisher of the Marquette Mining Journal, a member of the New Orleans exposition commission. The state made an appropriation for placing Michigan exhibits at the show, and the commission turned over \$1,000 of that appropriation to Mr. Swineford with which to secure an exhibit of minerals, etc., from the upper peninsula mines. Mr. F. M. Carroll of Grand Rapids charged that the mineral exhibit fund had not been expended as designed. In fact, he charged that Swineford had spent the money on Swineford. The state authorities then in power were slow to believe it, or even to look into the matter, but after Cleveland had appointed Swineford governor of Alaska an action was begun against him. He failed to account for but \$250 of the sum when the case was tried. The supreme court has confirmed the judgment for the remaining \$750 that the lower court found against him.

### A Catholic Scene.

LANSING, Nov. 9.—A pathetic scene occurred in court here this morning. The case in which the law regarding the adoption of infants and others was declared unconstitutional was that of Mrs. Rosenbach of Chicago against a family here named Austin. The Rosenbachs supposed they could claim the child from its foster parents, the Austins, after the supreme court decision, but the Austins would not give her up.

The Rosenbachs, who were both here, then applied for a writ of habeas corpus, and the court decided that a child of over 14 could elect its own guardian, and thus the Rosenbach girl, who is over 14, could remain with the Austins if she wanted to. The girl said she had great love for her foster parents, and that she did not appreciate their kindness, but she preferred to obey the more natural instinct, and would go with her mother. Then the late contestants and the child all cried together, and other people had to turn away to keep their eyes dry. This settles the case.

### Long-Standing Case Settled.

LANSING, Nov. 10.—The supreme court's ruling in the Michigan gold mine case is a most important one, involving many thousands of dollars. The property has been in litigation ever since the discovery of gold on it and its development has been retarded because of the disputed title. The supreme court has taken nearly a year to decide. Meanwhile the Michigan company had worked the property. Only a few weeks ago they took out 30 pounds of quartz that bore \$3,000 worth of gold. Stock has already risen 400 points.

### To Benefit Farmers.

LANSING, Nov. 10.—The state board of agriculture has decided upon dates for the farmers' institutes next February as follows: Lowell, February 3 and 4; Houghton, Feb. 4 and 5; Whitefish, Feb. 5 and 6; Shelby, Feb. 6 and 7; Mt. Pleasant, Feb. 10 and 11; Ewart, Feb. 11 and 12; Cadillac, Feb. 13 and 14; Pontiac, Feb. 17 and 18; Inland City, Feb. 19 and 20; Cass City, Feb. 19 and 20; Bad Axe, Feb. 20 and 21.

### Michigan Salt Inspection.

EAST SAGINAW, Nov. 9.—The report of State Salt Inspector Hill shows that there was inspected during October 41,124 barrels of salt in Saginaw, Bay, Manistee, Iosco, St. Clair, Mason, Huron and Midland counties. For the 11 months of the salt inspection year there have been inspected 3,499,321 barrels.

### Watkins Must Pay.

GRAND RAPIDS, Nov. 8.—Judge Severens this morning in the Johnson-Watkins case, decided that Mr. Watkins must pay the costs. The case grew out of the whipping of Johnson, when a convict at the Iowa house of correction by Warden Watkins' orders. Johnson was awarded \$1,000 damages. The question as to who should pay the costs has excited much interest here, as it was clear if the decision went the other way the ex-convict's attorneys would come out of the small end of the horn.

### Back from the Dead.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 11.—A boy, supposed to be the Willie Dickinson who so mysteriously disappeared about eight years ago and for whose recovery a standing reward of \$3,000 has been offered, has been found in the boys and girls' home in this city. The boy's father, who resides in Bessemer, Michigan, has been telegraphed.

### Overcome by Gas.

CORUNNA, Nov. 9.—Isaac Wood and Geo. Spears, aged 15 and 20 years, respectively met death in a peculiar manner yesterday in Hazelton township, this county. Wood went to the bottom of a deep well and was overcome by gas. Spears descended to his rescue and both were taken out dead.

### A Quarter of a Century.

ESCANABA, Nov. 4.—Louis Asslin, who shot Louis Liebel in a saloon last July, was convicted last evening of murder in the second degree. Judge Grant sentenced him this morning to 25 years in the state prison.

### ITEMS IN BRIEF.

Port Huron is building a morgue. A hard wood factory is soon to be started at Newberry. Hiram Tison of Niles, a veteran of the war of 1812, is dead. W. S. Calkins, one of the first settlers of Lansing, died Nov. 9. Kelley, the gold brick swindler of Lansing, has been discharged. Eugene Gilbert of Dowagiac, has lost 150 dogs by cholera, this fall. Patrick English was killed by the cars at Norway the other day. Explorers are tearing up the ground near Baraga hunting for silver. Benjamin Roberts was killed by the car near Dowagiac the other night. The murderer of Frank Brown, of Reading, Hillsdale county is still unknown. Nine Indians of Northport, have been sent to the Indian school at Carlisle, Pa. The Petoskey & Northern Michigan agricultural society is fully organized. Nov. 2nd and 3rd ago there was good sleighing all over Southern Michigan. Stafford Godfrey, the oldest citizen and first pioneer of Paw Paw, is dead. Capt. Hugh McTear, Port Huron, is dead. He followed the lakes for forty years. The Detroit natural gas company has its pipes from the Ohio oil fields laid north of Monroe. The Chicago lumbering company pays \$4,565.70 of the \$5,509.80 taxes levied in Manistiquie.

Andrew Erickson was killed by a fall of rock in the East Vulcan mine at Norway the other day.

William Fuller of Stanton has been sentenced to seven years at Jackson for assault with intent to kill.

W. H. Marentette, whose home was in Detroit, was killed while coupling cars at Reese the other day.

Albert Myers, a bridge carpenter, jumped from a freight car at Dowagiac and fractured one of his legs.

Judge Grant has called a grand jury to investigate the violation of the liquor law in Schoolcraft county.

A reward of \$200 is offered for the arrest of the murderer of Frank Brown of Reading, Hillsdale county.

The woman's home missionary society has decided to wipe out the yule dens in the Michigan pines.

L. L. Livermore of Boston has been elected vice-president of the Calumet & Hecla mining company.

A thief attacked Mr. Vound of Alpena in his (Mound's) own dooryard the other night, and took \$75 from him.

Eighty seven nurses were graduated from the training school at the Battle Creek sanitarium the other day.

Congressman Belknap of Grand Rapids has resigned from the board of managers of the Flint deaf and dumb asylum.

Thomas Boyle of St. Marys, Ont., jumped from a moving train near Vassar, and was fatally injured the other day.

Mrs. J. R. Gordon, an estimable lady of Hancock, died at Asheville, N. C., a few days ago, whether she had gone for health.

The Prince of Wales iron mine, adjoining the Queen, near Ishpeming, has been sold to the Schlesinger syndicate for \$120,000.

John Peterson, yardmaster of the Milwaukee & Northern, was killed by an engine in the yard at Iron Mountain the other day.

The Detroit board of trade has adopted resolutions condemning the Michigan Central road for its opposition to the union depot in Detroit.

Nov. 2nd was the fifth-anniversary of the celebration of the completion of the Erie & Kalamazoo railroad, which extended from Toledo to Adrian.

Northport is in the slough of despond. The grain and fruit crops were a decided failure, and now it is said that the potato crop is not worth digging.

Alexander Connors, an Ogemaw county convict, escaped from Jackson on the 1st inst. He was captured the next morning about 15 miles from Jackson.

The state board of agriculture will ask the state agricultural society to erect a building on the state fair grounds in Lansing for the college exhibit at future fairs.

In the Flint Creek creek, aged 12 years, jumped from her father's wagon because she was afraid the horses were going to run away, and was fatally injured.

The agricultural department warns farmers against "dodder," a parasitic plant without leaf or flower which climbs around clover and chokes it to death.

Joseph Golete, who was convicted at Lansing of attempting to criminally assault Vice-President Van Dusen, aged 14, has been sentenced to eight years in Jackson.

Go Luce left Lansing on the 1st inst. for California. He says he will issue no call for an extra session of the legislature until after his return in about six weeks.

A factory to make broom handles, wooden bowls, cant hook staves and other things will be established at Newberry, and Mr. Shence of Kalamazoo, will be superintendent.

The next quarterly meeting of the Michigan in branch of the woman's auxiliary of the board of missions of the Episcopal church will be held at Ypsilanti in January.

Chas. Johnson, who lost his right hand in Sage & Co's saw mill in Bay City, sued for \$20,000. The case was tried last week, and Johnson awarded a verdict of \$5,000. The case will be appealed.

George Loring, sprayed his orchard thoroughly with insect destroyer last spring, and now he is marketing 400 barrels of the choicest apples in Michigan at \$2.25 per barrel on track.

The product of some of the leading copper mines of Michigan for October was as follows: Calumet & Hecla, 3,355 tons; Franklin, 202; Quincy, 450; Atlantic, 399; Penninsular, 30 tons.

Jappy Heart shot and killed Pat McGraw near Manistiquie a few days ago, and Jappy is now in jail. They were both boys under 12 years of age. Whether the shooting was intentional or not is not clear.

John Johnson, a car inspector on the Michigan Central was found dead in the yard at Bay City the other morning. As the body was horribly mangled it is thought he was struck by a train.

George Armstrong Custer, Christian, youngest son of ex-senator Christy of Lansing, has been appointed to a lucrative position in the legal department of the inter-state commerce commission.

Douglas McNaughton, keeper of the Iowa house of correction for the past six years, and acting as captain of the guards, was stricken by apoplexy while on duty the other night, and died an hour later.

May Andrew W. Melan, postmaster at Muskegon, formerly a prominent officer in the first regiment of Michigan state troops, and a well known democratic politician, died on the 4th inst. after a brief illness.

Captain Ed. Cahill of the Lansing law firm of Cahill & Osterlander is the author of an article in the Central Law Journal, published at St. Louis, Mo., on "How Can the Supreme Court Docket be Reduced."

The 6 year old daughter of William Williams of Bay City played with matches, set her clothing on fire and was burned so badly she died the next morning. Her sister, aged 4, was also burned.

Gov. Luce has appointed ex-Gov. David H. Jerome of Saginaw, Frank W. Carlisle of East Saginaw and Bernard Haeck of Bloomfield as joint commissioners of Saginaw county for four years from April 1 next.

The Mudge paper clothing company, at Port Huron, employs 100 hands and will soon have 500. It is 3,000 garments behind its orders. When the company began business at that city last July it only had three hands at work.

The Twenty-eighth Michigan infantry held their annual reunion in Lansing recently with about fifty members present. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, T. B. Blosser of Lansing; vice president, William Doryea of Smyrna; secretary and treasurer, Thos. Courtney of Jackson. The next meeting will be held at Kalamazoo, Oct. 31, 1900.

Matt Hogan, a conductor on a log train, was killed, and Pat Kennedy, fireman, badly injured by a wrecked train on the Whitney branch near Alpena the other night. A tree across the track caused the accident.

Harry Gullin, formerly a drug clerk of Port Huron, died the other day from a dose of chloral, taken with suicidal intent. He had been in poor health for a long time. He served during the war in the Twenty-seventh Michigan infantry.

Wilbur Humphrey, the young man alleged to have been implicated with Drs. Slocum and Armour in the Anne Rushford abortion case in Ionia county, has changed his plea of not guilty to guilty. Slocum and Armour will be tried.

Mrs. Powers, mother of Mrs. Washington Gardner of Albion, was stricken with paralysis and died from a second shock two days later. A large number of friends of this lady in Albion, Jackson, Cincinnati and other place will deeply mourn her death.

The state board of agriculture has appointed President Clute and Prof. Davenport and Cook to represent the state agricultural college at the association of American agricultural colleges and experiment stations to meet at Washington, D. C., Nov. 13.

Girard Elliott of Napoleon, Jackson county, picked a couple of apples, the largest of which had a circumference of 14 1/2 inches and weighed 22 ounces. They are the late fall m-moth pippin variety, and are very smooth and firm, but are rather coarse grained.

July 28, Henry Theiss of South Saginaw was robbed of \$500 cash and a bank book showing a credit of \$5.00 with the First National bank of Saginaw, and August Hineman was supposed to be the thief. Officers have been on the watch for him and captured him in Chicago on the 7th inst.

A mysterious disease has broken out among the horses in Indiana, near the Michigan line. When seized with the sickness the tongues of the animals become paralyzed. They can neither eat nor drink, nor can medicine be put down their throats, and the poor animals die from starvation and fever.

The superintendent of the state public school has sent out a circular to all persons who have adopted children from that institution under the law recently declared unconstitutional by the supreme court, urging immediate readoption under the amended law of 1887, which obviates the troublesome decision of the supreme court.

The Chicago & Northwestern railway company is making all the arrangements to rebuild over dock No. 1 in Escanaba this winter. Work will commence as soon as navigation closes. This will give employment to a large number of workmen all winter, and will be of great benefit to the city, as in the winter months it is very dull.

Jacob Van Regenmortel, a brother of the lighthouse keeper at Holland, was struck by a Chicago & West Michigan mail train while crossing the road with his team at the brick yard four miles east of Holland. He was buried 20 feet in the air and struck on his back and head. He is probably fatally hurt. The horse escaped uninjured.

Congressman A. T. Bliss has tendered his resignation as a member of the board of managers of the soldiers' home, for the reason that his duties will keep him out of the state so much of the time. The resignation has been accepted by the Governor, who has named Dr. Lyman W. Bliss of Saginaw, a brother of the congressman, as his successor.

Judge Charles R. Brown of Marquette, late judge of the ninth circuit, has commenced the publication of The Michigan Circuit Court Reporter, a monthly magazine embracing decisions of the circuit judges, involving matters of practice, chiefly; also editorial, contributed and selected articles on subjects of special interest to lawyers.

The state executive committee of the Y. M. C. A. at Lansing has re-elected H. M. Clarke of Detroit, as state secretary, H. G. Vantuyll of Detroit, as chairman of the executive committee, J. R. Dutton of Marquette, as treasurer, L. C. Stanley of Detroit, as secretary, and Prof. David Howell of Lansing, corresponding member of the international committee.

## THE MARKETS.

New York Grain Markets.			
Wheat	\$2 1/2 @	8 1/2 @	41
Corn	20 @	41	41
Oats	25 @	41	41
Chicago Grain Market.			
Wheat	80 @	80 1/2 @	80 1/2
Corn	31 @	31 1/2 @	31 1/2
Oats	19 @	20 @	20
Toledo Grain Market.			
Wheat	81 @	81 1/2 @	81 1/2
Corn	33 @	33 1/2 @	33 1/2
Oats	29 @	29 1/2 @	29 1/2
Detroit Market.			
Wheat, No. 2 Red	80 @	80 1/2 @	80 1/2
" 3	74 @	74 1/2 @	74 1/2
" 1 White	78 @	78 1/2 @	78 1/2
Buckwheat, per cwt.	2.25 @	2.50 @	2.50
Clover seed	3.50 @	3.50 @	3.50
Oats	24 @	24 1/2 @	24 1/2
Corn	23 @	23 1/2 @	23 1/2
Apples, per bu.	1.75 @	2.00 @	2.00
Quinces, per bu.	1.00 @	2.00 @	2.00
Butter	18 @	20 @	20
Beans, hand picked, per bu.	1.85 @	1.90 @	1.90
Cheese	11 @	12 @	12
Beef, dressed	3 1/2 @	3 1/2 @	3 1/2
Veal	4 1/2 @	4 1/2 @	4 1/2
Lamb	12 @	12 @	12
Eggs	19 @	20 @	20
Timothy, per ton	11.50 @	14.00 @	14.00
Clover	7.00 @	8.00 @	8.00
Timothy straw, per ton	4.50 @	5.50 @	5.50
Clover straw	7.00 @	8.00 @	8.00
Hides, No. 1 Green	4 @	4 1/2 @	4 1/2
" " Cured	4 1/2 @	5 @	5
" " Catfish	4 @	4 @	4
" " Veal kip	4 @	4 @	4
Sheepskins	75 @	80 @	80
Onions, per bu.	1.75 @	2.00 @	2.00
Potatoes, per bu.	8 @	8 @	8
Fowls	7 @	7 @	7
Ducks	10 @	11 @	11
Turkeys	3 1/2 @	4 @	4
Tallow, per lb.	29 @	30 @	30
Wool, per lb.	29 @	30 @	30

## LIVE STOCK.

Cattle—Market strong; beefs, \$4.50 @ \$5.00; steers, \$3.40 @ \$4.00; stockers and feeders, \$2.25 @ \$2.85; cows, bulls and mixed, \$1.15 @ \$2.00. Texas cattle, \$1.50 @ \$2.50; Western ranges, \$1.75 @ \$3.00.

Hogs—Market strong, mixed, \$2.90 @ \$3.25; heavy, \$3.25 @ \$4.20; light, \$2.90 @ \$3.25; pigs, \$2.50 @ \$3.00.

Sheep—Market steady, natives, \$2.25 @ \$2.50; westerns, \$2.50 @ \$3.15; Texans, \$2.25 @ \$3.15; lambs, \$4 @ \$5.

## Montana Admitted.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—President Harrison signed and issued a proclamation at 10:40 o'clock this morning admitting Montana as a state of the union, in accordance with the act of congress.

## NATION.

### FALL ELECTIONS.

Democrats Claim Ohio by 5,000 to 15,000 Plurality—Democrats Claim the Victory in New York—Mahone Defeated in Virginia.

### The General Result.

Ten states held elections on the 5th. In five of them, Iowa, Massachusetts, Mississippi, Ohio and Virginia, a governor and other state officers were chosen, in New Jersey a governor and members of the legislature, and in the other four, Maryland, Nebraska, New York and Pennsylvania, members of the legislature and minor officers were voted for.

In Iowa there were three state tickets, democrat, republican and labor. In Massachusetts there were also three tickets—democrat, republican and prohibition. There is only one ticket in the field in Mississippi—the democrat. In New Jersey there were three tickets—democrat, republican and prohibition. In Ohio there were four tickets—democrat, republican, prohibition and Union-Labor.

There were only two tickets in Virginia—democrat and republican. Maryland elected only a controller. There were democrat, republican and prohibition tickets in Nebraska elected a supreme court judge and two regents. There were democrat and republican tickets in New York elected a secretary of state, treasurer, controller, attorney general, state engineer and court of appeals judge. There were democrat, republican, prohibition and greenback tickets. Members of both houses of the legislature were also chosen.

The democrats claim Ohio by from 5,000 to 15,000 pluralty to Campbell. Chairman Neal of the democrat state executive committee, claims Campbell's election by from 5,000 to 15,000 pluralty. This estimate is based on the supposition that Hamilton county has given Campbell 5,000 pluralty and on the reports from other towns and cities, which outside of Hamilton county, show decided democrat gains. As to the legislature, he is in doubt. He thinks, however, that it may be democrat on a joint ballot.

The democrats claim heavy gains in Iowa, and the republicans may lose it. Returns received up to a late hour on the 6th indicated that the democratic ticket is elected in New York by about 10,000 majority, and that the next legislature will be composed as follows: Senate, 21 republicans, 11 democrats, assembly, 67 republicans, 61 democrats.

Col. Gordon, chairman of the Virginia state democrat committee, has received returns from nearly 100 points of the state and he estimates the majority at over 25,000, with a fair prospect of its being largely increased. The legislature is over two thirds democrat.

Democrats claim increased majorities in New Jersey.

Returns from Massachusetts indicate that Buckart, republican candidate for governor, is undoubtedly elected; but even the republicans now concede that his plurality will be small, it being variously estimated at from 3,000 to 7,000.

The election in Chicago was for one judge of the circuit court, one judge of the superior court, recorder of deeds and the full board of county commissioners, and the democrats claim to have carried the day.

Democrats made gains in Maryland and will have a working majority in the legislature.

Pennsylvania shows a net-republican gain over the last vote of about 23,000. The estimated majority for the republican ticket in Nebraska is about 2,000.

So little interest was felt in the election in Mississippi, there being no opposition to the democrat ticket, that the executive committee have not provided for the returns as heretofore.

### The Election in Detroit.

Detroit elects a republican mayor by about 2,400 majority, and the republicans have undoubtedly secured control of the city council.

### MAHONE RESPONDED.

The Defeated Ex-Rebel Charged With Murder.

PETERSBURG, Va., Nov. 6.—A scene bordering on terror took place in front of Gen. Mahone's house last evening.

About 10:30 o'clock a mob of drunken men came down the street, firing off rockets and Roman candles, and shouting in a blaring, drunken manner. When they reached Mahone's residence, they halted and fired their rockets against the house, accompanying their action by derisive remarks about the general and hurrahing for McKinney.

The company in the general's house was startled at the noise which threatened an attack.

"Let me get out there," said the general, "I will defend my home."

Seizing a double-barreled shot-gun, loaded with buckshot, he emerged upon the veranda. Butler Mahone, his son, also went out. The jeering continued, and the crowd defied Mahone to fire. He answered with the shot gun. One of the mob was killed, and Mahone is charged with the murder, and is out on \$2,500 bail.

### Morton Don't Keep a Bar.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—The Inter Ocean prints the following denial of the story of a bar in Vice President Morton's house in Washington. It is addressed to the Rev. John B. Shaw of Chicago.

ELLENBIE, RHINECLIFF ON-HUDSON.

Dear Sir:—In reply to your letter of the twenty-sixth ultimo, addressed to Mr. Morton, I beg to say that there is no truth in the statement made in the telegram to the Daily News, which you inclose, that there is a bar connected with the new building erected and owned by Mr. Morton in Washington. The building is conducted as a family apartment house, apartments being leased by the year, and Mr. Morton has never entertained the idea of permitting any part of it to be used as a bar. Very respectfully,

R. S. CHILTON, Private Secretary.

### An Illegitimate Clause.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—The decision of the supreme court in the Tilden will case has been reversed by the decision of the general term of the supreme court and a new trial ordered.

Mr. Tilden will in his thirty-fifth clause provided for the establishment of libraries in this city and other places, but according to the ruling of the court this bequest, by reason of technicalities, is void. George H. Tilden, a nephew, attacked the validity of this section, and the general term looks with favor on this contest.

Presiding Justice Van Brunt agrees with Justice Brady in this view, while Justice Daniels writes a dissenting opinion.

### Prosperity of Two New States.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10.—Arthur C. Mellette, governor of Dakota, in his annual report submitted to Secretary Noble, says the population of the territory is 550,000; of this population he places 370,000 within the limits of South Dakota and 210,000 in North Dakota. The number of miles of railway is 4,400. The opening of the Sioux Indian reservation will doubtless stimulate railway building to a marked degree during the coming year.

Dakota is pre-eminently an agricultural region, 19,000,000 acres of land being under cultivation this year. Stock raising is also a rapidly growing industry, the increase in the value of live stock in the past nine years being 63 per cent. The subject of irrigation as a means to assist farming has attracted much attention during the past year and aroused popular interest in the subject. The only uncertainty in Dakota is the irregularity of the rainfall.

There is a large demand for farm labor, wages being from \$15 to \$25 per month. Bonanza farming is a feature of Dakota's agricultural progress. Several farms contain 15,000 to 20,000 acres. The governor of North Dakota, Hon. John Miller, raised this year 3,500 acres of crops. The wool industry is also developing, and will be one of the sources of wealth. In vegetables and fruits Dakota stands without a rival. The mining industry is prosperous and each year it is taking a wider range.

The citizens of Dakota are a God-fearing people. There are 1,000 churches in the territory. The number of banks is given at 345, with an aggregate capital of \$5,750,000. Local deposits have been steadily increasing, an evidence of the growing wealth of the country.

Bayard Takes a Partner.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—The marriage of Hon. Thomas F. Bayard, ex-secretary of state, and Miss Mary Clymer took place at the church of St. John the Evangelist, New York city, on the 6th inst. The ceremony was conducted with a privacy that left no room for ostentatious display.

Miss Clymer entered the parlor on the arm of her only brother, W. B. S. Clymer, who gave her away. She was dressed in a superb gown of white crepe, trimmed with jasmynes, worth high in its neck. Pearls were the only ornaments.

There were no bridesmaids or other attendants. Rev. George William Douglas, the new rector of St. John's church, and the successor of Bishop Leonard of Ohio, was the officiating clergyman. A wedding breakfast and a reception followed the ceremony.



## THE PATTERN OF THE RAIN.

COATES KINNEY.

When the humid shadows hover  
Over all the starry spheres  
And the melancholy darkness  
Gently weeps in raining tears,  
What a joy to press the pillow  
Of a cottage chamber bed,  
And to listen to the patter  
Of the soft rain overhead.  
Every patter on the shingles  
Has an echo in the heart,  
And a thousand recollections  
Into busy being start.  
And a thousand busy fancies  
Wave their bright hues into woe  
As we listen to the patter  
Of the soft rain on the roof.  
Now in memory comes my mother,  
As she used in years long gone,  
To recall the darling dreamers,  
Ere she left them all the dawn.  
Oh, I see her leaning o'er me,  
And I list to the refrain  
Which is played upon the shingles  
By the patter of the rain.  
Then my little seraph sister,  
With her wings and waving hair,  
And my star-eyed cherub brother—  
A serene angelic pair—  
Glide around my wakeful pillow,  
With their praise or mild reproof,  
As I listen to the murmur  
Of the soft rain upon the roof.  
And another comes to thrill me,  
With her eyes' delicious blue,  
And I mind not, missing on her,  
That her heart lives all untrue,  
I remember but to love her  
With a passion kin to pain,  
And my heart's quick pulses vibrate  
To the patter of the rain.  
Art hath taught of tone or cadence,  
That can work with each a spell  
In the soul's mysterious fountains,  
Whence the tears of rapture dwell,  
As that melody of nature,  
That subdued, subdued strain,  
Which is played upon the shingles,  
By the patter of the rain.  
[The author of the above beautiful poem,  
Coates Kinney, was once a journalist of  
note ability, became a tramp and outcast  
and was killed by a stroke of lightning near  
Deadwood, Colorado.]

## TESSA.

CHAPTER VII.

It was a very silent walk; for neither Tessa nor Cleveland was much inclined for conversation. There was indeed scarcely a word spoken until they reached the entrance to the Hall gardens. Tessa would have said good-by at the gate, but Cleveland insisted on escorting her to the house. They lingered for a few minutes in the porch, admiring the beauty of the twilight sky and the crescent moon, which was rising behind the hills, then Tessa held out her hand. "Good bye, Mr. Cleveland. I want to say that—that I will not speak of to-night to any one," she faltered confusedly. Cleveland looked down at her with a melancholy smile. "Dear child, there is no need to assure me of that," he said; and then he raised the little hand to his lips. "Thank you for being so sorry for me!" he said gently. Then he dropped her hand and moved away, and Tessa, after hesitating for a few moments, turned to enter the house, and as she turned, encountered the wrathful eyes of Mrs. Callender who was standing immediately behind in the porch. Tessa, to use her own expression, felt she "was in for it," and, as usual, her spirits rose at the prospect of a fray. She assumed her most defiant expression, her most indifferent smile, as she addressed the indignant matron. "Back already! I did not expect you for hours yet!" she said, with a snaky toss of her pretty head. "So it appears," Mrs. Callender remarked sarcastically. "Fortunately however, I returned in time to witness your sentimental parting, and also to see, as I passed the Priory gate, you, arm in arm with Noel Cleveland, standing in the avenue. May I inquire if you have been spending the evening with him?" "You may inquire precisely what you like," Tessa retorted. "You won't get any answer, however." "Perhaps Austen may be more successful," Mrs. Callender said coldly. "I have tried my best several times to bring you to a sense of the folly and wickedness of your conduct, and failed. I will see now what he can do." Tessa flushed crimson. Austen's good opinion was very precious to her—how precious she had never realized until now—and she dreaded beyond measure the thought of the disapproving look which would cross his face when the story of her escapade should be told by Mrs. Callender. "Don't tell Austen, and I will promise to be more circumspect for the future," she said cooingly. But Mrs. Callender was obdurate, and Tessa, irritated by her cold manner and taunts, grew reckless and defiant. She sat down to the piano—the piano which only a week before Austen had bought and sent home as a surprise for her—and sang song after song—gay little French chansons of love and war, which were Mrs. Callender's especial abhorrence—till the carriage which had been sent again to Pennington to meet Austen returned, and she heard his step in the hall. She clasped her hands together and sat with a mocking smile on her face as she listened while the story of her misdoings—woefully and unexpectedly black it sounded, she thought ruefully—was told by Mrs. Callender.

Austen listened in silence; but there was a disappointed angry look on his face as he turned and looked down at the pretty culprit's flushed face and sparkling eyes. "And what has Tessa to say for herself?" he asked gravely. Tessa bit her lip. Two or three times during the last five minutes she had been on the point of interrupting Mrs. Callender and attempting to justify herself; but she was so terribly afraid that she might betray the real reason of her errand to the Priory that each time she forced back the words. Now she gave a faint laugh. "Tessa thinks you are making a great fuss about nothing," she said impatiently. "I went to the Priory, Mr. Bevan, if you must know, because I wanted to ask Mr. Cleveland to do a little business for me in London—that is all." "Oh, that is all!" and Austen looked relieved. "But it was not quite nice—not quite the proper thing for you to go alone to the Priory—was it, Tessa?" he said gravely. "I won't do it any more." Tessa folded her hands and looked up with such a bewitching smile that Austen's brief anger melted away, and he was quite ready to grant pardon to the fair offender. "Very well—I will forgive you this once. The prisoner is reprieved!" he said gaily. Mrs. Callender frowned in indignant contempt. She drew herself up to her full height, and, standing on the hearth rug, made a brief but forcible comparison between the days of her youth and the present degenerate epoch. She remarked that she might not—she had no wish to—but some one else would live to see Austen bitterly repent his present lamentable weakness; and then she stalked out of the room and slammed the door after her. "Thank goodness that she has gone!" Tessa clasped her hands in delight. She looked up at Austen, who was standing leaning against the mantle-piece with a half-amused, half-annoyed look on his face, and danced across the room until she stood by his side. "Tell me," she said, placing her hand on his arm and looking up with well assumed gravity, "was she really such a paragon of a girl? She was very different, I suppose, from—me, for instance." "Very different," Austen laughed as he answered, and he put his hand gently upon the white fingers that rested on his sleeve. "How different?" "In every way. As different from you, Tessa, as a bee from a butterfly." "She always went for woman's missions and rights, and all that sort of thing, I suppose," Tessa went on meditatively. "Mr. Bevan, what did Mr. Callender die of?" "Die of? Typhoid fever, I believe. Why do you ask?" Austen said, with a little surprise in his voice. Tessa laughed. "Oh, I thought it might have been missions!" she said demurely. Austen gave an answering smile, but he shook his head gravely. "Don't talk nonsense, Tessa! Come and look at the moonlight. That is more in your way than missions," he said. Still holding her hand he drew her across the room to the window, drew up the blind, and, opening the heavy sash, let in a flood of the silvery light and a rush of the pure night air full of the scent of the lilac and narcissus. Austen could not help thinking how absurd and improbable it would have seemed six months ago to have imagined himself standing in the moonlight with a girl's fair flushed face near his own and a girl's soft fingers resting confidently in his. It was strange enough now, but it was perilously sweet—dangerously pleasant to him—all the same. Tessa looked at the calm beauty of the landscape in silence for a moment, then gave a little, low sigh. "How glad I am summer is coming! Oh, I hope when I die it will be in the winter!" she said dreamily. "Die! Why, what silly such a dismal thought into your silly head, Tessa?" Austen looked startled and half-alarmed. Death and Tessa—pretty merry Tessa, who enjoyed her life so intensely—seemed so utterly incongruous. Involuntarily he put his arm round her slim waist and drew her closer to him. Tessa gave a little soft laugh—a quick blush. "Oh, I don't know—I am only a butterfly, as you said just now, only a pretty, useless thing, fit for nothing but to flaunt my wings in the sunshine and look pretty! And when the summer is past, you know, the winter comes, and the butterflies die!" "But after the winter the spring comes, Tessa," Austen answered quickly. Tessa gave an odd little sigh. "Ah, but not for the poor butterflies!" she said. She spoke in a half-pathetic, half-laughing voice, Austen, looking down at her, was startled to find that her eyes were full of tears, that her lips were trembling. "Why, Tessa, Tessa! Pray, what is the matter? You must tell me," he said gently.

Tessa could scarcely have told the cause of her tears. Her nerves had been shaken and overstrained by the ordeal through which she had passed that evening, and she felt hysterical and nervous. A vision of the poor mad lady's sad face, of Cleveland's melancholy eyes, rose before her with startling distinctness. It seemed to spoil all the beauty of the summer night; even to disturb the sense of safety and protection which the touch of Austen's strong hand had carried to her doubting mind. "Oh, I don't know—there is so much trouble in life! Why cannot people let one be happy while one may?" she sobbed hysterically. That little pathetic appeal seemed to strike home to Austen's heart—told him that now, the present moment, was the fittest time wherein to plead his suit—to confess the love which filled his heart. Happy! Ah, who could make her so happy as he could? he thought tenderly. Who else would surround her with such unceasing love and care, such unflinching protection and strength? All at once the love which had been so long suppressed in his heart sprang into vigorous life. He refused to be silent any longer. It found words; it spoke; it pleaded its cause in passionate overwhelming words, which startled Tessa and yet filled her with infinite delight. "I could make you so happy, my Tessa! Austen pleaded, as she still stood silent, but with her hands on his face hidden on his shoulder. "I am a great deal older than you, I know; but, for all that, I think I could make you happier than a younger man. What do you say, darling—can you love me? Could you be happy with me?" "I am—always!" Was it only the moonlight which sent such a sweet softened light into Tessa's eyes as she raised them to her lover's face—only the moonlight? Was it not rather the love which her lips were too shy to utter, but which her eyes spoke eloquently enough? "When I am with other people, however much I may be enjoying myself, there is always an odd restless feeling as if I were not quite contented. Now when I am with you it is different—I never want anyone else then—I am quite satisfied." She was silent for an instant out of sheer happiness as she felt Austen's clasp tighten round her waist, felt his lips touch her hair, her lips, and then she looked up with a queer sparkle in her eyes. "Oh, my dear, have you counted the cost?" she said. Have you thought what your sister—what all the Society will say? Oh, Austen, Austen!"—with a judicious imitation of Mrs. Callender's cold accents—"to think that, after all my advice—at your time of life too—you should make such a fool of yourself!" she cried. Austen pulled his moustache disdainfully. "They may call me a fool, or any other term of opprobrium they like—much I care, so long as you love me, my Tessa!" he said. TO BE CONTINUED.

### Took Him Off His Guard.

They were sitting close together in about as dark a corner of the visitors' gallery as they could find, watching the proceedings of a night session of congress. "What is it, Chawley, that man on the platform asked the others?" "That is the speaker, my dear," Charley explained, "he is just getting ready to put the measure before the house to vote, and he asked, 'Are you ready for the question?'" "Yes, Chawley," she sighed, as she drew a little closer, as though to make room for four more visitors on a crowded seat. "Yes, Chawley, I think I am." Then they went out into the calm, starry night. Congress had no more attractions for them.

### A Deaf Mute Belle.

Mrs. Alexander Graham Bell, who is a most youthful looking woman, says a Washington letter, has been a picture herself, at the Garfield fair, in many of her artistic gowns, wearing often a medieval gown of brown velvet, a princess robe girded with heavy silk cords, and the bodice squared back and front, with a guimpe of smoked white silk. It was wonderfully becoming to her, and made her a marked figure in a roomful of women. Mrs. Bell was left deaf and mute after an attack of scarlet fever, and has been taught the lip language so successfully by Prof. Bell that she now articulates distinctly, and can carry on a conversation with ease.

### Women Ranch Owners.

Two Texas women are the largest individual sheep and stock owners in the world, says the Philadelphia Press. One of these, the widow Callahan, owns 50,000 sheep, and when a long train of wagons start out each spring and fall for market, loaded down with the wool of her sheep, it is a sight worth seeing. The other is Mrs. Rogers, the great herd owner of southwestern Texas, who is worth about \$1,000,000. Mrs. Rogers owns no carriage, preferring to ride on horseback in the free-and-easy style of the cowboys.

## SUPERFICIAL SURVEY.

If Gen. Boulanger is a at all romantic he will choose St. Helena as his place of exile. The Prince of Wales intends to make a tour of Egypt after the royal wedding at Athens. Spurgeon contemplates retiring from the pulpit. Then there will be a vacancy in London. Jay Gould has retired from business again in the "absolutely farewell concert" manner. Now comes the report that the Prince of Wales is suffering from disease of the kidneys. Is there nothing in a name? The latest candidate for literary favor is Louisa Palmer Heaton. Mrs. Rose Terry Cooke is now seldom able to leave her room and can do little literary work. More than four-fifths of the children of scholastic age in Boston, attended the public schools. President Harrison's troubles are increasing. Carter Harrison now claims to be his third cousin. Friedrich Spelshagen, the most popular German novelist, recently celebrated his seventieth birthday. Atchison Globe: This town has a man who is so fat that he has to back up to a door in order to knock. Natalie has returned to her own country and is queen of the situation. The population seems to be with her. Wooden vehicle wheels will have to go from wheels will follow on after them. They have made their "debut." The advanced people of Boston will feel humble when they read that Paris has already opened a Buddhist temple. Ex-Secretary Endicott will practice law with his son in Boston. It is not always that a son can do so well for his father. Experiments by a Parisian scientist have proved that daylight entirely ceases in the Mediterranean sea at a depth of 1,518 feet. James Russell Lowell says that he is going to spend the remainder of his life in this country. He is quite pleased with America. Capt Parsons is the oldest living male born in Wilkes-Barre Pa. His yearly rentals from coal lands amount to over \$35,000. A recent writer says, "Socrates was put to death because he was such a bore." He was one of the men who would talk you to death. Speaking of Shakespeare Gath says "I know of no person in any country who stands so far ahead of the rest of the great men belong him. Perry Belmont announces that he will not be a candidate for the seat of the late Sunset Cox, as he has no desire to return to congress. The Gladsstone family believe in the massage treatment. The age and health of the father and mother proclaim that it has been favorable to them. In France there are 36,000 real blind beggars and 10,000 who pretend to be sightless. Thus it is seen that there is fraud in nearly every kind of trade. Disproportionableness contains twenty-one letters. It is poking around through the newspapers now on the ground that it is the longest word in the language. The navy of England has a new national ballad. Henry Russell's song, "A Life on the Ocean Wave," has been adopted as the royal march of Great Britain's mariner. Of biographers there is no end, but no one seems to have improved on Plutarch. He has withstood the test of that most searching of critics, Time. He yet awaits a master. Never travel heavily laden. The Atchison Globe says it is the man who takes but one trip a year who passes down the Main street of a town with the largest valise in his hand. When Miss Upson of Nebraska starts for a point she has the reputation of making it. She is again candidate for school superintendent of Gage county and says she is going to be elected. Henry George is a tireless disseminator of his economic theories. He will soon go to Canada to lecture and from there he will pass to Australia. The burden of his words will be single tax. New Yorkers can now go to the theater at all times of the day. A new Thespian temple has started there and announces that it will be open from 8 o'clock in the morning until 11 at night. George Bancroft has a copy of "Don Juan" which Lord Byron gave him, with an autographic note from the author pasted in it. Some people would be "too moral" to possess or prize such a relic. Missouri's Phoebe Cousins, who has been a long time out of the field on account of ill health, seems likely before many months are past to resume her labor for woman's ballot and the temperance reform. The announcements of the extensive sales of "Looking Backward" begin to crowd credulity to the wall. The publishers say the 122d edition is now on the market and that it has got ahead of "Ben Hur." Wealth can indulge in singular hobbies. Banker Clews of New York has a bath house which cost \$30,000. This will seem extravagance to people who never bathe at all, or who use a t. n basin which costs fifteen cents. An exchange says "Home, Sweet Home," is a very pretty song, but if sung too early in the evening it is liable to hurt the sensitive feelings of the masculine members of the family. There is a time for all things. Traveling on the Lower Hungary railways is to be made an Eden of delight. The companies are planting along the line of their roads Provence roses. In Kansas sunflowers are the travelers' delight or disgust as his taste may be. New York, now there is talk of removing General Grant's tomb to Washington, proposes to erect the monument at Riverview, but it pitifully says, "it must have the aid of the G. A. R. and the country at large." There is nothing small in this matter in New York except its contribution.

London bakers are becoming turbulent and threaten to strike for shorter hours. It is reported that Dr. Peters, the German explorer, and his entire party have been massacred in Africa. An explosion of gas occurred in a colliery at Bernburg, Germany, Nov. 7, killing 10 men and injuring a number of others. John Bush, who located at St. Peter Minn. in 1823, died there Nov. 8, aged 96 years. Bush was the oldest settler in the northwest. The Central Denounced. The Detroit board of trade has adopted resolutions rendering the action of the Michigan Central in obstructing the progress of the union depot project, and congratulating President Van Horn, of the Canadian Pacific, and President Cropp of the Flint & Pere Marquette for their enterprise in extending their respective lines to that city. What Everybody Says must be true, and the universal verdict of those who have used Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup and Strengthening Plasters is that there is no doubt of their curative qualities. E. Larzelers, agent M. C. R. R., Albion, Mich., says he "was cured of Bright's disease" by the use of Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup. Mrs. M. E. Jones, Prairie City, Iowa, says, "For three years I have been afflicted with inflammatory rheumatism and kidney and liver troubles. I have taken Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup and applied their Plasters over my stomach and am entirely cured. It is the greatest remedy that I have ever used." First ask your druggist, should he not keep it we will send on receipt of price, \$1.00 per bottle or six for \$5.00. RHEUMATIC SYRUP Co., Jackson, Mich. It will require \$100,000 to pay the pensions for the next year. A New Kind of Insurance has been put in operation by the manufacturers of Dr. Pierce's medicines. His "Golden Medical Discovery" and "Favorite Prescription" are sold by druggists under the manufacturers' positive guarantee. Either benefit or complete cure is thus attained, or money paid for these medicines is returned. The certificate of guarantee given in connection with sale of these medicines is equivalent to a policy of insurance. The "Golden Medical Discovery" cures all humors and blood taints, from whatever cause arising, skin and scalp diseases, scrofulous sores and swellings. The "Favorite Prescription" cures all those derangements and weaknesses peculiar to women. Don't hawk, hawk, and blow, blow, disgusting everybody, but use Dr. Sarg's Catarrh Remedy. The Negroes of Texas own 1,000,000 acres of land, pay taxes on \$20,000,000 of property and have 4,000 churches and Sunday schools. A Dressmaker's Experience. Dear Sir—As Mr. Human, the druggist, told you, I am a great friend of your remedy. I have used it at intervals during the past twelve years. It carried me safely through the critical period of my life without a single sick day, and it did great things for me in many ways. I always recommend it where I see a case that needs it. It always does splendidly, often accomplishing more than you have ever claimed for it, and more than any one would readily believe who did not personally know the cases. I now consider myself well, but I work hard at my business—dressmaking—and when I am tired and nervous a small dose of Zoa Phos. quiets and rests me. I always have it in my house. Yours truly, Mrs. MARY C. CHANDLER. BATTLE CREEK, Mich., Feb. 20, 1896. To H. G. Coleman, secretary. N. B.—It is equally good at all times of life. Princess Marie, wife of Prince Alexander of Battenburg, died in childbirth at Gratz Nov. 8. If you have ever used Dobbins' Electric Soap during the 24 years it has been sold, you know that it is the best and purest family soap made. If you haven't tried it, ask your grocer for it now. Don't take imitation. There are lots of them. Mrs. Mary F. Shedley of London has given Pittsburg, Pa., 300 acres of land for a park. A Weekly Magazine is really what the Youth's Companion is. It publishes each year as much matter as the four-dollar monthlies, and is illustrated by the same artists. It is an educator in every home, and always an entertaining and wholesome companion. It has a unique place in American family life. If you do not know it, you will be surprised to see how much can be given for the small sum of \$1.75 a year. The price sent now will entitle you to the paper to January, 1891. Address, YOUTH'S COMPANION, Boston, Mass. A pocket cigar case free to smokers of Tanall's French-Cigar. The Allouez mine stamp mill at Houghton has closed for the season. When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria. A convention of temperance societies of Nebraska, Kansas, Iowa, North and South Dakota, will be held in Omaha, Neb., Dec. 8, to form a new "political" organization. \$5,000 for a Wife. One of the greatest stories (founded on fact) ever published, commences in the December (X-mas) number of Godey's Lady's Book, published at Philadelphia. Every woman, married or single, should read it. Ready November 15th. All News-dealers. A statue in memory of the landing of the Prince of Orange was unveiled at Brixham, Eng., Nov. 3. Officers of the U. S. S. Enterprise were present, although it was an Orange display. J. C. SIMPSON, Marquess, W. Va., says: "Hall's Catarrh Cure cured me of a very bad case of catarrh." Druggists sell it, 75c.

# COLD WEATHER

**W**ILL soon be here and no doubt many ladies will find it necessary to provide themselves with a New Winter Cloak and should therefore be interested in knowing where they can get the best value for your money.

**WE** offer a full and Complete line of Ladies, Misses and Childrens Cloaks in all the Latest Styles and weaves and we will guarantee



our Prices to be as low as any house in this state. Our

## \$25 Plush Sack

is a beauty, being made of the very Best Quality Seal Plush with four genuine seal ornaments, and a better garment for the money can not be had. We do not carry in stock cheap plush sacks, but can furnish them on short notice to any one desiring a cheap garment.

You will find it to your interest to call and examine our goods.

# TEICHER & CO.

### Home.

Mrs Sarah Cranmer Kendrick died at her home, Romeo, Mich., after a brief illness, on Monday the 11th inst.

The death of this estimable lady will be felt as almost a personal bereavement by a very large circle of friends in this vicinity where she was so well known. With a former husband, Mr Joseph Clayton, she resided two miles south of Northville for many years, and was connected with the Presbyterian church of this village, and was greatly beloved.

Some years after the decease of her husband Mr Clayton (and about two years ago), she married Mr. E. L. Kendrick, and they have resided at Romeo. The Romeo Observer of that city says: "With the dead and withered leaves of summer nothing beneath our feet, we are called to record the death in our midst of one still in the prime and vigor of womanhood."

Two years ago last April she with her husband took up their residence in Romeo. Naturally a friend to the needy ones, as was evidenced by her frequent watchful care of friendless girls, she was soon as interested in the benevolent and charitable work of the church as were its older members. She associated herself with its missionary societies, accepted offices of trust and responsibility, and, in fact, so identified herself with the work that it is difficult to believe but little more than two years have passed since she came among us. By her quiet unobtrusiveness, her sweetness of manner and of speech, her genial flow of spirits she has endeared herself to many in our community, and there are many hearts here as well as in her other places of residence, that will be saddened by her early death.

She died peacefully, expressing her confidence in her Savior, and sustained by the hope which has inspired her whole life.

### Deeds Recorded in the County

Sylvia Smith to August Loeffler et al., s 25 of the n 29 1/2 ft of lot 4, blk 72, city of Wyandotte, \$300.

William Davis to Eleckander Gillman, s 10 in twp of Eorse, \$600.

Lewis D Harbaugh to Henry J. Letourneau, lots 1 to 5, 24, 25 and 26 Harbaugh's sub of p c 340, twp of Springwells, \$3,100.

Nathan Clifford to Nelson Clifford, 1/2 of the 1/2 interest in 70 acres in the e 1/2 of the s e 1/4 sec 32, in twp of Livonia, \$100.

Lemuel M. Barnes to William C. Chaxton, lot 41, v side Monroe ave., Tait & Harbaugh's addition to the village of Delray, twp of Springwells, \$1,500.

The First National bank to Robert A. Stoke, the slave mill land in village of Bellville, containing 3 acres in twp of Van Buren, \$112.

The Eureka Iron & Steel Works to the Michigan Gas co., lot 21 of the Eureka Iron & Steel Works' sub of the s e 1/4 of section 31 and 32, twp of Eorse, \$450.

William Smith to Michael Hine-man, the e 1/2 of the w 1/2 of the n e 1/4 of section 25, twp of Eorse, \$2,900.

Sophia M. B. Slocum to Henry Newman, lot 6, blk 5, Slocum's 1st's addition to the village of Trenton, \$215.

Maria Marx to the city of Wyandotte, lots 5 and 6 in blk 18, city of Wyandotte, \$260.

Clarissa Zebell to John Zebell, undivided 1/2 of the nw 1/4 of the nw 1/4 of section 4, 25 acres, twp of Sumpter, \$500.

William Steward to George Poet, 20 acres of the n pt of the s e 1/4 of the s e 1/4, section 34 twp of Romulus, \$900.

Andrew Feigunson to Henry C. Engel, lots 4 and 5, section 15, 2, 82 acres, twp of Hamtramck, \$1,500.

James D. Butterfield et al., to George Baier, lot 74 in Galloway & Butterfield sub of pt of fractional sec 28, twp of Hamtramck, \$250.

Henry Koester to Johanna Walther, part of blk 2 in city of Wyandotte, \$4,550.

William W. Hannan to John J. Wideunum, lot 36 of the Belt Lane subdivision of pt of L. Chapoton farm, twp of Hamtramck, \$300.

M. Sage to P. W. Platz, lots 84 and 85, Sage's sub of pt c 718 in twp of Springwells, \$345.

Alexander Monette to Bartram George, lot 13, blk 88, city of Wyandotte, \$650.

### New Advertisements.

Teichner & Co., general merchants; T. G. Richardson, the outfitter; Barnett Bros, the hair; A. P. Rockwell, jeweler; Howard & Wilson, publishers; J. W. Fuller, harness dealer; Nevison, harness maker. Sands & Porter, furniture dealers.

## RICE'S Temperance Hotel !

(Late The Madison)

Cor. Jefferson Avenue and Ralpuodh Street,

Detroit, Mich.  
J. D. RICE, R. C. SPRAGUE,  
Prop. Clerk.

### CENTRALLY LOCATED.

Being within three squares of Brush St. Depot, where passengers arrive by the Grand Trunk, Lake Shore, and the Detroit, Grand Haven and Milwaukee Railroads.

Three lines of Street cars pass the door—Jefferson ave line (which connects with Michigan Central Depot); the Trumbull ave., and the Congress and Baker st. lines. Woodward ave and Fort st lines pass within 2 squares.

MEALS 25 CENTS.  
RATES—Per day, \$1.25 to \$1.50. Rooms without board, 50c, 75c and \$1.00.

**SMITH'S BILE BEANS**

**THE BILIOUS NERVOUS DISORDERS**

Such as Sick Headache, Torpid Liver, Constipation, Malaria, Chills and Fever, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Lost Appetite, Wind on Stomach, and Bowels, Pains in Back, Foul Breath, &c.

A CLEAR, ROSY COMPLEXION, follows the use of SMITH'S BILE BEANS. They remove the acids of bile from the blood and cleanse the system. They are the best medicine for biliousness, and for all the ailments that arise from it. They are sold everywhere, and are the only BILE BEANS that can be trusted.

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE, OR BY MAIL, FOR \$1.00 PER BOX, ONE BOX FREE, BY J. P. SMITH & CO., 501 FIFTH AVENUE, ST. LOUIS, MO.

**GOLD**

Gold is scarce, but those who write to us, on a 10c card, will receive free 100 info on what work which they can do at home that will pay them from \$1 to \$2 per day. Some have earned \$1000 in a year. For every young or old Capital not required. You are started free. Those who start at once are absolutely sure of making little fortunes. All is now.

**H. S. Robinson & Burtenshaw**

**300 SEAMLESS SHOES**

ALL STYLES, ALL SIZES, ALL WIDTHS FOR GENTLEMEN'S WEAR, in Congress, Lace and Button, every pair warranted. Try one pair and you will buy no other.

**H. S. Robinson & Burtenshaw, Detroit.**

**350 SEAMLESS SHOES**

Warranted bottom, full edge for HALF-ROAD MEN, Letter carriers and Policemen. We guarantee durability and ease. If your dealer does not have the kind you want, he can send to us for them.

**H. S. Robinson & Burtenshaw**

**400 SEAMLESS SHOES**

In latest styles, perfect comfort, elegant fitting, flexible, stylish and durable. If your dealer does not have the kind you want, he can send to us for them.

—FOR SALE BY—

**FREE**

**\$55 Solid Gold Watch.**

Sold for \$100, until lately Best & worth in the world. Perfect time-keeper. Warranted. Heavy Solid Gold Hunting Case. In a ladies' and profits extra with works and cases of equal value. One Person in each locality can secure one free, together with our large and valuable line of Household Samples. These samples, as well as the watch, we send FREE, and after you have kept them in your home for 2 months and shown them to those who may have called, they become your own property. Those who write at once can be sure of receiving the Watch and Samples. We pay all express, freight, etc. Address Robinson & Co., Box 912, Portland, Maine.

**BETTER Than EVER.**

Our Photographic work is not only up to our old standard of excellency, but superior in finish to all former work. We are now prepared to finish your work in one week from time of sitting. With excellent work, fair dealing and promptness, our trade is growing each week. We extend you all a cordial invitation to visit our studio and inspect our samples.

**Brown & Co.**