

# The Northville Record

VOL. X. NO. 24.

NORTHVILLE MICH., FRIDAY DECEMBER 6, 1889.

A. C. Walterhouse, Publisher

## Listen to the UNDERWEAR Talking!

## Underwear! Underwear! Underwear!

### All Kinds, Sizes and Prices to suit every class of buyers.

### Ladies, Gentlemen, Misses, Youths, Girls, Boys and Everybody,

See my stock of UNDERWEAR before purchasing, as we are  
showing the largest stock ever shown in Northville,  
thus making a SPECIALTY of that line.

Bear in mind the fact that

## CASH Moves Goods Cheap,

And an examination of my Stock and Prices will convince  
every one that it would be useless to go elsewhere for Bargains  
in Underwear.

ALSO, A BIG LINE OF

## 21c. 21 CENTS. 21c. PER PAIR.

In the LATEST STYLES and COLORS.

They are Beauties and no mistake, and are all the Rage.

The Warmest, Best Wearing and Cheapest Shirt for the money  
in the market.

Fine Line of Flannel Shirts, both Plain and Fancy, at prices  
ranging from \$1.00 to \$2.25.

## 21c. 21 CENTS. 21c. PER PAIR.

What? Yes, a few dozen more of those Extra Heavy All  
Wool Gents' Hose, double Heel and Toe 21 cents  
per pair, or 5 pairs for \$1.00.

## 80c. 80 C. 80c. PER PAIR.

Going like hot cakes Those nice warm 10/4 Rose Bed  
Blankets at 80 cents per pair.

## T. G. Richardson,

THE OUTFITTER, Northville, Michigan

#### LOCAL FENCIBLES.

The beauty and grace of American girls is sung of  
and shouted and printed.  
Their praises come in fast and thick;  
While concerning the charms of American men we  
have never seen anything hinted,  
Therefore we decidedly object.

#### Taxes.

Subscribe.

See what our merchants say.

The Record 14 months for \$1, cash.

We greet our readers next week with  
a ten page journal.

J. Ovenshire is building an addition  
to his store on Main street.

The Record the remainder of the  
year free to all new subscribers.

Woman was made after man, but  
man has been after woman ever since.

\$44,157,973.95 is what is wanted for  
the expenses of the war department  
next year.

We ask our readers to pardon our  
tardiness this week. We will be to the  
front next week.

The W. C. T. U. will meet at the residence  
of Mrs. John Sands, Wednesday  
of next week, at 3 p. m.

Our merchants have been receiving  
large consignments of goods for the  
holiday trade this week.

A woman who favors equal suffrage  
wants to know if it is a crime to be a  
woman. No, but it is not manly. We  
will say no more.

F. A. Hulett of Toledo has opened a  
confectionery store in the Mauk building  
on Main street. He has an attractive  
store. Success.

Phil Phillips, of Reading, Mich.,  
will organize a home talent theatrical  
company to play "Josh Witcomb." Mr. P. and wife take leading characters.

Wm. R. Darling, of this village and  
Miss Millie Woods, of Brighton, were  
married at the residence of the bride-  
groom's father Dec. 2. Rev. Clark  
tied the knot.

H. E. Lake, station agent on the F  
& P. M. RR. at this point, returned  
Tuesday from Lyons, N. Y., where he  
was called last week, by the illness of  
his mother. We are sorry to learn she  
is no better.

Martin Potts will offer a quantity of  
farm and stock implements for sale, by  
public auction on the Chambers farm,  
1 1/2 miles north and west of this village,  
on Wednesday, December 13. Sale at  
9 a. m. sharp.

B. A. Hodge, the popular agent for  
the Allmendinger piano and organ  
company, wishes us to state that he is  
authorized to receive moneys due the  
above company. He will be found at  
the store of Mrs. McRoberts, Center  
street.

At the annual election of Union  
Chapter, No. 55, R. A. M. held last  
Wednesday evening, officers elected:  
C. R. Stevens, H. P.; F. N. Clark, K.;  
Chas. Booth, S.; A. E. McCollough, C.  
H.; E. W. Simmons, R. A. C.; Jno. E.  
Wilcox, P. C.; A. E. Cobb, M. E. V.;  
M. Corter, M. Q. V.; L. W. Hutton, M.  
1st V.; Jno L. Harlan, Sent.

Over heard on our streets one day  
last week. "Mrs. — where did you  
get such lovely goods?" "I got them  
in Detroit." "What did you pay for  
them?" "Only fifty cents a yard."  
"Why, I bought mine here for only  
thirty cents a yard, so you see, if  
you're a mind ter, the difference be-  
tween your railroad fare and mine,  
and when it comes to studying domes-  
tic economy, I'm inclined to look at  
my C—'s interests as well as my  
own."

The ladies' library association will  
give the first of their series of popular  
entertainments Friday evening, Dec.  
13, at the Opera House, at 8 o'clock.  
The admission will be only ten cents.  
It is the intention of the association to  
give a number of entertainments by  
home talent, at the popular price of ten  
cents. The opening concert will con-  
sist of choruses by sunflowers, and  
readings by the celebrated Detroit ar-  
tiste—Miss Emma Abel—who adds to  
fine elocutionary training rare drama-  
tic ability. The program will also be  
varied in other ways. The music is  
under the management of Miss Hattie  
Yerkes, upon whose ability the public  
may rely.

Read anecdotes of the war.

The Record only \$1 per year.

Council proceeding fifth page.

Mrs. Horton is officiating in the post-  
office.

Tom Jenkins was in town the first of  
the week.

The Stanley Air Rifle company have  
commenced filling orders.

The Record from now until Jan. 1st  
1891, for \$1, cash.

Get together your odd pennies, the  
tax collection is on his rounds.

Our columns are always open for all  
to discuss matters of public interest.

Tax receipts at the Record office  
printed to order and bound in books  
of 100.

Mrs. R. C. Simmons entertained a  
company of about thirty persons Tues-  
day.

The Western Rural and Record only  
\$2.50 per year. Subscribe now and get  
the rest of '89 free.

A. C. Smith was quite badly cut on  
the shaper in the Globe Furniture fac-  
tory last Saturday afternoon.

Over 1,000 saloonkeepers in Wayne  
county have paid the \$500 liquor tax.  
Of these 897 do business in Detroit.

The recent social held by the  
Knights of Pythias was a grand suc-  
cess. Their lodge is in prosperous con-  
dition and growing.

W. J. McRoberts has opened a meat  
market in the opera house block, and  
can now supply customers with first-  
class meats. Success to the firm.

Dr. J. M. Armstrong, of Ogden,  
Utah, spent Friday and Saturday of  
last week with friends and relatives  
here. The doctor was a former resi-  
dent of this village.

Over 20,000 postmasters have been  
appointed during the year, of which  
8,854 were on "resignations" and com-  
missions expired, 7,853 were removals;  
553 were on deaths, and 2,770 on estab-  
lishment of postoffices.

At their annual election last evening  
the Knights of Pythias elected the fol-  
lowing officers: J. A. Gibson, C. C.; E.  
R. Reed, V. C. B. G. Webster, P. F.  
A. Miller, M. of F.; W. H. Ambler, M.  
of E.; F. S. Neal, K. of R. and S.; A. K.  
Dolph, M. at A.

Annual meeting of Northville Lodge,  
No. 156, F. & A. M. was held Monday  
evening, and the following officers  
elected: Chas. Booth, W. M.; A. E.  
Cobb, Sen. War; M. Porter, Jun. War;  
Chas. C. Way, Sec'y; B. A. Wheeler;  
Treas.; Wm. Gurr, Sen. Dea.; Wm.  
Young, Jun. Dea.; Jno. L. Harlan, Ty-  
ler.

Will Stewart, an employee in the  
Globe Furniture factory, had his arm  
pretty badly cut on the shaper Tues-  
day. Stewart runs an elevator close  
by the shaper and having a few mo-  
ments to himself, thought he would  
have a visit with the operator of the  
machine. He leaned on the table, and  
somehow slipped, his arm coming in  
contact with the knives inflicting a  
bad flesh wound just above the wrist.

The ladies of the library association  
are very anxious to complete the pur-  
chase of the McKean building, and to  
get fairly settled in their house before  
the last of the month. They hope to  
be able to have all their arrangements  
made and to hold their house meeting  
and reception there New Year's day.  
Now is the time for any one wishing to  
help the town to do a good thing. Six  
per cent guaranteed upon your money.  
Put in five dollars for a Christmas  
present for your boy, and help to keep  
him off from the street.

The report of the building inspectors  
in regard to the safety of the Opera  
House ought to satisfy the most doubt-  
ful of the safety of the building. The  
danger consisted entirely of the weight  
of the roof pushing out the sides and  
letting it fall in. Strong iron rods  
have been placed across the building,  
strengthening and bracing it, so that  
now the building is safer than ever be-  
fore. Some have supposed that the  
floors were weak and that a crowd of  
people was what would cause a col-  
lapse, but the building inspectors as-  
sure us that the floors are plenty strong  
enough to hold any weight that can be  
put upon them. The building is as  
safe when crowded as when empty.  
The only danger was in the roof and  
that has been amply remedied.

For novelty in advertising note the  
illustrated reading notices of the Bis-  
sell Carpet Sweeper Co. appearing in  
our paper—different every week.

The ninth semi-annual apportion-  
ment of primary school interest fund  
shows that there are 627,441 children of  
school age in the state, and the sum  
appropriated is \$484,614.36.

She—Why do you look so unhappy  
Fred?—Don't you know we are one  
now?—He—Yes. I've heard that be-  
fore, but when it comes to paying the  
hotel bill the landlord doesn't seem to  
think so.

#### The Churches.

Rev. Z. Grenell, one of the most elo-  
quent, humorous and interesting min-  
isters in Detroit, will deliver one of his  
popular lectures in the Baptist church,  
on Tuesday evening, Dec. 17th, under  
the auspices of the Young People's so-  
ciety.

#### Safety of the Opera House.

Northville, Dec. 2, 1889.

To the Hon. Village board,  
We your committee as building in-  
spectors have examined the iron rods  
placed in the opera house for the  
strengthening of the roof of the said  
building and report, That in our judg-  
ment it is stronger now than when  
first built. And if heavy bodies of  
snow are kept off there is no danger  
from its use by the public. Yours,  
W. W. BLAIR, Building  
J. K. LOWDEN, Inspectors.

#### BUSINESS NOTES.

##### MERCHANT TAILORING.

New Stock just received. All the  
latest styles. Call and examine my  
\$25 business suits. Pants to order \$4.50  
to \$10.00. All work guaranteed.

CHAS. J. TURLEY,  
Merchant Tailor

##### ALL WOOL

5A Horse Blankets for \$2.15 at J. W.  
Fuller's.

##### NEW MEAT MARKET.

fresh and salt meats. Game in sea-  
son. Prices reasonable.

W. J. McROBERTS.

All the latest styles and improve-  
ments can be found at the Misses Bak-  
er's. Indeed it is the one place to go  
Perfect satisfaction is given and prices  
to meet every ladies approval. First  
floor Macomber building.

Lost—A roll of sheet music. Please  
leave at Ball & Neal's.

##### BUTTERICK PAPER PATTERNS.

at one-quarter off at G. A. Stark-  
weather & Co's, at Plymouth.

Anaesthine cures neuralgia, rheuma-  
tism, headache, pain in the back,  
toothache, etc. instantly. Price 50 cts.  
For sale by G. V. Hueston, State agent,  
Milo E. Marsh, Lansing, Mich.

Having purchased the laundry of F.  
D. Anams, I am now prepared to do  
plain family washing as cheap as can  
be done elsewhere. New improved  
machinery and experienced help.  
Wors called for and delivered. Days  
of delivery, Wednesdays and Satur-  
days. Five work a specialty.

B. A. WEBER, Prop.

Violins, guitars, banjos, finest assort-  
ment, largest stock, lowest prices.  
Best strings for all instruments, assort-  
ed to suit, \$1.50 per dozen, post-paid.  
Cash with orders. Anything in the  
music line sent prepaid to any part of  
the United States. Write us. All-  
mendinger Piano and Organ company,  
Ann Arbor, Mich. Orders from teach-  
ers and the profession solicited. Live  
agents wanted for our pianos and or-  
gans.

##### Holiday Excursion Tickets.

The F. & P. M. railroad company  
will sell holiday excursion tickets from  
any station to any station on their line,  
December 24th, 25th, 31st, 1889, and  
January 1st, 1890, good returning up to  
and including January 8th, 1890, at the  
rate of two cents per mile in each di-  
rection.

##### Nearly Ready.

The Detroit Journal year book for  
1890, will be ready for issue about Jan-  
uary 1st. It will be sent free to all old  
and new subscribers of the Journal. It  
has been thoroughly revised, and near-  
ly all the matter it contains, as well as  
the cover, is entirely new, the latter be-  
ing beautified by an elegant floral de-  
sign. It is a beauty.



Mrs. Diaz.

Wife of the president of Mexico, is the president's second wife. A Mexican writer speaking of her says that she sways the heart and mind of her husband by reason of her talent, her goodness and her beauty. Mrs. Diaz will be remembered by the people of the United States as the bride of a few months who made a tour of this country in 1889. She possesses a tall, willowy, graceful figure, her dark eyes are still brilliant and full of gentleness, and her alabaster complexion is the same.

The question naturally arises "What effect is the change of government in Brazil likely to have upon Portugal?" Dom Pedro returning from the king business is given a fortune by the people over whom he ruled, and is henceforth free from the cares of government. He good old man, goes in peace, but his heirs have some difficulty in reconciling themselves to the loss of the regal and sumptuous life they have promised themselves. The revolution in Brazil has caused discontent in Portugal, and that country is weary of its monarchy, and the presence of Dom Pedro in Lisbon does not tend to allay the excitement. Of the population of nearly five million in Portugal, a very large percentage are illiterate, and the proportion in this age of general education is startling. These people are not well fitted for self-government, but are readily inclined to join in any revolution promising relief to a situation of poverty and ignorance without a parallel in all Europe. That the Portuguese are protesting against their own condition under an illiberal monarchy is shown in the fact that they have commenced, latest of the European nations, the tide of emigration to America. Monarchy in Portugal is doomed.

Bessie Keim, a 13-year-old girl of Philadelphia, is quite a heroine among her young friends. She recently wrote a letter to King Leopold of Belgium, notifying him that her uncle, who had deserted his ship to see his wife die, was lying in prison for his offense, and begging the king to pardon him. The king investigated the matter, discovered that the man had made every effort to get a furlough when notified that his wife was dying, and that after performing the last office for the dead, he sought to get aboard his ship. Failing in this he enlisted on another ship and did faithful service. The king thereupon ordered the release of the prisoner, after six years' confinement, and the prime minister wrote a personal letter to Bessie Keim, telling her that her uncle was free.

In the investigation now in progress in Salt Lake City the Mormons are doing some lively swearing. A leading apostle declared under oath that the church punished murder and impurity with death, but when asked as to the number of his wives was as silent as the grave. His refusal to answer landed him in the penitentiary. The church of the Latter Day Saints must be in desperate straits, when its leaders stand in open court and utter such glaring untruths. Had capital punishment been meted out for impurity, the church would long ago have been wiped out of existence by its own sins.

## THE PHILANTHROPIST.

Nearly everybody in Naples knew the condescending and benevolent old Duke. San Diodato, and nearly everybody loved him.

It was getting dark; the people of fashion were returning from their promenade on the quay. Beautiful women, bold military officers, elegant horseback riders—all of them greeted the Duke with marked attention.

Every one received the same pleasant and benevolent smile, with this difference, however, that in response to a nod from out of the cushions of a carriage, the Duke condescended to bow, while on other occasions he considered a familiar nod, a motion of his hand, a wink of his small and sparkling eyes as sufficient.

The Duke was in an unusual hurry. A magnificent dinner was to take place that evening at Insio's, in which all the dignitaries of the city were to participate. It was almost necessary that the noble philanthropist, the darling of the people of Naples, should be present on that occasion.

His valet, a dress coat decorated with three badges and a low-cut silk waistcoat over his arm, awaited him at home.

"Eccellenza, it is high time!" The Duchess, a stately lady of about the age of 50 years, made her appearance on the threshold.

"You are late, my dear."

He kissed her hand politely and then asked the valet:



"THE SAME WITH ME, MY CHILD."

"Any people waiting for me?"

"Yes, Signore Duca! Shall I send them away?"

"By no means!"

But the Duchess held him by the arm.

"Cher Duc! The Princess of Monteleone's reception is at hand, I can not possibly appear in the same robe for the fourth time."

"You can not? Have it changed a trifle, my dear. You have an excellent taste in such things and always look elegant—always beautiful!"

"Flatterer!" replied the Duchess, smiling without affectation. "But this time I am at the end of my resources. I must have money!"

"The same with me, my child! You can not find a soldo in my pockets. I gave the last I had to a beggar in the Villa Nazionale."

"Then only one way is left for me: I will have to use a sick headache for a pretext."

"Bah! This is a small matter! For what purpose do you keep a dress-maker?"

"There are three robes charged on last year's account."

"That leaves room for a fourth."

Saying this he withdrew to the audience room. A half a dozen people crowded around him.

"Signore Duca—my son!"

"Eccellenza—per pietà!"

"Monsignore—have pity!"

"Adagio—adagio, my children!" interrupted the Duke kindly, taking a seat and wiping his bald head with a silk handkerchief. "Every one in due order. Who was here first?"

"I, Signore Duca!"

An old man in a peasant's jacket, his legs wound in goat skins, stepped forward in a stooping attitude.

"From the country, my dear old friend? What troubles you?"

"Ah, Eccellenza. The King has drafted my son, my only son, into the army to send him into America. When my Peppe is gone, I must starve, poor cripple that I am! I and my three orphaned grandchildren."

"That, the King would regret very much!" The corners of the good old Duke's mouth twitched with emotion, but he tried to preserve his dignity, inquiring harshly for the station, age and name of the applicant and zealously jotting them down in his note book. After a little while, he motioned pleasantly with his hand:

"Addio, my old friend! You shall keep your son and you shall have a better opinion of our most gracious King in future."

The next in order was a man who had been employed on a railway and who asserted that he had lost his situation without fault on his part. The Duke promised to obtain a new situa-

tion for him. His word sufficed to satisfy the man.

The next to approach was a neatly clad, tall young fellow with the genuine face of the lazzarone.

"Is that you, Salvatore?" said the Duke, familiarly. "Have you lost your master again?"

"Eccellenza! my political convictions have induced me to give warning to my former padrone, this Roman, this Garibaldian—"

"Is that so? In other words, you have explored your master's pockets again?"

"No! No! Eccellenza!" replied the fellow, with the airs of hurt innocence, but the cunning sparkle of his eyes betrayed how flattered he felt at the close conjecture of his distinguished protector. "I would prefer to become the cameriere of some patriotic Neapolitan gentleman, to whom I could make myself useful during elections without offense to my own convictions. If Eccellenza would graciously—"

"What? You rascal! My recommendation?" exclaimed the Duke with an expression of moral wrath on his face, but at the same time blinking at him kindly.

"Sissignore, Eccellenza."

"Well! Well!" After a short deliberation, the duke tore a leaf from his note book and wrote the following on it:

"MY DEAR COUNT. Knowing that you are in need of a circumspex valet, I take the liberty to recommend the bearer of these lines to you as such; he is an authority among the Camorristi and a political power among the people of Mercato—otherwise he is a thief of the first quality."

"THE DUKE OF SAN DIODATO." The young fellow received the carefully sealed communication with delight and kissed the Duke's hand.

Then the Duke turned to a pale young woman who was endeavoring to cover her thin shoulders and the patches on her dress with a large, unclean, black shawl.

"What is your desire, my dear woman?"

"Oh, Eccellenza, I am starving, together with my two children who are sick with fever!" She prostrated herself at his feet. "My husband has been sick a long time and can not find work."

"Very well. You send him to me to-morrow. We need a porter in our club. If your husband can fill the situation he shall have it."

The woman was profuse with her thanks.

"Have you anything to eat for this evening, cara mia?" the Duke asked, tenderly.

"How could we, Eccellenza—?"

The Duke passed his hand over his eyes hastily. They were moist. He thought of the feast to come. His hands instinctively groped in his pockets.

Then his glance fell upon the last of the applicants. He was his tailor.

"Is that you, Jerrucci? I have no small change about me. Give the poor woman five lire!"

He arose and rubbed his hands with satisfaction. After some hesitation, Jerrucci pulled out his purse and gave the woman several pieces of silver.

"Signore Duca, Eccellenza—here are four! I have no more—"



"YOURS, IN LIFE AND IN DEATH!"

"Good! good! honest Jerrucci! That will do for this evening: will it not, my little woman?" He patted her cheek in a fatherly way. "You shall be cared for to-morrow—"

And now he was alone with his tailor.

"Well, Jerrucci?"

"Oh, Eccellenza, I am in need of money! If you would be so kind—the little account of last year—"

The Duke interrupted him impatiently:

"But, Jerrucci! Don't occupy my time with such insignificant matters! Don't you see that I have not a moment to lose?"

"Eccellenza, my rent is due to-morrow! My landlord threatens—"

"He does! If the fellow dares to molest you, I will make it disagreeable for him! You tell him that I, the Duke of San Diodato, hold you in high esteem! Do you understand? And now addio, Jerrucci! We will talk about this some other time."

The tailor went—vexation and care had left his heart entirely. There was even a faint smile of satisfaction on his thin and yellow face.

The establishment of Irisio Brothers lies on the shore of Posillipo, on a rock that reaches some 50 yards into the sea. Here a party of distinguished gentlemen were assembled around a magnificently-prepared banquet.

"The sea murmured gently." The crack of champagne bottles was heard now and then. There were toasts in prose and toasts in verse, accompanied by the soft notes of the mandolina.

During the last course the minstrels withdrew to the long balcony, where the coffee and cigarettes were to be served to the guests afterward. The company was to rise from the table amidst the sounds of the Italian national hymn. Suddenly the Duke of San Diodato left the table and the hall.

The head waiter with his dress coat and white necktie, who was superintending the banquet from the distance, like a gentleman, and served nothing with his hands except perhaps some cigarettes, came to meet him with zealous politeness.

"I say, Curline," whispered the duke, "just hand me a 20-franc piece. It is impossible to arouse enthusiasm with these shabby bank notes. Now you shall see how I remember my poor friends!"

When he re-entered the hall the noise of the moving chairs was beginning to intermingle with the last notes of the national hymn.

The duke raised his full and dignified voice. "One moment, gentlemen!"

De Staglio, a talented journalist and one of the duke's partisans, whose large intellect and small conscience were admired and feared in all Naples, poked his neighbor, Onorevole Ucheri, his friend and rival, in the side and said jeeringly:

"Our good old Duke is becoming pathetic. I wager that he has some roguery in petto."

"My friends!" said the Duke, with emotion, "I saw a poor woman shed tears to-day, the recollection of which burns on my conscience while I am within this gleeful circle surrounded by affluence and luxury. The man who can feast while he beholds his fellow-man starve is a heartless creature! Could I do otherwise, gentlemen, than to promise help to this unfortunate woman, whose husband and children are stricken down by sickness? Knowing your humane sentiments, my dear friends, I take the liberty to beg of you that you assist me in this charitable act. Allow me to set you an example!"

He seized a silver platter with a rest of macaroons on it, emotioned them on to the table cloth and then dropped his gold piece into it noisily. The head waiter, overcome by admiration of this princely munificence, saw from a distance how the platter gradually filled with gold pieces. None of the distinguished guests would have his generosity appear inferior to that of others. De Staglio excepted. With the jeering look of a Mephistopheles that was peculiar to him, he placed some silver pieces on the platter, and smiled ambiguously.

"My Duke!" he said, "we people of the press are the gypsies among the aristocrats of the mud; we have nothing that we can call our own, and we can get and give what we have."

The Duke was moved, and shook him by the hand.

The journalist made a wry face, and whispered to his neighbor at the left.

"He is uncommonly tender and affectionate, our good old Duke! He must be in an awfully tight pinch!"

"I hasten, gentlemen," exclaimed the Duke, "to make a needy family happy! I will return in half an hour. Water! my carriage!"

The head waiter respectfully opened the door of the antechamber for him and the Duke handed him a gold piece: "Ecco! Carmino! Grazie!"

On the following morning the Duchess was surprised by the present of a new robe from her husband. The amiable lady thanked him, tenderly kissing him on both cheeks, but she was a great deal too sensible and experienced to inquire whence the blessing had come.

## The Mountain Sphinx.

In Surrey county, North Carolina, there is a natural curiosity in the shape of a mountain resembling the famous sphinx in all its details. It lays east of the Blue Ridge mountains, on the Piedmont plains, like a gigantic lion; its body at right-angles to the ridge with head reared aloft as if in the act of rising. The head is of solid rock, several hundred feet in height, shoulders and breast are finely proportioned and at a distance of a few miles it looks like a thing of life and intelligence. It rises about 1,500 feet above the plain and can be seen for a distance fifty miles.

## SUPERSTITIOUS MORMONS.

## The Younger Generation Takes Little Stock in It.

When sickness comes to a saint's family he does not send for a physician; he calls in the elders of the Church and they anoint the sick person with oil and pray over him. If he gets well, the cure is attributed to the prayers and the laying on of hands; if he dies, there is the sweet consolation that it was the will of the Lord that he should pass away. Mormon women tell wonderful stories of cures they have seen or heard of. The World correspondent listened to a Bishop's wife tell of her conversion.

It took place at Richmond, Mo. She was dying; the physicians could do no more for her. While awaiting her last moment her eyes opened to the beauties of the Mormon faith and she asked to be received into the Church. It was winter and cold as the Arctic circle, but two of the elders carried her to a stream, broke the ice and ducked her in. Then they prayed over her and she got well. Now she is one of six wives that own the same hubby. A daughter of Brigham Young, who made her debut on the stage with Julia Dean in the Salt Lake Theatre, was also cured by the power of prayer. President Taylor, in his last sickness, would not permit a physician to be brought to his bedside. His ailment was dropsy, but he insisted on curing it by the Mormon method. Elders anointed him, laid on hands and prayed over him, but the dropsy grew and death continued its approach. Progressive Mormons, of whom there are a few here, pleaded to have a regular physician brought into the case, but Taylor said no, and it was not until the president was unconscious that they succeeded in getting a doctor to his bedside, who tapped him.

The young women and the young men have imbibed Gentile ideas and do not think that they are able to support two or more wives therefore they are satisfied with one. The young women openly declare themselves against polygamy. The World correspondent heard the beautiful wife of a son of Bishop Clawson say that if her husband dared to think of taking a second wife she would pull all his hair out, and if after that he brought wife No. 2 in anyhow she would scratch her eyes out.

## What the Scientists Say.

Science has added much to our comfort, but it has also made people uncomfortable. In the opinion of the Atlanta Constitution the fact is, we know too much. Our grandfathers drank milk and ate beef and mutton with a genuine relish. But we of the present generation find that the scientists have placed nearly every article of diet under the ban. We are told that the animals whose flesh is used for food are subject to pulmonary consumption. When we devour them we contract the disease. Eighty per cent of the meat sold in London is said to be affected with tuberculosis. In Glasgow it is even worse. Milk it is almost unnecessary to say, is similarly affected.

It is true that these discoveries of the experts have not placed any new dangers in our way, but they have made people uneasy and discontented.

We must not subject everything in life to a too rigid a scrutiny. Doubtless there is poison in the air we breathe, the water we drink and the food we eat, but why think about it? The average duration of life has been steadily increasing for centuries in spite of this talk about death in the pot. This shows that the conditions under which we live are not unfavorable enough to be very alarming.

Let the scientists have their say, and let them quit eating if they feel like it. The average man has his work to do, and with his natural appetite, cannot be too particular. If he knows what is good for him he will not spend his time staring at his food through a microscope. The thing for him to do is to eat, drink, sleep and be merry after the fashion of his ancestors, without bothering himself about the discoveries of the scientists. He will live just as long as the health experts will have more fun.

## The Location of the Soul.

The soul, says Dr. A. H. Stevens of Philadelphia, is located in the corpus callosum, a little spongy body situated at the base of the brain, which has defied the efforts of physicians in their endeavors to ascertain its uses in the human anatomy. "The corpus callosum," said the doctor, "is the seat of the imperishable mind, and is the great reservoir and storehouse of electricity, which is abstracted from the blood in the arterioles and conveyed through the nerves up the spinal cord to the corpus callosum."



## SUPERFICIAL SURVEY.

A manual training school is to be started at Boston.

They are making gloves now out of eel skins—light.

Turquoise hearts are popular now. They are used for sleeve buttons.

Large deposits of asphaltum have been found on the island of Cuba.

A wife killed in Joliet turned out 110 tons of wire daily, working day and night.

There is hardly an idle mill in Pennsylvania; a year ago there were thirty.

There are very few natural politicians nowadays. They are all "machine made."

American railway builders are to lay suburban railroad tracks around the City of Mexico.

The National Board of Trade is against interfering with the International Commerce law.

Chicago is going to have two grand elevated railroads that will cost \$300,000 per mile to build.

Nearly all of the Southern cotton factories are heavy buyers of cotton, in view of a probable further advance.

There are more Jews in New York than in Jerusalem. They exhibit no desire "to get together" in Palestine.

This is a fighting country, but it makes no unnecessary display of itself. Still it occasionally spreads itself.

Several Eastern manufacturers propose to follow the example of the Troy stove founders and go to Illinois.

The New York World building will be thirteen stories high; the foundation will be thirty five feet below the street.

Building and loan associations are making wonderful headway, and are stimulating habits of economy among the people.

Isabella, the ex-queen of Spain, is sixty years old. She is not quite so naughty now as she was at thirty, but still carries her faults well.

The boot and shoe manufacturers of New England are hurrying to fill orders that are crowding upon them; many shops are working until 9 o'clock at night.

Turkey has just ordered 6,000,000 cartridges from a Connecticut firm. Turkey would do better ordering something else than stuff to kill people with.

The placer mines of the northwest are declining. Of the \$1,240,000 in gold produced in Montana last year 75 per cent of it was taken from the quartz mines.

The great and little manufacturers all over the country are crowded with shop, mill and factory work, and overtime is quiet common in cities and towns.

Now and important enterprises are multiplying by the thousands, in all sections of the country, capital is soaking into the ground as rain silt into sandy soil.

Miss Clara Barton, the philanthropist, is the only person in America entitled to wear the Iron Cross of Prussia in the name of humanity she is worthy of every honor.

Business men and financiers alike are coming to recognize the fact that more money will soon be needed to meet the extraordinary expansion of trade in progress.

There is a great rush of Northern skilled labor into the Southern States, where better wages and more favorable opportunities are offered. Alabama is the favorite field.

All the dry goods manufacturers of the New England and Middle States are preparing for a large production of spring goods, in view of the booming demand that is expected.

Idaho seems to be getting along in defiance of the weather clerk, who does not always send the "rain upon both the just and the unjust." The territory has 2,400 miles of irrigating ditches.

A barbed wire trust is to be formed, to oblige the farmers and others to pay more for wire. The company will absorb all lesser companies, and have a capital of ten to twelve million dollars.

An elephant recently died in Ceylon which had served the public works department for over sixty-five years, and had previously worked in various parts of the island for an unknown period.

Fortress Monroe is the largest single fortification in the world. It has already cost the American government over \$3,000,000. The water battery is considered one of the finest military works in the world.

Steward Zinn, of the York County, Pa., almshouse, has an interesting freak of nature. It consists of six ears of corn grown together, something after the manner of the Siamese twins, from one stem.

Hugh Smith, of Keating, Pa., recently shot two catamounts within a few yards of his home. The animals were chased down from the woods, and at last took refuge in a tree to the rear of Smith's house.

The new south is going on from more to more. The number of cotton mills in the southern states has been more than doubled since 1881. There are 226 mills in the south, consuming 25,000 bales of cotton.

Baggage snuffers should take as a warning the fate of William Kelly, a Lake Minnetonka porter, who dropped a trunk, when a revolver in it was discharged, shooting Kelly through the head, killing him instantly.

It is a curious fact, brought out by the New York commissioners of labor statistics, that prison estimates of the amount of food needed to sustain life are more liberal than estimates for persons dependent on public charities.

Seven cartoons, supposed to be by Raphael, are now on exhibition in Paris at George Petit's gallery. They are supposed to have been done at the same time as the paper cartoons at Hampton court and South Kensington.

The latest development of the advertising art comes from Paris, where an enterprising publisher has employed a large corps of sandwich men to advertise a book by walking down the boulevards reading it with rapt attention.

The Pullman Palace Car company have built in a year 111 palace cars, costing nearly two and one-half million dollars. They are now building 64 more. During the past twelve months they have turned out cars worth nearly nine million dollars.

## LEFT-LEGGED HUMANITY.

Why a Man when Lost Always Travels Around in a Circle.

Professor Ball, in "Le Dualisme Cerebral," speaks of man as a right-handed animal. Being right-handed, it is popularly assumed that he is also right-legged, but this does not appear to be the case. Standing—working with the right hand, there is a tendency to use the left leg for balance. Many people find less exertion in going round circles to the right than to the left. Race tracks are nearly always made for running circles to the right. So the majority of movements are more readily performed to the right, as dancing, running, etc. The rule in walking is to keep to the right, and this appears to be almost universal.

It is more natural to bear to the right. Of a large number of people from the better educated classes are asked about the existence of the rule, only sixty-seven per cent males and fifty-three per cent females were aware of the rule; the large majority obey it unconsciously in walking. Crowds tend to bear to the right. The left leg being the stronger, it is more readily brought into action; hence troops start off with the left foot; it is the foot which is placed into the stirrup of the saddle or step of the bicycle in mounting; so the left foot is the foot from which a man starts in jumping.

In the experiments of G. H. Darwin, blind-folding boys and telling them to walk straight, the right-handed one diverged to the right and vice versa. From measurements of Dr. Garson of the skeletons of two legs, in 54.8 per cent the left was the longer and 35.8 the right. For measurements of the feet the writer collected the drawings and measurements of 200 pairs with the result that in 44 per cent the left was longer, in 21.5 per cent the right, and in 34.5 per cent they were the same size. Measurement at the first joint gave 56 per cent left large, and at the instep 42.5 per cent. From the table of the figures it is observed that the left foot is more frequently the larger in the male than the female sex, and the percentage of feet of the same size is greater in the female. The percentage of the right larger than the left is very constant, whereas the number of the left larger and those in which both feet were the same size are much more variable.

Man, being naturally or artificially right-handed and left-legged, tends unconsciously to bear to the right. Lower animals, on the other hand, appear nearly always to circle to the left.

### Marriage Anciently.

The Hebrews had a beautiful and elevated idea of the marriage relation, the Greeks had not. Sparta cared nothing for the sanctity of marriage, and it was considered customary and reputable for men to give their wives over to their friends. Aristotle speaks of men buying wives from one another. Homer refers to the fact that the father was the owner of the child until she was beyond his control, and was paid for her in cattle, and this was called cattle-finding. A Trojan ally, who was slain by Agamemnon, had given 100 cattle to obtain a wife, and then promised 1,000 head of sheep and goats besides. If the wife proved unfaithful the husband could demand back the price. Under the Roman law a dowager had to go with the wife.

Affinity and consanguinity were formerly, in some countries, greater objections to marriage than now. Gregory forbade the marriage of cousins. The Church of England does not forbid such marriages. Some of our states do and some do not. The romantic Cleopatra was a daughter of a brother and sister, and she wedded her younger brother, according to the custom of the Ptolemies. Many authorities claim that marriage to cousins is not detrimental where there had not been such marriages in the family before.

The marriage ceremony has differed in all ages. Among the ancient Hebrews marriage began with the betrothal, but no formality was required. By his teaching Christ became a legislator on this subject and ennobled the relation more than it had ever been in the world's history.—Cin. Com. Gazette.

### The Harvest.

We look abroad on thrifty fields  
Spread over hill and plain,  
And ask just how the harvest comest  
How grows the golden grain?

Did not the farmer plow and sow,  
And God His promise keep,  
No thrifty fields there'd be to view;  
No golden grain to reap.

Man plants the seed, God makes it grow,  
The bounteous harvest sends,  
'Tis God and man, co workers, they  
Achieve such wondrous ends.

### Lucky People.

Campbellville, (Ky.) Times-Journal Nov 6

When it was stated that Wm. and W. P. Fawcett had ticketed No. 63,556 which last month drew the First Capital Prize of \$300,000 in the Louisiana State Lottery and had received their money—\$15,000—a great many persons thought it was a joke. The Times-Journal man, wishing to know the truth of the matter, saw the parties and was assured that the report was correct. They received the money last Friday week by draft, which was paid by the Bank of Campbellville at this place. It is certainly a large investment for a dollar. They have for several months been buying one or two twentieth tickets in this Lottery and stated to us that they had always drawn enough money to pay for their tickets up to the time of drawing the capital prize.

It will be remembered that some time ago, Mr. Sam Frank Spencer of our neighboring town, Greensburg, drew \$15,000 in the Louisiana State Lottery and that several times the adjoining county, of Marion has been lucky in holding tickets drawing from \$500 to \$15,000.

The trial of M. Corvelan, proprietor, and M. Delauney, engineer, of the cartridge factory in Antwerp, in which an explosion, disastrous to life and property, occurred last September, ended in their conviction of manslaughter by imprudence. M. Corvelan was sentenced to four years and six months' imprisonment and M. Delauney to 13 months' imprisonment, and a fine of \$2,500 was imposed in each case.

Do you value the health and comfort of your children? Then guard them against croup by taking hold of that cough or cold at the start, and relieving the inflammation with Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. If they have the whooping cough do what you can to alleviate their pain by giving them Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. All children love it.

A free trade club has been organized in Grand Rapids.

Farmers will find that Salvation Oil is a sure remedy for treated feet. All druggists keep it. It is sold for 25 cents a bottle.

William Porter of Mosheville was killed by a falling tree in a lumber camp in Oscoda county the other day.

## Hibbard's Rheumatic and Liver Pills.

These Pills are scientifically compounded, uniform in action. No gripping pain so commonly following the use of pills. They are adapted to both adults and children with perfect safety. We guarantee they have no equal in the cure of Sick Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Biliousness; and, as an appetizer, they excel any other preparation.

Frank Koob of Nezaunee was killed by the cars the other day.

### How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by taking Halls Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props, Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

West & Trust, Wholesale Druggists Toledo, Ohio. E. H. Van Hoesen, Cashier Toledo National Bank, Toledo, Ohio.

Halls Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle sold by all Druggists.

Howard City will put in a water works system.

### Tourists.

Whether on pleasure bent or business, should take to every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50c and \$1.00 bottles by all leading druggists.

Children Starving to Death.

On account of their inability to digest food, will starve to death. Marvellous food and remedy Scott's Emulsion. Very palatable and easily digested. Dr. S. W. Cohen, of Waco, Texas, says: "I have used your Emulsion in infantile wasting. It not only restores wasted tissues, but gives strength and increases the appetite."

James O'Connor of Kulamawoo sues Frank Wagner, a conkepper, for selling liquor to him, who is a minor.

Millions of women use Dobbins' Electric Soap daily, and say it the best and cheapest. If they are right you ought to use it. If wrong, one trial only will show you. Buy a bar of your grocer and try it next Monday.

William Granger, a Port Huron merchant, has become insane.

'Tis sad to see a woman growing old before her time.

All broken down and hopeless when life should hold its prime;

She feels herself a burden when a blessing she should be.

And longs for death to bring her release from misery.

If these poor, discouraged women who suffer from diseases peculiar to women could only know that health could be regained by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, how eagerly they would hasten to know it, and try it. Every woman who is still healthy ought to be told about the wonderful virtue in this medicine, and understand that it is a safeguard against the terrible diseases common to her sex. It is guaranteed to give satisfaction or money paid for it will be refunded.

Cleanse the liver, stomach, bowels and whole system by using Dr. Pierce's Pellets.

The smoker's delight—Tinsell's Punch.

To-Night and To-Morrow Night.

And each day and night during this week you can get at all druggists Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, an ointment to be the most successful remedy ever sold for the cure of Coughs, Croup, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Asthma and Consumption. Get a lot to-day and keep it always in the house, so you can check your cold at once. Price 50c and \$1.00. Sample bottles free.

**St. Jacobs Oil**  
Cures PROMPTLY AND PERMANENTLY RHEUMATISM.

For 20 Years.  
Pilot Knob, Mo., September 3, 1888. I suffered with chronic rheumatism in my knees and ankles for twenty years and had to use crutches. I was treated at times by several doctors but was finally cured by St. Jacobs Oil. Have had no return of pain in three years.  
HENRY P. TRAVERS

At Druggists and Dealers  
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

**SICK HEADACHE**  
CARTERS' LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.  
CARTER MEDICINE CO., NEW YORK.

To Those Interested.  
Hastings, Mich., April 22, 1899.

Rheumatic Syrup Co., Jackson, Mich. Gents: This is to certify that I had been troubled with rheumatism in all its forms for the past twelve years, and was confined to my bed at various periods from three to six months at a time, and I could get about only by the aid of crutches. I employed several first class physicians of this city, none of whom effected a cure or gave temporary relief even.

About two years ago I was induced to try Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup, and, after taking a few bottles, I experienced relief, and now consider myself cured. I have itingly recommend this medicine for rheumatism. I know what it has done for me, what physicians could not do, i. e. cured me of rheumatism.

Mr. H. J. KENFIELD.  
I certify to the above statement  
FRED L. HEATH, Druggist.

Storm Calendar and Weather Forecasts for 1899, by Rev. J. R. Hick, mailed to any address on receipt of a two-cent stamp—The Dr. J. H. McLean Med. Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Have You Seen Libby Prison?  
A most beautiful handsomely colored picture mailed to advertise the prison at Chicago. See the advertisement of Libby Prison War Museum in this paper.

Agents.  
John Worth, of St. Louis, wants you to write him for particulars free. Agents are coming money selling the Missouri Steam Washer. Sent on trial. Gives satisfaction everywhere. Territory exclusive.

Oregon, the Paradise of Farmers.  
Mild, equable climate, certain and abundant crops. Best fruit, grain, grass and stock country in the world. Full information free. Address the Oregon Immigration Board, Portland, Ore.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell it. 25c.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.  
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.  
When she became a Woman, she clung to Castoria.  
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR

IS A SPECIFIC FOR PAINFUL, FUSE, SUPPRESSED, SCANTY, IRREGULAR MENSTRUATION OR MONTHLY SICKNESS. IF TAKEN DURING CHANGE OF LIFE GREAT DANGER OF SUFFERING WILL BE AVOIDED. BOOK TO WOMAN MAILED FREE. BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO. ATLANTA GA. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

THE BEST REMEDY FOR CHILDREN

COLD IN HEAL

SNUFFLES

OR CATARRH HAY-FEVER

A particle is applied into the nostril and is agreeable. Price 50c. at Druggists, by mail registered. Send 4c. to E. L. Loomis, 100 West 10th St. New York.

WEBSTER

BEST HOLIDAY GIFT

For Father, Parent, Teacher, Child, Friend.

3000 more Words and nearly 2000 more Engravings than any other American Dictionary.

1. is an invaluable companion in every school and at every fireside.

GET THE BEST.

Sold by all Bookstores. Illustrated Pamphlet with specimen pages, etc., sent free. G & C MERRIAM & CO., Publishers, Springfield, Mass.

THIS "OHIO" IS THE GREAT TUBULAR WELL AND PROSPECTING MACHINE

famous for succeeding where others have failed.

SELF CLEANING. Drill drops 60 to 90 times a minute.

CATALOGUE FREE. LOOMIS & NYMAN, TIFFIN, OHIO.

Write to what work you wish to do with a well machine.

ALL ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY.

THE FOLDING SAW.

COMPARATIVELY A NEW INVENTION.

25,000 NOW SUCCESSFULLY BEING USED

Actually saves the labor of one man. Adopted by all foreign countries as well as the U. S. Write for Descriptive Catalogue, containing testimonials from hundreds of people who have saved thousands of dollars on earth. Thousands sold yearly. Agents can be had where there is a vacancy. A New Invention for filing saws sent free with every machine, by the use of this tool everybody can file their own saws now and do it better than the greatest expert can without it. Adapted to all cross-cut saws. Everyone who owns a saw should have one. Ask your dealer or write FOLDING SAWING MACHINE CO., 401 S. Canal St., Chicago, Ill.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

Best Cough Medicine. Recommended by Physicians. Cures where all else fails. Pleasant and agreeable to the taste. Children take it without objection. By Druggists.

WANTED TO SOLICIT ORDERS FOR RELIABLE NURSERY STOCK. Call on your old friends, the old and young, and give good value weekly. Handsome Outfit furnished free. Write BROWN BROS., Nurserymen, 4 to 9 Times Building, Chicago, Ill. (This notice is reliable.)

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many doctors' bills. It is a truly delicious and of such a nature that it can be taken at any time, and in any quantity, and it is a most valuable and healthful food, and a properly nourished frame."

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins, by Grocers, labelled thus: JAMES EPPS & CO., Homoeopathic Chemists, London, England.

TAR-OLD

A new method of compounding Tar.

SURE CURE FOR PILES, SALT RHEUM and all Skin Diseases. Send 3 stamps for Free Sample Book. Book 3000, 73 Randolph St., Chicago. Price, 10c.

DROPSY TREATED FREE.

Positively Cured with Vegetable Remedies. Have cured many thousands cases. Cure patients pronounced hopeless by the best physicians. From first dose symptoms rapidly disappear, and in ten days at least two-thirds of all symptoms are removed. Send for free book of testimonials of miraculous cures. Ten days treatment furnished free by mail. If you order trial send 30 cents in stamps to pay postage. DR. H. H. GREEN & SONS, Augusta, Ga. If you order trial return this advertisement to us.

TOWER'S FISH BRAND WATERPROOF COAT

Giles Bros. & Co., Jewelers.

OPTICIANS. Send for our perfected method of Self fitting Spectacles.

STATIONERS. Try our \$1.00 Box of Stationery. Illustrated Catalogue to the trade. GILES BROS. & CO. 201 State St. Chicago.

CLUB SKATES 75c. this is LESS than any other Club Skates.

with automatic lever fastenings. Superior steel runners—no ice or snow on bolts or pins. \$2 to \$12. Full Sporting Goods and Skate Catalogue FREE. JENNEY & GILMAN GUN CO. 51 State Street, Chicago.

I prescribe and fully endorse this as the only specific for the certain cure of this disease. G. H. INGRAM, M.D., Chicago, Ill.

W. N. U. D.—VII—49.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS.

Red Cross Diamond Brand.

The only reliable pill for sale. Safe and pure. Ladies, ask Druggists for the Diamond Brand. Take one or two. Send for full particulars and "Relief for Ladies." A letter to a medical expert will be sent free.

Chichester Chemical Co., Malpas Sq., Philadelphia, Pa.

TRAVELING MEN WANTED!

To represent whole-sale houses of the large cities. Salary \$1,000 to \$1,500. We have a cash \$500. Inexpensive. Call on us at 100 N. Dearborn St. Chicago. For the first year good position waiting. Write enclosing resume to Travelers' Employment Bureau, Chicago, Ill.

Don't fail to visit the LIBBY PRISON WAR MUSEUM, CHICAGO, and ten cents extra for a highly interesting "Picture Illustration of the Prison." Address: Libby Prison War Museum, Chicago, Ill.

PENSIONS

If you want your pension, send your name and address to the Pension Department, Washington, D. C.

KIDDER'S PASTILLES.

WIVES

HOME STUDY Bookkeeping. Penmanship. Arithmetic. Short-hand. etc., thoroughly taught by mail. Teachers' Circular free. BRYANT'S COLLEGE, 41 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.

OPIMUM

MAGIC REMEDY

AGENTS

When writing to Advertisers please say you saw the advertisement in this Paper.

## The Northville Record.

EVERY FRIDAY MORNING,

A. C. WALTERHOUSE, PROPRIETOR.

TERMS \$1.00 Per Year

Advertising rates made known on application. Business notices five cents per line for each insertion. Marriage, birth, death and church notices inserted free. Obituary comments, resolutions, cards of thanks, poetry, etc., charged for at the rate of five cents per line. Communications from every town and school district in the county is solicited. Anonymous communications not inserted under any circumstances.

### JOB PRINTING

Our material is new and of the latest styles. Satisfaction, both in price and quality of work.

## F. & P. M. Time Card.

IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 17, 1899.

NORTH 3:55, 5:39 a. m., 2:25, 6:43 p. m.  
SOUTH 1:33, 9:25 a. m., 2:45, 8:58 p. m.

### HOTELS

**THE PARK HOUSE.**  
Northville, Mich.  
F. D. Butler, Prop. Good sample rooms.  
Rates \$1.50 to \$2.50 per day.

### PROFESSIONAL.

**MISS NETTIE YERKES** solicits pupils in painting and charcoal drawing from still-life and other studies. Terms 15 cents an hour. Studio in Woodman block.

**E. N. ROOF, DENTAL PARLORS.** Opposite the Ransom Block, on Center street. All work guaranteed and prices reasonable.

**C. M. THORNTON, Jr., Auctioneer.** Having had years of experience in handling farm produce and considerable experience as an auctioneer, I am qualified to handle all kinds of real estate and personal property. Address me at Northville, Mich., or arrangements can be made at the Ransom office.

**W. WORTH WENDELL** Attorney at Law. Notary Public. Deeds and Mortgages drawn. Wills drafted. Collections made. Office in Conkey block, Northville, Mich.

**J. B. BOAR, DENTAL PARLORS** OVERTON Bldg. on Main St., Northville, Mich. Satisfaction guaranteed on all kinds of dental work. Teeth extracted without pain by use of vitalized air.

**E. R. REED - NOTARY PUBLIC.** Especial attention to conveying and drawing of wills.

### SOCIETIES.

**G. A. R. ALLEN M. HARMON POST, NO. 318.** G. A. R. Department of Michigan, meets every alternate Friday. Visitors made welcome. E. K. SIMONDS, Com. J. R. LOWERY, Adgt.

**CHOSEN FRIENDS** - Union Council No. 5, meets in Chosen Friends hall the second and fourth Tuesday evening of each month at 7:30 o'clock. E. G. WEBSTER, C. W. H. AMBLER, Sec'y.

**K. NIGHTS OF RHYTHAS** meet every Thursday night at their Castle Hall in Ambler's building. Lodge opens at 8 o'clock sharp. O. F. CARPENTER, C. C. H. BOWEN, E. K. R. & S.

### CHURCHES.

**Baptist** Hours of Service on Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School at close of the morning service. Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7:30. Strangers are invited. Young Peoples Meeting meets every Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock. REV. L. G. CLARK, Pastor.

**Presbyterian** Sunday Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School immediately after morning service. F. B. Seal, Supt. Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7:30. Class meeting on Sunday at 6:30 p. m. and Tuesday at 7:30 p. m. Strangers are invited to all services. REV. A. S. BIGELOW, Pastor.

**Methodist Episcopal** Hours of Service, 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School immediately after morning service. F. B. Seal, Supt. Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7:30. Class meeting on Sunday at 6:30 p. m. and Tuesday at 7:30 p. m. Strangers are invited to all services. REV. A. S. BIGELOW, Pastor.

**SICK HEADACHE.** Loose's Red Clover Pills cure sick headache, dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, 25c per box, 5 boxes for \$1. For sale by Geo. C. Hueston.

**A KNIGHT OF THE GRIP.** R. A. Hyman, a traveling man of Grand Rapids says: After months of suffering with a very stubborn case of eczema, or fever sore on my leg, and consulting and taking treatment from a score or more physicians all over the country, Dr. Lemoreux, of Lake View, Mich., told me of Loose's Extract Red Clover. I only used 2 lbs solid extract and taking four bottles of fluid extract internally, am entirely well. It was the only thing that the sore yielded to and I had tried every and anything that had been recommended to me. Dr. Lemoreux considers it one of the very best remedies as a blood purifier in existence. For sale by G. C. Hueston.

**BUCKLEY'S ARNICA SALVE.** The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25c per box. For sale by A. M. RANDOLPH, the druggist.

Subscribe for the Record.

## The Connty and Vicinity.

CORRESPONDENTS AND EXCHANGES.

The editor is not responsible for views expressed by correspondents. We believe in free speech and a free press, but we shall endeavor to exercise such control over this department as to at all times eliminate matters of an objectionable nature.

### NOVI

Mr. and Mrs. McGraw, of Detroit, are in town visiting friends.

Joshua McCrumb purchased a house and lot last week at Oakland, Shiawassee county, where he intends to reside in the near future.

Henry Wright made a flying visit to Novi Thursday.

### FARMINGTON.

Mrs. E. R. Bloomer and children returned home from Flint and Otisville last Tuesday.

The Misses Collins, of Detroit, spent Thanksgiving at home with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Collins, also their son Will who is attending school at Ann Arbor.

Oscar Harger and family attended the wedding of his cousin last Wednesday evening in West Bloomfield.

Miss Mary Hance has returned home after a pleasant visit in Detroit.

The aid society passed a pleasant afternoon last Saturday at the home of Mrs. Thos. Hitchcock.

Miss Belle Eisenlord was home from Ypsilanti, where she is attending school, to spend Thanksgiving with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Eisenlord.

Wm. Daines lost a valuable horse Tuesday.

Mrs. George Spencer, of Wixom, was a guest of Mrs. Cetella Murray last week.

Tom McGee, of Ann Arbor, spent Thanksgiving at home.

Union services were held in the M. E. church Thanksgiving day. Rev. J. Balls preaching from the text found in Duet. 5 chapter and last clause of verse 3. The great central thought of his forcible argument was the majesty of God in the willing obedience of the children of men. The best sacrifice.

### CANADA'S FLAG.

IT REPRESENTS NOTHING AND CAN REPRESENT NOTHING UNTIL CANADA IS ABSOLUTELY FREE.

An idea of how strongly public feeling is running in the direction of Canadian independence in the maritime provinces of the Dominion may be gathered from the following criticism of the Eastern Chronicle, an influential newspaper published in Nova Scotia, on the proposal to hoist the Canadian flag on all public buildings in Canada. The Chronicle says: "What good is a Canadian flag? It is not recognized by any nation on earth. It has no place among the flags of the nations of the world, and affords no protection to any one. Why, then, should our children be taught to place confidence in a flag that can give them no protection when they leave their homes? If Canada is ambitious of having a flag worth a bauble, let her strike out for herself among the nations of the world. Until she has the courage to do so, for goodness sake, let up on the flag business."

### SCIENCE.

Glass first used in windows, 1180.

Gunpowder discovered about 1320.

Type printing invented by Gutenberg 1440.

First printing in America, city of Mexico 1536.

First printing in U. S. Cambridge, Mass. 1639.

Harvey discovers circulation of the blood 1619.

First weekly newspaper published in Venice 1622.

First in U. S. Boston 1721.

Gravitation discovered by Newton in 1680.

Steam engine invented by Watts 1784.

First steamboat by Fulton 1808.

Sewing machines made practical about 1840.

First steam R. R. operated in 1830.

Grain reapers invented by McCormick 1843.

First telegraph built in 1844.

Anesthetic properties of ether by Morton 1848.

Cure for catarrh by Wei DeMeyer 1873.

Telephone invented by Edison 1875.

Mother—"Tommy, I hear you got a thrashing in school to-day." Tommy—"Yes, ma, the teacher whipped me, but he is getting so old and weak that it didn't hurt much." "Did you cry?" "Oh, yes, I bawled so you could have heard it on the next block." "Why did you do that?" "I wanted to make the old man feel happy once more."—Texas Sittings.

## New! Northville Ought to Boom!

It is a well known fact that we are to have a direct line of railroad to Detroit.

The F. & P. M. railroad are to another track from Plymouth Junction along the D. L. & N. railway to Detroit. When the new Union depot is completed, we will be able to go to Detroit in one hour and be landed in the center of the city. Now! why should Northville not become one of the prettiest suburban villages to Detroit, that can be had, we will be able to get to the business portion of Detroit as quickly as one who lives in the boulevard. Detroiters can live here and have large yards and pleasant homes, at one fifth the cost of one on the boulevard, and the taxes will not exceed one-fourth of what they would be in the city. We hope that those who hold desirable building lots, will not put such a high price on them as to keep new comers out, but do all that can be done to induce them to come. At the same time it may be advisable for any who wish to make a few extra dollars to invest in a desirable lot or so, put it in shape to attract attention, and hold it for sale at a fair margin of profit.

CITIZEN.

## WHY YOUR LIVER IS OUT OF ORDER

You will have SICK HEADACHES, PAINS IN THE SIDE, DYSPEPSIA, POOR APETITE, feel listless and unable to get through your daily work or social enjoyments. Life will be a burden to you.

## DR. C. McLANE'S

CELEBRATED

## LIVER PILLS

Will cure you, drive the POISON out of your system, and make you strong and well. They cost only 25 cents a box and may save your life. Can be had at any Drug Store.

Beware of COUNTERFEITS made in St. Louis, Mo.

## IVORY POLISH

PERFUMES THE BREATH. ASK FOR IT.

FLEMING BROS., - Pittsburgh, Pa.

## C. J. TUTTLE

THE

## Merchant Tailor.

Fine Tailoring a specialty.

NORTHVILLE

MICH

### MERIT WINS

We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption. Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits at Randolph's drug store.

### Amendment to Ordinance No. 1.

On motion, section two (2) and three (3) of Chapter one (1) of the revised ordinance of the village of Northville was repealed and the following was substituted to stand for section two (2) of the revised ordinance of the village of Northville:

"The council shall appoint a Village Marshall, an Engineer of Fire Department and a Health Officer."

Adopted and ordered published this 15th day of November, A. D., 1899.

JOHN W. DOLPH, President.

CHARLES A. DOWKER, Clerk.

### STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Wayne.

At a session of the Probate court for said county of Wayne, held at the Probate office, in the city of Detroit, on 10th day, the 15th day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Present, Edgar O. Durfee, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Rebecca A. Palmer, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Elmer K. Simonds, the executor of the last will and testament of said deceased, praying that he may be licensed to sell the real estate of said deceased, for the purpose of paying the debts and legacies of said deceased and the charges of administering said estate:

It is ordered, that the 17th day of December, next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate office, be appointed for hearing said petition, and that all persons interested in said estate appear before said court, at said time and place, to show cause why a license should not be granted to said executor to sell real estate as prayed for in said petition. And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Northville Record, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Wayne.

EDGAR O. DURFEE, Judge of Probate.

(A true copy.)

HOMER A. FLIN, Regl. Sec.

### A SAFE INVESTMENT.

Is one which is guaranteed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price. On this safe plan you can buy from our advertised druggist a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used for any affection of throat, lungs or chest, such as consumption, inflammation of lungs, bronchitis, asthma, whooping cough, croup, etc. It is pleasant and agreeable to taste, perfectly safe, and trial bottles 10c at A. M. Randolph's drug store.

## Always Keep in your House!

DR. McLAUGHLIN'S

DIPHTHERIA SPECIFIC.

Has been used in more than one case and never failed in a single instance.

Price 50 cents.

ANAESTHINE.

The Instant Pain Destroyer. For Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lame back, Neuralgia, Headache, Toothache, Bruise, Sprains, etc. Remember, it gives instant relief. Price 50 cents.

POULTRINE.

Cures and prevents Chicken Cholera. Try it. It is worth its weight in gold to you. Price 50 cents.

CHOLERA SPECIFIC.

The best remedy in the world for Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Cramps, and a sure cure for Chronic Diarrhea.

Price 50 cents.

FAMOUS SALVE.

For Sore Eyes, Salt Rheum, Sores on Children, Piles, Tetter, Old Sores, and all skin diseases. Price 25 and 50 cents.

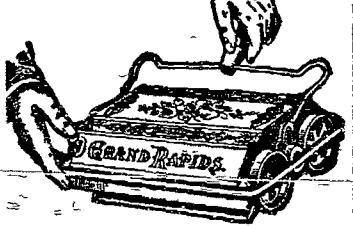
The above are all reliable medicines and are warranted to give satisfaction.

For sale by GEO. C. HUESTON, State agent, Northville, Mich.

MILO E. MARSH, Lansing, Mich.

### A SUBJECT OF BIRTH

A man once thought that he might travel faster than by stage-coach. People laughed at him—but he built the locomotive. Another man thought of woman.



Her work was drudgery. Worse than that, it was injurious. The work of sweeping was wearing; the breathing of the dust was unhealthy. The corn broom wore nice carpets, and did not sweep them either.

That was thirty years ago. Women laughed at him too. Women laughed also. What is the result? To-day our Carpet Sweepers are used in every part of the world. We make nearly a thousand a day.

Old sweepers have been discarded, and our modern sweepers have taken their places. Still there are people who do not use them. People also exist who never saw a locomotive. But they are behind the times.

If you doubt their value, remember we guarantee them. If one of our modern Sweepers is not satisfactory we will make it so.

We'll mail you some pretty circulars, and tell you how a sweeper like this can be sold for three dollars, if you will drop us a postal card.

BISSELL CARPET SWEEPER CO., Grand Rapids, Mich.

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## LOOSE'S EXTRACT

RED

CLOVER

BLOSSOM

THE GREAT

Blood Purifier.

PURE AND

EFFICACIOUS.

IT CURE

Cancers, Humors, Sores, Ulcers, Swellings, Rheumatism, Blood Poisoning, Salt Rheum, Catarrh, Erysipelas, Rheumatism, and all Blood and Skin Diseases. Price, \$1 per Pint Bottle, or \$1.50 per Quart Bottle. Sold Everywhere.

J. M. LOOSE, RED CLOVER CO., Northville, Mich.

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# COMMON COUNCIL.

Regular meeting Dec. 3, 1889.  
President pro tem, O. L. Palmer.  
Trustees present, J. V. Harmon, L. W. Simmons, G. S. VanZile, C. D. Woodman.  
Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

The following bills were allowed and ordered paid:

Isaac Staight, lamp lighting.....\$31.80  
G. S. VanZile, lumber and sewer pipe..... 44 98  
E. Vandenberg, highway labor..... 3 50  
E. Waterman & Co., sundries..... 1 80  
J. A. Dunsen, repairing carriages..... 20 12  
J. E. Palmer, repairing carriages..... 20 12  
W. E. Kacumber, marshal fees..... 3 32

The proposition of the editor of the Northville Record to publish the proceedings of the common council at forty cents per meeting was accepted.

The marshal was instructed to enforce the ordinance in reference to putting ashes in the streets.

Moved and supported that the following ordinance take the place of Ordinance No. 5, (repealed Nov. 15) of the revised ordinances of the village of Northville.

Yeas—J. V. Harmon, L. W. Simmons, C. D. Woodman, G. S. VanZile.  
Nays—none.

## Ordinance No. 5.

Providing for a board of Health for the village of Northville, county of Wayne, State of Michigan, to define and establish the power and duties of the same.

Sec. 1. That the President and Trustees of the village of Northville, county of Wayne, State of Michigan, shall constitute the Board of Health of said village, and the President of said village shall be the President of the Board.

Sec. 2. It is further ordered that the health officer of said village shall be the executive officer of the Board of Health and shall have the duty to execute and enforce all rules made by the Board of Health relative to sanitary matters, and all diseases dangerous to the public health and for the preservation and security of the same.

Sec. 3. The Health Officer is hereby authorized and empowered to act in his own discretion in the exercise of each and all of the duties and powers of the Board of Health, which are, or may be conferred upon said Board of Health by the laws of the State of Michigan, or any action of the Common Council of the village of Northville, at all times when the Board of Health is not convened unless otherwise ordered by the Board.

Sec. 4. All expenses incurred by reason of such action of the Health Officer in the performance of such duties and any penalties which may arise therefrom, shall be charged to the village of Northville, and all bills for the same shall be paid by the Common Council and shall be paid from the general fund of said village in the same manner as other bills are paid.

Sec. 5. No person shall visit or have any communication with any person sick with any disease dangerous to the public health, except by appointment in attendance, the spiritual adviser and necessary nurse except by the permission of the Board of Health or the Health Officer. And every physician and every nurse having in charge a patient sick with diphtheria, scarlet fever, small pox, or with any other contagious or infectious disease, and every child or person under the age of twenty-one years, shall immediately after every visit to such patient change his or her clothing, and otherwise disinfect himself and his or her clothing, and every undertaker and every person having in charge the burial of the body of any person having died of such disease, immediately after the interment thereof shall change his or her clothing and otherwise disinfect himself or herself.

Sec. 6. It shall be the duty of the occupant of any house in which there shall be any infectious or contagious disease to put up and maintain in a conspicuous place on the front of said house a card as he furnished at the expense of the Board of Health giving notice of said infectious or contagious disease, and in case of the failure of the occupant of said house to post said notice, the Health Officer shall be the duty first of the attending physician and second of the Board of Health to post said notice as aforesaid. Said card so posted as aforesaid to remain on said house until removed by order of the Board of Health or the Health Officer.

Sec. 7. Any householder whose house there shall occur a case of measles, scarlet fever, diphtheria, small pox, or other disease dangerous to public health, immediately notify the Health Officer of the village of Northville, of the same and until instructions are received from him, shall not permit any clothing or other property that may have been exposed to infection to be removed from the house. Nor shall any occupant take up residence elsewhere without the consent of the Health Officer.

Sec. 8. In case of the death of any person from diphtheria, scarlet fever, small pox, or any other infectious or contagious disease, the body of such person shall not be taken to or inside of any church, public building or other public place, nor to any private residence or building other than that where said death occurred, but such body shall be privately conveyed to any proper cemetery between the hours of seven o'clock in the evening and seven o'clock in the following morning and there buried without any public demonstration or public funeral services, unless otherwise ordered by the Board of Health or the Health Officer.

Sec. 9. No person or persons liable to propagate a dangerous disease shall be brought within the jurisdiction of this ordinance, or to any public court and directly of the Board and when it shall come to the knowledge of any person that such a person or persons have been brought within such limits he or she shall immediately give notice thereof to the Health Officer together with the location thereof.

Sec. 10. Any person or persons and any animal, article or thing infected with any disease named in Sec. 7 or with any contagious or infectious disease to public health shall be immediately quarantined, and by force, if necessary, or kept by the Health Officer or his assistants, and no person shall be allowed access to persons sick with those diseases.

Sec. 11. The Health Officer, in his discretion, may make an order directing any constable of the village, or to the village marshal, requiring him under his direction to move any person infected with contagious disease or to take possession of convenient houses and lodgings to provide courses, attendants and other necessities for the accommodation, safety and relief of the sick.

Sec. 12. No house, shed, dead animals or refuse of any kind shall be thrown upon the streets, and no butcher, fish monger or vender of merchandise of any kind shall leave any refuse upon the streets or encumbered by a cart, wagon, or part or portion of his or her premises or the lots or in said village, and all putrid and decaying animals or vegetable matters must be removed from cellars and out buildings on or before May 1st of each year.

Sec. 13. All families, hotels, restaurants, and other places where food is prepared or served, shall be required to have a proper cold water supply for the same and for said water house and to cause the contents to be regularly renewed at least once a week, between the 1st day of May and the 1st day of November, and once a week thereafter until the 1st day of May.

Sec. 14. Every child should be vaccinated before two years of age and this board recommends that all persons be re-vaccinated as often as once in five years.

Sec. 15. The violation or failure to comply with any provisions of this ordinance or the failure or neglect to comply with any requirements of the Board of Health shall, on written complaint on oath before any Justice of the Peace, or Township of Plymouth, and on arrest and conviction thereof be punished by a fine of not less than five dollars nor more than twenty dollars, or imprisonment in the village jail for a period of not less than thirty days and not exceeding ninety days, or both. Such fine and imprisonment in the village jail shall be a condition of the Court before whom conviction may be had.

Passed, ordained and ordered published this 31st day of December, A. D. 1889.

C. A. DOWNER, Clerk. O. L. PALMER, President pro tem.

## STILL ON DECK! IN TRIM FOR THE BATTLE

With a well selected stock of  
**GROCERIES**

Which is sure to tempt the appetite of an epicure. Save Money by an examination of our stock and prices.

Oh, yes! with great delight we warble. In our  
**BAZAAR DEPARTMENT**

We carry the banner of cut prices. See our Lamps.  
**HANGING LAMPS AND VASE LAMPS**

At startling prices. Holiday Goods are arriving.

"Got Any Dolls?" Well, we smile.  
Just call and look us over.

Girl in household?	May cost ten cents,	Little maiden,
Sure you'll find	Or a "nickle,"	You may guess,
There a "dolly"	If but a penny	Happy with
Of some kind.	Sure to tickle.	A doll to dress.

**C. A. Hutton & Co.**

## BUSINESS BEFORE PLEASURE!

Having rented the store formerly occupied  
and owned by M. Mauk on Main street

I have put in a stock of

**CONFECTIONERY,  
TOBACCO  
& CIGARS.**

All first-class goods which I will sell at reasonable prices. Please give me a call

and oblige

**F. A. HULETT.**

## FINE PIANOS and ORGANS.



**Allmendinger Pianos and Organs**

Are the best.

Fine assortment of all kinds of Musical Instruments.

**Lowest Prices.**

Investigation will convince you that it will pay you to buy of us

Full line of the above company's instruments on exhibition at the store of Mrs. McRoberts' Center St., Northville.

**B. A. HODGE, Agent.**

.....THIS CREATURE IS HERE TO.....  
**ARREST YOUR ATTENTION!**

We want you to wait before subscribing for your next year's Agricultural reading matter and  
**MAKE A COMPARISON.**

The best is always the cheapest, especially when it costs no more. Some of our \$2.00, \$1.50 and \$1.25 contemporaries have made claims that they are better and give more reading matter than the

**Farm, Field & Stockman,**

A 20-Page Weekly Paper, at \$1.00 per Year.

We hope to give every farmer an opportunity to make a fair comparison and will bear the greatest share of the expense ourselves. To this end we will send to any reader of this paper or his friends the FARM, FIELD AND STOCKMAN EVERY WEEK FOR ONLY 10 CENTS.

A handsome cloth-bound DICTIONARY of "Farm Words," will be sent FREE to any one who will send us a club of 10 subscribers at above price. **207 AGENTS WANTED!** Address

**HOWARD & WILSON PUBLISHING CO.,**  
156 & 158 Washington St., CHICAGO, ILL.

**SMITH'S BILE BEANS**

**FOR BILIOUS NERVOUS DISORDERS**

Such as Sick Headache, Torpid Liver, Constipation, Malaria, Chills & Fever, all kinds of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Lost Appetite, Wind on Stomach and Bowels, Pains in Back, Foul Breath, &c.

A CLEAR, MOST COMPLETELY FOLLOWING THE USE OF SMITH'S BILE BEANS

"I have suffered from Chronic Constipation for eighteen years, and Smith's Bile Beans are the best medicine I have ever used." **H. C. WOOD, Paymaster U. S. A., Fort Leavenworth, Mo., U. S. A.**

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE, OR SENT BY MAIL, POSTPAID, FOR \$4.00, 100 CENTS, 50 CENTS, 25 CENTS, 10 CENTS ONLY.

**J. T. SMITH & CO., Sole Proprietors, ST. LOUIS, MO.**

## SANDS & PORTER, THE LEADING FURNITURE DEALERS OF NORTHVILLE.

**Largest Stock! Lowest Prices! Best Goods!**

Call and see our Chamber Suits, Parlor Furniture, Couches, Dining Chairs, Easy Chairs, Fancy Chairs, etc., and be convinced that we are the house to buy your Furniture of.

**PICTURE FRAMING.**  
We make a Specialty of Fine Gold Frames; also, Copper, Brass, White and Gold, Oaks, etc., etc. Fine Mats made to order on short notice.

See our Fancy Oak Rockers.

**SANDS & PORTER,**  
Dealers in Furniture. NORTHVILLE, MICH

## DO NOT WAIT!

Now is the time to buy your

**Boots, Shoes, Felts and Rubbers**

We carry a full line of "Little Giant School Shoes," exclusive right of sale for Northville.

The only place in the village where you can get Behn & Young's Ladies Kid Shoes. Large stock.

**Full Line Of Felt Shoes and Rubbers.**

Gloves and Mittens, large variety. Call and see them.

Full stock of Groceries and canned Goods.

**Prices Way Down.**

**STARK BROS., Northville.**

## FOOLISH!

Very foolish for you or anybody else to buy Watches unless you know something about them. Gooe judges or Watches are not plenty. It is a lifetime business to be an expert. Our experience of over 30 years, we think, will give confidence to those who really wish to get values in purchases.

**Watches** We make a specialty of Ladies' and Gents' Gold Watches at exceedingly low prices. Never had finer designs in engraving. Prices reduced from \$3 to \$10.

**Jewelry** Our assortment in fine Jewelry is greatly increased; designs are of the latest fashions and very beautiful Moonstones.

**Diamonds** Some very fine White Stones in Solitaire and Cluster combinations.

**Spectacles** We make a specialty of fitting eyes with the finest Spectacles and Eyeglasses.

Have your eyes tested in a scientific way. We guarantee first-class work on all repairs.

**A. E. ROCKWELL.**

**Your Friend the Jeweler.**

**ART GARLAND COAL STOVES**  
are the Best.

**OAK GARLAND Wood Stoves**

**HOME GARLAND Cook Stoves**

**Home Garland Ranges. Bissell's GOLD MEDAL Carpet Sweepers has no equal**

Our Stock is Complete and we Invite you to call and see us.

**G. E. WATERMAN CO**

**Subscribe for the RECORD,**

Until January 1, 1891, only \$1.00.

# Michigan's Loss.

Hon. Minor S. Newell, of Flint, Passes Away, After a Life Well Spent in the Service of His State and His Country.

FLINT, Nov. 29.—Hon. Minor S. Newell, ex-commissioner of the state land office of this state, died yesterday after an illness of three years. He was born at Bennington, N. Y., in 1825. When 19 years old he came to Michigan and settled in Mt. Morris township, Lenawee county, where he carried on a farm. In 1847 he enlisted in the First Michigan regiment of volunteers, in the Mexican war, and fought from Vera Cruz to the walls of the Mexican capital. When the war of the rebellion broke out he enlisted and served as an officer of the gallant Sixteenth Michigan and resigned late in 1864, in that terrible summer in which the army of the Potomac struggled with Lee. He held many offices in his own town, and was a stalwart republican. He was elected land commissioner in 1882 and again in 1884 and 1886, when he was lying dangerously ill at home, his friends made a gallant effort to bring him the nomination for governor, and only drew their forces on a telegram from him, which expressed a fear that if nominated he would not live to enter the campaign.

A Man Shoots His Wife.—Drink Caused It.

GRAND RAPIDS, Nov. 26.—Alex. McKenzie came here last Friday from Chicago in search of his wife, who was visiting her sister, Mrs. John Freeman. Their home was in Traverse City but they were not living together. He found her and she went with him after he had threatened to shoot her if she refused. He drank heavily, but they were together at Freeman's house last night.

This morning about ten o'clock he returned to the house and shot her in the head, inflicting probably fatal injuries. McKenzie is a painter by trade and had been working for Nelson & Co. in Chicago. He is 30 years old and she is 28, and they have a 5 year old son at Traverse City. He gave himself up and is now in custody.

He says he has had trouble with his wife but he refuses to go into particulars maintaining that "the least said is the soonest mended," and has since claimed that he did not know he was with her.

## ITEMS IN BRIEF.

Elk Rapids wants a band.  
Elk Rapids wants a bank.  
Escanaba will build a new city hall next year.

James Andrews, a Pontiac pioneer, is dead.

Ed Tompkins, an Ionia burglar, goes up for 12 years.

Van Buren county will vote on local option again soon.

"Hill Town" is the name of a village in Keweenaw County.

The Chase piano company will locate a factory in Muskegon.

Alpena is to have a furniture factory employing 300 persons.

In Negaunee they put typhoid fever patients in the pest house.

Newaygo and Fremont want the Grand Rapids & Manistee railroad.

The Elk Rapids iron company has built a new store house for \$30,000.

Nicholas Erickson of Pinconning killed a 450 pound bear the other day.

Over 4,000,000 tons of ore have been shipped from Escanaba this season.

L. N. Keating has given Muskegon four lots on which to build school houses.

Nat. Ostrander, a Bay City burglar, escaped from Jackson prison the other day.

Phyllis Mims, one of the oldest settlers of Millington, dropped dead the other day.

The Red Jacket shaft of the Calumet & Hecla mine, now down about 1,000 feet.

Col. W. D. Martin is trying to invest Michigan capital in an Alabama railroad.

All of Michigan's congressional delegation wants the world's fair located in Chicago.

The Michigan State Sabbath School association meets in Grand Rapids Dec. 3, 4 and 5.

H. E. Bucklen, of Chicago has purchased the hotel Whitcomb at St. Joseph for \$11,000.

Levi Hynes' residence near Coldwater was destroyed by an incendiary fire the other day.

George Gates of Alpena will build a mill at Owen Sound that will cut 50,000 feet of lumber a day.

Kieth Folet, a well known citizen of Grand Rapids, died at Colorado Springs, Col., recently.

William Lung of Saginaw has been appointed to a position in the government printing office.

Michigan farmers are despondent because the warm weather has spoiled the market for hay.

Thomson Moore fell from a bucket in the the Calumet mine the other day and was instantly killed.

The facilities of the Melvin & Barry carriage factory at Owosso are to be greatly increased.

The Hathaway Mowing machine company has been organized in Bay City with a capital of \$3,000.

Gen. Alzer says he didn't give a \$2,000,000 option on the Volunteer iron mine in the upper peninsula.

Benj. S. Osgood, postmaster at Mendon, charged with abstracting money from letters, has been acquitted.

Daniel Phelps of Clarksville was accidentally shot and instantly killed while hunting a few days ago.

D. F. Comstock, mayor of Big Rapids, was thrown from a banister in Chicago the other day and seriously injured.

The F & P M. railroad company has purchased 1 city lots in Bay City paying for the same about \$15,000.

J. Wesley Griffith, late of the St. Louis Press, is organizing a syndicate to publish another paper at Greenville.

The Mineral Range railroad in the copper district is to revert from the receiver to the former management.

Two finders in the Huron copper mine were killed by the premature explosion of dynamite the other day.

The last rail has been laid on the Frankfort & Northeastern road, which connects at Copemish with the Toledo, Ann Arbor & Northern.

The tramp who committed an assault on Mrs. Jackson near Big Rapids recently was captured in Lake county a few days ago and is now in jail in Big Rapids.

The commercial organizations in the Lake Superior towns have combined and will ask congress for an appropriation large enough to complete the "Boo" canal.

Mrs. E. S. Burson of North Lansing, had an altercation with her son-in-law and attempted to swallow a thimble. After an hour's hard work Mrs. Burson and the thimble were saved.

The Michigan Cutter Company's factory in Lowell was destroyed by fire the other night; Loss \$20,000, partially insured. It is not likely the works will be rebuilt this season, and 45 men are thrown out of work.

Mrs. Charles Alber's house, west of Saline, was destroyed by fire the other morning. Mrs. Alber's little girl was burned to death in it. The cause of the fire is unknown and the loss and insurance not stated.

A 2-year old son of Joseph Middling of Ishpeming subdued a kettle of boiling water and drank from it before he could be prevented. The child's throat was terribly scalded, the injuries causing death in a few hours.

It is a matter of official record in this state that diphtheria was communicated to three children by chewing a piece of gum that no other child—then in the incipient stages of the disease—had given to her playmates.

By direction of the state military board a Gatling gun has been purchased of the general government, and will be stationed in Detroit manned by a detail of 10 militia men from the several military companies of the city.

The Rev. Wm. Hassenberg and wife, who left Holland, Ottawa county, 10 years ago, to engage in missionary work in Africa, are reported to have become immensely wealthy, through finding gold on their property in Africa.

Morris Kitter, of Alger County, who is doing six years in Jackson for attempting to kill a man, struck Ed. Harrison, another convict, with a bullet of wood, knocking him down and leaving him insensible. Harrison was taken to the hospital.

Thomas Burdett, a colored man whose home was at Vandell, Cass county, was hit by the limb of a tree he was felling Wednesday, and was not found until Friday. He was still alive but so reduced by exposure that he died an hour later.

Since July 1, Byron D. Winegar, a fish commission merchant, at Escanaba has received and shipped 46,000 pounds of whitefish, 40,000 pounds of trout, 50,000 pounds of dory, 50,000 pounds of sturgeon, 500 pounds of bass and 5,000 pounds of herring.

Kay Kozlikowski alias Joe F. Kontak, the young Pole who has been robbing the philanthropic people of the Saginaw Valley by representing himself as a collector of hospital funds under Bishop Kueber, has been sentenced to the Jackson prison for three years.

Eddie Gouke, 11 years old of Jackson, went hunting with a companion. In attempting to get through a rail fence the hammer of the gun caught, discharging a heavy charge of shot into the youngster's left thigh. The wound is an ugly one and will probably result fatal.

The Canada & St. Louis Railway co. have purchased for \$1,000 an independent right of way through Muskegon, where they have been using the Grand Rapids and Indiana tracks. It is said this means the completion of the road from St. Louis to Bay City, grading to begin at once.

Judge G. Thompson Gridley of Jackson died suddenly on Thanksgiving day of apoplexy. Judge Gridley came to Michigan from Oneida county, N. Y., in 1837, locating at Ypsilanti, where he formed a law partnership with Grove Spencer. In 1848 he removed to Jackson, where he has since resided.

Mrs. Alex. Under-McKenzie, who was shot by her husband in Grand Rapids with murderous intent says that her husband had put all his tools on his person, in ended the break up and then came the deed. The woman had been married to the sheriff. Upon examining McKenzie he found several fine saws in his shoes. The woman has since died.

## THE MARKETS.

New York Grain Markets.

Wheat	83 1/2 @ 85 1/2
Corn	41 @ 42
Oats	28 @ 28 1/2

Chicago Grain Market.

Wheat	73 @ 79
Corn	31 @ 31 1/2
Oats	21 @ 21

Toledo Grain Market.

Wheat	81 @ 82
Corn	33 @ 34
Oats	21 @ 22

Detroit Markets.

Wheat, No. 2 Red	80 @ 81
" " 3	78 @ 78 1/2
" " 1 White	75 @ 75 1/2

Buckwheat, per cwt.	2.25 @ 2.50
Clover seed	3.0 @ 3.65
Oats	31 @ 34 1/2
Corn	33 @ 34

Apples, per bu.	1.75 @ 2.00
Quinces, per bu.	1.0 @ 2.00
Butter	20 @ 21
Beans, hand picked, per bu.	1.15 @ 1.75

Cheese	11 @ 12
Beef, dressed	11 @ 12
Veal	9 1/2 @ 9
Mutton	4 1/2 @ 5

Lamb	13 @ 12
Eggs	20 @ 21
Timothy, per ton	11.50 @ 13.00
Clover	9.00 @ 11.00

Timothy straw, per ton	4.50 @ 5.50
Clover straw	5.00 @ 5.50
Hides, No. 1 Green	4 @ 4 1/2
" " Cured	4 1/2 @ 5
" " Veal kip	4 @ 5

Sheepskins	75 @ 700
Onions, per bu.	1.75 @ 2.00
Potatoes, per bu.	.75 @ .8
Chickens	7 @ 8

Ducks	9 @ 10
Turkeys	10 @ 11
Tallow, per lb.	2 1/2 @ 4
Wool, per lb.	29 @ 30

Cattle—Fair demand, prices strong, choice to extra export, \$4.40 @ 6.00; choice heavy butchers, \$4.10 @ 4.50. Light, \$3.15 @ 3.50, poor to common, \$2.10 @ 3.00. Hogs—Fair demand and medium, heavy Yorkers and pigs, \$4.70 @ 5.75, with lower tendency.

## Five Hundred Dead.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 30.—The steam ship India, with 500 Mohammedan pilgrims aboard, sank in the Aegean sea and only the captain and two passengers were saved.

Warrants have been issued for the arrest of the president and cashier of the defunct Lawrence bank of Pittsburg.

# Two Great Fires.

The Bay State the Scene of Both Conflagrations.—Total Loss Fifteen to Twenty Million Dollars.

Boston, Nov. 28.—The most disastrous fire from which Boston has suffered since 1872, and one which in property loss more than rivaled the great conflagration at Lynn on Tuesday, broke out at about 8:20 a. m. to-day in the six story granite building owned by J. D. Mars & Co., and occupied by Brown, Durrell & Co., dealers in dry goods, of Bedford street, corner of Kingston. The great fire of 1872 broke out at the corner of Kingston and Summer streets, and the alarm to day's fire was rung in from the same box which did similar duty at 7:15 p. m. on the evening of November 9, 1872, when the fire flared broke loose, and before being subdued consumed nearly \$100,000,000 of property. The first alarm rung in to day was immediately followed by the first general alarm in Boston since 1872. To-day's conflagration raged for six hours, burned over two acres of territory covered by magnificent structures, and entailed a loss now estimated at \$10,000,000.

The fire was discovered by a letter carrier, who noticed flames bursting from the top of the Brown building over the elevator shaft, in which it evidently originated. This letter carrier notified the nearest police officer, who sounded the first alarm. As soon as Chief Webster of the protective department arrived it became apparent that

## A LONG, HARD FIGHT.

With the fiery element was before the department, and a general alarm was sent out and this was soon followed by a call upon all neighboring cities and towns for assistance. The flames were soon pouring from all the windows and the roof of the Brown-Durrell building. At 8:45 they had spread to the Shoe & Leather Exchange building, another large granite building adjoining Brown, Durrell & Co., on Bedford street. From both buildings the flames swept in great masses across Bedford street to the opposite corner, thence across Kingston street, along Bedford to Chauncy street, where it was stopped in the store of Harvey & Co., the upper stories of which were burned. Three stores along Chauncy street toward Summer were burned. On the south side of Bedford street the flames jumped across Kingston street from the hot blaze from Brown, Durrell & Co., to a big sandstone building owned by F. L. Ames, and occupied by Taylor Bros., and this was consumed. The great granite building known as Nevins' block, at the corner of Chauncy street, was the next victim for flames, and the entire block, clear around Kowles place to Kingston street, was consumed. Crossing Chauncy street, the fire soon had a good head on all the streets which are crossed in Essex place, a small street running from Harrison are due to Chauncy street. Here the flames got control. At Kowles place the fire was partially checked from going toward Essex street, but quickly moved the opposite side to the immense Allen & Larrabee buildings occupying the square between Bedford street and Harrison avenue extension and Essex place, at which point its further progress was checked.

There are about 200 firms burned out and 100 agents of New York and western firms have had their headquarters destroyed. The seventy-nine insurance companies known to be interested carry an aggregate insurance of \$2,000,000 on burned property.

## GEOGRAPHY OF THE BURNED DISTRICT.

The burned district begins at Columbia street on the east and extends two blocks westward, along Bedford street to Chauncy street, on the west, on the south side of Bedford street the fire consumed the entire block bounded by Bedford, Kingston, Essex and Columbia streets westward of this the entire block bounded by Bedford, Kingston, Chauncy streets and Howe place, and westward of this the building on Chauncy street from Bedford to Essex place. It is so badly damaged the building on the southeast corner of Bedford and Columbia streets. North of Bedford street it consumed the buildings on both the northeast and northwest corners of Bedford and Kingston streets, and damaged the block at the corner of Bedford and Chauncy.

## LATEST ESTIMATE.

The total loss, according to the latest conservative estimate, will reach \$4,000,000, the most conservative estimate of the loss is \$3,000,000.

## Bold Train Robbers.

Oswego, Kas., Nov. 26.—A train robbery of extraordinary boldness was accomplished in the Choctaw Nation, I. T. last night.

The Missouri, Kansas & Texas express train, northbound for St. Louis, was held up on Pryor Creek, near Perry station, and the express car robbed of about \$50,000.

The robbers displayed great coolness, and went about their work in such a familiar manner as to convince the trainmen that they were professionals.

They had concealed themselves in a clump of bushes near the water tank on Pryor Creek, and when the train stopped for water they boarded the engine, one on either side, and covering the engineer and fireman with their revolvers, explained to them their design of robbing the train.

One of the robbers climbed in the tender and from that point was master of the engine. The men in the cab were compelled to obey his commands.

The other robber in the meantime went back to the express car and unlocked it from the rest of the train. Entering the car he intimidated the express messenger by presenting a brace of revolvers at his head and ordering him to disarm himself.

The messenger obeyed and the robber possessed himself of the messenger's weapons and then through the window called to his confederate in the tender: "All right let her go." The latter repeated the command to the engineer who opened the throttle and the engine and express car sped rapidly away from the rest of the train.

The robber in the express car compelled the messenger to open the safe by a threat of death and to transfer the safe's contents to a large sack which the robber had brought along to convey the booty in. The messenger again obeyed.

The robber then made a hasty examination of the car to see that nothing valuable was overlooked, and giving a signal to his confederate, the latter ordered the engineer to slack up. This done, the robbers disembarked and made their escape in the darkness.

When the train arrived here Express Messenger Johnson had just completed footing up his loss. The total figures were between \$45,000 and \$50,000. This loss must be borne by the Pacific express company, which operates on the line of the M., K. & T.

## The Destruction at Lynn.

LYNN, Mass., Nov. 28.—Lynn, the city of shoemakers in its history, and with two exceptions the conflagration is the most disastrous that has ever visited New England. The exceptions are the great Boston fire of 1872, which destroyed \$100,000,000 worth of property, and the Portland fire of 1864, which caused a loss of between ten million and 13 million dollars. To-day's fire started at 11:55 a. m., raged over eight hours, devastated a square mile of the business section of the city, and caused a loss estimated at about \$10,000,000. In fact the greater part of ward four is wiped out as regards the important shoe manufacturing blocks and premises of business. The fire started in Mower's wooden building on Almont street, over the boiler, and spread with such rapidity that the fire department of the city was powerless to cope with it. This large wooden building was soon doomed and the flames leaped across a narrow passageway and communicated with the six-story brick block known as Mower's block.

Almost simultaneously the four-story wooden shoe factory of Bennett & Barnard on Central avenue, and the four-story wooden building on Almont street caught fire, and after a time a hurricane of flame was in progress which blanched the cheeks of all the spectators. The efforts of fire men and citizens seemed of no avail, although they did heroic work.

Aid arrived from Boston, Salem, Marblehead and surrounding towns, but their united efforts seemed to have little effect on the hurricane of flame. Scenes of the great Boston and Chicago fires were repeated in all their horrors, as express wagons loaded with babies in their arms, houses and transferring goods to a place of safety, in many cases a second removal being necessary. After the fire had been in progress two hours every body declared it would not stop until it reached the ocean, and this proved to be the case.

There were many narrow escapes from accidents, but no fatalities are reported. The high brick fire wall on the B. F. Sperry block served as a barrier to the further progress of the flames up Union street. After that had some structure was gutted. The streets were covered with a network of fallen wires which somewhat impeded the progress of the firemen. The Central station of the Boston & Maine railroad was burned flat, and the flames then leaped across Mt. Vernon street.

Dynamite and powder were used at fire quints intervals to blow up wooden buildings but with little effect. The fire virtually burned itself out, and at 7:30 was considered under control. Both companies of the Massachusetts militia located at Lynn were called out and put on patrol duty.

A house blown up with powder at Broad and Exchange streets at 8:45 o'clock shattered windows in all directions, and the measure was effectual in stopping the progress of the flames in that direction. A man escaped from death was that of Ernest Williams, who, in the early stage of the fire volunteered to take a line of hose up a ladder in front of the Daguer building on Willow street. He was followed by several other venturesome men, some of whom were firemen, but almost as soon as they reached the roof the intense heat compelled them to beat a hasty retreat and the hose fell to the sidewalk. Williams was the last man to descend, and was nearly suffocated before he could get a footing on the ladder, owing to its being "dugged." He finally scrambled down in an exhausted condition, to the intense relief of hundreds who expected to see him perish. A few minutes later the upper west wall of the Mower block fell through the Daguer building with a terrific crash. The left side of Williams' face was blistered before he started down.

Four daily newspapers are burned out—the Item, Bee, Press and News. Three National banks, the Central, Security and First National, together with the Lynn Institution for Savings, located in the First National block, are all wiped out. Twelve of the finest shoe blocks in the city are in ruins, and about twenty-five stores. At this writing it is impossible to state how many dwellings are burned. They are mostly occupied by the poor class in the vicinity of Beach street and the wharves. It is impossible to give any estimate of the insurance, but conservative estimates place the loss on property at ten millions.

## A Dead Buckeye.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 28.—George H. Pendleton died in this city last evening.

George H. Pendleton was born in Cincinnati in 1835, and was admitted to the bar in 1857, forming a partnership with Hon. Geo. E. Fugh. He was elected to the state senate in 1878, and immediately on the expiration of his term of office was chosen to represent the First Ohio district in congress, where he served five successive terms. He ran in 1884 with Gen. George B. McClellan at the head of the democratic ticket, for the vice presidency. In 1880 he was nominated by the democratic party in Ohio for governor, but being unable to make a canvass was defeated. Since that time he served a term in the United States senate, and after his retirement from that position had devoted his time to his private business until his appointment as minister to Germany by President Cleveland.

## Dayton's Disaster.

DAYTON, O., Nov. 30.—The residence of Scott Hawthorne of this city was wrecked by a terrific explosion of natural gas.

The accident was caused by a defect in the gas connections, which resulted in the accumulation of a vast amount of gas in the kitchen of the house.

There were eight persons in the house—W. S. Hawthorne and wife and four little children, and his aged father and mother—and were suffocated and bruised. While, aged 10, was thrown 50 feet away and was picked up lifeless. The 18 month old baby revived shortly after it was rescued. The others are all in a precarious condition.

## Lord Salisbury's Views.

LONDON, Nov. 30.—At the conservative conference at Nottingham the principal address was made by Lord Salisbury, who said that Mr. Gladstone's views relative to the separation of Ireland from Great Britain were making no headway. He declared himself in favor of a national party of gradual growth, not created by one man. He said he would not support the eight-hour bill, as he thought it would be a great mistake for workmen to have such a bill passed. He thought the dwellings of the poor should be improved through public assistance and workmen aided to migrate.

## The Church Friendly.

RIO JANEIRO, Nov. 27.—The Catholic church has granted its benediction to the new republic, which is significant, inasmuch as the church has heretofore been unfavorable to a change. Senor Valente asserts that the change of government was not brought about by hostility to the prince or her husband, but resulted from the belief of the people that a republic would prove advantageous to all concerned.

# Deep Laid Plot.

Recent Developments Concerning the Hurley Bank Robbery.—Who Told the Combination of the Safe?

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 30.—Dr. J. C. Reynolds, president of the bank of Hurley, where the \$10,000 robbery took place, says that the most astonishing feature of the new developments is the claim made by the detectives that the robbery is the result of a conspiracy which was going on for the past eight months. "For two years," said Dr. Reynolds, "it has been a matter of common knowledge on the range that a large amount of money was sent us once a month to pay off miners. The officers claim to have information from one of a gang who came to Hurley last March fully equipped to rob the bank and knowing the combination of the safe. This fellow claims to have hung around several days, and to have seen the money arrive and go to the bank. That night he and his confederates were ready, but the leader did not go down town. The leader said that he knew that with the cashier in the bank, robbery would probably include murder, and he drew the line at the latter crime.

"The officers say that this gang did not finally commit the robbery, and the leader does not know who did, but he will tell who furnished him with the combination of the safe when he expected to crack it.

"The officers have given me other important pieces of information which show a deep laid plot, and I shudder when I think of the danger that my brother, the cashier, has been in for nearly a year. Under some circumstances the robbery might have meant ruin to the bank."

They Secure Between \$15,000 and \$20,000.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 30.—Another big train robbery has been perpetrated this time on the Tolepeka & Santa Fe in the Indian Territory. From \$20,000 to \$30,000 are said to have been stolen.

Fifteen masked and heavily armed men boarded the south bound passenger train at Berwyn, a small station in the Chickasaw Nation, I. T. and out the engine, mail and express car loose from the coaches. They then ran the train south two miles and threw the fireman off the locomotive. Two miles farther the engineer was thrown off, and after running for some distance the steam was turned off and the locomotive "killed."

Then the robbers began an attack on the express car.

The guard and messenger fired some 20 shots, but finally gave in after the robbers had utterly riddled the car. The money stolen came principally from Chicago. The train then went to Admore, the next station south, where the United States authorities were notified and the United States marshals started in pursuit of the robbers. Fred Frasher, the guard of the train, fired more than 20 shots at the robbers, and one of the gang is believed to have been fatally wounded. Frasher was not hurt.

## Wholesale Swindling.

CHICAGO, Nov. 29.—Fredericksen & Co. are charged with crooked transactions in having mortgages on lands to which they had no title. These mortgages are said to have been pledged as security for loans. Fredericksen & Co. have been doing a large business in western railroad lands, selling for the most part tracts of 40 or 50 acres on the installment plan, the purchasers usually being immigrants or poor people who wished to invest their savings in land. After a certain number of payments had been made, Fredericksen & Co. gave a deed, a mortgage on the land being taken for the unpaid portion of the purchase money. These mortgages, it is alleged, were then given as collateral for loans or sold outright through the west. It is now claimed that many of these mortgages are worthless.

Charles Aidgood, cashier of the company, has been arrested. He says the sales amounted to 50,000 acres a year. Ex-Gov. Rice of Wisconsin is a loser to the extent of \$100,000 or more by the alleged fraudulent operations. The crookedness altogether reaches \$1,000,000.

## Lacey's Logic.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—Controller E. S. Lacey in his report says that there are 4,400 national banks, with a capital of \$20,114,835. The controller calls attention to the fact that in many states banks are being established under the state laws, the reason being that the profits are too small, especially in the western country, by reason of the restrictions placed upon the business. It is the controller's opinion that the national banking law should be modified so that the minimum deposit of bonds to secure circulation shall be ten per cent for all banks having \$300,000 or less capital, and \$50,000 deposit for all banks having a greater capital than \$300,000. The circulation should be issued to the par value of the bonds deposited. The tax on circulation should be reduced to one fourth of one per cent. Controller Lacey says these proposed modifications would arrest the present contraction of the currency.

## Harrison's Economy.

CHICAGO, Nov. 30.—The late chief steward of the White house says that he left that service because Mr. Harrison's table did not require the services of a steward, and practically he had nothing to do. More than this, he didn't think the connection was adding at all to his reputation. Mr. Harrison did not like to have him go, and was willing to add \$500 a year to his salary but this was not a sufficient inducement. Before there was any talk of his leaving, however, he had a conversation with Mrs. Harrison and complained of the way he was limited in the buying of supplies, and she told him that an economical policy would be continued in the White house to the end of four years. She asserted very frankly that Mr. Harrison and herself proposed to save every dollar they could so that when they returned to Indianapolis it would not be necessary for her husband to resume practice of law.

Several Patients Perish.—Loss \$300,000.

BLACKFOOT, Idaho, Nov. 26.—The territorial asylum burned this morning, caused by a defective fire in the basement. Fifty seven out of 55 inmates were rescued, while two women and two men are known to have perished, and four are missing and are supposed to have been burned. The loss is estimated at \$300,000.

## Stanley Can Have Honors.

LONDON, Nov. 30.—The Times says that Henry M. Stanley will probably reach home until the latter part of January. The Times says further that there is a movement on foot to have Stanley take charge of the government of East Africa, and intimates that he would not be loath to become a British subject.



## DEARER EVERY DAY.

WILLIAM LYLE.

They said I would cease to love her  
When her freshness showed decay;  
They were wrong, for as the river  
Wears its channel more away,  
Deeper grew my love, and clearer  
Seemed her beauties in display,  
She grew older, she grew dearer—  
Dearer every day.

Had I loved her for her beauty,  
Had her heart been simply play,  
Then might mine have ceased its worship;  
But the truth's resplendent ray  
Filled my soul and drew me nearer  
To the fount where sweetness lay.  
Still the older, still the dearer—  
Dearer every day.

Age has laid its hands upon her—  
Do I realize it? Nay.  
Her youth's bloom my heart remembers—  
Years of faithfulness portray,  
And it shall be mine to cheer her,  
So her Winter shall be May.  
Still the older, still the dearer—  
Dearer every day.

## TESSA.

CHAPTER X.

The twilight had deepened rapidly during the last half hour, and it was now as nearly dark as it ever would be on that midsummer night. Tessa entered the hall, paused a moment by the dining-room door, and listened till she distinguished Austen's deep tones among the voices of the other men. Then she entered the drawing-room. No one noticed her. Mrs. Callender had forgotten her grief for a time, and was discoursing on the misdeeds of the county member, who had absolutely so far forgotten himself as to vote against the Sunday closing bill. No one had moved during the time Tessa had been absent from the room, or seemed likely to move; and Tessa, after a few minutes, slipped out unobserved.

Now, if ever, was the time, she thought. Trembling at her own boldness, she went back into the garden and motioned to Antony, who had ventured up the laurel-walk and was standing half hidden behind some thick bushes, to approach. She led him through the side entrance, across the hall, up the stair-case to the door of his mother's room. Oh, how the boards creaked—how the balustrades groaned! Tessa was in an agony of fear lest some one should hear the strange noises and come to ascertain the cause. With a heart beating fast with anxiety she stood outside the door and waited while Antony said his last farewell.

Perhaps ten minutes passed while she waited, though it seemed more like an hour to her; then the door opened, and Antony came out. His head bent, and Tessa noticed that he groped his way along the passage like a man suddenly stricken with blindness. She noticed too that he held tightly in his fingers a half-opened rosebud which that morning she had brought, fresh and dewy from the garden, and placed between the fingers of the dead woman.

"I may keep it," he said; and Tessa bent her head silently.

As noiselessly as before they crossed the hall, passed the drawing and dining-room doors, and reached the outer door. Tessa breathed more freely as at last they stood outside in the laurel-walk. She would have flown back to the house at once; but Antony detained her to ask a few more questions about his mother's illness, and Tessa—impatient as she felt—was too sorry for him to refuse to listen.

"You have been very, very good to me, Miss Cardine!" he said at last. "How can I show my gratitude, I wonder? If you were really my little sister"—and his voice grew deeper, his manner more impressive with each word—"I should take you in my arms and bless and thank you for all your kindness to me and her. As it is"—and he lifted Tessa's clasped hands to his lips and kissed them with a chivalrous tenderness that reminded Tessa of Cleveland—"I can but thank you thus—bid Heaven bless you and make you very happy in the life that lies before you."

Tessa gave a low sob. Sadly she drew her hands away from the detaining clasp.

"Good-bye," she said gently; and Antony turned away. He ran down the path, and, pausing at the gate, waved his hat in a last farewell. Tessa kissed her hand in return.

"Oh, good-bye, good-bye," she said. The tears were standing in her eyes; but a tender little smile hovered round her lips as she turned to re-enter the house—turned and saw Austen standing on the step behind her with such a terrible look of concentrated anger and "loathing on his face that her heart stood still with terror. She felt the blood rush to her face, ebb back to heart as quickly; but, with a great effort, she forced a pitiful smile to her lips.

"Were you looking for me, Austen?" she said, putting her fingers lightly on his arm. "I thought you were in the dining-room with the others?"

"I have no doubt you thought I was safely out of the way somewhere!" Austen returned with a sneer.

His hand closed over the little fingers with a cruel clasp. Silently he led her across the hall into a small room which was set apart for his especial use, and shut and locked the

door behind him. At any other time these solemn proceedings and his stern manner would have moved Tessa to laughter and defiance, but she was too frightened and nervous now to feel amused. She was quite ignorant how much Austen had seen or heard of the parting interview with Antony—whether or not he had recognized his brother—and she determined that she would wait to be accused before she defended herself. She folded her hands patiently and stood quietly by the table waiting for him to speak.

There was a long silence. Tessa would not, and Austen could not, speak. Tessa's eyes wandered restlessly round the room, noticed with a curious interest a cobweb in one corner which the careless housemaid had overlooked—an ink-stain on the carpet.

"I am waiting, Tessa."

Austen spoke at last. Every trace of softness had died out of his voice; cold and chilling as an icy blast the words fell upon Tessa's ears. She shivered a little, looked up piteously into the face which had suddenly grown so cold and stern.

"Waiting? For what, Austen?" she faltered.

"For the explanation which even you—hardened, abandoned, lost to all sense of shame as you must be—will acknowledge I have a right to demand," Austen returned coldly.

Tessa's fingers twined and untwined nervously. Oh, if only he could go on, if he would but tell her how much he knew, the girl thought passionately, it would make her task so much easier!

"Explanation of what—I don't understand," she stammered.

"You must be remarkably dense!"—and Austen sneered again. "Well, I will tell you then, as you ask. I missed you from the drawing-room, went in search of you and found you—oh, you know well enough, there is no need to assume that look of virtuous indignation—with your hand clasped in your lover's—witnessed your farewell!"

"My lover?" Tessa started and looked up with a sad little smile. "I thought you were that, Austen," Tessa went on softly.

"I was; but I resign the privilege. I have no wish to share it in common with other men," Austen said haughtily—"either with Cleveland nor any one else."

"Cleveland?" Austen could almost have fancied that Tessa looked relieved.

"Yes, you need not deny it—it was Cleveland, I am sure of that," he returned coldly. "It would have been bad enough if it had been any one else but Cleveland—a married man! Oh, it is shameful, horrible! You must indeed be lost to all sense of decency when you can steal out of the house, where the woman you profess to love so well—lies dead and cold in her coffin, to hold clandestine meetings with a lover who is too a married man!"

Tessa's heart sank at the cold voice. Anything, any anger, however great, would have been better to bear, easier to overcome, than his calm, passionless contempt.

"Surely, if he knew all he could not be more angry!" she thought, and she put out her hand and touched his sleeve gently. "Austen, will you please listen a moment?" she began; but Austen moved her hand away quietly, but with a little loathing gesture from which Tessa cowered as from a blow.

"Why should I listen? To be fooled again?" he said, in his cold, bitter voice. "It is not the first time I have seen you together. Scarcely a fortnight ago you were with him in the laurel-walk at an hour when no decent girl would be out of her home even with her promised husband. I saw you with him! Oh, I remember it well enough, and how a few minutes afterwards the lips which had just betrayed me smiled at me and kissed me with Judas's kisses!"

A strange feeling of unreality and numbness was stealing over Tessa. Oh, well might Austen's enemies call him hard and unforgiving, she thought. Was it possible that those stern cold eyes were the eyes which had so often looked into hers full of intense passionate love—that those condemning lips had ever whispered protestations of endless undying love? She felt powerless to struggle against such overwhelming evidence—against such a stern judge. She looked helplessly round the room, noticed with a lingering tenderness each familiar object. It was a very shabby little room; but Tessa had spent many a happy hour there, and every picture, nay, every chair and table, seemed to bring back with tantalizing distinctness those happy memories. Austen's lathe stood in one corner, his fretwork machine by the window. Only a month ago Tessa had received a sharp reprimand for meddling with and breaking some of his favorite saws. She remembered her saucy retort—the lover's quarrel—the pretty little scene of reconciliation which followed. Was it only a month ago? It seemed like a year! she thought. She managed to speak at last.

"Austen, you will please listen to me for a moment!" she pleaded. "I know what you saw to-night and be-

fore must have seemed very strange to you; but if you will listen—if you will let me explain."

"Explain? Conduct such as yours is incapable of explanation—satisfactory explanation, at all events," Austen answered coldly. "No, I will not listen. I believe the evidence of my senses sooner than any lying tale you choose to furnish up. Once before I waited," and his voice grew colder and sterner each moment. "I hoped you would explain Cleveland's presence here and at that hour, and you were silent. I am rightly served; I admit I have been warned often enough what you were; but I trusted you, and I would not believe. But that is all over now—I have done with you! You may say here if you will—there will always be a home here for you, for my mother's sake, or probably"—and his lip curved into an ugly sneer—"since you prefer Cleveland to me, you had better go to him—to your new lover."

Tessa gave a little cry of pain and bewilderment as the taunting words fell upon her ears. She clasped her hands suddenly over her heart. Surely this must be as dying people felt! she thought vaguely—just this same swift agony—then the cold insensibility that followed. She felt strangely quiet and self-possessed all at once. There was even a steady smile on her pale face as she looked at Austen.

"Yes, perhaps that would be best. As you say, I had better go to my new lover," she said slowly.

And then she turned and walked steadily across the room to the door. She looked back once as she turned the key.

"By-and-by you will remember, Austen; that you would not listen," she said, in a sweet, unflattering voice; then the door opened, closed gently, and Austen was left alone.

To the surprise of all present, Noel Cleveland, who was not supposed to be on the Continent, joined the funeral procession the next day. He had been in France for a week or two, so he told some curious inquirers, but business had recalled him to London; and while there he had heard of Mrs. Bayan's death and decided to remain in England a day or two longer and attend the funeral.

He was a little disappointed, knowing that it was the custom among the Society of Friends for the ladies of the family to be present at the ceremony, not to see Tessa. He inquired after her, and was told by Mrs. Callender that she was not at all well, and had preferred to remain at home.

"You will give my kind regards to her, please," he said.

Austen stared in bewildered wrath at his quiet audacity. It was scarcely the time or place to make a scene, nor was Austen a likely man to show his feelings; but Cleveland's presence seemed only a studied insult, and it was with difficulty he refrained from requesting him to leave the procession. And, when the ceremony was over and Cleveland with one or two others approached and offered his hand with a few murmured words of sympathy, Austen pushed it aside with an odd passionate gesture.

"Your presence here is an insult to me and mine," he said, in a clear low voice full of intense contempt and wrath.

Two or three people standing near noticed and commented on the odd little episode and Noel's startled face. He drew back with a stifled exclamation, then shrugged his shoulders with careless contempt.

Austen had always been a queer crotchety fellow, he grew queerer every day, Noel thought. It did not matter, of course—only he was sorry—unfeignedly sorry for that poor little girl!

The "poor little girl" meanwhile was sitting in her chamber meditating a desperate resolution. The numb deadness of despair which at first had almost overwhelmed her had now given place to a passionate indignation and she would not stay a day, not an hour longer than she could help. She had her own little income—the sixty pounds a year of which Mrs. Callender had once spoken so slightly; fortunately she had not spent any of the last half year's instalment, and there was quite thirty pounds in her desk. This would be sufficient for some little time, at all events, until she would go back to Charente—Madame Frejus would be delighted to have her back again, and she had always been happy there, but just now for a short time she would ask Antony to take her in.

TO BE CONTINUED.

### He Wanted the Usual Discount.

A train in Arizona was boarded by robbers, who went through the luckless passengers. One of them happened to be a Hebrew "drummer" from New York, who, when his turn came, with reluctance fished out \$200, but rapidly took \$4 from the pile and placed it in his vest pocket. "What do you mean by that?" asked the robber, as he toyed with his revolver. "Hurry up, please," answered the Hebrew, "you surely would not refuse me two per cent discount on a strictly cash transaction like this?"

Fish are not weighed in their own scales, simply because fish scales are not built that weigh.

## ARIZONA WONDERLAND.

San Francisco Mountain and the Grand Canyon of the Colorado.

Adventures of an Agent of the Agricultural Department in the Rocky Wilds and What He Saw There—Facing Death in the Terrific.

The story of adventure told by Dr. Merriam on his return from his wonderful expedition to the San Francisco Mountain—whether he was sent by the agricultural department, to study the animal and vegetable life of that gigantic extinct volcano in Arizona—reminds one of a tale by some such writer of extravagant romance as Jules Verne and Rider Haggard. He not only ascended the precipitous cliffs of this solitary peak, passing in the journey of 13,000 perpendicular feet through all the floral and faunal zones of the earth, from the semi-tropics at the base to the Arctic apex towering, snow-laden, into the sky, but, incidentally to the trip, he witnessed many marvels in the Grand Canyon of the Colorado.

"It is simply the channel of the great Colorado river worn by the erosion of running water to a depth of 5,000 to 6,000 feet. The sides were perpendicular cliffs, with fifteen miles between them; at the bottom runs the river, over cascades and rapids, with tremendous velocity. Owing to the difference of altitude, I found the temperature 81° at the bottom while the water I left at the top was freezing. We were camped at the bottom, alongside the stream, when the survivors of Maj. Brown's party, which had started to go through the canyon in boats, turned up. You read about the accident, I suppose, in the newspapers. Maj. Brown and one other man were drowned, and, of the four who reached our camp, one was already hopelessly insane from fright. The only human being who ever went through the Grand Canyon and lived to tell the tale was Maj. Powell, or the Geologist Survey. The three men who were with him got frightened early in the journey and climbed out over the cliffs, only to be killed by the Indians in Southern Utah a few days later. The talk of running a railroad through the canyon is the sheerest nonsense, for stretches of the distance the river occupies its whole width, and in seasons of flood it rises from 30 to 70 feet. It was very interesting to observe that the animals of the tropical belt had made their way up thousands of miles through this warm canyon from the far south, so that the fauna in the canyon was entirely different from the fauna of the country round about. The vegetation, too, was tropical. There was not much room for animal life on the river's very brink, but shelves miles in extent above the cliffs, high up in the air and overgrown with cactus, afforded plenty of space for such beasts as were good at climbing. I shot an owl in the canyon of so rare a kind that only five or six specimens have ever been secured before. I also got a new species of skunk, with a beautiful spotted coat.

"I found more new kinds of mice on the San Francisco Mountain. Eight novel varieties of mouse I discovered altogether on my trip. There was also a queer gopher with cheek pockets, and a seed-eating squirrel that exhibited an interesting adaptation of coloring to environment. On the dark lava of the mountain-side it was dark and speckled like the lava; from the mountain to the desert it became steadily lighter, until, when the latter was reached, it was the very yellow of the sand. The horned toads, likewise, were black as ink when found on the lava, while those of the desert were nearly white. There were humming-birds in swarms on the mountain, too; many of them, and of other birds also that I got, are new to science. I believe; but I must have time to study the specimens at leisure before I venture upon too many statements in this regard. One interesting animal that I found in the desert, by the way, was an antelope squirrel, which resembles an antelope somewhat in shape. The little beasts of all sorts I caught in traps, so small that you can put three dozen of them into one coat pocket. Birds' heads and brains were mostly used for bait. I have brought back a great number of specimens, ready stuffed. That some additions to ornithological and mammalogical science have been made by my trip to the great desert and the extinct volcano these specimens, I think, will satisfactorily demonstrate."

Don't Let 'Em Come West.

Grace Taylor, a Vermont girl of 20 summers, had a breach of promise case in court last week, and she swore to the exact number of kisses she had received each night for a year and a half. Ninety-three were recorded for one night, and never less than thirty-five. A girl cold-blooded enough to keep such a record should be made to go barefoot all winter.

## THREE WARNINGS.

Startling Results Attending the Free Use of Brandy, Whisky and Whalebone.

A man who travels a good deal and who has recently returned from London, came into a popular New York resort yesterday, tossed off a drink of whisky made on the block of 1867, and said as he smacked his lips: "Ah, that's the stuff! I haven't had any of it since I left Chicago. I don't mean to say that all Chicago whisky is good, for I know it isn't. When I went away from here an alleged kind friend gave me a flask of the stuff to accompany me on my journey. He said it was great, but I found that it was regular peevish liquor. After I had taken two drinks of it I felt as though I wanted to lick the train conductor, but I had head enough on me to pause right there. I gave the flask to the sleeping-car porter; and about an hour later he was lying on the sofa in the smoking compartment, singing negro songs and howling at the top of his voice. Not a single pair of shoes in that car was blacked that night. Finally the sleeping-car conductor took the flask from the porter, and it was not very long before he wanted to lick the train conductor. If that flask had ever reached the engineer we would surely have gone off the track. Was it the whisky? Well, you can judge whether it was or not when I tell you that it affected the porter so that the next morning he gave the passengers in his car a quarter each as they came out."

"I was presented with a similar gift once," said a young theatrical manager who had been listening to the conversation. "I was about to start on the road with a company and a reputed friend of mine handed me a bottle of what he said was 1814 brandy and prime stuff. Well, I tucked it away in my grip, and never thought of it until the next morning. Then I felt like a drink and went after it. I found to my dismay that the bottle had been broken and the rich contents had thoroughly saturated my belongings in the satchel. In the outfit was a pair of fine alligator skin slippers, and when I took them out on reaching my first town I found that the choice liquor had sunk that tough alligator skin down so close to the soles that a man could not insert a footpick in the slippers let a lone his foot. Then I wondered what effect that brandy would have on the lining of a man's stomach if it could shrink alligator skin in that way. I was glad I did not drink it under the circumstances."

"That reminds me of the London liquor," said the much traveled young man, "and," he continued, "the London liquor reminds me of the way they kill polar bears in the Arctic regions. An exploring friend of mine told me about it. They kill bears for food, and in the killing they take no chances. How do they do it? Well, it's like this: They procure a stiff and sharp piece of whalebone and wind it tightly in a roll. Then they thrust this inside of a big chunk of whale's blubber. This mass is exposed until it is frozen. Then it is laid out upon the ice as a sort of bait. The first polar bear that comes along bolts the mass at a single gulp. Then, of course, the heat of the bear's stomach thaws out the frozen blubber and the sharp whalebone expands. In straightening out it penetrates the sides of the bear and kills him. He is found dead on the ice and is skinned and cut up. Now London whisky is like that. It goes down smoothly, but it subsequently expands and kills a man."—Tribune.

### Earnings of Popular Authors.

A simple glance over the list of American authors is in itself a convincing evidence that literature is not so profitable as our literary paragraphers would have us believe. The Home Journal says few of our modern authors find themselves able to depend entirely upon the revenues of their work. I will not say that they could not do so; I merely state the fact that they do not. Mr. Cable, for example, devotes considerable time to lecturing. Mark Twain is now more of a publisher than an author. Joel Chandler Harris is an editor as is Richard Henry Stoddard. Dr. Holmes found his medical practice immensely valuable to him for years before he reached an eminence in literature accorded to but few. Marion Harland and Margaret E. Sangster both find the editorial chair profitable; likewise, John Habberton, Mr. Aldrich, Mr. Warner, and Mr. Gilder. Bret Harte's consulate was not accepted purely for the honor it brought. Mary Mapes Dodge doubtless finds more peace of mind in the assured income which her position as editor of St. Nicholas brings her than in the lottery of simple authorship.

Two hearts that beat as one—An eloping pair who leave this confiding woman's husband without a cent.—Boston Gazette.

# VELVETS AND PLUSHES.

We have just received a large invoice of **SILK VELVETS AND PLUSHES** comprising all the Latest Shades, which we will place on sale **SATURDAY MORNING NEXT**, and offer the whole lot at just about wholesale prices.

These Velvets are 16 inches wide, finest silk quality, and our price is  
**47 Cents per Yard**

Our Plushes are 18 inches wide, finest silk quality, and while the same article cannot be bought for less than 65 cents per yard anywhere else in the state, we will offer our whole line at

**55 Cents per Yard**

Don't neglect to take advantage of these prices.

## TEICHER & CO.

### MORE LOCAL.

You may patch, you may tinker  
Old jokes as you will,  
But the flavor of chestnuts  
Will cling round them still  
—Goodall's Sun.

While Fred Tubbs and Bert Tuft were shooting at a mark Fred was accidentally shot, but not seriously.

The total number of convicts in the English penal service last July was 6,405. Twenty years before it was 17,600.

There are very few women in Michigan who can say, "Arise, daughter; go tell thy daughter that her daughter has a daughter," but Mrs. Jeremiah Harrington, of Port Huron, can do it. She is 90 years old, and settled where Port Huron now is 75 years ago.

The new editor of the Mt. Clemens Press was recently on the customs house force in Port Huron, and this is the way he refers to his change of case: "Collector Geer, of Port Huron, has a beautiful and very effective way of 'firing' a man out of office. He just says: 'I want your scalp, and if you had rather resign than to be fired out bodily, don't be backward about saying so.' That is why we are here."

The newspapers of Michigan are calling attention to the fact that if post masters should enforce the law in regard to the delivery of letters through the postoffices all girls under 18 and boys under 21 years of age could not get a letter from the postoffice unless by order of parents or guardians. Here is the law as it reads: "All letters addressed to girls under 18 years of age or boys under 21 years of age, will be placed in care of their parents or guardians." Now, we think this too hard on the girls.

One cannot always protect oneself from rudeness; that comes to all the dwellers in this most wholly socially satisfactory world. To be snubbed, however, is impossible to one who keeps the position to which he is entitled. He is foolish to accuse himself of having been pushing his way where he had no right by asserting that he has been ruled by anybody. If he is capable of taking the high ground that is his wherever it may please him to go, of course he at one stroke does away with the possibility of being rebuffed by anybody whomsoever.

### More Mention.

Miss Hattie Yerkes is ill.  
Mrs. Emilie Gage is visiting in Detroit.

Frank Thompson spent Thanksgiving at home.

F. A. Hulett and wife have come to stop with us.

Will Barnett, of Detroit, was in the village last week.

Wm. McKeand, of Owosso, was in town Wednesday.

Miss Alice Beal is home for a few week's vacation.

Lee Wager, of Detroit, spent last Sunday in town.

E. N. Root was at Maple Rapids on business this week.

Miss Celia Kator spent Monday in Detroit visiting friends.

Rev. Jacquess and wife were in Detroit the first of the week.

Chas. Barnett, of Barnett Bros. fair, spent a few days in Detroit last week.

Miss Emma Kelly, of Toledo, has been visiting Mrs. F. S. Neal, the past week.

Mrs. E. Crosby, of Wayne, was the guest of her cousin, J. Wilkins over Sunday.

L. L. Johnson and wife, of Washington, D. C., were visiting at E. R. Reed's Monday.

Lee Lamoroux has returned from Battle Creek after spending a week with his parents.

Rev. Hatch, the evangelist, left Saturday for Fenton where he will conduct a series of meetings.

Miss Hannah Smith and Miss Maggie Ale, of Maple Town, N. Y., are guests of Mrs. E. Van Valkenburg.

Miss Minnie Richardson, of Rosecon, arrived Monday to spend the winter with her aunt, Mrs. O. Sloan.

Fred Flaunders, of Albion, who has been visiting at his uncles, Henry E. Hilborn, returned to his home this week.

Mrs. W. J. McRoberts, of Waterford, has been ill. Consequently Mr. McRoberts has not been able to move his family here.

E. Simonds and wife leave next Tuesday for Florida, where they intend to spend the winter. J. D. Yerkes and wife are also going.

## WATCHES

Save your railroad fare and 25 per cent by

**PURCHASING DIRECT!**

From the Old Established **WHOLESALE AND RETAIL JEWELRY HOUSE** of

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Being within three squares of Brush St. Depot, where passengers arrive by the Grand Trunk, Lake Shore, and the Detroit, Grand Haven and Milwaukee Railroads.

Three lines of Street cars pass the door—Jefferson ave. line (which connects with Michigan (Central Depot); the Trumbull ave., and the Congress and Baker st. lines. Woodward ave. and Fort st. lines pass within 2 squares.

**MEALS 25 CENTS.**  
RATES—Per day, \$1.25 to \$1.50. Rooms without board, 50c, 75c and \$1.00.

## BOILERS

**STEPHEN PRATT'S,**  
**STEAM ROILER WORKS,**  
(Established 1865.)

Manufacturer of High and Low Pressure and Steam Heating Boilers of all kinds, smoke pipes, branchings, etc. Old boilers taken in exchange for new. Rivets, boiler plates and boiler tubes for sale. Cor. Foundry st. and Mich. Cent. R. R. tracks, DETROIT, MICH.

The Western Rural and Record from now until Jan. 1, 1891 for \$2.30.

**DON'T READ This**  
Because Barnett's Fair is going  
to sell

2,000 Xmas Cards at 2c each.	Dusters 10c.
Pillow Shams holders 25c.	25 Envelopes 5c.
All size Lamp Chimmey's 5c.	25 ft wire Picture Cord 5c.
Curling Irons 20 and 25c.	Square Pie Tins 5c.
Cups and Saucers 5c a set.	14 qt Pails and Dish Pans 25c.
Wash-bowls and pitches 75c for the 2.	Beefsteak Pounders 10c.
Night Lamps 20c.	Combs 5 and 10c.
Coal Hods 25, 30 and 40c.	Cocoa Castile Soap 6 bars 25c.
3doz clothes pin 5c.	Toilet Soap 5c a box.
Knives and Forks 60c a set.	Dress Shields 10c a pair.
All size Plates 5c	All size Lamp Wicks 5c a yd.
Soup Plates 35c a set.	Garter Elastic 5c a yd.
3 boxes of Matches 5c.	Safety Pins all sizes 5c a do.
	Rising Sun Stove Polish 5c.

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