

# The Northville Record.

Vol. XXIII, No. 51.

Northville, Mich., Thursday, August 4, 1892.

\$1.00 per year, in advance.

## WILL PLAY BALL.

Manager Brown Promises a Great Game.

FOR SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

One of Detroit's Crack Clubs Will Try to Beat the Colts.

The wishes of a number of Northville people will be gratified Saturday afternoon. The West Ends of Detroit, a well known amateur club of considerable reputation, will play Brown's Colts at this place. Yerkes and Wilson will do the battery act for the Colts. Wilson is the new Canadian catcher recently signed. Shields will hold down first and Webster will play short.

NOTICEABLE IMPROVEMENTS.

The Railroad and Grounds has Undergone Many Changes for the Better.

When, last fall, a petition signed by a large number of Northville's leading citizens, was handed to the E. & P. M. officials requesting a new depot here, and that in return the people of Northville would see that the mill pond was cleaned out and the place beautified, the company replied that they would see that Northville was properly taken care of. That the company have done their share one has but to now glance at the depot and its improved surroundings. The most noticeable feature is a practically new depot. An extensive addition has been built on the south end of freight purposes, the goods room has been nearly doubled in size, the freight office and baggage room has been lowered even with the other rooms, made more commodious and is now where formerly was the north end of the freight house; the ticket and telegraph office has also been nearly doubled in size, thoroughly overhauled and provided with neat iron screens; the old 10x12 light windows have all been replaced with handsome single light sash; an entire new roof has been put on and the building has been treated to several coats of paint inside and out. The elevator has been all repaired, over and thoroughly painted and the water tank and other out buildings are similarly treated. The old building belonging to Mr. Bovee, which has done duty as a store room and circus bill-board, near the south end of the depot was tore down and the grounds cleaned up. The Globe furniture company's plaster house was moved back from the track and the old pump house is now located way down the track. The unsightly mill pond has been all enclosed with a neat, newly painted, board fence and all in all Northville now has as trim and pretty a depot as there is to be found on the lines of the popular F. & P. M. railroad.

## Society Notes.

K. O. T. M.  
Salem Tent 417 initiated 2 candidates last week and 2 more will probably be initiated at the next review.  
Fred C. Wheeler will be the representative and Henry Stanley the alternate of Salem Tent at the next grand lodge meeting in Detroit.

"No assessment this month," says the July Michigan Maccabee.

K. of P.  
Are you going to Kansas City? This seems to be the prevalent question just now in Plinian circles. The fare has been brought down to about \$10 for the round trip and 'tis said by some who claim to know that it may be knocked down as low as \$6 or \$8 before departure day arrives.

CARD OF THANKS.  
I desire to publicly express my sincere thanks to those friends for kind assistance rendered during the illness and death of my wife.  
H. A. BOVEE.

## THE NEW FACTORY.

It's Going to Be a Big Concern When Completed.

The intentions now are to build the new refrigerator around the old organ building. This will give it a frontage of 104 feet and one side will be about 72 and the other some 84 feet deep. It will all be built of brick and three stories high. We hope to give a more definite description next week.

## DETECTIVE WHITE GOT HIM.

Charged With Stealing a Fellow Boarders Clothes.

Detective White arrested Frank Braden yesterday in Detroit and brought him here to answer the charge of stealing H. L. Bovee's grip and clothes Sunday night. Braden and Bovee belong to the water works gang and both boarded at Mrs. Slater's.

## IN SILENT SLEEP.

Mrs. Fannie Perry-Bovee Died Early Monday Morning.

Mrs. Fannie Perry-Bovee, wife of Harry Bovee, died at the home of her father-in-law, Marvin Bovee, about one o'clock Monday morning.

Mrs. Bovee was an only daughter of Charles Perry of Benton and one of Benton's most popular young ladies. She married Harry Bovee of this place about one year ago. Mrs. Bovee was well known in Northville and could count her friends by the score. She had a most charming way of making friends and it could well be said of her "none knew her but to love her."

Mrs. Bovee has been for some five months past a patient sufferer of that dread disease consumption and though the best medical aid in the country attended her it was of no avail. She was in her 25th year and leaves a bright little babe of five months.

The funeral occurred from the home Wednesday morning, Rev. Jaquess officiating.

## ANOTHER LANDMARK GONE.

For 40 Years a Northville Business Man.

John Owenshire died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. D. B. Wilcox, in Plymouth at 9 o'clock Monday night. The funeral occurred from the late home in this village at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, Rev. Jaquess officiating, and the remains were interred in the family lot in Oakwood.

John Owenshire was born in Ovid, N. Y., March 1812. In 1836 he married Catherine M. Flagg of that place who still survives him. They moved to Michigan in '38 and for more than fifty-four years has resided in, or within three miles of, Northville. For about forty years Mr. Owenshire was in the furniture and undertaking business here a part of which time he had for a partner our old and highly respected citizen John Sands now of Sands & Porter. Mr. Owenshire had always enjoyed unusual good health until last winter when, while shoveling some snow from off his walk he received a paralytic stroke and had to be carried into the house. He never recovered from the shock, but at times he seemed to be on the gain and for a time was able to walk about the yard. About two weeks ago he was induced to go over to his son-in-law's, D. B. Wilcox, Plymouth, for a visit with the hopes of cheering up. For a time the change seemed to be of benefit, but for a week past, with new complication setting in, he grew worse until Monday night when he quietly passed away, seemingly in response to his late oft repeated wish that the end would soon come.

There was no better known man in this township than John Owenshire. He was an honest upright citizen, respected and honored by all.

## To Make

## Hot Bread Wholesome.

With most persons it is necessary that bread raised with yeast should lose its freshness or become stale before it can be eaten with safety. Distressing results also follow from eating biscuit, cake, pastry, etc., raised by the cheap, inferior baking powders that contain lime, alum, phosphates, or other adulterants. The hot roll and muffin, and the delicious hot griddle cakes, raised by Royal Baking Powder, can be eaten without inconvenience by persons with the most delicate digestive organs, and are as wholesome and digestible as warm soup, meat or any other food.

No leavening agent or baking powder, except the Royal Baking Powder, possesses this great qualification.

## Council Proceedings.

A regular meeting of the council was held Aug. 2, 1892.

President W. H. Yerkes in the chair.

Present, Trustees: Swift, Tatham, Van Zile, Miller, Johnson and Rayson.

Minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

The following bills were allowed and ordered paid:

James Hamilton, st. work \$28.44

Globe Fura Co., lights 75.48

Palmer & Slater, rents, etc. 20.85

John Harley, st. work 5.00

Firemen's pay roll 18.50

L. N. Blackwood, justice's fees 2.25

Motion made and supported that estimates No. 4 and 5 of Lansing Engine & Iron Works, amounting to \$1,906.25 be approved and ordered paid.

Ayes, Tatham, Johnson, Van Zile, Miller, Rayson. Nays, Swift. Motion carried.

On motion the City of Northville were allowed \$5 for the maintenance of a public watering trough.

The Street committee reported unfavorable to building a sewer across Center street at south end of B. A. Wheeler's store.

On motion the Health officer was instructed to immediately abate the nuisance in regard to slops in the streets from the Bath house on Center street.

The committee appointed to investigate the matter of raising the amount asked for to aid in building shops for the manufacture of refrigerators reported they had secured the amount and had received a communication from F. R. Beal acknowledging the same and asking that a committee either of the council or subscribers be appointed to confer with their directors and on motion a meeting of the subscribers was called for Friday night, Aug. 5, to elect such committee.

On motion the Board of Water Commissioners were instructed to use their judgment in regard to the time for turning the water into the pipes in the village also in receiving bids and purchasing of hose.

Councilman Swift gave notice that he should offer an amendment to sec. 21 of ordinance No. 29 and sec. 2 of ordinance No. 30 relative to powers and duties of the board of water commissioners. The proposed amendment is to insert the words "Board of Water Commissioners in place of the word 'President of' as relates to auditing bills and collecting water rents.

Council adjourned.

C. A. DOWNER, Clerk.

## Business Flashes.

FOR RENT—Nice furnished Rooms. Apply Record office. 51w3

FOR RENT—South Store in Opera House. Inquire Record Office. 4717

FOR RENT—Nice large house in north west part of village Inquire this office. 4021

FOR SALE—Fine building lot, about 1/2 acre. West end Cady street. Apply to John Allen. 5111

FOR SALE—Good building, 12x24, suitable for barn or shop. Can be easily moved. Cheap. Inquire Louis Priest. 4911

FOR SALE—Houses and lots in the village of Northville. Inquire of E. S. Woodman, Att'y at Law. 4711

FOR SALE CHEAP—Ho use and on acre. Land with good Well and Cistern and Fruit Trees. Inquire Wm. Ambler. 4011

FOR SALE—Elegant large house and big lot. Quantities of fruit, chicken park etc. Corner Yerkes and Atwater street. Inquire O. F. Carpenter. 4211

FOR SALE—S Good Building lots on Gorton division. Terms 10 per cent down, 10 per cent in six months, balance on term of 3 years. Price \$100 to \$125. Inquire of A. D. Kendrick or M. D. Gordon. 3211

FOR SALE—The property known as the Samuel Williams homestead Corner Main and Wing streets is for sale. Address Mrs. L. G. N. Randolph, 463 Third avenue, Detroit Mich. 1511

H. M. Dunlap has opened rooms in the Macomber building, where he is ready to give prompt attention to all patients desiring the

MASSAGE TREATMENT.

Mr. Dunlap has had long experience and has the highest testimonials of his skill from eminent people who have received treatment at his hands and derived marked benefit from it. Office hours from two o'clock until five, and from seven thirty until ten p.m. daily. 3711

## HAVE YOU SEEN?

Our new method of framing Pictures? If not step in our Gallery and look at our stock of Mouldings and Framed Pictures.

150 Styles of Mouldings now in Stock.

Think of it! New shades to harmonize with any study. The new and correct way of Framing.

We are up with the times. Prices consistently low and prompt attention in filling every order. We invite your inspection.

BROWN & CO., Northville, Mich

## Another Tailor

Shop in town over Teichner & Co's Dry Good store. New Goods, and also repair work done on short notice. Come and give me a call.

B. FREYDE, Formerly with J. R. Doells.

## \$10 REWARD \$10.

Offered for any other filler found in our make of

R. & F. CIGARS

than superior Vuelta Abajo Havana, grown in the Isle of Cuba. They are equal to most the brands and are sold by dealers at 5c straight. Call for 'em, 'em and be convinced.

RATHBURN & FLEISCHER, M'F'rs Wayne Mich.

M. N. JOHNSON & CO., LIVERY.

## FEED AND BOARDING STABLES.

Special attention taken to furnish the public with first-class turnouts at MODERATE PRICES.

## Upholstering and Repairing.

I am prepared to do all kinds of upholstering and Repairing, such as Couches, Chairs, Carriages, etc., in a neat and prompt manner, at my residence on Dunlap street, three doors east Opera house.

L. V. CARPENTER.

## ODONTUNDER!

For Painless Extraction of Teeth is the

Grandest Success of the Age!

No Chloroform, Ether, Gas or Electricity.

This process is applied directly to the Gums, and the Patients retain all their senses, having their Teeth extracted without pain. The only safe anesthetic.

No bad results.

HUNDREDS OF TESTIMONIALS.

Dentist will be at Park House, Northville, Saturday August 13, one day.

All persons wishing work please call as this is probably the last visit until early winter. Teeth filled without pain.



## BOYS WANTED!

The Ladies and Gentlemen have had all the Bargains offered in this space this Season, and this week we propose to Give the Boys a Chance. And so we want to see every Boy in Northville and vicinity Well Dressed, and to help them do it I propose to have a BOYS TWO PIECE SUIT SALE, with Knee Pants, and make the price low enough that the Boys can all embrace the opportunity, and at the same time reduce my stock of Boys Suits preparatory to receiving the largest Fall Stock ever shown in Northville.

## NOW BOYS, LOOK HERE!

One lot boys suits (knee pants) worth \$1.50 for \$1.	
One lot " " " 2.25 " 1.50	
One lot " " " 3.00 " 2.00	
One lot " " " 3.75 " 2.50	
One lot " " " 4.50 " 3.00	
One lot " " " 5.00 " 3.50	
One lot " " " 6.00 " 4.00	

These Suits are all well made, of good material and latest styles and colors, and the Boy who misses this sale loses a snap!

## 49 BOYS WANTED!

SATURDAY MORNING, AUG. 6th.

I want 49 Boys between the ages of 5 and 13 years, at my store, each boy to bring a ball of twine and come between the hours of 10 and 11 o'clock—not any later. Now Boys don't be late and don't forget the string for Saturday will be "KITE DAY".

T. G. Richardson, The Cash Outfitter.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard



# THE RECORD.

F. S. NEAL, Publisher.

NORTHVILLE, MICHIGAN

It is the first impulse of every honest man, when approached with a bribe, to resist the temptation so forcibly that the would-be briber draws back before he has gone too far to retreat. It is this natural instinct, which renders bribery the most difficult of crimes to detect and prove.

People have stayed at home and lived to be a century old. A shorter experience than that has qualified careful observers to assert that when they have been unable to go in search of change a little patience has enabled them to enjoy it at home. They even say that the arrangement known as the seasons has been expressly contrived to bring wholesome varieties of climate around to the doors of folks who wait for them. They are old fogies such people, but there are compensations about their way.

The difference represented between good roads and bad roads is the difference between profitable agriculture and farming; just to get a living out of it. It may be urged that this road question is not a political one. In one sense it is not. But as all subjects that are of moment to the public are political ones in this country, the road question may be properly taken up and urged by political parties. The more frequent its endorsement the better. If all parties are pledged to it there may be some hope of accomplishing results.

Whatever changes could be recommended to one who believes in education at all would abandon the plan of having each grade and school solidly founded on the one beneath it. The graduate of the grammar school should be able to enter the high school without having instruction outside of school just as much as he should be able to pass from one grade of the grammar school to the next. The university should be the next step above the high school, not separated by an interval that it would require the aid of a private tutor to pass.

The various devices for the prevention of food disasters which have been tried in this country have each and all of them proved inadequate against the freshets which have attacked them during the spring season. The levee is probably the most efficient of all methods which do not involve immense expense, and it has repeatedly proved itself insufficient. It is a pretentious measure and up to a certain point in the advance of the flood, but it gives way before such torrents as appear in the spring and are likely to appear at almost any time of heavy rains.

The object of education is not wholly or even chiefly to make all pupils good bookkeepers and good public readers and good penmen. These things are more or less important, but the object of education is vastly more important. It is to draw out and develop and strengthen the intellectual powers of the child, as well as to teach particular facts. A given fact, once learned, may be forgotten; the chances are that it will be no practical use if remembered; but a well developed intelligence is a permanent possession, that may be turned to meet any of the demands of life.

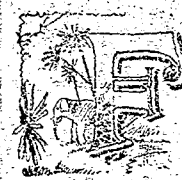
This fact is not flattering to our intelligence as a nation, but it is a fact nevertheless that a large number of people in this country are superstitious. It is surprising to note how many among one's acquaintances, believed in signs and omens—in the significance of things which have no natural connection whatever with the results they attribute to them. Hundreds of people—well informed people at that—are in mortal dread of becoming one of a party of thirteen at table. Breaking a mirror is cause for most doleful forebodings. Seeing the new moon through the clouds or foliage is a source of misgiving if not of worry.

It is true that better roads must cost money, and cause town debts and higher rates of taxation. So did the building of railroads. So years ago did the old turnpike roads, but both have shown their value. The improved facilities for travel and for the transportation of freight proved their benefit to those who used them, and have made them profitable to the builders while even those who feel that rates might be made still lower do not feel willing to abandon their use. The fact that the turnpikes passed from the control of private corporations into the hands of the state or county may not be a precedent for the railroads doing the same, but they are a good precedent for the state extending its power so as to take control of and improve some of the most public thoroughfares, which benefit not only the towns through which they pass, but all the people at either terminus as well as all along their line.

## HUNTING THE LION.

ADVENTURES OF THE STANLEY OF THE ANIMAL WORLD.

Sharing the King of Wild Beasts in the Jungles—Incidents in a Career of Fifteen Years in Darkest Africa.



FRANK HEALEY has been in the wilds of Africa again after various sorts of beasts. Of course any body can go into the wilds of Africa; the difficulty is to get back again, and the astonishing thing about Mr. Healey is that he has returned safe and sound no less than forty times. He is full of good stories about hunting queer animals, and he told a number to a New York reporter a day or two ago. His hunting is of a more difficult sort than the ordinary, because his purpose is not simply destructive; it is instructive, so to speak, for he brings his prey back alive for us to look at. Thus we get some knowledge of the jungle without Ethiopians' spears, a yard or two long, thrust through our vitals.

Mr. Healey, the African hunter, is a man about 5 feet 8 inches in height. He has an English east of countenance. His eyes are, perhaps, his most striking feature. They are deep brown, and are extremely resolute in the way they look out upon the world. A long, sweeping mustache, of a deep black color, sweeps off his face to great advantage. Mr. Healey is dressed in African style. His form is somewhat bent, under stress of the hard life he has had these many years past.

How to catch monkeys? Oh, that is easy—and quite common too—when it is once understood. The catching of a monkey is a good illustration of strong drink, the monkey of the appetite for rum.

"Drunk monkeys," said the African hunter, smiling. "We are on a tour for monkeys, let us say; the first thing is to find their haunts. That is easy enough, for the brats are chattering in the tree tops day and night. Then, the locality decided upon, off we go, early some morning; soon the monkeys are seen, each of my twenty native servants carries a small palm filled with cheap ship rum, sweetened with sugar cane. The pulls of rum are buried in the bases of the various monkey trees, leaving only the outer rim of the vessels exposed. Soon there is a noise in the



FRANK HEALEY.

tree tops, telling us that the monkeys have sniffed afar, their tipple. Cautiously the beasts come out of their places, and soon are drinking rum like old toppers.

The usual result—dead drunk—follows in, say, five minutes. Then we creep from our hiding and seize the prey that has come to us by the use of rum. It never fails. In my time I have caught many hundreds of monkeys in this fashion.

"To catch a boa-constrictor," continued the man from the Dark Continent, "is a difficult and dangerous task. Briefly, it is accomplished by means of a labyrinthine tangle, say embracing 60 square feet of ground. The labyrinth is made by joining together, end on end, pieces of matting. This web is 3 feet high, usually, and placed so that the opposing walls will be 2 feet apart. All sorts of criss-cross and diverging combinations are made with the matting—it is supported here and there by stakes—making, when it is set, a geometrical puzzle that might well challenge the ingenuity of man. The trap is baited with a live pig, which is placed in a pen in the center of the labyrinth.

"By and by along comes the boa-constrictor. It is easy enough to get in; he scents the prey, he is very hungry; the pig is devoured—and here the boa comes to grief. For hours he strives to release himself from the tortuous passages which rise about him, but by and by he grows tired, and stretches himself out for a nap. Then is our time. We open the labyrinth and catch him."

"It is a clever scheme, Mr. Healey. But how about the bigger game?"

"To snare the lion," pursued Mr. Healey, "the natives have recourse to a network of green bamboo. This is woven together till the whole fabric covers seventy-five square feet. The corners are secured by pins. It is loose in the middle. A live goat is secured under the net. The lion crawls under the net to devour the goat; the men rush out from their places of concealment; the lion starts to turn, twist and fight, but he hasn't room. He thrashes around, and the sight of his struggles is appalling, but he only crushes himself still more hopelessly in the treacherous coils of the green and willowy bamboo.

"Now comes the hardest part: the lion must be secured alive. One misstep, one careless move on the part of the men, and every life is put in jeopardy. Indeed, deaths at the lion's claws, under these circumstances, are not infrequent. The green netting is released from two of its corners, and the mat-

ting securely wound about the lion's body; in other words, the lion is simply wrapped in the meshes of the bamboo matting. It is utterly impossible to explain how it is done, and believe me, sir," added the intrepid hunter, looking about him with the air of one whom the varied dangers of the plains and jungle had made not insensible to a worthy foe, "it is a situation to try the stoutest heart. The hoarse cries of the ensnared lion and the imminent possibility that he will break his snare are enough to make any man quail. I value my life as cheaply as does any one, yet I say that a lion's roar will make me tremble like a child."

"Dangers and escapes? Well, yes; a few"—and Mr. Healey smiled—"I was bitten by a boa-constrictor only a few months ago. The wound is still sore. Here it is, on my left hand."

The hand revealed an ugly gash, as though made by a buzz saw. "I had that snake in a pen," went on the hunter, "and I was about to move him from one place to another, when snap! the ponderous jaws shut upon me! It was simply awful. The pain—oh! I cannot describe it."

"On another occasion," some years ago, I was bitten by a leopard. The wound laid me up for weeks. The leopard was crouching in the hub of a tree. I shot at a wild cat; the noise startled the leopard, which at once sprang wildly into the air, and as it charged, directly at my feet. Instantly the ferocious beast turned and attacked me. It was life against life. In all my varied experiences in the jungle, this is the only time I ever really gave up my chance of seeing home or friends again. Luckily for me, my trained black boy, Co-Co-Ki, who came with me from Sierra Leone, and who for ten years now has been beside me in the Congo bush, heard my cries and came to my rescue. The wounds healed in time, but the scars I shall carry with me to my grave."

Mr. Healey has brought with him, on this trip, a ruthless ape, said to look marvellously like the famous "Jit-Crowley," the late departed. The monkey has been dubbed "Mr. Crowley's Boy."

## THE SNAKE-CHARMER.

A Favorite in East India. Although He Feels the People.

In the city of Shivaraj, the capital of the Maharajah of Kashmir, there is a palace whose spacious halls and courtyards are daily thronged with lounging spectators of a performance still dear to the wonder-loving Oriental mind. Snake-charming is a feat repeatedly described by travelers in India, and explained by scientific physiologists who know the processes whereby animal instincts are lulled and subdued. The reptile can either be deprived of his natural weapon, his deadly poison, or can be gradually weaned from the impulse to use it offensively, till the simplest child may lay hands on the basilisk, the viper or the cobra without fear of harm, or may let the serpent curl around his neck, while the careful conjurer, practicing an hereditary secret skill, assumes the marvel to the favor of the gods. If you should take pains, as an enlightened European friend, to convince the Hindu crowd that this is no miracle at all, the snake-charmer would then console himself with a professional proverb: "Plenty fool man come next time."

## KILLED A PANTHER.

The Rough Experience of Two Sporting Citizens.

Bill Thatcher and Billy Lore had a hard tussle with a big panther about a mile and a half from the latter's house on the Shingleton road, one day last week. Thatcher treed the panther at a time when he had his two dogs with him, but he did not like to tackle him without the aid of a gun, so he tied one of the dogs at the foot of the tree while he hurried down to Lore's for a B. & B. and munitions of war. They hurried to the ground as rapidly as possible, and all they could see was dog and cat hair scattered right and left. The panther had come down and made gray on the dog.

They whistled around a little while until they found the dog unscathed, and soon got on the track of the panther and found him in another tree. A shot was aimed to cripple him so



THREE THE PANTHER.

that he would come down and give the dogs a rattle together. After bounding around among the limbs for a few minutes he let go his hold and jumped to the ground, when the dogs bounded him. It was cat and dog for awhile, when the wild animal made off and was about to go over a steep precipice when Thatcher grabbed him by the tail and hauled him back to good ground. They fooled with him for a time and then loaded him with shot and laid him out. He was of good size and the first that has been killed in that neighborhood for several years.

## HIS GREAT INVENTION.

A DEVICE TO PREVENT BAGGING AT THE KNEES.

Mr. Orville Ardup Enfields His Little Scheme to Mr. Spotsash—Coming Down to Bed-Rock and Or-fended Dignity.

Mr. Spotsash sat in his private office. He had been out to lunch, had returned, and was picking his teeth and meditating on the condition of trade.

"There came a knock at the door and a man entered. The caller was attired in a once genteel and still carefully groomed, suit of black and had a brisk businesslike air about him."

"This is Mr. Spotsash, is it not?" he asked.

"My name is Ardup—Orville Ardup."

"Well, sir, what can I—"

"To come to the point at once, Mr. Spotsash, you are not averse to investing your money in any venture likely to offer large returns?"

"Well, I am the inventor of a device that will require a little capital to develop it, but there is a big fortune in it, and I am willing to go shares with any man that will furnish the money. I have come to you first, because of your well-known name."

"Skip all that. Come to business," said Mr. Spotsash. "I have hit upon an idea, which if carried into practical effect, will prevent trousers from bagging at the knees. It will absolutely and forever do away with the unsightly—"

"Hear me out, Mr. Spotsash. The great disfigurement of masculine attire to-day is baggy-kneed trousers. Every tailor every man of fashion, every person who has given the subject any thought whatever, will tell you the same thing. Witness the effects made by well-dressed men to overcome this defect. Observe how carefully some of them pull up the garment at the knees when they sit down. See what pains others take to retain the fore-and-aft crease up and down the legs. Candidly, Mr. Spotsash, do you mind creased pants—I beg pardon—trousers?"

"Why—"

"Of course you do not. Four or five years ago a man with a pair of creased trousers would have been blackballed by any club and would have been sneered into a back seat by the usher at any fashionable church as a second-rate chap who wore hand-me-downs. How is it now? I know men, personally, Mr. Spotsash, who make a practice of folding their trousers at night, and placing them under their mattress so that the crease shall be there in the morning. Others put ironing boards or long wire stiffeners inside the legs of the garment for the same purpose. But it doesn't work, sir. It is only a makeshift. It merely puts off the catastrophe. The baggy knee is inherent in the garment itself as now made. Mark me—I say as now made. My plan is to attack the evil in the beginning—to destroy the possibility of baggy knees by making the fabric of something that will not bag."

"That is simply a preposterous idea. It seemed so to me at first. But nothing is insurmountable to a man of energy and resources. The idea occurred to me at first of fastening small elastic rubber bands or strips on the inner side of the knees, but I soon saw this would not do. Then I thought of the plan of weaving the rubber into the cloth itself, but this would be equally objectionable. It would make the cloth wrinkle unequally and look odd. Finally the idea struck me of having the fabric itself woven more tightly at the knee than anywhere else, so it could not give. You see the philosophy of the thing. There is more strain at the knee than any other portion of the garment. Make it absolutely unyielding at this point, and the question is solved. To do this of course, will require special machinery applied to the looms now in use and this is where the expense—"

"But look here—"

"I know what you are thinking of now. You are wondering why the rest of the garment could not be shrunk in making so it would expand more than the knees—"

"I am not thinking of any thing of the kind, sir. I have now given you five minutes of my time and I have no more to spare. Your invention or device, Mr—"

"Ardup, sir—Orville Ardup."

"Impossible, ridiculous, preposterous, and there is no reason why this interview should be prolonged another minute. I have no money to invest in any crack-brained, nonsensical schemes, sir."

"I had thought of suggesting \$10,000," said the caller, "as a suitable amount to spend in experimenting, but I am willing to come right down to bed-rock. Will you lend me \$1.75 on the idea?"

"I will not, sir."

"Say a quarter of a dollar."

"If you don't get out of here—"

"Shall we say fifteen cents?"

"James!"

"You needn't call anybody, sir," said the visitor with offended dignity. "I scorn to debase myself by further application. I shall not come down another cent. I am now going across the way," he added, moving toward the door, "to lay a business proposition before the firm of Gettup & Howell, and when you see me again, sir, I shall probably be riding in a carriage with a pair of stumped, tail-coats in front of me, and a side-whiskered English coachman on the box."

With a look of imperial scorn he went out slamming the door behind him.

# CASTORIA

for Infants and Children

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as a superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ANGER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."

CARLOS MARTIN, D. D., New York City, Late Pastor Bloomingdale Reformed Church.

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK.

# CASTORIA

for Infants and Children

"Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Flatulency, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication."

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."

EDWIN F. PARKER, M. D., "The Waltham," 15th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

# Subscribe for The Northville Record.

# CARTER'S LIVER PILLS.

## CURE SICK HEADACHE

Headache, or Carter's Little Liver Pills and equally valuable in combination, curing and relieving the most distressing complaint, but especially their goodness is noted here, and those who suffer from this trouble, will find relief in a few days, and they will not be long to do without them. But after all, it is best to do without them. But after all, it is best to do without them.

Is the base of so many lives that have been ruined by this distressing complaint, but especially their goodness is noted here, and those who suffer from this trouble, will find relief in a few days, and they will not be long to do without them. But after all, it is best to do without them. But after all, it is best to do without them.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action please all who take them. In value 25 cents; five for \$1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

# PATENTS

Scientific American Agency for

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For information and free Handbook write to MCKINNON & CO., 25 Broadway, New York. Old-time bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out in this office before the public by a notice given free of charge in the Scientific American.

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Scientific illustrations of all inventions made known to the public. Address McKINNON & CO., Publishers, 25 Broadway, New York.

# FITS CURED

Warrant, S. C., Dec. 22, 1887.

"I think I could tell you who are suffering from any kind of disease, and know just how to cure them. My stomach is not good, and I am now the stouter child I have. With many thanks, I remain yours."

H. A. TATE.

Germantown, Pa., Dec. 22, 1887.

"I have not had one of my bad spells since I commenced taking your medicine, six months ago."

C. W. WOOD.

THE KNOWN AND TRUSTED CURES FOR THE WORST CASES. That you may try it without expense, we will send you one bottle free. All charges prepaid by Give Aids, East-Ohio and State. Address Hall Chemical Co., WEST PHILADELPHIA, PA.

# TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that of a cure, I am anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a cure for Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis and all throat and lung maladies. He hopes all sufferers will try his remedy, as it is invaluable. Those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address:

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Brooklyn, New York.

# PATENT OR NO FEE

A 48-page book free. Address: W. T. FITZGERALD, ATT'Y AT LAW, Cor. Street and P Sts., Washington D. C.

# BUCKLIN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. M. Randolph, the druggist.

# NERVOUS DEBILITY.

A gentleman having been cured of Nervous Prostration, Seminal Weakness, Premature Decay, and youthful folly, is anxious to make known to others the simple method of SELF-CURE. To those who will give him their symptoms, and so wish, he will send (free) by return mail, a copy of the recipe so successfully used in his case. Address in confidence JAMES W. PINKET, 62 Cedar Street, New York.

# PASTER KOENIG'S NERVE TONIC

A NATURAL REMEDY FOR

Epileptic Fits, Falling Sickness, Hysteria, St. Vitus Dance, Nervousness, Hypochondria, Melancholia, Insanity, Sleeplessness, Dizziness, Brain and Spinal Weakness.

This medicine has direct action upon the nerve centers, allaying all irritabilities, and increasing the flow and power of nerve fluid. It is perfectly harmless and leaves no unpleasant effects.

A Valuable Book on Nervous Diseases and Free to all patients who obtain this medicine free of charge. This book has been prepared by the inventor, Paster Koenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., since 1878 and is now prepared under his direction by the

KOENIG MED. CO., Chicago, Ill. Sold by Druggists at \$1 per Bottle. 60¢ 25. Large Size, \$1.75. 60 Bottles for \$9.

# THE Attention

Of Advertisers is Called to the Superior Quality of THE RECORD as a Medium with which to reach the People of this section of Michigan.

# WOOD'S PHOSPHORINE.

The Great English Remedy.

Promptly and permanently cures all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spasmodic, Impotency and all effects of Abuse or Excesses. Began prescriptions before and after. Address: 131 Woodward Avenue, Detroit, Mich. Sold in Northville by C. E. Stevens, A. M. Handlin, G. C. Pueston and druggists everywhere.







# The Northville Record.

EVERY THURSDAY.

F. S. NEAL, Publisher.  
OFFICE IN OPERA HOUSE BLOCK.

THURSDAY, AUG. 4, 1892.

**FRIENDS OF THE RECORD WHO HAVE BUSINESS AT THE PROBATE COURT, WILL PLEASE REQUEST JUDGE DUFFEE TO SEND THEIR PRINTING TO THIS OFFICE.**

## Do You Believe It.

From Boston Globe.

"Here is the situation we have reached after thirty years of grinding class taxation. From a time within the memory of many men now living, when a millionaire was something of an anomaly, we have reached the days when an American millionaire is already in sight.

There are now in the United States over 200 persons worth \$20,000,000 each. There are 400 persons who possess \$10,000,000 each. 1,000 persons who are rated at \$5,000,000 each. 2,000 persons having \$2,500,000 each. 6,000 millionaires and 15,000 persons worth over half a million.

Summing up the whole situation, the official statistics establish the fact that a total of 31,000 persons possess \$36,250,000,000. The assessed valuation of the whole country on the national ledger standing to our credit is \$62,910,000,000, so that 31,000 people out of 65,000,000 already own more than one-half of the nation.

These are facts that are beginning to stagger many good and patriotic men of all classes. That the bulk of these fortunes have been acquired since the high protection nobody denies. It is to be wondered at that the great outposts of the country are sounding the protest, and that it is a running threat that the current magazines and great daily newspapers are publishing.

It is for the party of the plain people and the leading cause of this unfortunate drift of things where it belongs, in excessive class protection.

The RECORD publishes the above by request, and while the statistics may be alright we do not for a moment believe that protection has worked any bad result to this country. The rich may be richer, but the poor are certainly no poorer; in fact, to the contrary, they are in better circumstances, as a rule, as each year goes by.

This article was brought out in connection with the Homestead strikes and while we are on the subject we also wish to present a few figures as well as the Globe.

When O'Donnell, chief of the Homestead laborers, married six years ago he had only a few, 'tis said six, dollars. Now he has a house and lot as prety and inviting as any one would care to live in. It is worth \$3,000, and is all paid for. It is delightfully furnished. The parlor is a cool, cozy room. The Brussels carpet is of a pretty figure, and there are beautiful pictures on the walls. In the corner is a bookcase with a little desk. There are good books in that case—histories, standard novels and economic works. You will find these in the houses of nearly all the skilled workmen. There is an 'Encyclopedia Britannica' in the case. Nearly every man in the town seems to have subscribed for the big work. There is a piano in the room, too. The other rooms are furnished as delightfully as the parlor. This is but a fair illustration of the average homes in Homestead where the Carnegie people were making about six or eight per cent on their investment and where the wages of the men were from \$2 to \$5 a day. These are facts just as well as the statistics contained in the Boston Globe Article, and every man employed in the Homestead factory stood just as good a chance of being a millionaire as did Andrew Carnegie who commenced work as an errand boy for the Pennsylvania Railroad company when 13 years of age with but a dollar in his pocket.

## Rogers

## Ice Cream,

Made by Steam Power  
from Pure Cream  
Beats them all.

Many cases of sudden death occurring during the heated term, is not caused by sun-stroke, but by drinking large quantities of cold water, which disturbs the proper circulation of the blood, produces congestion; throws a blood back to the heart and brain. God changes take place and death follows. Many lives could be saved on the first appearance of any of these symptoms, indicating sun-stroke, a would take a few doses of Hindoo to be given every ten or fifteen minutes until relieved.

## PERSONALS.

Those Who Come and Those Who Go.

Miss Metta Courroy is spending the week with Jackson relatives.

H. P. Adams of St. Johns was in our town a few days this week.

Miss Margie Thompson spent last week with friends at Villed Lake.

Mr. J. B. Watts of College Station, Texas, is the guest at Mr. W. A. Wood.

Miss Frankie and A. T. Stewart are enjoying a visit from their sister of Toledo.

Miss Maude Merritt of this place is spending a few days with her mother at Salem.

F. E. Quigley of Novi is now doing duty as night operator at the F. & P. M. railroad office here.

F. R. Beal and wife arrived home Saturday from their eastern trip. They have been doing the Thousand Islands and portions of New York state.

Mrs. H. E. Willefs, who has been on an extended visit with her son in the west, has returned again. She will be at home with her sister, Mrs. R. Woodworth, Salem.

Mrs. Oliver Sloan left Friday afternoon for a visit among friends and relatives in Crawford county. She expects to be absent two or three weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Capell and son Archie, Mrs. M. L. Reed, Mrs. Clara Allen and W. H. Ambler are among other Northville people who expect to leave for Denver, Col., tomorrow.

Frank Woodman and wife came out from Detroit on their wheels Saturday afternoon. They made the run to Farmington in just two hours, but roads from Farmington to Northville are a little heavy and it took them an hour and a half to make that distance. Mrs. Woodman, we believe, is the first lady who has made the run. They returned over the same route Sunday evening.

We manufacture Sash, Doors, Blind Mouldings and all kinds of mill work York & Tiltson, Northville Mich.

BATHS: Ladies desiring baths at our Bath rooms will please call at Laundry office first. WEBBER & ADAMS.

## Miller's Meat Market.

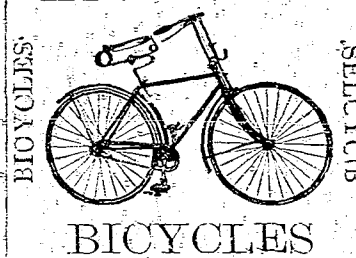
"When shall we meet again?"

This is for the Housewife to answer, but when you are in need of any kind of FRESH MEATS, SMOKED MEATS, OR SALT MEATS,

Give me a call. I am here to please you in the Meat business and please you I will! F. A. Miller, Propr.

Highest market price for Hides & Pelts

## BICYCLES.



We have secured the agency for Northville and vicinity for the Celebrated Bicycles manufactured by the Western Wheel Works, of Chicago, ranging in price from \$20 to \$135, and consisting of 12 different styles.

We warrant every wheel to be mechanically perfect. They are made from imported seamless steel tubing, steel drop forgings, ball bearings all around, and there are no better wheels made for the money.

Be sure and see us before you make a purchase.

We also have the agency for the celebrated Victor wheel.

**Sands & Porter**  
The reliable Furniture dealers.

# THIS IS THE MAN!



Yes, this is the man who for One Hundred Days has sold to the People of Northville those Elegant Bargains in Ladies and Gents Shoes; Misses and Childrens Shoes; Dry Goods, Carpets, Wall Paper and Curtains.

We shall still continue at C. W. Joslin's Old Stand in Northville to sell you every day in the week

## Good Solid Value For Your Money!

Did you get our Ladies Walking Shoe at 85c worth \$1?

Did you get our Mens Sewed Shoe worth \$2 for \$1.40?

All of our hot weather Dress Goods will be slaughtered.

Goods that were 10c goes at 6c.

Goods that were 12 1/2c goes at 8c.

16 and 18c goods go at 10 1/2c.

Come and see us! We can save you money on these goods

at our Bargain Store.

Remember the place, Joslin's old stand.

## A. W. REED.

# SATURDAY'S BARGAINS!

On Saturday, Aug. 6, and all next week we shall offer 5 doz Boys and Men's all wool summer Caps, former price 50 and 75c, at just 25c. All of our light soft and stiff Hats at less than cost. All of our light Suits at less than cost.

**\$2.24**

47 Boys short pant Suits at \$2.24, well worth 3 and \$4. See them and you are sure to buy.

See our line of men's pants at 1, 2 and \$2.50 they are hummers and worth double the money.

**\$1.48**

5 doz Mens fine black stiff Hats worth \$2 and \$2.50 at just \$1.48. Be sure you get one.

**\$1.98**

Choice of any \$3 stiff Hat in the store for \$1.98, We also have just put in a complete line of Trunks, Valises and Hand Bags, and at prices that will astonish you.

See our line of Boys pants and waists at 25 and 50c This is a genuine bonified cut price sale. No old stock and all goods just as represented.

**Ed. L. RIGGS,**  
**The Clothier,**  
Wheeler Block, Northville.

# As Fine as There Is!

There is no doubt now with our mills still further remodeled and furnished with the very latest machinery but that we manufacture the finest flour in this part of the country.

## Our Mills Are Never Idle,

and their ceaseless grind is conclusive proof that our product is sought on every hand.

## We Are The People

who manufacture the celebrated GOLD LACE FLOUR. Try it once and you will buy it always.

## Yerkes Bros.

Northville, Mich.

Pronounced Hopeless, Yet Saved.  
From a letter written by Mrs. Ada E. Hurd, of Groton, S. D., we quote: "Was taken with a bad cold, which settled on my lungs, cough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Saviour, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles; it has cured me, and thank God I am now a well and hearty woman." Trial bottles free at A. M. Randolph's Drug store, regular size, 50c. and \$1.00.

## THE BEST ICE CREAM

Call at Best's Ice Cream Parlors and get a dish of elegant Ice Cream. A whole quart for 25c. Special attention and special prices for Parties, Picnics, etc. Try it and be convinced it is "The Best!" Soft Drinks, Lemonade, Pop, Mineral Water, Milk Shake, etc., always on hand.

## BAKERY

We keep a choice line of Bakery Goods. Special Cakes made to order on short notice.

## CONFECTY and CIGARS

We also have a choice line of Confectionary and Cigars constantly on hand.

F. H. Best, prop', Main Street.

## Threshers, Attention!

We have 30 our celebrated all four-wheel driving TRACTION ENGINES.

That we will dispose of direct to threshers, thus saving them the agent's commission. The best and strongest Traction Engine made. We also manufacture Engines, Boilers, Saw and Picket Mills, and the famous Maud S. Pump, and Wind Mills.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE AND PRICE LISTS. Lansing Iron & Engine Works, LANSING, MICH.

## W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.00 SHOE

A genuine sewed shoe, that will not rip, fine calf, seamless, smooth, flexible, more comfortable, stylish and durable than any other shoe ever sold at the price. Equals custom made shoes costing from \$4 to \$5, and is the Best in the World for the price.

For GENTLEMEN. Genuine Hand-Sewed. \$5.00. Hand-Sewed Welt Shoe. \$4.00. Police and Farmer. \$3.50. Extra Value Calf Shoe. \$2.50. Working-man's Shoe. \$2.25. Goodwear Shoe. \$2.00.

For LADIES. Hand-Sewed. \$3.00. Best Dongola. \$2.50. Calf and Dongola. \$2.00. FOR MISSES. \$1.75. For BOYS & YOUTHS. \$2 & \$1.75. SCHOOL SHOES.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTES. IT IS A DUTY you owe to yourself and your family, during these hard times, to get the most value for your money. You can economize in your foot-wear if you purchase W. L. Douglas' Shoes, which, without question, represent a greater value for the money than any other makes.

CAUTION. W. L. DOUGLAS' name and the price is stamped on the bottom of each shoe, which protects the consumer against high prices and inferior shoes. Beware of dealers who acknowledge the superiority of W. L. Douglas' Shoes by attempting to substitute other makes for them. Such substitutions are fraudulent, and subject to prosecution by law, for obtaining money under false pretences. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. sold by

FOR SALE BY  
**T. C. RICHARDSON.**



# F. & P. M. R. R.

## TIME TABLE

In effect June 12, 1892.

Trains leave Northville as follows:

STANDARD TIME

GOING SOUTH GOING NORTH

Train No. 2, 8:05 a. m. Train No. 1, 3:35 a. m.

No. 4, 10:15 a. m. No. 3, 5:45 a. m.

No. 6, 12:41 p. m. No. 5, 8:22 a. m.

No. 8, 3:35 p. m. No. 7, 10:42 a. m.

No. 10, 1:32 p. m. No. 9, 7:20 p. m.

Train No. 3 connects at Ludington with

Steamer for Milwaukee, and Train No. 1

connects with Steamer for Manitowish

(during season of navigation), making

connections for all points West and North-

west.

Sleeping cars between Bay City, Saginaw

and Detroit.

Dining Room Cars between Manistee

Saginaw and Detroit.

Connections made at Port Huron and

Detroit in Union Depot for all points

South, Canada and the East.

For further information, see Time Card

of this company.

W. E. BROWN, JR., W. F. PORTER,

Gen'l Manager, Gen'l Supt.

A. PATRICK, Traffic Manager.

General Offices, Saginaw, East Side, Mich.

H. E. Lake Agt., Northville, Mich.

# NORTHVILLE POSTOFFICE

Mails arrive and depart from the North-

ville post-office as follows city time.

Mails Close.

Going South, 9:32 a. m., 2:42 p. m., 8:03 p. m.

Going North, 9:32 a. m., 2:20 p. m.

MAILS ARRIVE.

From South, 10:10 a. m., 2:50 p. m., 7:15 p. m.

From North, 3:10 p. m.

E. S. HORTON, P. M.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

Letters remaining in the Post Office

Aug. 2, 1892:

Aslin, Beas.

H. Fields.

Mr. Henry Johnson.

W. T. Maesh.

E. S. HORTON, P. M.

# Cards are out announcing the wed-

ding of Miss Gracie P. Wood daughter

of Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Wood, of this

place, to J. B. Watts, of Texas. The

wedding takes place at the bride's

home Aug. 16.

The school building is undergoing

some needed repairs in the way of new

doors and new stoops, and the cupola

is also being repaired. If there is one

thing needed more than another it is a

complete painting of the entire building.

Anyone who doubts it should look the

building over.

Our School is the possessor of a very

handsome U. S. flag which, instead of

flying to the breeze the last year, has

lain around the town. The building

is not constructed in shape to support

a staff thereon, so we are, in need, and

we would suggest that our G. A. R.

post take the matter in hand and erect

a flag pole in the school yard from

which to let the glorious old flag

float.

The water works are now completed,

with the exception of the reservoir. The

water will only be conveyed into the

reservoir at present, to be used in

its construction and it will not be fin-

ished for some three weeks yet. The

commissioners thought it would not be

of any benefit to let the direct channel

down through the village, until there

was large enough force of water to

flush all the pipes out at once.

A stranger entered Northville a few

days ago, and approaching a leading

citizen, said: "I want to meet the

most enterprising business men of

your town. Can you give me their

names?" The citizen said nothing. He

simply handed a recent copy of the

Record to the stranger and pointed

to the advertisements. The significant

hint was sufficient. This item illus-

trates the fact that enterprising busi-

ness men always advertise in their

local paper.

If you will take pains to remember

the date, on the night of August 5, you

will not get a view of the planet



## GERRYMANDER KILLED.

### THE SUPREME COURT SAYS THE ELECTION LAW OF '91 IS VOID.

Law of '95 also dead and a special session of Legislature is necessary as the law of '95 is too old.

The supreme court has handed down opinions declaring unconstitutional the two bills reappropriating the representatives and the senators in the state legislature. The title of the case is "Theron P. Giddings vs. Secretary of State," and that involving the representative redistricting, "Supervisors of Houghton County vs. Secretary of State." The mandamus asked for is granted in each case and the secretary is ordered to issue notices of election in accordance with the redistricting bills of 1891, the acts of 1895 being held to be equally defective with those of 1891. The court is unanimous on both acts. The decision in the senatorial case was written by Justice Chief Justice. The decision in the representative case was written by Justice Long, the chief justice filing a separate opinion.

The secretary of state is, however, instructed to follow any new redistricting scheme which may be enacted and the legislature called in special session. The conclusion of the court in the senatorial reapportionment case are as follows: 1. That the redistricting is properly brought into this court by the relator; 2. That the court has jurisdiction in the matter; 3. That the apportionment acts of 1891 and 1895 are unconstitutional and void; 4. That the secretary of state from issuing the notice of election under the act of 1891, and directing him to issue the notice under the apportionment act of 1891, unless the governor shall call a special session of the legislature to make a new apportionment before the time expires for giving such notice.

An Extra Session of Legislature. The news in Detroit created great excitement and the almost universal opinion was that a special session of legislature would be necessary. Chairman Cannon of the Democratic state committee was positive in his opinion that the amendment of the laws of 1891 and 1895 would necessitate a special session. Neither Senator McMillan nor Secretary Bates of the Republican state committee were in the city, but Colonel Henry M. Duffield, member of the Republican state central committee, after a careful perusal of the act of 1891, also gave his opinion that a special session of the legislature would probably be necessary.

This belief continued to grow and when the law of 1891 was thoroughly examined it was found to be rather inadequate to the present requirements, therefore Gov. Wiggins will call an extra session of the legislature to enact new measures. The session was called for Friday, August 5.

There are two vacancies in the Senate and three in the House and as no special elections will be called to fill them several counties will be unrepresented at the extra session. These districts were all represented by Democrats, so they will not have a majority in the Senate and will have to submit entirely fair bills in order to secure their passage. It will cost the taxpayers \$1,000 per day to repair the breaks occasioned by this piece of legislation which the supreme court upset.

Farmer Killed by Lightning. Charles P. Lyon, a farmer 52 years of age, was killed by lightning in the township of Essex, Clinton county. He was plowing on a load of wheat in the field when a shower of rain came and men on the load drove away to the barn, and Lyon went after a pair that was in the field. He was never seen alive afterward. He was found lying on the ground at full length on his face, with the fork partly under him, and apparently was killed instantly. The pair lay nearby, jammed together, though he had fallen first. His head and neck were marked with the fluid. He leaves a widow and six children, two of whom are married.

Convinced Thief on One Day. John Miller, the Franklin farmer who was admitted to bail at Muskegon on the charge of stealing from a Chicago & West Michigan railway freight car, was arrested on a charge of stealing a plow. He was fined \$25 or 60 days on the charge of stealing 1,500 shingles from S. R. Sanford. He was fined \$100 and 90 days. He pleaded both cases to the circuit court, his father being his bondsman.

Rich Wedgwood. A reception was tendered Hon. John T. Rich, Republican candidate for governor, at the Michigan club, Detroit, by the Republicans of Wayne county. A number of prominent politicians of the state were present and it was a veritable lion's feast. Hon. H. S. Pingree, of Detroit, was the principal speaker, and showed that he took his defeat for gubernatorial honors in all good feeling, bearing no ill to those who defeated him.

Mysterious Nail Robbery. The mail bags on the Chicago & West Michigan train were thrown off at Traverse City as usual, but had disappeared when the station agent stepped out after them. He found them in an empty freight car. The pouch and two bags were cut open and all the letters gone. Deputy United States Marshal Brewster was telegraphed for and came at once but has found no clue yet to the mystery.

Saginaw Boys Killed on West. Will Murphy, John Carpenter and another unknown Saginaw boy, all aged 15 years, have been killed near Des Moines, Iowa, in a railroad collision. Murphy's mother and sister, living at Saginaw, are prostrated over the news and think he was beating his way to Des Moines to visit his sister.

Unknown Man Drowned. The body of a man apparently 35 years of age was found floating in the river at Saginaw. He had apparently been bathing as his clothes were found near by on the bank. There is no clue to his identity.

## MICHIGAN STATE ITEMS.

Elkton wants a lawyer.

Owosso builds a handsome new armory.

Big Rapids lost \$3,000 worth of buildings by fire.

Constantine is to vote on a water works plant.

Saginaw has voted \$1,450 with which to build city markets.

Cloverdale sends about 1,000 pond lilacs to Chicago daily.

The new shingle factory at West Branch makes 4,000 a day.

The Saginaw river ports sent out last month 44,750,000 feet of lumber.

The Mitchell took 50 men from Cadillac to run a mill in New Mexico.

Fairfield expects 5,000 farmers at the regular August picnic at Grangers.

Postville raised about \$1,500 at a public meeting for the Bay City sufferers.

Alpena will run the extract from 7,000 cords of hemlock bark this summer.

Muskegon is raising \$250,000 for a booming scheme. About \$50,000 is now pledged.

The Calhoun Grange has voted not to patronize merchants who advertise on fences and trees.

Revere's Emerson of Traverse City will be because a piece of gas pipe was given him by his bride.

E. E. Schumier, of Ovid, fell to the ground with a badly built stack of wheat and was killed.

Clara E. Dillingham, of Coldwater, signs with Alma college as director of the training department.

The bay crop was so heavy in Muskegon county that many farmers cut only half their meadows.

Hammond W. Marshall, a brakeman living at White Pigeon has been killed by a train at Goshen, Ind.

July released only eight men from the Jackson prison. There will be 18 happy fellows in August.

Capt. Belknap officially says he wants to go back to Congress. He's the first man out in the Third district.

The Elmhurst never had such a beautiful harvest as this year. It simply blossomed like a tropical garden.

Franklin will henceforth be an Au Sable export. The lumber company is going into the business with 50 men.

During the past three years the Monroe county treasurer has paid out \$2,347.79, as bonuses on dead sparrows.

Arthur Robertson, aged 8 years, was drowned in the Muskegon river. Monmouth, while bathing. His body has been recovered.

There are two companies curing the fish bait in Alpena, yet the Alpena Baiting company will erect a \$100,000 malt house this season.

The total amount of forest products shipped from Bay City during July was: Lumber, 30,395,000 ft.; shingles, 4,000,000 pieces; bark, 3,100,000.

Many of the peach groves on the lake shore are turning men to thin out the peaches. A few orchards are barren, but the crop will be a large one.

A wood tick, a bird native of the tropics, with wings stretching over five feet and legs seven inches long, was shot on a farm southwest of Jackson.

The Muskegon stone masons and brick layers have again struck because the stone setters will not join their union. It will delay the work on the court house.

Anna Brooks, a 15-year-old girl, was drowned in the Paw Paw river, near Coleman. She was picking berries and the heat induced her to go into the river to cool off.

Two coaches of a Detroit, South & Atlantic train jumped the track near Marquette. Mrs. Lyon and her son, who were picking berries by the track, were fatally injured.

Kalamazoo's 12 township sold six dry, four wet and two fine local election. The board, however, declared in favor of liquor and the supreme court will see how it was done.

W. H. Loomis, grand chancellor of the Michigan Knights of Pythias, has requested that the issues of Bay City brothers be ascertained, so that if aid is needed, it can be given.

It is both reported and denied that the 300 telephone operators on the Lake Shore line are to strike. Morris B. Gordon, who is deputy boss of the order, is said to be at the head of the movement.

Rev. Mr. Hooper, of Jackson, has been dismissed by the Congregationalists because he was charged with having divorced and that he eloped with his second wife. The church has been in a fight for weeks over a pastor.

Dr. Easton, of Chocoma, committed suicide by cutting his throat. He deceased was 80 years of age. The funeral was conducted by Rev. Cunningham of Springtown. Dr. Easton lived five miles north of Oak Grove. He was probably suffering from temporary insanity.

The valuable trotting stallion Green River, 2:22 1/4, by Prince, died at Sturgis. He was valued at \$25,000 and was entered in \$15,000 worth in stake races and had won every race he had started in this season. His death is a severe loss to the owner, Robert Dixon, of Henderson, Ky.

Mrs. Barison, an old lady 83 years of age, was struck by lightning while sitting near a store in her home two miles southwest of Coldwater and so badly burned that her life is despaired of. Her clothes were set on fire and one shoe and part of her clothing burned entirely off her body.

Albert Fellows, of Grand Leage, was found lying in an orchard with his throat cut a victim of suicide. He was 78 years of age, and was obliged to live largely upon charity, which preyed upon his mind and caused him to commit the suicide. He leaves a widow and one son, the latter living in Big Rapids.

An Indian Sale. A Cree squaw committed suicide at Great Falls, Mont., by throwing herself in front of a passing engine. The cause is unknown. It is the first case on record where an Indian has committed suicide.

## THE NEWS IN GENERAL.

### GATHERED FROM ALL SECTIONS FOR OUR READERS.

Cholera Epidemic in Russia--Canada to Abolish Canal Tolls--A Young Girl Turns to Rome.

Cholera in Russia. Riots arising out of the cholera panic and directed against the medical authorities have occurred in Tashkent, Russia. Troops have recently suppressed the riots, killing and wounding seven persons. A ship has been anchored in the Volga near Nijni Novgorod for the reception of cases of suspicious illness. The vessel is guarded by military, as it is feared the excited populace may attack the ship. The crews of vessels lying near by refuse to serve, while hundreds of laborers have become panic stricken and are fleeing from the district.

The Russian government is convinced that the recent riots were due to nihilists. There are abundant proofs of increased activity on the part of the nihilists, who have selected the outbreak of cholera as a pretext to excite the empire. The police are not only against the medical authorities, but also against the well-to-do classes. Threatening letters have been scattered broadcast and citizens in many towns are afraid to ask for police protection. The nihilists are of the opinion that the worst classes that will be killed in the cholera hospitals, while the rich will be spared.

A Young Girl Turning to Rome. Rose Clements, the 18-year-old daughter of Thomas Clements, of Pales Valley, O. T. is slowly dying of ossification. She is four feet tall and weighs only 28 pounds. There is no flesh on her bones and she cannot talk because of ossification of the tongue. The work of ossification began when she was yet more her lungs, but they are stiffening and her death is not far distant. Her father, who is poor, has asked admission to a Kansas City hospital for his daughter and she has been granted.

United States District Attorney Coleman has begun proceedings at Milwaukee against the ex-employees of the navy Whitney and Daniel Canmont, private secretary to President Cleveland, to compel them to vacate certain government lands which they are alleged to have seized and used at Appleton, Wis. Mr. Whitney is president and Mr. Canmont is secretary of the Manufacturers' Industrial association, which is engaged in the manufacture of wood pulp on Fox river.

To Cure and Bye Seal Skins. Victoria, B. C. sealers are entering heavily into the plans of the Commercial Trading company, the furriers combine recently organized at Albany, N. Y. A representative of the company is there now arranging the preliminaries looking to the securing of a contract of the seal skin market. The project is to control all the raw skins coming in and to cure and dye them. Another thus taking under their control and thus a trade which has been theirs exclusively in the past.

A Murderer With a Horrible Record. Talbot Hall, the most widely known desperado in the state, killed a policeman at Chattanooga, Tenn., a short time ago and was caught. On his trial the remarkable fact was shown that he has killed 99 persons. He has a criminal record of murder and conviction, but is now said to be hanged September 2. He admits many of his crimes and has given up hope. A constant guard of four men, armed with Winchester rifles, is kept to prevent his escape or lynching.

Canada to Abolish Canal Tolls. A Montreal correspondent says he has been informed on high authority that in view of the retaliatory measures adopted by the United States the Canadian government will take steps to abolish the rebate system and to make a uniform toll or do away with tolls altogether.

## NEWS IN BRIEF.

In a battle at Tampico, Mexico, four bandits were killed.

Treasurer Wilkinson, of Dakota county, Neb., is \$13,400 short.

The Illinois report shows crops to be in a satisfactory condition.

In the coming elections 3,500 Okla. Indians will be entitled to vote.

Gov. Burke, of Ill., has issued a proclamation declaring absolute quarantine against Manitoba on account of smallpox in the province.

Frank Swisher, a 16-year-old Chinaman, had shot and instantly killed his 17-year-old brother and is in jail charged with murder.

News has been received from Caracas that Crespo is now in control of Venezuela, having forced the governmental army to capitulate.

Minor Cadache, formerly a Detroit hit man, was shot and killed in a saloon at Tacoma by a unknown man.

The pope has issued a holy letter to the bishops and archbishops of Spain, Italy and the two Americas directing solemn mass of the very holy trinity to be held October 12 in honor of the Columbian anniversary.

Six boys, the sons of two well known Winchesters, Ky., citizens, went bathing in the river near that city, using an old skiff from which to plunge into the cooling waters. Two of the younger boys overturned the boat causing a panic among the others and all six were drowned.

The postmaster general has adopted the designs for a new series of postage stamps to be issued in commemoration of the discovery of America. The issue will be divided into four historic characters, each representing some incident in the life of Columbus or picturing something appropriate to his purpose.

Dr. Henry McDonnell, the septuagenarian practitioner who gained notoriety about a year ago because he was convicted of killing Annie Goodwin, a cigarette maker, by performing a criminal operation upon her, is now a prisoner in Queen county jail, N. Y., charged with having in the same way caused the death of Mrs. Louisa Webb.

## SENATE AND HOUSE.

SENATE--The bill to build a bridge across the Hudson river at New York City. Caused a bitter war of words between Senator Miscook, of New York, and Senator Blackburn, of Kentucky, on the 27th. The bill was not acted upon and reverted to the calendar. The anti-option bill discussion consumed considerable time. The bill to create a national highway commission was passed. The bill to enforce the immigration and contract labor laws was also passed. Executive session. Adjourned. HOUSE--The World's Fair amendments to the sundry civil appropriation bill was taken up and after several speeches, the bill was passed. The amendment to appropriate \$5,000,000 in aid of the fair was then taken up and a hot fight was the result. A motion was made and passed to recede from the former action in nonconcurring in the Senate amendment making the appropriation. The House then adjourned leaving the bill hanging.

SENATE--Barry in a quarrel on hand on the 28th. The bill making eight hours a day's work on government work was passed. No other business of importance was transacted and because of a lack of a quorum the Senate adjourned. HOUSE--The World's Fair amendments to the sundry civil appropriation bill was taken up and after several speeches, the bill was passed. The amendment to appropriate \$5,000,000 in aid of the fair was then taken up and a hot fight was the result. A motion was made and passed to recede from the former action in nonconcurring in the Senate amendment making the appropriation. The House then adjourned leaving the bill hanging.

SENATE--A tariff debate on Mr. Hall's recent resolution was very lively on the 29th. The anti-option bill went over as "unfinished business." The President's veto on the McGowan claims was received and consideration postponed until December. HOUSE--The World's Fair amendments to the sundry civil appropriation bill was taken up and after several speeches, the bill was passed. The amendment to appropriate \$5,000,000 in aid of the fair was then taken up and a hot fight was the result. A motion was made and passed to recede from the former action in nonconcurring in the Senate amendment making the appropriation. The House then adjourned leaving the bill hanging.

SENATE--The anti-option bill was postponed on the 30th, to the next session when it will come up as "unfinished business." A joint resolution was passed extending the appropriations for public service which are included in the sundry civil appropriation bill. A bill to amend the act to repeal the timber culture laws was passed. It allows settlers fourteen months for paying the minimum price of the land and extends that provision to the Sioux reservation in South Dakota and Nebraska. The House adjourned on the 30th. The following resolutions were received and passed. A committee to attend the funeral was appointed and as a further mark of respect the Senate adjourned. HOUSE--The anti-option bill was postponed on the 30th, to the next session when it will come up as "unfinished business." A joint resolution was passed extending the appropriations for public service which are included in the sundry civil appropriation bill. A bill to amend the act to repeal the timber culture laws was passed. It allows settlers fourteen months for paying the minimum price of the land and extends that provision to the Sioux reservation in South Dakota and Nebraska. The House adjourned on the 30th. The following resolutions were received and passed. A committee to attend the funeral was appointed and as a further mark of respect the Senate adjourned.

SENATE--Nothing of importance was done in the absence to convene in the House resolution extending the existing appropriations for public service. The resolution to appoint a select committee to investigate Pinkertonism was received from the committee on labor and held over. HOUSE--Resolutions extending existing appropriations to present laws passed. The following resolutions were passed among others: Granting the use of the grounds of the Capitol to the ladies of Washington for a reception to the G. A. R.; changing the time for dedicating the World's Fair buildings from October 12 to October 21. Nothing was done with the sundry civil appropriation bill.

## DALTONS MAKE A HAUL.

Take \$10,500 From a Bank at El Reno, at the Rifle Point.

A stranger stepped up to the cashier's window at the bank of El Reno, O. T., where Mrs. S. W. Sawyer was acting as cashier. The man made an inquiry about some town lots and then stepped to a desk and commenced writing. In talking another stranger stepped to the cashier's desk and, presenting a gun at Mrs. Sawyer's head, demanded that she hand out all the money in the bank. She stepped to the vault and handed him all the packages of bills in the vault safe and what was in the daily change drawers, aggregating about \$10,500.

The man who was waiting at the desk grabbed the money as Mrs. Sawyer handed it through the window and disappeared out the door. The one holding up the gun followed quickly. Mrs. Sawyer screamed several times and fell over in a swoon. The robbers mounted horses and rode away. Mrs. Sawyer was the only person in the bank, the president, her husband, being absent in Oklahoma City. He arrived at home about 30 minutes after the robbery. The robbery was at once believed to be the work of the Daltons on account of the manner of its execution. Hundreds of citizens on horseback and in buggies, with ropes and fairs armed, started in pursuit. The robbers had only about fifteen minutes start. They were well mounted and armed to the teeth. They headed for the Dalton rendezvous in the Granite Mountains in the Wichita reservation.

## SANK 12 FEET IN THE MUD.

Terrible Fate of a Western Balloonist--Parachute Failed to Work.

Prof. Edward Hope, the balloonist, met instant death at Javer Grove, St. Paul, Minn., in a peculiar manner. After his balloon had gone up about half a mile it began to drift rapidly toward the Mississippi before a west wind. Becoming alarmed Hope threw away his parachute and began to descend. The machine worked badly, and he dropped to the earth like a shot. He fell in a slough and was driven 12 feet into the soft mud, and it required nearly an hour to dig his body out.

## A VERY COSTLY AFFAIR.

### HOMESTEAD LOCKOUT PROVES QUITE EXPENSIVE.

The Men and Their Families are Well Provided For--Both Sides are Conquered of Victory.

Pittsburg correspondence: The great lockout at Homestead is just one month old and has already cost over \$1,000,000, besides the sacrifice of a half score of human lives and serious injuries to many times that number. Of the loss in cash the military has cost in round figures \$320,000, the workmen have lost in wages \$180,000, and the Carnegies have lost and spent as much more in getting new workmen. The workmen at Beaver Falls, Duquesne and the Union mills of Pittsburg have lost about \$100,000 in wages by their sympathy strike and the firm is out \$100,000 by the illness of the men. Added to this will be the county expenses for deputy sheriffs, and marauding trials, the expense to the city for hunting up anarchists and to the nation for the congressional investigations. Another item of no mean significance is the loss to workmen and manufacturers in plants indirectly affected which have been forced to close down for want of material.

The locked-out workmen have not as yet been deprived of any of the necessities of life, and if the fight should last several weeks yet there is no danger of the workmen's families coming to actual want. Subscriptions have been coming in liberally and the relief work has been carried on judiciously and well.

Since the departure of the large body of troops the surface is comparatively quiet on the streets and discussing the fight in louder tones, but it is not probable that they will again attempt to so thoroughly control municipal affairs as they did. It is safe to say, however, that non-union men will not find their way unobstructed.

The locked-out men are again on tip toe and all sorts of rumors, agitate the locked out men who are not in the confidence of the advisory committee. Master Workman Dempsey, of district assembly No. 3, K. of L., said to the Associated Press representative that O'Donnell is not on a vacation as reported, but in New York arranging a disagreeable surprise for the Carnegie steel company, limited.

The locked out men at Homestead express great confidence in ultimate victory as ever. On the 26th of June, 2,000 men having been locked out, 1,500 others struck out of sympathy and only a few watchmen were left around the plant. To-day there are about 725 men in the mill and the firm claims it has a quantity of beams ready for shipment. The locked-out men have no access to the non-unionists to endeavor to induce them to come out, while daily the firm is filling vacancies and training new men for the work.

## BERGMAN'S ACCOMPLICES.

Knold and Bauer Held for Trial as Dangerous Characters.

Knold and Bauer, the Allegheny anarchists, were given a hearing before Judge Crisp at the Central Police station at Pittsburgh and were held for trial in \$2,000 bail each on the charge of conspiracy. The men were unable to furnish bail and were committed to jail.

The search of Knold's house revealed a printing press and a number of decidedly anarchistic circulars, one giving explicit instructions on how to make and use dynamite bombs. All the anarchistic printed matter circulated at Homestead was printed on the press at Knold's house. A quantity of cartridges and arms were found in Bauer's house.

## Locked Out Men Return to Work.

Superintendent Potter, of the Homestead mills, announces that 27 of the old men have applied and been granted their positions and that over 100 men came in from the East. The influx of unskilled workmen, Mr. Potter says, has been so great that he has telegraphed to send no more for the present.

The amalgamated men are apparently nothing daunted, however, and it is a rash and unwarlike conclusion, they will look at once to the mill. Chairman Crawford says that not only would there not be any further demonstrations but that in a day or so some of those who did go into the mill would reconsider their action. All of the 27 in Homestead and when they left the mills for their homes each evening they were met by committees who endeavored to get them to promise not to return.

## Union Families Move.

About 60 families have moved from the Carnegie company's houses at Homestead. Every moving wagon in the place was occupied in transferring the furniture of men men who had been in the employ of the mills for years and who preferred to move rather than to return to work on the company's terms. There was no disturbance and the houses were damaged very little, less even than would be expected under the circumstances.

## Spain Opens the Columbus Celebration.

The formal celebration of Christopher Columbus sailing from Palos was begun in Cadiz, Spain, by the departure of his caravel, the Santa Maria. The docks were lined with people as the queer old craft, resplendent in flags and bunting, and surrounded by the modern war ships of three nations, the French, English and Spanish, started on her trip to Havana. A fire was given in the evening by the minister of marine that was especially brilliant, and a ball fight was held in the afternoon.

## Negroes Have a Fatal Fight.

A gang of colored men engaged in a free fight over a game of craps at Bedford, Ind. William Yanty shot Prince Williams dead, and appearing on the streets defied arrest. He was allowed to escape. Riots are frequent, and the residents are afraid the toughs will take the place.

## At Merrill, Wis., 800 Lumbermen are striking for 10 instead of 11 hours.

A party of colored capitalists have arrived at Acampo, Cal., in search of land for colonization purposes.

## CUBA'S FUTURE.

Spain to Adopt a Financial Plan Which May Make or Kill the Island.

Madrid, Spain, cable: The ministry have decided to adopt the project for the financing out of the Cuban customs revenues, tenders for which will be received until Nov. 1, next. The contract will go into effect Jan. 1, 1893. Security must be deposited on tenders for \$15,000,000 to the amount of \$3,750,000 cash or its equivalent in stocks. Tenders from limited liability companies will be rejected and none will be accepted unless made by a merchantile or banking house.

The imperial says: "The carrying out of this plan involves grave responsibility as tender offers to the improvement of the government of Cuba or as leading to the ruin of the island, according to whether the contract falls into the hands of North America or Spaniards."

## French Canadians Want Annexation.

A remarkable editorial in which it says that an effort is being made to denationalize the French Canadians and make them "heavers of wood and saws of water." It adds: "After a century of sacrifices, of sacrifices and of progress under the English flag, are we going to allow ourselves to disappear slowly but surely in order to give way to English colonialism? Will we submit to that humiliation? No, surely not. Before allowing ourselves to be engulfed on the soil of our ancestors by a foreign antagonism, we will place ourselves under the American flag and work for the glory and grandeur of that grand country."

## Indians to Vote.

Considerable comment has been caused throughout Oklahoma by legal opinions rendered by Judge John Dille and other prominent lawyers of the territory that Indians will be entitled to vote at the coming election. They say the law provides that Indians taking land in sovereignty have the same right of franchise as any citizen and if this opinion be good law the candidates will have 3,300 Indians, to batonhole. If the Indians vote, it is liable to make quite a difference in the congressional race.

## War Probable in Samoa.

The foreign residents of Samoa fear that a civil war is shortly to break out in that country between the followers of Malietoa, the reigning chief and his old enemy Mataafa, the deposed king, who still has a powerful force at his command. The dispatches add that all the efforts looking to a reconciliation between Malietoa and the king have failed and that from the present aspect of affairs in Samoa a struggle between the two forces is imminent.

## Japan and Chinese Must Fight.

The police of Boise City, Ida., have ordered all Japanese residents to leave town immediately. At Nampa the Chinese were ordered to leave and they left on a mass on the first train. A number of Japanese escaped from a small camp at Nampa and came to Boise, but they were soon out of town. Much uneasiness is felt that smallpox will spread to that city.

## Two Stood Death in a Well.

George Hitt, of near Huntington, Ind., was overcome by gas while digging a well. His son saw him faint and fall and went into the well to aid him and he was also overcome. Both were taken out dead.

## THE MARKET.

Detroit.

CATTLE--Good to choice	4 10	41 25
HOGS	5 50	5 55
SHEEP	4 00	4 05
LAMBS	5 00	5 50
WHEAT--No. 2 red	70 1/2	70 1/2
WHEAT--No. 2 white	70 1/2	70 1/2
WHEAT--No. 2 yellow	69 1/2	69 1/2
OATS--No. 2 white	35	35 1/2
RYE	40	40 1/2
BARLEY	35	35 1/2
SPRING CHICKENS	11	12
TURKEYS	11	12

New York.

CATTLE--Good to choice	4 10	41 25
HOGS	5 50	5 55
SHEEP	4 00	4 05
LAMBS	5 00	5 50
WHEAT--No. 2 red	70 1/2	70 1/2
WHEAT--No. 2 white	70 1/2	70 1/2
WHEAT--No. 2 yellow	69 1/2	69 1/2
OATS--No. 2 white	35	35 1/2
RYE	40	40 1/2
BARLEY	35	35 1/2
SPRING CHICKENS	11	12
TURKEYS	11	12

## Weekly Review of Trade.

New York, August 1. G. D. & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: The weather has been extremely favorable for the growing crops, except in limited districts where damage has been done by recent storms and crop outlook is on the whole decidedly improving. Money has been abundant and cheap and collections generally good for the season and there are no signs of threatened disturbance. Speculation has been unusually active for the prospect that the Hatch anti-option bill will fail and while cotton has advanced a quarter, and lard and coffee are higher, and even 2c higher for early delivery, wheat has fallen 3c and oats 1/2c. Money has been extremely easy at 2 1/2 per cent and from nearly all points come reports that the markets are well supplied. The French, English and Spanish strengthening itself as is usual and comparatively easy at this season. The business failures occurring throughout the country during the last seven days number 63. For the corresponding week of last year the figures were 247.



## LOVE AND FAME.

I looked for Fame,  
And Love came flitting by,  
But passed me by in haste,  
With but a winged sigh;  
And still I looked for Fame,  
And Love fled by.

Fame came at last—  
When hope was almost dead;  
Fame came at last—  
When youth and joy had fled;  
And then I looked for Love,  
But Love was dead.

—Atlanta.

## INGEBRET OLESDATTER.

A certain broad stretch of prairie in Southern Minnesota lay smiling in the sun one autumn day in 1862. That year the virgin soil had first felt the tith of the plowshare and here and there a patch of stubble or a little field of maize told that the white man had come and the Indian was going or had gone. A field of wheat in the death-sound of the red man in its visible and vegetable form. The soil that once has raised wheat spurs and is spurned by its original owner, the two are incompatible. To the Indian it is as the badge of servitude—the outward and visible sign of labor. Wheat is a thing he knows never grew wild on his hunting ground, is alien and from afar like the strange white people who cause it to grow and are always hurrying the earth looking and speaking angrily to the red man, refusing to give of its abundance when the red man's hand is stretched north to him and he is ungrateful.

Along the border of the prairie a crooked little river crawled beneath a canopy of cottonwood trees. Wild marsh grass grew upon its banks for a few rods on either side in tall rank, tangled profusion, dotted with flowers blue and red and an aromatic odor filled the air as a band of settlers swung their scythes through the stubble stalks, preparing it for the sustenance of their cattle during the coming winter.

There were two men, a woman and two children at labor in the natural meadow. The smaller child almost a babe, sat still, tugging at the grass with a rapt attention of the mother and elder sister, Ingebet. The latter was perhaps thirteen years of age, but scouted by hard work and premature cares. Now and then it is that the burden of making a home in the wilderness always falls upon the woman somehow, no matter what their age. But so it is.

Ingebet had improved her two winters in America by attending a school and by virtue of her acquired knowledge was head of the family in business matters, as the only one who spoke English.

It was perhaps 2 p. m. when a tall, gaunt American plunged into the river on the opposite and alternately swam and waded over to the hay-makers. His bodily movements betrayed physical exhaustion and his eyes were full of the terror of one who is fleeing from dire peril. Labor ceased as he tumbled in the midst and leaned on his long staff.

"Good God! Do you realize your danger?" he gasped.

His auditors looked at him blankly, save Ingebet, who dropped her rake and came to him pale and terror-stricken. Her little heart had almost ceased beating, for she foresaw what his next words would be.

"Speak to him," commanded her father.

"Is he Indian?" she faltered.

"Yes, and they will be here before dark. Tell your people to start at once for J— It is not too late if you make no delay."

The settlers began an animated conversation while the refugee shifted his weight uneasily from one foot to the other, with anxious glances toward the west and north. He did not speak their language, but knew they were taking counsel of their wisdom. Ingebet's face was full of trouble as she toyed with the long tangled locks of her little sister and watched the stranger furtively.

Then the time for further interrogation of the messenger arrived, and she resumed her function as interpreter.

"Did you see any Indians?"

"No, but I saw signs of them and left my claim. Afterwards I looked behind me and saw the smoke from my burning hay stacks and shanty. I did not desire to see any Indians," he added grimly. "I have seen them many times and know just how they look."

The chief counselor of the Scandinavian settlers for such they were, was a man much younger than the head of the family, and a cousin of Ingebet's. He had not belonged to farmer folk of this native country, but had resided in his chief city, where his simple and straightforward kin gave him credit for all the superhuman wisdom he chose to claim, which was much.

With an air of great learning he wasted several very precious moments in asking up his mind what he should say. He realized that Ingebet was terror-stricken and prepared to counsel immediate flight, basing her judgment on what she had learned at school of the character of the Indian, and his merciful mode of waging war. He also could see that Ingebet would be ably seconded in her views by her mother and if he was not to be supplanted in his position as principal repository of knowledge, he must defeat their counsels at once. He was a youth of good nerve and courage and had an idea that the red man's hostility would evaporate immediately if he was assured the settlers were not Americans, but friendly and highly pacific foreigners. Now he proposed to communicate this idea to the reds in the heat of an attack and in an unknown tongue was not as clear in his mind as plans should always be in the middle of an able general. Clearing his throat majestically he began:

"I do not believe what this Yankee says. He admits that he has seen no Indians. They are all rascals, and it is very likely he wants us to run away so that he can jump over claims and then laugh at us. But we will be too sharp for him. If the savages actually come we will run out upon them with our scythes and they will flee away howling into the woods." [The "woods" were 100 miles distant.]

"But O, I fear them," cried Ingebet. "Let us go. We can come back to-morrow if all is well. It is not far to the village."

"You are half a Yankee already, with your going to their school," said her cousin. "I have noticed your ways. Only last Sunday, during all of the last two hours of our good minister's sermon, you were inactive and yawning about on your seat as though it had pins in it."

"Nothing further was said to the American. He stood irresolute with his eye toward the western horizon. Suddenly a cloud of smoke arose at a new point in the distant perspective. 'Look!' he cried.

Ingebet alone raised her eyes, shuddered a little but made no remark.

"Of all fools deliver me from a fool!" he muttered and turned toward the village, five or six miles away.

His late companions watched him as he clambered up to the level of the prairie with hasty strides. Here he turned his head, waved his hand and broke into a swift run, soon disappearing from view with unslaking pace.

"That smoke is caused by settlers burning their straw," said the wise cousin.

When the evening shadows began to fall upon the landscape the twenty hay-makers ceased their labors and proceeded homeward. All but little Ingebet, whose task it was to follow the river's course for half a mile, farther away from town and drive up the cows. Only her Creator knew the deadly shunning of the heart with which she set about this usually pleasant task. No posies were plucked as she waded through the long grass; no bird's song caught her ear and caused her to loiter by the way. But ever in her ear lingered the echo of the war-whoop which she had heard there school fellows imitate and the shrill screams of the little girls when they played in June.

The cows seemed miles away that night to the little one and as she wandered along the tears blinded her a little. Everything was so still and motionless about her as though paralyzed by fear like her own heart.

Little still and cold did the little heart grow directly when only separated from her by the river, she saw an Indian bare in all the paucity of war paint and feathers evidently watching her movements.

Only a little cry escaped her as she turned to run, but there was a sharp report as a twinge of pain in the hip and Ingebet found herself clutching at the grass roots aimlessly. But not yet was her release from life to come. Quickly came the knowledge that she was not fatally hit and she was on her knees with eyes uplifted. An arrow whizzed through the grass and stood up quivering not a yard in front of her.

If she could only endure to run a little way she thought, to where the weeds were higher, she might lead the savages away from her father's house, so that they would not find it, and her kin would be saved! Ah, child! the Christ thought: Greater love hath no man than this: that he would die for his friend. Springing to her feet, she bounded away like a deer, though every step was agony and every blade of grass was dyed with her blood as she sped over it. But her race was short and the end came speedily, for a warrior rose suddenly before her knife in hand, and with one swift piercing blow cut heart and lungs in twain, and she fell dead at his feet.

It was a strange freak of the unaccountable savage nature that he did not take her scalp, but merely cut off her long plait of hair, and after carrying it a few rods east it lay in another frank just as unaccountable. But when the squaws came along later they diabolically mutilated the little lump of cold clay that had held a golden hair and left it a loathly thing for the relief party to bury the day after.

And the rest of the little party of settlers?

Short shrift had they on their departure for another world. As the tired mother hurried through her preparation of the evening meal the sun sank below the level earth and the columns of smoke that had been as clouds by day loomed up luridly, as pillars of fire in the darkness. They could hear the rumble of heavy wagons driven at breakneck speed over the wretched road that by the soil house a half-mile distant, and the shouting of the drivers as they urged the raddled teams. Once the mother thought she heard a rifle shot, and strained her eyes trying to see Ingebet returning through the darkness with her dumb charges. At last the frugal meal was on the board and all prepared to eat with the mother's eye wandering in spite of herself to the vacant chair where Ingebet should have sat.

There was a clatter of hoofs at the door, as though a band of terrified wild horses had broken into the little dooryard, and the wise cousin opened the door to look out. Almost instantly he fell to the floor with an arrow through his neck and another in his breast, and then the house was full of yelling demons.

The mother concealed her youngest child in her clothing, sank to the floor, was tomahawked, scalped and died, but made no sign or outcry. The husband died fighting with his scythe for a weapon, like a descendant of the Norsemen of old, and did not die wholly unavenged in those cramped

quarters where the "long fell sweep" of the sword did gory service; but they got him at last and then ate the supper they found ready on the table with much gusto, though the floor was covered with blood and the walls reeked of it, and red corpses and while were scattered about their feet. Strong stomachs and iron nerves have the children of nature.

They did not find the concealed child, which, dumb with terror remained silent, but when the squaws came to do their dish-dish labor it was uncovered and dragged to the light of the fire. They burned its feet for the pleasure of hearing it wail, and then decided to spare it until daylight, that they might crucify it and leave it hanging head downward to die, as they had done at other times, to other children.

But through the morning mists there was another clatter of hoofs, caused by the coming of an armed and mounted party of white men from the village, from which they had been guided by the refugee of the night before. Off through the tall grass the warriors crept and escaped notice. They had no stomach to see white men who were earnestly desirous of meeting with them. And so it happened that the little six-year-old was rescued and cared for, but she walked all her life on crippled feet.—Seneca L. Truesdell, in the Pioneer Press.

## THERE ARE SPOTS ON THE SUN.

And then of great effect strength have their weaknesses.

All great people have their follies which is another way of saying that all have their weak points. Tycho, the great astronomer, had a terrible fear of horses and foxes. If by any chance he saw one, it mattered not whether it was dead or alive, he grew pale and his legs trembled under him.

The great Dr. Johnson, with all his philosophy was not without a superstition. He was very careful not to enter a room with his left foot foremost. "If by any chance he did so he would immediately stop back and re-enter with his right foot foremost. He was terribly afraid of death, too, and would not suffer it to be mentioned in his presence.

Julius Cæsar, in the shouts of thousands of the enemy, were but sweet music was, marvellously afraid of the sound of thunder and always wanted to get under ground to escape the dreadful noise.

Queen Elizabeth, despite her blest nature, trembled at the sound of the word "death," and the New York Press says "Voltaire said that a changed color at the same word."

—Marshall, who loved to look on the ranks of opposing armies, red and screaming in terror at the sight of a cat.

Peter, the Great, could scarcely be persuaded to cross a bridge, and whenever he placed his foot on one he would scream in terror. "Like the great man that he was, he tried to overcome his weakness, but he was never able to do so. And Byron would never help anyone to sail at table, nor would he be helped himself, and if any salt were spilled he would immediately get up and leave."

## CHILDREN OF THE AGE.

They Do Not Accept Every Thing That Is Told Them Unquestioned.

"Surely children are more acute than they used to be. As a child I accepted what was told me without question. I have endeavored to bring up my children as I was brought up, but instead of accepting what I say and illustrating that ideal faith which is so beautiful, the penetration of their questions brings me to confusion before their eyes. I told my boy that when he was naughty God, who could see everything was displeased. And God can see everything," he asked. "Yes, can God see his own ears? This may be amusing to you. It was not to him, nor blasphemous, as I certainly should have been. It was a frank, honest inquiry. When we walked in the garden and I showed him a head of cauliflower and told him of the goodness of the Creator in covering the earth with beautiful flowers, he asked: 'Did God make those flowers?' Yes. 'Well he had lots of help. Aunt Nancy used to dig in that bed every morning.' Can you believe for a moment I would have said such a thing to my mother? Later they have been talking of heaven and the youngest boy is very much disturbed he won't know me in heaven. 'I'd feel a good deal better satisfied,' he said, 'if all of the family could be buried in one grave with their arms around one another.' When they ask me questions and I do my best to answer them they look at me and say: 'Do you mean it? or is that what they told you?' Can you believe for a moment I would have said such a thing to my mother? Later they have been talking of heaven and the youngest boy is very much disturbed he won't know me in heaven. 'I'd feel a good deal better satisfied,' he said, 'if all of the family could be buried in one grave with their arms around one another.' When they ask me questions and I do my best to answer them they look at me and say: 'Do you mean it? or is that what they told you?' Can you believe for a moment I would have said such a thing to my mother? 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# \* SPECIAL SALE \*

This Week Friday and Saturday, August 5th and 6th,  
on Linen

## TOWELS

And if You Care to SAVE 25 PER CENT You Will Lay  
In Your Stock Now.

## TEICHNER & CO.

### THE AMERICAN INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION OF THE 19th CENTURY.

Opens Tuesday, Aug. 23. Closes Friday, Sept. 2.

40 ANNUAL CONGRESS OF THE PEOPLE. D. M. FERRY, President. DETROIT, MICH. T. F. B. SOTHEAM, Secretary.

RIBBONS,  
LACES AND  
EMBROIDERIES,

1-4 OFF.

C. J. Ball, Center Street, Northville M.

### OUR NEIGHBORS.

Interesting Notes Gathered by Our  
Enthusiastic Correspondents.

#### PLYMOUTH.

Frank Parks and wife spent Sunday in Cleveland.

Lewis Montfort left Tuesday for a visit at Flint.

H. H. Safford and family are camping at Straits lake this week.

We are going to have a marriage here very soon. Who do you think it is?

Mr. and Mrs. Dr. Lum of Ann Arbor were in town the first of the week visiting friends.

Mervie Armstrong thinks one header is enough for him, so he has traded his high bicycle for a safety.

D. W. Packard sold 60 gallons of ice cream in one day at the Maccabee picnic in Bedford last week.

Our band gives us some concerts in the park Saturday nights. They make very fine music and it is enjoyed by all Plymouth people.

If you want to get a nice umbrella, the frame warranted for two years call at Kauch's and look his new stock over before buying elsewhere.

The services next Sunday evening will be held in the Methodist church. An address will be given by Rev. J. L. Hudson, presiding elder.

The Plymouth band will give an ice cream and cake social in the Village park next Saturday evening. If you want to hear some fine music be sure and come.

We are pleased to see that the Pinckney Air Rifle company are doing a booming business. They are shipping orders to Cuba, Australia, and other parts of the world.

Burglars! Burglars! Burglars!!! Yes, they made H. H. Safford's residence a call last Friday night. Fred Reeves, a boarder at Mr. Safford's, on going to his room about two o'clock Friday morning, discovered a man just about to vacate that place of rest. There was a short struggle, but the burglar rather got the best of Reeves and made his escape through an open window to the balcony and then jumped to the ground. Mr. Safford was called, but found nothing missing.

"Doubtful things is quite onartin." There is nothing doubtful or uncertain however about the benefits to be obtained by using the very best of every thing, more especially in medicine. The best is none to good. In taking anything for a cough or cold, always take Hartzell's Cough Syrup. It is the best.

#### SOUTH LYON.

Miss Ora Placeway of Gregory is in town.

Miss Bertha Arms is visiting at Detroit this week.

Mrs. Fred Spring of Detroit is visiting friends in town.

M. W. Hodgeman returned home from the north last week.

Miss Flora Hodgeman returned home from Alma last Saturday.

Ernest McCue came home from Albion one day last week for a short vacation.

The Misses Carrie and Grace Tedman of Dixboro were in town last Monday on their way to Oxford.

The union Sunday school picnic will be held on Friday of this week instead of Wednesday as stated last week.

Prof. McNamara and family moved to Brighton last week. Sorry to lose them, but our loss will be Brighton's gain.

The families of C. Sprague, H. Sayre, J. Jacobus, S. Blackwood and E. M. Calkins are camping at Whitmore Lake this week.

The funeral of Mrs. Wm. Dunlap was held at the Presbyterian church last Thursday afternoon. She died at the home of Monroe Dunlap near Milford.

Miss Anna Cull and Wm. Hooper were married last Thursday morning at 6:30 at the home of the bride, by Rev. J. D. Spriggs. The couple will visit friends in Canada.

#### NOVI.

The infant child of Roy Parks was buried Tuesday morning.

Miss Jessie Boyden of Howell is visiting friends and relatives here.

Mrs. Fargo and daughter of Detroit are guests at C. M. Wight's this week.

Dr. R. M. Johnson and family are camping at Walled Lake this week.

W. W. Deland of Detroit and daughter Mary were entertained at Lee West's Sunday.

Thursday morning, Mrs. Delos Flint had a severe stroke of paralysis, but is some better at this writing.

Prof. Richardson of Blissfield is spending his vacation with his parents here. He returns to Blissfield next month.

Mrs. C. M. Wight and Mrs. G. W. Tibbitts spent Friday with Mrs. E. Chaffee and mother, Mrs. Smith, at Plymouth.

Mrs. Frank Taylor, who has been spending several days in Novi the guest of her sister, Mrs. Phillip Taylor, returned home Monday.

#### FARMINGTON.

Benjamin Arnold of Walled Lake was in town Saturday.

Miss Nellie Bloomer has returned from her Highland visit.

Miss Nina Chamberlin returned from her Detroit visit last week.

A S. S. picnic will be held at Orchard Lake in the near future.

Paul P. Locking of Missouri is the guest of his uncle, Wm. L. Power.

Mrs. J. J. Moore spent part of last week in Detroit with her son Harry.

Miss Nina Warner of Northville has been the guest of her aunt, Mrs. J. L. Wilber.

Mrs. Fish and grand-child, Miss Lulu Aldrich, are visiting friends at Detroit.

Mrs. Seymour Vlier of Chicago is the guest of her parents, Steven Tredway and wife.

Mrs. Etella Murray entertained a company of friends to tea last week Thursday.

A bowery and harvest dance will be held Friday evening, Aug. 5, in the Maple grove.

Miss Myrtle Wright of north Farmington is the guest of her grand-father, Abram Wright.

The Ladies Aid society convened Saturday afternoon at the home of Mrs. A. Holbrook.

A. F. Neuendorf is taking a two weeks vacation. He will visit Mackinac, the Soo and Duluth.

Mrs. M. B. Pierce has been entertaining her mother and sister of Detroit for the past few days.

A. A. Smith wife and son of Novi were the guest of Mrs. Smith's father, Rex Woodworth, last Friday.

Rev. Mr. Barry will preach a series of sermons in the Baptist church, on the Parable of the Prodigal son.

The new-school board have elected N. H. Power, moderator; J. L. Hogle, treasurer; E. R. Bloomer, director.

Harry N. Moore and Carl B. Allen, clerks in Elliott's store, Detroit, are spending their vacation at home.

Mrs. Frank VanDehler, formerly Mary Warner of this place, has returned to Manistee after a few months in California.

A missionary society has been organized in the Baptist church. Their first meeting will be held Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. J. T. Wilber.

Quarterly meeting services will be held in the M. E. church Sunday morning, Aug. 7. Presiding Elder Hudson will be present and will preach.

Rev. Jacob Horton and family of Port Huron and Mrs. Sage of Ypsilanti were in Farmington last week, the guests of William Daines and family.

#### DELLE BRANCH.

Miss Ethel Daines of Northville is visiting friends in this vicinity.

The wife of Dave Reed presented him with a bouncing baby Sunday.

The latest sport for the sportsman of Delle Branch is smoking out woodchucks.

Mr. and Mrs. Spencer Coon of Detroit spent Sunday with friends in this community.

The farmers in this vicinity have decided to have a picnic in J. D. Perry's grove Aug. 12.

The K. O. T. M. picnic held in Perry's grove on Thursday, of last week was one of the finest affairs ever held in this vicinity and at least 1,500 people were on the grounds during the day. The Redford band furnished the music. The program for the day opened with speeches from Col. Snille and D. Mackey, Past Great Commander of the K. O. T. M. These gentlemen made witty and eloquent remarks. After this, was the balloon ascension and parachute drop. The great event of the day was the ball game between Smith's Farmer Boys of Delle Branch and Brown's Colts of Northville. It was a fine game, played by gentlemanly boys. Although the Colts were on the metal and played good ball, the Farmer Boys defeated them 14 to 9. After the ball game the bowery dance attracted the larger part of the crowd.

#### SALEM.

Rev. Mr. Conrad of Chelsea has received and accepted a call to become pastor of the Salem Baptist church. He filled the pulpit last Sabbath. The Rev. gentleman and family will take a months vacation in New York state after which they will take up their permanent residence at the Salem parsonage.

The Baptist's hold a lawn social at the residence of Wm. Standen next Saturday evening.

Last Tuesday evening about 40 lady and gentlemen friends of Dr. Tweedale took his house by storm—it being the occasion of his thirtieth birthday. The Dr. not being forewarned was taken completely by surprise. All present put in a good time until the wee sma' hours.

G. S. Wheeler has taken the contract to furnish milk for state encampment at Island Lake.

Nevell Withee has again resumed work on the construction of the town sewer.

The Dixboro base ball club came to Salem last Saturday with the avowed intention of doing our boys up, but were badly left for the Salem club, although not having played a match, or had a good practice this season, took the lead. The score standing 36 to 4 in favor our boys.

#### MEADS MILLS.

We are enjoying the cool weather, every minute of it.

The threshing machine's hum can be heard these days.

H. Green and family entertained friends from Romeo and Farmington Sunday.

Arthur McRoberts has returned from Detroit where he has been for the last two months.

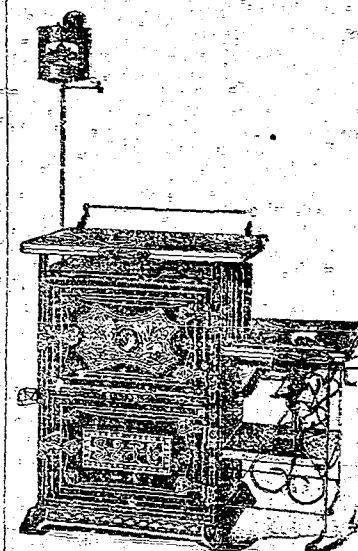
Farmers have begun plowing for wheat, but find the ground very dry and dusty.

We should like to let the Plymouth correspondent "The Kid", know that we visited the water works in person just before his item appeared relative to the completion of the same and was told it would take about four weeks to reach the road and then they would have 14 miles yet to dig before the spring was reached. Aug. 1 the workmen informed us it would take two weeks yet to get through the deep cut out to the road, so you see we also knew we were talking about. [We assure both our valuable correspondent at Meads Mills and Plymouth that each item was intended in the most friendly spirit and we trust both are now in their usual good humor again. —Ed.]

## HARDWARE



### THE "RELIABLE"



VAPOR STOVE.

## BICYCLES.

## "IDEAL" PAINTS.

## Electric Cutlery.

Tin and Sheet Metal  
work a specialty.

Geo. E.

## Waterman & Co.

### Womans Rights!

"Come and see our stove since Allen the stove man, fixed it."

Every woman in Michigan has a right to have a wholesome to use, and she can have it by sending word to the stove-man. He also repairs sewing machines, clothes wringers, pumps, tin soldering, caldron kettles—in fact any thing that can be repaired by man.

Repairing Gasoline Stoves a Specialty.  
G. P. ALLEN,  
Northville, Mich.