

The Northville Record

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Northville, Mich., Thursday, September 29, 1892.

\$1.00 per year, in advance.

VERY, VERY TAME.

"Those Athletics" Played a Very, Very, Poor Ball Game.

About 400 of Northville ladies and gentlemen gathered at the ball park Saturday afternoon to witness the last and best game of the season, and there were 400 sadly disappointed people. The game of three weeks ago when the Athletics beat the Colts 6 to 1 was by far the most interesting even though our favorites were downed. In Saturday's game the Colts made four runs in the first inning and this, or something else, seemed to knock all the sand, if they ever had any, out of the Athletics. They couldn't pitch a ball; they couldn't catch; they couldn't field; they couldn't run bases; and they couldn't hit a ball with a barn door for a bat. Of course they were not expected to hit Yerkes, but when such reputed batters as the Athletics are couldn't hit Webster's little dew drops, when he went into the box, they should lay themselves up on the shelf for the balance of the season. They not only couldn't play but they didn't even try and they seemed to think if they got their per cent of the gate money it was all that was expected of them. It is safe to say that Northville people will give the Athletic ball club a reception, conspicuous alone by absenteeism should they ever visit this city again. Northville people love to witness a good ball game, but they dislike to see a listless, half-hearted, lazy game. For ten and twelve year old boys nothing better would have been expected, but for the ball club, with such an alleged reputation as the Athletics have, nothing worse could have possibly been contemplated. To the credit of the Colts be it said, they put up an elegant game from start to finish and could easily have shut their opponents out, not only without a score, but without a base hit. The score was Colts 17, Athletics 1. Yerkes and Webster twirled for Northville and Fuller caught them both. The Detroiters had three or four different pitchers in the box, each of about equal ability.

WHERE THEY WILL PREACH.

Appointments Which Will Be of Interest to Our Readers.

The Detroit M. E. conference closed its session at Owosso Monday and among the various appointments we find the following: Morenci, F. Bradley; Belle Branch, A. Tedman; Belleville, T. Edwards; Palmer Memorial, Detroit, W. H. Shier; Farmington, A. Edling; Northville, P. E. Parrish; Plymouth, N. N. Clark; Salem, H. P. Shier; So. Lyon, I. Eddick; Wayne, James Jackson; Holly, D. Casler; Milford, H. S. White; New Boston, W. J. Clark; Walled Lake, D. B. Wheeler.

WOULDN'T CASH 'EM.

No Funds in the Plymouth Bank to Cash the Water Works Checks.

For some time past our local merchants have been cashing, and accepting as part pay for merchandise, time checks issued to pay to laborers on the Plymouth water works system, by Contractors Sheehan & Dunn, on the Plymouth Savings bank. These checks have always been honored at the Plymouth bank until a week or so ago when our merchants presented their checks the bank informed them there was no money in the bank to Sheehan & Dunn's credit to pay them. A number of our merchants have each got from \$50 to \$150 worth of the article but there seems to be no doubt now but what they will all be paid in full in a short time. Some of our business houses were quite badly scared though for a few days.

ATTENTION.

Farmers & Contractors

We are closing out our entire stock of Shingles, Lath, Siding, Flooring, Fencing, Cedar Posts, Etc. For the next 30 days you can have Lumber at cost.

York & Tillotson.

IT'S REV. PARRISH.

The New Methodist Pastor Comes from Midland.

Conference has seen fit to send our old pastor, Rev. Bradley, to Morenci and in his place comes Rev. P. E. Parrish from Midland. Elder Parrish is about 35 years of age and comes with fine recommendations as to his ability both as a preacher and a church worker. That he and his family will meet with that hearty cordiality usually meted out to new comers by Northville people goes without the saying. The new pastor is expected to occupy the pulpit here Sabbath morning.

MISS STELLA FULLER.

That Young Lady Wins the Fourth Silver Medal.

The fourth of the Demorest medal contests was held at Novi last week Friday night, and though the attendance was rather small, the entertainment was exceedingly good. There were six contestants and Stella Fuller of this place was the lucky young lady who captured the prize. The next contest takes place at the Presbyterian church, this place, next Monday night.

ADOPT A FIRE DRILL.

One in Our Schools May Some Day Save a Life.

When a fire occurs in a building in which a large number of persons are assembled there is much more danger to bodily safety from crowding and stamping than from burning. The thing to be feared is a panic, with its mad rush of temporarily insane human beings. On such an occasion the instinct of self-preservation drives out every other impulse and thought. People lose their heads, forget every rule that should guide them in the emergency and plunge into a fierce struggle from which the chances are ten to one against their emerging alive and uninjured. The frightful scenes at theater fires have often been recounted, while in many cases it has been apparent, after the disaster was over that a little calmness and prudent behavior would have averted many deaths and broken limbs. The value of coolness and deliberate action on such occasions was recently demonstrated by the successful removal of 1,400 children from a burning school house in New York. The boys and girls had been instructed in the fire drill, and when the signal was struck they marched out in perfect order. In the streets a terrified crowd had assembled from which went up shouts from agitated men and cries from anxious mothers. Inside the school house there was activity, but no alarm or disorder. The children tramped out of these state rooms and into the halls with military precision, and reached the open air without a single accident. In a few minutes the building was emptied and all danger passed. This could not have been done unless the fire drill had been thorough and frequent. Constant practice had made the children mechanically obedient to the words of command, and the oft repeated evolutions were executed all most without conscious mental efforts without a drill, there would probably have been a panic, in which case the confusion would have prevented a prompt exit, besides injuring and perhaps killing many of the pupils. The general introduction of the fire drill in schools would be an excellent thing. Such discipline, if ever brought to a practical test, would be worth all the labor and pains expended on it. It is more over, a beneficial and pleasant exercise. It cultivates the habit of attention, compels alertness in obedience, and to a certain degree enforces pride of deportment and precision of thought. It is also a promoter of a sort of harmony and fellowship in school work—a condition not exactly definable, but recognized as useful in the educational process. A fire drill two mornings in a week, managed rightly would be enjoyed by the pupils, and might prove of inestimable service. There are also other institutions in which it would be proper to introduce the drill. Why not adopt it in the Northville schools.

ROYAL

IS THE

Best Baking Powder

The Official Government Reports:

The United States Government, after elaborate tests, reports the ROYAL BAKING POWDER to be of greater leavening strength than any other. (*Bulletin 13, Ag. Dep., p. 599.*)

The Canadian Official Tests, recently made, show the ROYAL BAKING POWDER highest of all in leavening strength. (*Bulletin 10, p. 16, Inland Rev. Dep.*)

In practical use, therefore, the ROYAL BAKING POWDER goes further, makes purer and more perfect food, than any other.

Government Chemists Certify:

"The Royal Baking Powder is composed of pure and wholesome ingredients. It does not contain either alum or phosphates, or other injurious substances."

"EDWARD C. LOVE, Ph. D."

"The Royal Baking Powder is undoubtedly the purest and most reliable baking powder offered to the public."

"HENRY A. MOTT, M. D., Ph. D."

"The Royal Baking Powder is purest in quality and highest in strength of any baking powder of which I have knowledge."

"WM. McMURTRIE, Ph. D."

OH, WHAT A GAME!

Was an Easy for Our Boys, But Here's Another Quite as Easy.

"Oh, what a game of ball!" And what an easy park the Athletics provided for our boys, and now it will be just as easy for you to make a selection in clothes from the well assorted line of samples at "Websters". Anything to suit the most fastidious taste in fine suits, business suits, pants and overcoats. Prices the lowest, satisfaction guaranteed.

Give me a call.

Geo. Webster.



HAVE YOU SEEN?

Our new method of framing Pictures? If not step in our Gallery and look at our stock of Mouldings and Framed Pictures.

150 Styles of Mouldings now in Stock.

Think of it! New shades to harmonize with any study. The new and correct way of Framing.

We are up with the times. Prices consistently low and prompt attention in filling every order. We invite your inspection.

BROWN & CO., Northville, Mich.

\$10 REWARD \$10

Offered for any other cigar found in our make of R. & F. CIGARS. Many superior Vuelta Abajo Havana, grown in the Isle of Cuba. They are equal to most 10c brands and are sold by dealers at 5c straight. Call for 'em, try 'em and be convinced. RATHBURN & FLEISCHER, M'Fet's Wagon, Mich.

Pianos and Organs.

Benj. F. Springer, Of Detroit, Mich.

has opened Music Store in the Kellogg block, where you can buy Sheet Music, Music Books of every publication. All kinds of small musical Instruments, Celebrated makes of Pianos, and the fine high grade Farand & Votey organ—tuned by the well known Mr. Wm. Wood formerly of Northville. We have good Second Hand Organs at all prices. Any thing in the music line will be sold as cheap as at our Detroit House. Tuning and Repairing of Pianos and Organs promptly attended to in first class order.

Benj. F. Springer, Northville, Mich.

HURRAH FOR---



The Dry Goods Department of the "Busy Big Store."

The Gentlemen in the Dry Goods Department has woke up! Hasn't been dead. Oh no, only resting a short time in order to give the Gentlemen in the Clothing and Boot and Shoe Department a chance to give their customers some benefits of the Big Bargains they are offering.

But Now Look Out!

for the Dry Goods Man, for here he goes bang-te-smash, for a Fall Opening. The first thing on the list is a GINGHAM SALE.

Two Years Ago We

had some Cheap Gingham. Haven't been able to get any such a snap since until now, and on Saturday, Oct. 1st, we will open 20 pieces of Domestic Gingham and let them go at just 4 1-2c per yard.



HERE'S ANOTHER!

At the same time we will place on the counter 600 yards of All Wool Dress Goods, Plain and Choice Mixed Shades, One Yard Wide, and every piece worth 50c per yard; all new goods, arrived this week.

From Eastern Markets

and during this sale you can have your choice for 32c per yard. Come and see them! It's by 50 per cent the best offer you have yet had.

T. G. Richardson, The Cash Outfitter.

D. PRICE'S
Cream Baking Powder

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

Business Flashes.

If you want The want You want to get, You want to Advertise in The want getter.

The Northville Record. Wants your want, Because it wants You to get The want Which you want, And ought to get.

FOR SALE OR TRADE AT A BARGAIN. The National Hotel property at Holly Hotel partially burned. Can be put in good shape again for less than \$200. Miss E. A. Ives, Northville, Mich. 5c

FOR RENT.—Good two story house and lot. About one mile from village Cheap. Inquire, P. Conley. 5c

FOR RENT.—A farm of 60 acres, 60 1/2 miles north and 1/2 miles east of Novi Corners. A. L. DART, North Farmington. 7c

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—In the best location, in town, single lots, or whole tract containing nearly 3 acres. Inquire A. McKay. 5c

FOR SALE—Two Good Jersey Cows. One will calve this fall and the other in December. J. H. Sheldon, Novi Corners. 5c

FOR SALE.—Fine building lot, about 1/2 acre. West end Cady street. Apply to John Allen. 5c

FOR SALE OR TRADE.—Forty acre farm in Gratiot co. Will sell or trade for village property. Inquire of B. Freeman, Northville, Mich. 5c

FOR SALE.—Houses and lots in the village of Northville. Inquire of E. S. Woodman, Atty at Law. 47c

FOR SALE CHEAP.—House and acre Land with good Well and Cistern and Fruit Trees. Inquire Wm. Ambler. 46c

FOR SALE.—Elegant large house and big lot. Quantities of fruit, chicken park etc. Corner Yerkes and Atwater streets. Inquire O. F. Carpenter. 42c

FOR SALE.—3 Good Building lots on Gorton division. Terms 10 per cent down, 10 per cent in six months, balance on term of 3 years. Price \$100 to \$150. Inquire of A. D. Kendrick or M. D. Gorton. 32c

FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

MONEY VALUE OF OATS FED TO DAIRY COWS.

Reducing the Cost of Heavy Rations.—Check Reins and Binders—How to Dehorn—Farm Notes and Household Hints.

Oats as a Forage Crop.

Mr. L. H. Adams, superintendent of the experimental farm at Madison, Wis., read a valuable paper at the Round Up Institute at Portage on the above subject. From the same we take the following extract:

In an experiment made at our own station with hogs fed on oats and corn meal in different proportions it was found that while the ration was composed of one-third ground oats and two-thirds corn meal, the cost of making a pound of gain at the prices quoted was 27.7 cents. Let us group the cost of the different rations together.

Cost of one pound of gain with oats alone 5.1 cents.

Cost of one pound of gain with corn meal 3.6 cents.

Cost of one pound of gain with a oats and corn meal 2.7 cents.

It is apparent from the study of the above figures that oats when intelligently used will serve an admirable purpose in reducing the cost of heavy rations intended for fattening purposes. The next and last phase of the gain side of the question that I shall discuss is the actual money value of the oat when fed to dairy cows as compared with bran.

The often repeated and sometimes wild assertions made as to the relative value of bran and oats make it necessary for the station to set about obtaining some definite information on the subject. As the result of these experiments with cows on full milk it was found that when fed pound for pound the cows invariably did better on oats going up when the oats were fed and down when put on bran.

This result was shown to have been produced from about equal quantities of food materials in the two cases. The oats therefore seemed to have a higher nutritive effect with milk cows than had bran. When the financial aspect of the case is considered, it will be seen that for the present market prices of the two feeds bran at 11 per cent and oats at 28 cents per bushel, the former is the cheaper feed of the two. The conclusion reached by the results of the two experiments is that where the difference between these feeds is greater than 15 per cent in favor of bran, it is not good economy to feed oats to milk cows in preference to bran. Or when bran is selling for \$14 per ton, oats are worth nearly 25 cents per bushel for feeding purposes to milk cows. These figures do not take into consideration the manurial value of the two feeds nor the additional cost to the farmer of the bran over and above the market prices by the time it is distributed on his farm. This item of interest will be offset by the cost of grinding the oats, which must be added to that side of the question. This far we have confined the discussion of the value of the oat to those that regard the gain only as being worthy of consideration, and it appears to me that right here is where the most serious mistake is made.

If instead of leaving the crop to stand until dead ripe in order to bind up at once as is usually done, we should harvest it in the milk stage using preferably a self-rake reaper. If that implement is not at hand, use a mower, and give the crop the same intelligent care that we would give a grass or clover crop. The result would be that we would not only save the cost of threshing, an item of expense that amounts, all things considered, to nearly one-fifth of the price usually obtained for the grain, but we would have a hay that contains about twenty pounds more of digestible nutrients than does clover hay, and about 12 per cent more than is contained in timothy. Moreover, the grain in the oat hay does not reach the animal in excessive quantities and by reason of it being mixed with the straw is well masticated. In this way another item of expense for grinding is obviated, which is not the case when the grain and straw are fed separately.

Check Reins and Binders.

Have check reins on your horses. All this talk of not having check reins on horses is foolishness. Buy them up. Use them to pull the horses' heads up. Just have them long enough to keep them from putting their heads down and walking on them. Hold them up over with their backs. Have you got binders on your bridles? Well, leave them on the ones you wear yourself, but cut them off of your horses' bridles; they are worse than useless. Hundreds of years ago a despotic king had a favorite horse with deformed eyes. He had binders put on the bridle to hide them, and of course everyone else had to have them on their horses. We haven't got sense enough to this day to take them off. Try having some reflectors along side of your eyes just for fun, and see how you like it.

L. F. FRENCH.

The check rein, as our correspondent suggests is a good thing. It ought not to be used to lift the head higher than the horse naturally carries it.—Farmer's Voice.

How to Dehorn.

Horns on my cattle are a thing of the past. Every calf I raise now is treated when a week or so old, and the horns are killed. I get a stick of caustic potash at the store, throw the calf on its side, so as to hold it easily, and wet the hair on a spot the size of a half dollar over the embryo horn, and rub on the potash thoroughly. When I began using the potash I did not rub it on long enough. I got one or two-horned animals; now I rub it

until the hair comes off and the blood begins to start through the skin, and it represses the horns effectually. I would not use any liquid preparation of potash, as there is danger of its running down where it is not wanted, or being spilled by a sudden movement of the calf. I never tried the liquid but once and came near putting out an eye. Be careful not to get the stick potash on your fingers; wrap several thicknesses of paper or cloth around it.

The dehorning of grown cattle is a simple process; takes but a few seconds if the cow is properly fastened, and I do not think it is very painful for the cattle, begin to eat as soon as the horns are off; the cows do not shrink in their milk at all. I dehorned the first week in June, a Holstein that was boss of the herd, and from being kept in a small lot had become entirely too handy with her horns, opening gates and doors. Since her horns were taken off she has been a most proper and respectable cow; the smallest helper in the herd makes her walk away from her feed, or drives her where she pleases. The saw is much better, I think, than nippers, the latter is likely to crush the bone and prevent healing so quickly. The only application we made after sawing was to fill the cavities with wheat flour, and although it was hot weather and by time the wounds healed over in a few days.—Chicago News.

Alfalfa Replenishes Corn.

There is undoubtedly a great future for alfalfa or the California clover, on the soil of arid plains in the West. Kansas farmers say it is cheaper and more certain feed for beef than corn is in their state. Corn is often injured by drought—Alfalfa is nearly drought-proof. But part of this superiority of alfalfa is owing to the ease with which the crop may be grown and marketed. On good land with good tillage, corn will produce more and better feed per acre than can alfalfa.

Farm Notes.

Lime makes fat soils more open. When done with a tool return it to its place.

A fertilizer should not be too concentrated.

The way to find out about fertilizers and their uses is to find out by experiment.

Good cultivation adds nothing to the soil but makes valuable what there is in it.

Don't sow wheat in the clover, make the ground fine if it does take work. It will pay.

Spend some leisure time in cutting weeds and bushes along the fences and streams.

Everything else equal, the best time to market farm products is when they are ready.

Every farm should at least have enough fruit trees to furnish the luxuries of life for family use.

The Ohio station counting corn at fifty cents a bushel finds clover seed worth \$12 per acre as a fertilizer.

The falling apples should be gathered up every day, and those unfit for family use or sale should be fed to the pigs.

A few acres thoroughly looked after will frequently give better returns than twice as many managed in a slipshod manner.

If hot coal tar is applied to fence posts they will last much longer. The tar should extend four or five inches above ground.

The most successful farmers do not allow their farming implements to lie in the field after through using them for the season.

The successful farmer rotates his crops, uses all the manure, plants good seed on thoroughly prepared soil and cultivates well.

Household Hints.

In the healing of burns and scalds where there is danger of contracting scalds, rub the raw skin several times a day with good sweet oil. Persist in this rubbing until the skin is soft and flexible.

The simplest charlotte russe is made without the use of gelatine and of simple whipped cream, sweetened and flavored. The very best cooks avoid the use of gelatine wherever it can be avoided, and employ it when necessary as sparingly as possible.

To make raspberry or blackberry vinegar take a jar of vinegar, and fill with the fruit; let it stand for three days then strain it. For every pint of juice add one pound of sugar. Let it come to a good boil, and then strain. Let it cool and then bottle and seal.

To hasten the cure of a burn or scald there is nothing more soothing and effective than the white of an egg. It is contact with the air which makes a burn so painful. The egg acts as a varnish and excludes the air completely and also prevents inflammation.

Sliced beets make a lovely pink coloring matter for any article of food and one which is not only harmless but healthful. Spinach leaves give a very good green. A bit of saffron, which is also perfectly innocuous, produces a pretty yellow. The yolks of eggs give a gold tint.

A small piece of washing-soda in the water for washing softens it, and does no harm, but those trusted with the use of it are apt to use it too bountifully, and thus injure the clothes. It does make them white, but tender also. The best and safest agent for bleaching will be found to be the sun.

A superior bluing for clothes is made of one ounce of soft Prussian blue, powdered, put into a bottle with one-quarter ounce of oxalic acid and one quart of water. It is very strong and at once ready for use. A few drops are ample for a large washing. The cost is less than other bluing, and it gives perfect satisfaction.

REMARKABLE TRANCES.

PEOPLE WHO HAVI' NARROWLY ESCAPED BURIAL ALIVE.

A Man Who Could Induce an Attack of Catalepsy at Will—Acquainted With All the Arrangements for His Burial.

Perhaps the most remarkable case on record is that of Colonel Townsend. This gentleman could induce an attack of catalepsy at will. When he did so, he assumed every appearance of death. The pulsations of the heart became imperceptible and it was impossible to discern any respiratory action. His face became colorless and his entire frame rigid, in which state he would continue for several hours, when all the symptoms would wear away.

A case recorded by Plutarch would seem to support the theory that during such periods of prostrated insensibility the spirit of the sleeper freed from the body wanders away to realms and scenes not conceivable by the ordinary senses. A man named Thespius he tells us, fell from a great height and was picked up to all appearances dead. There were no external wounds about him, but the physicians were satisfied of the fact of the decease.

Arrangements were made for his burial but on the third day after his fall he revived much to the consternation of his friends. In a short time, it became quite evident that the whole tenor of the man's life had changed. Previously his character was that of a reprobate and a vicious man, but after his insensibility he ever followed after virtue. On being asked the reason of the change Thespius related that during his long sleep his spirit had been liberated from his body and had soared away to a strange land, where it had joined a whole company of other spirits. His past life was disclosed to him in all its hideousness, and the glorious capabilities which were before him were revealed in such a manner as to make him ambitious of attaining them.

Dr. Passavant also records an instance of a peasant boy who revived after being supposed to be dead for several days, says the *Yankee Blade*. The boy bitterly resented his being called back to life and informed those who gathered about him that he had been in a beautiful place and had associated and conversed with his deceased relatives. Before his insensibility his faculties were not even ordinarily brilliant, but afterward he conversed and prayed with surprising eloquence.

It cannot be doubted that in numerous cases of cataleptic trances the apparently lifeless patient has been acquainted with all the arrangements being made for his interment. Several instances are recorded in which, although the body presented every appearance of death, the patient was conscious of everything going on around him, but absolutely unable to raise a limb or in any way communicate with those near his bed.

Dr. Binns mentions the case of a girl who lay in this state for a considerable time and then revived. She actually heard every word that was said around her but was unable to give the slightest evidence of her continued vitality. She afterwards said that her horror was simply indescribable. She had endeavored to shout and to move, but in vain. At length her state of mind when she was being prepared for burial was such as to cause her to break out in a profuse perspiration, and she recovered. She described the sensation very much in the same way as the seminautists say they feel. Her soul, she said, seemed to have no power to act upon her body. It seemed to be in the body and out of it at the same time.

Several remarkably narrow escapes from being buried alive are mentioned. A Mr. G., who had been ill some time, fell into what was thought his last sleep. The medical attendant, however, had suspicions in his own mind, which he did not care to communicate to the man's family for fear of arousing false hopes. He therefore put off his sanction of the burial from day to day, much to the indignation of the supposed dead man's mother. On the fifth day, however, the doctor had the gratification of seeing his patient revive. Mr. G. some time afterward had a recurrence of the malady, this time lasting seven days.

In Ireland the custom used to prevail of burying the dead as soon after their certified decease as possible. It is very probable that many were thus buried alive. It is related that a certain Dr. Walker of Dublin, entertained such strong views upon this question that he never wearied of discoursing upon it, and even wrote a pamphlet embodying his views, which was widely circulated. While conversing one day with his friend, Mrs. Bellamy, a celebrated actress the lady informed him that she herself would take care that she should not be committed to the cold embrace of mother earth until indisputable evidence was forthcoming of his death, provided his decease preceded hers. Some time afterward the doctor contracted a fever, of which it was supposed he died. In spite of the opposition he had raised to the prevailing custom, he was buried the day following. Mrs. Bellamy was at the time in Ireland, and hearing of his death and burial, she hastened to Dublin, and at once had his body exhumed. Her considerate offices, however, came too late. On opening the coffin it was found that the doctor had evidently revived since his interment, for he was found lying upon his side.

Thackeray and General Scott.

When Thackeray was in this country he called on General Scott, full of admiration for his remarkable campaign in Mexico and eager to

hear the warrior explain how battles were fought and fields were won. "Well, now you know all about it," remarked a friend, as the novelist returned from a two hours' tete-a-tete with the soldier. "Not at all," replied Thackeray, with a twinkle in his eye. "The general takes no interest in strategy. I found that literature was his forte."

HE TOOK A TUMBLE.

The Witness Answered His Questions and All Was Over.

The attorney prosecuting in a breach of promise case was young and fresh and delighted in showing himself off, but he didn't know what a guy he was until it fell onto him with a dull and sickening thud. The defendant had taken the stand.

"You say," said the attorney, after several impertinent questions "that you never asked the plaintiff to be your wife?"

"Never," responded the witness, with emphasis.

"But you made love to her?"

"Not to my knowledge."

"Never called her pet names either, is that so?"

"No, sir."

"Now, as a matter of fact, didn't you call her Lizzie after you had been so long only three or four times and always after that, when you knew you should have called her Miss Smith, if you had not been seeking to win her young and trusting heart?"

"So, sir, I did not."

The plaintiff pulled the attorney's sleeve but he paid no attention to her.

"Ah, indeed," very sarcastically. "I presume you never called her Lizzie in your life?"

"I never did, sir."

Again the plaintiff caught at the attorney, but he ignored her.

"Now, once more, sir, I ask you directly to state to the court whether you did or did not call this young lady by the wedding name of Lizzie. Remember, sir, you are on your oath!" and the attorney reared back in his chair, while the plaintiff made another ineffectual clutch at him.

The defendant smiled slightly.

"I never did," he said firmly.

The attorney sat forward with a sharp crack of the chair legs on the floor.

"I'd like to know why you never did, sir?" he asked, with the air of a man who knew he had the facts.

"Because," and the witness was as cool as a palm-leaf fan could make him, "because that wasn't her name."

Then it was the attorney heeded the plaintiff's wild clutchings and wanted to hit himself in the neck with a law book, but it was everlastingly too late.

THE STRAIN ON OUR MINDS.

Our Bodies Must Be Built up so as to

Furnish Health to Our Brains.

In thirty years' time, less than half the Biblical allowance of man's life, the United States has multiplied its wealth six times. What energy, what work, what unceasing effort has been needed to bring about this marvelous result! What can we do to retard this development of the brain and nerves at the expense of the body?

Obviously it is impossible to change our surroundings, to change our food, to lessen the drive of our modern life, to relieve the strain on our mind, to make the competition less fierce.

It is apparent, then, that we cannot lessen the strain we must increase the ability to undergo it. We must, as a people, learn to understand this, that while we drive the brain we must build the body. The methods of doing this are so simple that they are apt to be overlooked; they may be summed up in two words—exercise and fresh air.

As we teach our children to wash their hands and face in the morning and continue our teaching until ablutions become a habit so fixed as to produce positive discomfort if they are omitted, so we must, teach them to exercise until this too becomes a habit, a second nature—something that when omitted causes real physical distress and we must choose a form of exercise which is adapted to persons of middle age as well as to children.

Build up the body, build up the body! In our modern life this should be dinned into the ears of all until it is obeyed, for, verily, unless we build up the body the strain on the brain will ruin the American people. The very elements in ourselves that have made us great, the push, the drive, the industry, the mental keenness, the ability and the willingness to labor—these contain in them the seeds of national death. No race may endure that has not the stamina and power of the healthy animal. The American race has run too much to brain.

Between Two Evils.

Phoebe is 6 years old. "Mamma," she said one day, "if I get married will I have a husband like pap?"

"Yes," replied the mother with an amused smile. "And if I don't get married will I have to be an old maid like Aunt Kate?" "Yes," "Mamma!"—after a pause—"it's a tough world for us women, ain't it?"—Philadelphia Times.

An Able Critic.

"Yes," said Mrs. McGudly, "my nephew is getting along very well in the newspaper business. He tells me he's been criticizing Wagner."

"Is he a musician?"

"I believe so. But principally he writes pieces about base ball."

No Cause for Jealousy.

Cora—But my dear, that was years ago.

Merritt—Still you loved him enough to give him a lock of your hair.

Cora—Pshaw! That's grown in again since then.



CURE

For Headache and Nausea all the troubles that result from a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. Write their names on a slip of paper and send them to us, enclosing a check for \$1.00, and we will send you a box of our Little Liver Pills, free of charge.

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the bowels, and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure

HEAD

ACHE they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint, but for the sake of their good friends, do not send for them, but send for these Little Liver Pills, which in so many ways they will not be willing to do without them. But after all, it is

ACHE

To the base of so many lives, there is where we make our great head. One pill cure for all others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. They are made of pure vegetable matter and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action place all who are afflicted with biliousness, dizziness, headache, or any other ailment, on a new and healthy basis.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, NEW YORK. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease CONSUMPTION, it anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a sure cure for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, CATARRH, BRONCHITIS, HOARSENESS, THROAT AND LUNG AFFECTIONS. He hopes all sufferers will try his remedy, as it is invaluable. Those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address

LET. EDWARD A. WILSON, Brooklyn, New York.

PATENT OR NO FEE

A \$5.00 book free. Address W. T. FITZGERALD, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Cor. 8th and P Sts., Washington D. C.

BUCKLIN'S KINKIA SALVE

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. M. RICE, Raleigh, the druggist.

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

A gentleman having been cured of Nervous Prostration, Seminal Weakness, Premature Decay, and youthful folly, is anxious to make known to others the simple method of CURE. He will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the recipe so successfully used in his case. Address in confidence JAMES W. PARKER, 23 Cedar Street, New York.

St. Vitus Dance Cured, VIII

SAN ANTONIO, TEX., Feb. 1892. My boy, 12 years old, who was afflicted with St. Vitus Dance, could not go to school for two years. Two bottles of Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic restored his health, and he is now attending school again.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., L.

506 Northwest St., Oct. 8, 1891. After doctoring four months for a dangerous trouble and finding no relief, a friend recommended me to try Koenig's Nerve Tonic. I used only two bottles, and I thank God now I am so hearty and well that I can again attend to my business, which is by no means an easy one.

I. LEONHARD.

A valuable Remedy for Nervous Diseases and Poor Patients can also obtain this medicine free of charge. This remedy has been prepared by the Renowned Pastor Koenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., since 1856 and is now prepared under his direction by the

KOENIG MED. CO., Chicago, Ill.

Sold by Druggists at \$1 per Bottle, 6 for \$5. Extra Size, \$1.75. 6 Bottles for \$9.

FREE

Send for a valuable Remedy for Nervous Diseases and Poor Patients can also obtain this medicine free of charge. This remedy has been prepared by the Renowned Pastor Koenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., since 1856 and is now prepared under his direction by the

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE.

The Great English Remedy. Promptly and permanently cures all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhea, Impotency and all effects of Abuse or Excesses. Been prescribed for over 25 years in thousands of cases; is the only reliable and Honest Medicine known. Ask druggist for Wood's Phosphodine, if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, leave, his dishonesty, increase price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, \$1. Six, \$5. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlet in plain sealed envelope, 2 stamps. Address THE CHIFFINOT CO., 131 Woodward Avenue, Detroit, Mich. Sold in Northville by C. R. Stevens, A. M. Randolph, G. C. Hueston and druggists everywhere.

RIGGS, THE BARGAIN SELLER

ALWAYS THE BEST AND CHEAPEST

We are now showing the most complete stock of Clothing ever shown in Northville and at prices way low.

See the great Bargains we are offering in Suits, in double and single breasted, straight cut and cutaways, at \$6, \$8, 10, and the extra fine ones at \$12 and \$15; all the latest and best of fabrics, and best make.

See our great stock of Over Coats, newest shades and latest fabrics, and prices exceedingly low.

Suits & Over Coats

for the Boys. Mothers, bring your Boys to us and we will fit them up with a good substantial suit cheaper than you ever bought before.

Hats Caps & Gloves.

In this line we have the greatest stock and lowest price

Shirts & Underwear,

and Neckwear, in all the nevelities. See what we are selling for 50c!

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY.

10 Doz. Fine Regular Made Gent's Half Hose worth 25c and 35c, at 17c a pair

Ed. L. RIGGS, The Clothier,

As Fine as There Is!

There is no doubt now with our mills still further remodeled and furnished with the very latest machinery but that we manufacture the finest flour in this part of the country.

Our Mills Are Never Idle,

and their ceaseless grind is conclusive proof that our product is sought on every hand.

We Are The People

who manufacture the celebrated GOLD LACE FLOUR. Try it once and you will buy it always.

Yerkes Bros.
Northville, Mich.

SAMPLE SALE.

108 DOZEN

FINE

STIFF HATS

We have bought the entire sample line of fine stiff

\$1.95 HATS 19.5

Of the well known firms

MEYER, WECHSLER AND LAUFER,

Importers and Manufacturers, 512 Broadway, New York, and

TUPPING, MAYNARD AND HOBSON,

Of Danbury, Conn., Celebrated Melville Brand.

We will place them on sale at only \$1.95. These Hats are all \$2.00,

\$3.50 and \$4.00 Hats—this fall style—WARRANTED. If you need

a new Hat come and see them.

A GUARANTEE:—

Every one of these Hats we guarantee to be worth \$3.00,

\$3.50 and \$4.00 or money refunded. Come and see the

best bargains in Hats ever offered in Detroit.

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

GORMANS,

LEADERS IN HATS,

12 Michigan Avenue.

OPPOSITE CITY HALL. OPEN EVENINGS.

DETROIT MICH.

The Northville Record.

EVERY THURSDAY.

F. S. NEAL, Publisher.
OFFICE IN OPERA HOUSE BLOCK.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 29, 1892.

TERMS \$1.00 Per Year

Advertising rates made known on application. Business notices five cents per line for each insertion. Marriage, birth, death and church notices inserted free. Ordinary comments, resolutions, cards of thanks, poetry, etc., charged for at the rate of five cents per line. Communications from every town and school district in the county is solicited. Anonymous communications not inserted under any circumstances.

PERSONALS.

Those Who Come and Those Who Go.

Miss May Greer is back at Albion college again.

John Harlan and family have moved to Battle Creek.

W. E. Hakes was out from Detroit to take in the Plymouth fair.

Clarence Clark returns to his studies at Ann Arbor tomorrow.

W. P. Yerkes and wife are on a two weeks visit with Bay-View friends.

Miss Millie Murdock is on the sick list. Miss Nellie Priest is filling her place in the Record office at present.

The delegates to the District W. C. T. U. convention to be held at Wayne Oct. 5, 6 and 7, are Mrs. Anzile, Mrs. E. R. Reed and Mrs. McCutchen.

The following well known Northville people registered at the Wayne hotel, Detroit, this week: Dr. J. M. Burgess and wife, Clarence Clark, L. A. Deal.

August Simmons and wife of Ionia visited over Sunday at Edward Whitaker's. Mr. Simmons is a nephew of Mr. Whitaker and about 35 years ago was a resident of this place.

Wm. Fuller and family who have been spending their vacation in our village have returned to Detroit. Mr. Fuller who is shipping clerk for Daniel Scotten & Co., has been playing a few games with Brown's Colts.

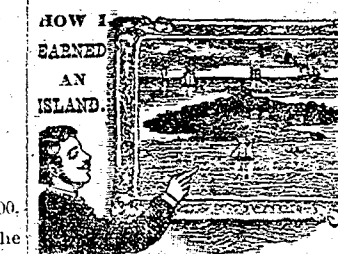
Mr. Hendricks of Ypsilanti, formerly of this place, has been visiting among Northville friends the past week. Mr. Hendricks is now tenor singer in one of the leading Ypsilanti churches. He sang at the Baptist church here Sunday night.

Mrs. M. A. Whitaker of DeWitt is visiting her brother-in-law Edward Whitaker. Mrs. Whitaker settled in Northville with her parents in 1830 when this place was all a woods. She moved to DeWitt some 35 years ago where Mr. Whitaker died.

R. H. Purdy, everybody calls him "Roll" for a number of years the popular and obliging clerk at B. A. Wheeler's leaves today for his home in Vermont. Mr. Purdy is obliged to give up his residence and position here on account of ill-health and return to the verdant clad hills of the Green Mountain state. Rollin will be greatly missed in Northville society and business circles and we can only hope for his ultimate recovery and a return again to Northville.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Northrop was the scene of a very pleasant little gathering Saturday afternoon, the occasion being the celebration of Mr. Northrop's seventy-fourth birthday. About thirty-five guests were present, and judging from the active way in which Mr. Northrop presided, one would almost have taken his age to be 47 instead of 74. A pleasant surprise in the form of a beautiful upholstered oak rocker and an electric lamp, presented by E. S. Woodman, formed a part of the afternoon's pleasure. After partaking of a bounteous repast, the guests departed feeling that they had, indeed, spent a very enjoyable time.

Special sale for Saturday, Oct. 8, only. Night dresses, worth \$1.25 for 97c, at Eva Bovee's.



HOW I EARNED AN ISLAND
Enterprising Young Man: True & Co. instructed and started me. I worked steadily and made money fast. I expected to, because I had to buy an island and build a small summer hotel. If I had succeeded at that, I will go to work again at the business in which I made my money. True & Co. Shall we instruct and start you, reader? If we do, and if you work industriously, you will in due time be able to buy an island and build a hotel. If you wish to, money can be earned at our new line of work, rapid and honorable, by those of either sex, young or old, and in their own localities, wherever they live. Any one can do it. Money is to be earned. We furnish everything. No risk. You can devote your spare moments, or all your time to the work. This entirely new line brings wonderful success to every worker. Beginners are instructed for \$25.00, \$50.00 per week and upwards, and more after a little experience. We can furnish you the complete outfit for \$100.00. This is an age of marvellous things, and here it is another great, useful, wealth-giving wonder. Great gains will result every day. Money is to be earned. Wherever you are, and whatever you are doing, you want to know about this wonderful work at once. Delay means much money lost to you. No space to explain here, but if you will write to us, we will make all plain to you. **TRUE & CO., Box 409, Augusta, Maine.**

For The Fowlerville Fair. The D. L. & N. will sell tickets from stations between Lansing and Plymouth at one fare for round trip, Oct. 15th to 14th, good to return Oct. 15th.

Fair Dates.

Plymouth, Sept. 27 to 30.
Pontiac, Sept. 27 to 30.
Ann Arbor, Sept. 27 to 30.
Milford, Oct. 4 to 7.
Sand Hill, Oct. 4 to 7.
Brighton, Oct. 3 to 7.

Many cases of sudden death occurring during the heated term, is not caused by sun-stroke, but by drinking large quantities of cold water, which disturbs the proper circulation of the blood, produces congestion; throws the blood back to the heart and brain, blood changes take place and death results. Many lives could be saved if on the first appearance of any symptoms, indicating sun-stroke, you would take a few doses of Hindoo Oil, to be given every ten or fifteen minutes until relieved. For sale by Geo. C. Hueston.

Strength and Health.
If you are not feeling strong and healthy try Electric Bitters. If "La Grippe" has left you weak and weary, use Electric Bitters. This remedy acts directly on Liver, Stomach and Kidneys, gently aiding those organs to perform their functions. If you are afflicted with Sick Headache, you will find speedy and permanent relief by taking Electric Bitters. One trial will convince you that this is the remedy you need. Large bottles only 50c. at A. M. Randolph's Drug Store.

FRIENDS OF THE RECORD WHO HAVE BUSINESS AT THE PROBATE COURT, WILL PLEASE REQUEST JUDGE DUFFEE TO SEND THEIR PRINTING TO THIS OFFICE.

Miller's Meat Market.

"When shall we meet again?"

This is for the Housewife to answer, but when you are in need of any kind of

FRESH MEATS, SMOKED MEATS, OR SALT MEATS,

Give me a call. I am here to please you in the Meat business and please you I will!

F. A. Miller, Propr.
Highest market price for Hides & Fats.

Womans Rights!



"Come and see our stove since Allen the stove man, fixed it."

Every woman in Michigan has a right to have a wholesome to use, and she can have it by sending word to the stove-man. He also repairs sewing machines, clothes wringers, pumps, tin soldering, caldron kettles—in fact any thing that can be repaired by man.

Repairing Gasoline Stoves a Specialty.
G. P. ALLEN,
Box 3. Northville, Mich.

Rogers' Ice Cream.

Made by Steam Power from Pure Cream

Beats them all.

REED'S

BARGAIN STORE, NORTHVILLE, MICH

Headquarters for Fine Dry Goods, Cloaks, Boots, Shoes, Carpets and Curtains.

OUR Special Sale for Friday and Saturday should interest YOU.



These are certainly bargains!

- 1,000 yards Family Cotton, at only 5c per yard.
- 1,200 yards, 36 inches wide, at 6 1/2c per yard.
- 250 pairs of Ladies extra heavy Black Cotton Hose, fast black, at only 10c per pair.
- 12 pairs Labe Curtains go at only \$1.00 per pair.
- 1,000 yards Heavy Blue Checked Shirting for Men's Wear at only 8 1/2c per yard.
- Just in and a Big New Lot of Men's Congress and Lace Sewed Shoes, and they go at the ruinous low price of \$1.40.
- Did you get a pair of our Ladies Pat. Tip Dongola Shoes at \$1.37, a real dandy?
- Our great leader in the Niagara Ladies Shoe cannot be beat. A regular \$3 Shoe at only \$2.50
- You can save lots of Dollars by buying your Boots, Shoes and Dry Goods at Reed's Bargain Store.

A. W. REED.

"Seeing is Believing."

And a good lamp must be simple; when it is not simple it is not good. Simple, Beautiful, Good—these words mean much, but to see "The Rochester" will impress the truth more forcibly. All metal, tough and seamless, and made in three pieces only, it is absolutely safe and unbreakable. Like Aladdin's of old, it is indeed a "wonderful lamp," for its marvellous light is purer and brighter than gas light, softer than electric light and more cheerful than either. Look for this stamp—THE ROCHESTER. If the lamp dealer has not the genuine Rochester, and the style you want, send to us for our new illustrated catalogue, and we will send you a lamp safely by express—your choice of over 2,000 varieties from the *Largest Lamp Store in the World*. **ROCHESTER LAMP CO., 42 Park Place, New York City.**

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.00 SHOE

A genuine sewed shoe, that will not rip, fine calf, seamless, smooth inside, flexible, more comfortable, stylish and durable than any other shoe ever sold at the price. Equals custom made shoes costing from \$4 to \$5, and is the **Best in the World for the price.**

- | For GENTLEMEN. | For LADIES. |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| \$5.00 Genuine Hand-Sewed. | \$3.00 Hand-Sewed. |
| \$4.00 Hand-Sewed Welt Shoe. | \$2.50 Best Dongola. |
| \$3.50 Police and Farmer. | \$2.00 Call and Dongola. |
| \$2.50 Extra Value Calf Shoe. | \$1.75 FOR MISSES. |
| \$2.25 Working-man's Shoe. | For BOYS & YOUTHS. |
| \$2.00 Goodwear Shoe. | \$2 & \$1.75 SCHOOL SHOES. |

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTES. IT IS A DUTY you owe to yourself and your family, during these hard times, to get the most value for your money. You can economize in your footwear if you purchase W. L. Douglas's Shoes, which, without question, represent a greater value for the money than any other makes.

CAUTION. W. L. DOUGLAS' name and the price is stamped on the bottom of each shoe, which protects the consumer against high prices and inferior shoes. Beware of dealers who acknowledge the superiority of W. L. Douglas's Shoes by attempting to substitute other makes for them. Such substitutions are fraudulent, and subject to prosecution by law, for obtaining money under false pretences. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. sold by

FOR SALE BY **T. C. RICHARDSON.**

Subscribe For The Northville Record.

WITH THE WOLVERINES

THE NEWS OF THE DOINGS OF THE MICHIGANDERS.

Bulletin Issued by the Michigan Weather Bureau Show That Crops are Improving—Michigan Mention.

State Weather Service Crop Report.
In northern counties farmers expect an average crop of grains, while the yield of vegetables and fruit has been better than usual. Potatoes are a fair crop, except in Wexford county, where the blight is doing damage. Fall work is nearly done throughout the country. In central counties fall grain is being put in as fast as possible. The ground is in splendid shape, recent rains softening it for plowing, and putting in seed. Harvesting is about all done, and corn is cut and shocked in many counties. Potatoes will be a better crop than first anticipated, owing to the freshening effect of the rain. Pastures were also benefited, and some farmers claim that fall feed will be abundant. The fruit crop is above the average. In southern counties the drought which has been so long regarding the growth of the crops was finally broken by a long and soaking rain, which had the effect of making vegetation jump. Pastures have become green again and farmers are talking hopefully of crops they had almost given up. Corn cutting and shocking has begun, and on the low lands the yield will be up to the average. Potatoes still seem to be a poor crop, but have improved under the beneficial influences of moisture and warmth. The ground is in fine condition for working, and fall seed is going in rapidly. Kalamazoo reports a large crop of fall cereal.

MICHIGAN STATE ITEMS.

There are 77 students at the mining school at Houghton.
The corn crop in Genesee county is but 50 per cent of an average crop.
Mrs. Wagner Fay Chaffee, of Adrian, has celebrated her 100th birthday.
Hereafter Kalamazoo dogs must either wear muzzles or take a dose of lead.
Whitehall has voted a tax of one per cent to be used in securing new manufacturing enterprises.
The green goods man of New York is flooding Negaunee with letters marked strictly confidential.
Several thousand Michigan Seventh Day Adventists are at Lansing to commence their annual camp meeting.
Fred Williams killed himself with a jack-knife at Mason, while suffering from an attack of delirium tremens.
The dress of Mrs. Reed Stout, of near Ottawa, caught fire by the setting of a lamp and was burned to death.
A young fellow named Harding at Kalamazoo stabbed himself in the breast several times but did little damage. He is insane.
The Michigan Sunday school convention to be held in Bay City, October 15, 16, and 17, will, it is expected, call out at least 2,000 workers.
Louis Johnson, a Swede resident of Ferrysburg, fell from a load of wood and was instantly killed by the wagon, which passed over him.
Smith Woolley, a pioneer farmer living near Albion, committed suicide, by hanging. He was well fixed financially, but in poor health.
After a week's wild debauch Harold Beckwith, of Cass City, heir to nearly \$1,000,000, committed suicide by drowning himself in a bath tub.
M. H. Lane is president of the Kalamazoo improvement association just organized. It will push various schemes to help the town.
Henry Grimshaw is under arrest at Sturgis charged with attempting to wreck a train at Sturgis. He is a discharged Lake Shore section boss.
The home of Gus Darlo, of West Bay City, was struck by lightning and part of the roof torn off. A baby sleeping in its cradle was nearly smothered by the falling plaster and debris.
Fully 500 bushels of fruit are shipped from Frankfort daily, consisting of peaches, pears, plums and apples. Benzie county now ranks among the highest for the quantity and quality of its fruit.
The propeller Favorite, which lately went into the fruit carrying trade between Saugatuck and Milwaukee, was caught out in the heavy sea and had to throw overboard her cargo of peaches, about 6,000 baskets.
Blackman, the convict who killed his mother and sister, and later murdered Contractor Cuddy in Jackson state prison is now in solitary confinement, where he was placed by order of the state prison inspectors.
The Flint & Pere Marquette railroad depot at Lake Station, seven miles from Parwell, was struck by lightning and with its contents, totally destroyed. The storm was very severe and done a great deal of damage in this vicinity.
No more open saloons adorn the streets of Van Buren county's good little villages. There has not been an arrest made since the special election of September 5, although the traffic may, perhaps, be continued when the county jail lets loose its victims.
The new sixth regiment, Knights of Pythias, met at Jackson and elected officers as follows: Capt. D. S. Wagstaff, Detroit, colonel; Capt. John W. Paine, Jackson, lieutenant-colonel; Capt. Stearns, Benton Harbor, major; Dr. John Bell, Benton Harbor, surgeon. The next meeting will be held in Detroit, May 15, 1898.
The Waukegan church scandal seems to have unexpectedly collapsed. Rev. J. J. Dobbin, former pastor of the church, who was arrested and jailed on the charge of performing the marriage ceremony without authority, has been declared insane and sent to Kalamazoo asylum. His wife has gone to Canada.
Bellaire hustlers are raising \$2,000 to purchase a 20-acre site for a big brick plant, an extensive factory, and a heading mill. Geo. B. Davis, of Utica, manager of the Utica hoop and stove company, and Capt. Wm. A. Garrett, of Detroit, representing the Chicago & West Michigan railroad, are engineering the deal.

BLAZE AT BATTLE CREEK.

The Largest Industry of the City Destroyed—Loss \$250,000.

Fire broke out in the Union School Seat factory's works at Battle Creek and the entire plant is destroyed. The origin of the fire is unknown, but following so closely after the attempted burning of their foundry the night before, people begin to think it was caused by an incendiary.
The factory contained the finest woodworking machinery invented, and the manufactured stock was large and of the very best material and make. All that belongs to the institution will be a complete loss.
So fearful a conflagration has never occurred since the city has been incorporated, and the destruction of the property was witnessed by thousands of people who supposed that the fire department, as at present organized, was capable of mastering the fiercest fire that could possibly occur. Help was asked from Marshall and Kalamazoo, and both responded quickly, but Kalamazoo was returned, and when Marshall came the fire was under control. It was confined in the Union School manufacturing company's works which were entirely destroyed. The loss is estimated at \$250,000 by close-computers, but may reach \$300,000. It includes the buildings, the improved machinery, and a large stock of manufactured goods.

A BLOOD DYED DEVIL.

Despised a Home and then in Cold Blood Murders the Husband.

Charles Wrightman shot and instantly killed Walter Carr at Henry, a small way station about eight miles south of Black River on the D. B. C. & A. railroad. Carr's wife and whisky were the cause of the shooting.
Mrs. Carr was a woman of unsteady character, and had been acting as cook for Wrightman. The men met on the railroad and began quarreling over the woman. Wrightman was badly used up and went home. He met Carr on his return and shot him once in the neck and once in the back with a Winchester.
He did not attempt to escape, but remained two hours in his cabin, where he was arrested by Police Justice Shaw and a posse of men. Wrightman's father owns a large farm in central New York.

A Novel Campaign Club.

The Log Cabin club of Michigan, composed of men who cast their first vote for Wm. Henry Harrison in 1840 and followed it up by voting for his grandson in 1888, held their first meeting of the campaign at Lansing. Addresses were made by Prof. H. E. Patterson, Republican candidate for superintendent of public instruction, and Hon. B. M. Cushman. The club is a novelty in this way. It was formed four years ago with 62 members, all of whom resided in the vicinity of Lansing. Of the members of the club who were active in the last campaign 31 or just 50 per cent have since joined the silent majority. This year the club was made a state affair and now has 123 members, all of whom are residents of the lower peninsula. The ages of these members range from 73 years, the lowest, to 93 years. They average over 80 and their combined ages are 10,900 years.

He Tackled an Editor.

Editor Sellers, of the Cedar Springs Clipper, chairman of the Kent county Republican committee, awoke in his room at the Morton house at Grand Rapids to find a stranger bending over him. A lively struggle ensued, and the intruder was downed. He gave the name of George Lewis, and said he came from Detroit and was looking for a friend. He is believed to be an old crook and was locked up.

Train Left the Track.

By the spreading of rails on the T. & A. R. R., train No. 1, northbound, was derailed one mile south of Forest Hill. The engine did not leave the track, but the tender, engines and mail, smoker and coaches were in the mud knee deep. No one was seriously injured, but all received a severe shaking up. Passengers who walked back to Alma report the track along the line in very bad condition.

Girl Jail Breaker.

Blanche Besaw, a 16-year-old girl, confined in the women's department of the county jail at Bay City awaiting a hearing on the charge of stealing, made a rope out of the wire grating in her cell, pried the wire grating of the window open and slid to the ground, a distance of about 20 feet. Her escape was discovered at breakfast time.

An Old Man Suicides at Lansing.

Frank L. Hull, an old man, who until recently conducted a popcorn stand on Franklin street in Lansing, committed suicide by taking a large dose of arsenic. He begged for help, and his antidote was administered, and stubbornly refused to swallow medicines. He was 75 years old and leaves a wife. The old man was too feeble to earn a living and had become very despondent.

Were the Men Burned to Death?

A barn belonging to Parson A. Gilbert, at Amasa, filled with logging outfit and hay, was discovered to be on fire. The village at one time was sustained. It is supposed that two men, who were noticed by teamsters sleeping in a bunk in the barn, were cremated.

Gov. Winans Heeded the plaint of another would-be murderer and has commuted the sentence of John Holmes, who was convicted in Newaygo county of assault with intent to murder and sentenced Sept. 26, 1886, to state prison for 15 years. The governor's action will turn Holmes loose Nov. 30.

Judge Bundy, of Indiana, has declared unconstitutional of gerrymanders of 1886 and 1891 by that state legislature. Election notices will be posted under 1873 laws.
The Court-st. M. E. church at Flint was almost totally destroyed by fire which is thought to have originated from an oil stove which had been placed near the organ to dry a coat of varnish, with which the instrument had been coated. The church was built in 1888 and cost \$35,000. There was \$18,900 insurance on the building and \$2,000 on the contents. The parsonage was also burned.

CLEVELAND'S LETTER.

HIS ACCEPTANCE OF THE PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION.

A Clever and Interesting Document Which Handles the Points of Party Principles in an Able Manner.

The following resume of Grover Cleveland's letter of acceptance of the nomination as presidential candidate for the Democratic party contains the principal features of the letter in brief form.
To Hon. Wm. L. Wilson and others, committee, etc.
Gentlemen—In responding to your formal notification of my nomination to the presidency by the national Democracy, I hope that I may be permitted to say at the outset that continued reflection and observation have confirmed me in my adherence to the opinions which I have heretofore plainly and publicly declared touching the questions involved in the campaign.

After this introduction the letter proceeds for all important issues of tariff and taxes in which tariff for revenue only is advocated. The letter says: "Tariff legislation presents a familiar form of federal taxation. Such legislation results as surely in a tax upon the daily life of our people as the tribute paid directly into the hand of the tax gatherer. We feel the burden of these tariff taxes too palpably to be necessary to the usual arguments for their less restrictive trade with other countries. Such taxes, representing a diminution of the property rights of the people, are only justifiable when laid and collected for the purpose of maintaining our government, and furnishing the means for the accomplishment of its legitimate purposes and functions. This is taxation under the operation of a tariff for revenue. It accords with the professions of American free institutions and its justice and honesty are the tests supplied by a correct appreciation of the principles upon which these institutions rest. This theory of tariff legislation manifestly enjoins strict economy in public expenditures and their limitation to legitimate public uses, inasmuch as it prohibits an absolute extortionary exaction by way of taxation from the substance of the people, beyond the necessities of a careful and proper administration of government. Then follows the usual arguments for a tariff for revenue. It accords with the professions of American free institutions and its justice and honesty are the tests supplied by a correct appreciation of the principles upon which these institutions rest. 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A FRAGRANCE.

There was wafted into my room one day
A delicate odor of new-mown hay,

BRIGHTLIGHT.

"Oh! Brightlight, Bright-light!"
called Aunt Fannie as she stood in
the kitchen yard wiping out the dish-

"What's that you're saying?"
she asked, looking at him with a
frown.

"I don't know, but I feel like
there's something wrong with me."

"You're not feeling well?"
she asked, looking at him with a
frown.

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there's something wrong with me."

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"I don't know, but I feel like
there's something wrong with me."

7 years old, and being very small for
his age he presented a very comical
appearance in his little pants and
white cotton-shirt with bands of
cloth brought over the shoulders,

"What's that you're saying?"
she asked, looking at him with a
frown.

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there's something wrong with me."

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"You're not feeling well?"
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frown.

he reached it he sank to the ground,
weak and trembling from exhaustion.

"What's that you're saying?"
she asked, looking at him with a
frown.

"I don't know, but I feel like
there's something wrong with me."

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THE MAN WHO VANISHED.

BY FERGUS HUME.

CHAPTER XIII—CONTINUED.

"Humph! in that case Lancaster
cannot certainly have gone heaven-

"There is a cellar below this!"
said the man who had been speaking.

"I think it would be better to look
at the floor first," suggested

"Oh, there's nothing there, sir,"
said Denham with a wriggle of scorn.

"I don't know so much about that,"
replied Teddy, "see there's a half-

"Always had a candle," murmured
Ruddall thoughtfully. "Humph! I dare

"Nothing, sir, except earth! the
cellar below here was dug out, I

"Teddy gave a cry of delight.
Denham and Miss Maunders, now

"It consisted of an ordinary steel
grate surrounded by a bordering of

"I know I was right," cried Teddy
in ecstasy. "This leads to some secret

"I don't think so," replied Teddy
doubtfully, holding the candle above

"There may be another door,"
suggested Miss Maunders hopefully,

"Teddy did so, and running his
hand rapidly down on the smooth

"Denham," cried Teddy on seeing
this, "go and get more candles or a

"Oh! do you think he is dead?"
she whispered.

"I don't know," he replied blankly;
"perhaps he is not here, or there may

"Dead!" echoed Ruddall in an awed
tone. "Impossible."

"No, it's true; quite true!" she
squeaked, setting her candle down on

no more. "Take Mr. Lancaster by the
head."

"I dare not," whispered Denham,
shrinking back. "he's dead."

"How do you know he is dead?"
cried Ruddall angrily. "he may be

"On hearing this Denham with
manifest reluctance did as he was

"Are you certain he is not dead?"
she asked breathlessly.

"It's rather difficult to say," an-
swered Teddy, rising and lead-

"I'm sure he's in a trance," he
insisted quietly. "Look how firm and

"Denham," he said, when Olive
grew more composed, "go down to

"Denham took the money Teddy
held out toward him, and putting on

"Yes, I'll get the police and the
doctor," he muttered, as he walked

"Denham Makes Terms."
Jintle's hotel was situated in that

"Adrian was in a terrible dilemma
as he did not know which way to turn.

"What do you want me to do?"
asked Adrian hopelessly, fully aware

"And suppose I refuse?"
"Oh in that case I'll go straight

"So you think I killed Adrian Lan-
caster?"

"I'm sure of it," replied Denham
promptly. "I saw it myself."

"And where is it now?" demanded
Adrian, leaning back in his chair.

"At No. 40 Beryle Square. Miss
Maunders had it taken there with per-

MADE A FORTUNE.

HOW TWO SCHOOL-TEACHERS DID IT.

Two Hundred Dollars Grows to Twelve Thousand Within a Year.

There are two sisters teaching in the
Marion public schools who have reason
to thank the rapid developments of one

"At the close of our school work a
year ago, we found that we had saved

"We were inclined to make an in-
vestment in the new town and con-

"After making this investment we
went further on our vacation trip and

"The bank and cashier celebrate.
Last week the Peninsular Savings Bank

"We have seen Marion grow up from
a country town into a flourishing young

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a country town into a flourishing young

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