

Happy Women

Plenty of them, in Northville, and Good Reason for it.

Wouldn't any woman be happy, after years of backache suffering, days of misery, nights of unrest, the distress of urinary troubles, when she finds freedom?

Many readers will profit by the following.

Mrs. W. M. Fredricks, Wing St., Northville, Mich., says: "Doan's Kidney Pills have been of such great benefit to me that I feel justified in giving them my endorsement. I had considerable trouble from my kidneys for several years and I suffered constantly from dull, nagging backaches, coupled with pains through my kidneys. I doctored and tried many remedies, but found no relief until I procured Doan's Kidney Pills at Murdock Bros. Drug Store. Since taking this remedy, my condition has improved in every way and backache has not bothered me cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

3 MINUTES

In the morning and three minutes at night, with a good TOOTH BRUSH and PASTE, will keep your teeth clean and white. Let us recommend

Euthymol Tooth Paste

For the care of your teeth. More economical than a powder or liquid.

EUTHYMOL TOOTH PASTE will accomplish just what it was made for. It will make the teeth white, purify the breath, and keep the mouth in a clean, healthy condition. This product is no experiment. We use it, and we know what we claim to be a fact.

Try Euthymol Tooth Paste on your teeth to-night.

Price, 25 Cents a Tube.

Murdock Bros., DRUGGISTS

NORTHVILLE, MICHIGAN.

35 Cent Meals

THOMAS' TAVERN

Special Attention to Transients. Ladies' Sitting Room in Connection.

10-CT. FEED BARN

Thomas Tavern

Man on hand to look after the horses and feed in barn when desired.

MILLER'S MEAT MARKET.

FRESH, SALT & SMOKED MEATS.

F. A. MILLER, Propr. 509 Main St. NORTHVILLE, MICHIGAN.

NORTHVILLE GREENHOUSE

CUT FLOWERS AND PLANTS

J. M. DIXON, Propr. Both Phones

SPINNING A FISH YARN



(Copyright)

NORTHVILLE.

The City in Brief.

Will Kay, Elmer Whipple and Frank Brown have been drawn to serve for the September term of the circuit court.

Saturday's ball game was another shut out for Northville, when they defeated the "Columbians" of Detroit to the tune of 2 to 0.

Deputy Game Warden Will Ely says: "I find nothing in the game laws showing that there is any closed season on hunting, Bull Moose."

The first regular convention of the Mystic lodge after the vacation, will be held Tuesday evening, Sept. 10. Work in Second rank. Full attendance required.

Miss Alice Cunningham of Midland came here last Saturday to attend the High school the routing gear. She will make her home with her grandmother, Mrs. Jennie White.

Mrs. Alice Postal was brought home Tuesday from Ann Arbor where she has been undergoing treatment in a hospital for nervous trouble. She is still in a very serious condition.

There will be a lively congressional contest in this district this fall. The Republicans have nominated W. W. Wedemeyer for a second time, the Democrats have selected S. W. Henke of Ann Arbor while the Progressives have chosen M. H. Probert of Jackson.

Mrs. Nelt Francisco died at her home in Wayne last week Saturday. The family lived in Northville some years ago and were well known to some of our people. Mrs. C. J. Pail and Mrs. T. W. Wood attended the funeral which was held from the son's home in that village Sunday afternoon.

The Oakland County Horticultural society will hold its next meeting at A. L. Ross' fruit farm near Rochester, Saturday, Sept. 7, from 1 to 5 p. m. Mr. Ross will meet the 12 and 1 o'clock cars at Rochester. O. K. White of the Agricultural College, Lansing and R. J. Corryell of Birmingham will be the speakers. All members are urged to be present.

Mr. and Mrs. Carmel Benton held a reunion of the immediate Benton family at their home last Saturday and Sunday. Out of town guests were Richmond Benton and children of California, Mrs. Howard Benton and son, Dwight, of Washburn, Wis., and Mr. and Mrs. G. P. Benton and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Leslie and son, Benton, of Ann Arbor.

A reunion of the Lyke families was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Clinton Lyke at South Lyon on August 28. Relatives were present from Detroit, Plymouth, Ann Arbor and Northville. At this meeting, which was the first one ever held by them, a permanent organization was formed and officers elected. The next meeting will be held at the home of Edward Lyke in Ann Arbor.

WANTED—Boy 12 to 15 years to do errands. W. H. Cattermole.

5tf

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

For a mild, easy action of the bowels, a single dose of Doan's Regulax is enough. Treatment cures habitual constipation. 25 cents a box. Ask your druggist for them.

Leonard Charter.



He celebrated his 86th birthday August 28 and is nearly as spry as he was twenty years ago.

Wm. Saville has purchased the blacksmith shop and lot of Jarvis Palmer.

The Northville Brass band will play at the Gala day celebration in Redford Saturday evening.

The next regular meeting of Union chapter No. 55, will be held Wednesday evening, September 11.

The rural mail carriers have received word that their salary has been increased to \$1100 a year.

The old gang of Northville basketball men go to Detroit today to play a bunch of that city's business men.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Brock and Miss Edna Sterling were entertained at dinner Thursday by Mr. and Mrs. Marvin Sloan. It was the occasion of Mrs. Brock's and Mr. Sloan's birthdays.

Alta Tewksbury and family of Detroit have moved here and will occupy the Quigley place in Beal-ton. Mr. T. has bought Charles Filkins land on Plymouth avenue. Mrs. Tewksbury is a sister of Charles Dolph.

The Record office is in receipt of a goodly sized sample basket of beautiful Benonia Apples from the orchard of C. M. Thornton, north of town. Mr. Thornton has a splendid orchard and will reap a nice harvest therefrom this year.

The Bloomer girls of Waterlitt were defeated by the South Lyon team in the latter city Tuesday, with a score of 8 to 5. Kelly Stimpson caught for the S. L. team. An effort was made to procure the team for a game with the Circle N's here tomorrow, but unfortunately the girls play their last game of the season at Bejding that day.

Hugh Babbitt is suffering from a broken leg. He had just boarded the electric car at Plymouth when the car turned a sharp corner while running at high speed. Hugh who had not had time to enter the car, was thrown to the pavement, sustaining a severe fracture. The accident, though serious enough at any time, was more than inopportune, as he expected to leave Northville the next day for Concord, N. H., to attend a boy's school.

"Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is the best remedy for that often fatal disease—croup. Has been used with success in our family for eight years."—Mrs. L. Whiteacre, Buffalo, N. Y.

For soreness of the muscles, whether induced by violent exercise or injury, there is nothing better than Chamberlain's Liniment. This liniment also relieves rheumatic pains. For sale by all dealers.

Siamese Clothes. In Siam both men and women wear the "panung," which is described as a piece of silk or cotton cloth wound round the body, the slack being rolled up, passed between the legs and hitched up behind in such a way as to give the appearance of a pair of loose knickerbockers. For waist coverings the women wear jackets or blouses and the men wear coats.

Wanted, to Rent, For Sale, Etc.

For Rent For Sale, Lost, Found. Wanted notices inserted under this head for 1 cent per word for first insertion and 4-cent per word for each subsequent insertion.

Person who left umbrella in the trunk Monday evening, may have same by proving property and paying for this notice. Apply to Floyd Shuler. 6w1p

WANTED—Stenography. A typewriter to do at the Record office by piece or by hour. 5tf

WANTED—For two adults—a small house with toilet inside, location central. Address lock box 401. 6w1

WANTED—A few young cattle or horses to pasture. J. O. Knapp. 6w1p

FOUND—Lady's gold headed umbrella. Owner can have it for 25c. Record office. 4tf

FOR RENT—Furnished cottage at Walled Lake. Apply by Independent phone No. 11 or Bell phone No. 55. 4w1f

OR SALE—Nice large smooth tomatoes by the bushel. Enquire of Dell Silver. 6w1p

FOR RENT—House corner of Walnut and North Center Sts. Apply to N. A. Clapp. 5tf

FOR RENT—House on Plymouth avenue. Inquire Fred Elm, 1/2 mile east of Wilsey corners. 4tf

FOR SALE—18 Shropshire ewes and a Merino ram. Scott Dunham. Phone 190 21. 5w3.

FOR SALE—Five meters 2 each or \$1.50 per hundred at Mrs. Sharp, Four Towns, on Farmington D. U. R. 6w1

FOR SALE—House and 5 lots very cheap. If taken at once. Alex Simon, Northside. 6w2

FOR SALE—Franco-American Hygienic toilet articles, perfumes, extracts and baking powders. Inq. phone, 105 L. G. E. Tremper. 32tf

FOR SALE—Front door 7x22ft 8in. x 1 1/2 in. with glass 3ft. 10 in. x 24 in. G. H. Baker, Northville. 48tf

FOR SALE—House and lot on Dunlap street. Inquire of Charles Blackburn. 37tf

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. P. R. ALEXANDER, DENTIST—Office over Stark Brother's Store. Hours 8 to 12 and 1 to 5. Home phone 29. 1p13

DR. T. B. HENRY, PHYSICIAN AND Surgeon. Office and residence 31 Main street. Office hours 8:00 to 9:00 a. m. and 12:00 to 2:30 and 6:00 to 7:30 p. m. Both Phones.

DR. T. H. TURNER, HOMEOPATHIC Physician and Surgeon. Office next door west of Park House on Main street. Office hours 1:00 to 3:00 and 6:00 to 8:00 p. m. Both Telephones.

DR. BEEBE RUTH JEPSON—OSTEO pathic Physician. Tuesday and Saturday. Office, Pitt Johnson residence. Home phone 145-X. Aug 2p

What They Are Paying.

The Northville Market corrected up to date.

Wheat, white—\$1.04 wheat, red—\$1.05 Oats, New—30c to 36c; oats, old 60c Shelled corn—30c Baled hay per ton—\$15.00 Hogs alive—\$8.20 Dressed—\$9.50 Cattle—\$5.00 to \$5.50 Lambs—\$5.00 Beef hides—8.00 Beef on foot—\$6.00 Feal calves live—\$7.00 Eggs—22c Butter—28c

No Loss of Interest

on your Savings deposit if you open an account at the

Lapham State Savings Bank

NORTHVILLE, MICHIGAN.

It Pays To Advertise in the Record Want Column.

SCHOOL BOOKS!

Our large stock for the fall of 1912 has arrived. We can supply Text Books for Northville Schools and Oakland County District Schools. The first two or three days of school are very busy ones for us, so if you could anticipate your wants we would be glad to supply you before school commences.

Our Stock of School Supplies

Is the Largest in this community. Our ability to buy in large quantities places us in a position to give wonderfully good values in

TABLETS COMPOSITIONS DRAWING TABLETS PENCILS ERASERS PAPERS ETC.

As Usual

We will be glad to pay cash or trade for any second books used in Northville schools, provided they are in first-class condition

Following our custom of former years we desire to impress upon our customers the fact that our margin of profit on school books will not permit of us opening any charge accounts, and besides the business comes "in a rush" at this time of the year and we are too busy to handle the bookkeeping end of the business. Too many dollars invested and too small margin of profit are our reasons for selling

School Books FOR CASH Only.

STANLEY'S DRUG STORE

Attractive

JOB PRINTING



DON'T be foolish and think that "all Job Printing looks alike" to your friends or your customers. By no means. There's just as much difference in the quality and style of Printing as there is in clothes, hats or shoes. The price is no different. Our Printing costs no more than the other fellow's, but there's a little touch of style, neatness and attractiveness you don't get elsewhere.

Samples and Prices on Application if You Can't Call in Person.

THE RECORD PRINTERY

Both Phones.....NORTHVILLE, MICHIGAN.

THE SKELETON IN THE CLOSET



THERE ARE ANATOMICAL REASONS FOR A REPUBLICAN VICTORY

FULL OF EVASIONS

WILSON'S UTTERANCES ON THE TARIFF SHOW IGNORANCE OR LACK OF COURAGE.

AIMS TO PLEASE ALL GROUPS

Democratic Candidate's Pronouncements Differ From One Another Radically—Keeping the Way Open for Retreat in Case of Necessity.

Governor Wilson's second important utterance on the tariff is entirely different from his first. Many will think it no improvement. In a speech at a farmer's fair he told his hearers that whereas they "own a big house," they have "let the other fellow live in it." His advice was that they "proceed to break into their own house and live in it." It is an interesting fact that on this occasion he, before speaking, tore his manuscript to "shreds." In his speech of acceptance, he urged that those who would revise the tariff should go about it as men who "understand what they are doing." But that speech was carefully read word for word.

What does Mr. Wilson mean by his new utterance? The tariff, says the candidate, "smothers us" and must be thrown off. Elsewhere it is like a "great dam" hemming in national energy, and must be broken through. How to "throw off" the tariff, or how to "break through" it, and the means to adopt in either case are slighted over. If this is Mr. Wilson's own philosophy on the tariff question, seriously meant and seriously applied, it must point to a wholly reckless point of view. Compared with the equally vague but comfortably conservative platitudes of the earlier speech, it seems alarming.

There is little field for purely metaphorical discussion of the tariff, and a resort to it at least suggests a lack of information or of courage. Perhaps the candidate talks conservative and meaningless phrases when he wishes to soothe, and radical, but equally meaningless words when he wishes to arouse and alarm. But the result is much the same. He is not affording the light and leading on the issue which the country and, above all, his own party had a right to expect.

There is no excuse for this kind of evasion. For three years congress has been dealing in this sort of political counterfeit. Nothing has been accomplished except the passage of some fictitious measures intended to embarrass the president and mislead the country. But the discussion has sufficed to bring to the front some serious divisions in the Democratic ranks. That Mr. Wilson is aware of these differences, that they have even been drilled into his ears by the conflicting groups themselves, is common knowledge. The most powerful men of the various sections have made pilgrimages to Sea Girt to urge their own particular brand of tariff views. Still others, who are primarily political managers and not commercial agents in disguise, have demanded a middle course. This latter seems to be the

choice of the candidate. He evidently wishes to please all groups, or at least avoid offence to any, and keep the way open for a retreat in the event of unforeseen necessities.

UNCERTAIN ON THE TARIFF

Roosevelt, Adopts Taft's Revision Method and Makes Vague Promise About Control of Business.

On the tariff, Colonel Roosevelt is vague and uncertain. He adopts, almost without the change of a line or a syllable, President Taft's method of revision only after expert, non-partisan investigation, and then bids for popular support on the pretense that he will in some way not defined see that the protection to be afforded to our industries shall be equitably divided between the employer and the employed. This is to be done, apparently, by some sort of government regulation and control of the business of the country, but the colonel's own past and present relations with the steel trust and the harvester trust fail to be convincing as to the entire impartiality of any control in which he might have a hand. His awakened interest in the tariff is so sudden and is, in such marked contrast to his attitude during the seven years when he might have influenced the action of a Republican congress, that the thoughtful public will be justified in looking askance at promises so plainly directed to catch gudgeons.

So also the student of contemporary economics will fail to find in the colonel's appeal for votes any guiding light on the vital subject of currency reform. We want, of course, a sound and flexible currency, we want financial control wrested from "Wall street," we want the best money system in the world—all these are primary facts not in dispute, but all that the colonel is able to say with any clarity is that he does not approve of all the recommendations of the monetary commission, though he thinks the reports of that commission are so valuable that they ought to be more widely disseminated among the people. If the colonel's promises are like his performances when he had the opportunity to accomplish something, they are quite as hollow and untrustworthy as are the planks of the old parties in which he places so little faith. The old parties with all their faults have at least a record of achievement. For these the colonel would substitute new promises ignoring his own record of broken pledges. How he can honestly believe in his own sincerity is one of the puzzles which will perplex the future political historian of the United States.

A Very Simple Question.

Witness the work that is going on in Springfield at this time under the Taft administration, then look back at the almost utter lack of anything doing in Springfield under the free trade times that existed from '92 to '96, and it won't take long to determine whether your duty directs that you vote for another four years of Taft or for another four years of lean and hungry free trade.

'Tis a very simple question. One doesn't have to be a statesman to find the answer.—Springfield (Mo.) Republican.

Steel Bill Was Reckless. The steel bill was passed without any regard to its effect on business. It cut off at once the entire effective protection of a great industry, vitally affecting the prosperity of the country and the welfare of many citizens, without any consideration of consequences. It was reckless legislation, whose purpose was political, having been taken up hastily last year in order to counteract Bryan's charge that Mr. Underwood, the Democratic leader, coming from a steel manufac-

turing district, was favoring the steel manufacturers. And it was made a part of the Democratic program this year partly for the same reason and partly because it would serve as well as any other measure in the maneuver for position in the coming election. The bill this year differs in its tariff rates from the one last year. Which is right? asks Mr. Taft. No one in the Democratic-insurgent combination knows or cares. The sole aim has been to get votes.—New York Tribune.

Potato Culture

By H. J. EUSTACE, Professor of Horticulture, Michigan Agricultural College

The Soil and its Preparation.
A well drained, sandy loam is ideal for potatoes. Such a soil, should, if possible, be included in a regular rotation and the potato crop follow a clover sod which should be turned under in the fall, or early in the spring. When fall plowed, the sod will partly decay by spring and there will be an opportunity to work the soil several times with both disk and harrow before planting, which is very important. It has been demonstrated many times that much better crops can be produced upon a soil that has had extra working than when it has not been given.

Always avoid low fields where the frost may destroy the plants early in the fall before the growth has been completed.

The Seed.

Whole tubers about the size of a hen's egg are very satisfactory for seed, especially so in a dry season. If such seed is not available use cut pieces about the size of a hen's egg and have at least two good eyes on every piece. Larger seed pieces may give a large yield but not enough to pay for the extra amount of seed required, especially if it is expensive.

If any of the seed is "scabby," even to a very slight degree, it should be treated by soaking for two hours in a solution made up in the proportions of one pint of formalin to thirty gallons of water. Formalin can be procured from any druggist. Do this shortly before planting and before the seed is cut. Do not put the treated seed back into crates or bags that held the tubers before treatment, unless the crates are washed and the bags soaked in the solution. The scab disease may live in the soil for some years, so do not plant upon land that recently grew scabby potatoes or beets if it can be avoided.

Fertilizers.

The best fertilizer for the potato crop is undoubtedly stable manure spread upon a clover sod before plowing in the fall. If spring plowed, spread the manure on during the winter or early spring. The plowed under clover will in itself make a good fertilizer.

If it is desired to use a chemical fertilizer, our experiments made during the past few years indicate that a "home mixed" fertilizer, containing 4 per cent nitrogen, 7 per cent phosphoric acid, and 10 per cent potash used at the rate of 500 pounds per acre is the most satisfactory. A ton of this fertilizer is made by mixing:

123 pounds nitrate of soda containing 15 per cent nitrogen
257 pounds dried blood containing 14 per cent nitrogen
1000 pounds phosphoric acid containing 14 per cent nitrogen
450 pounds sulphate of potash containing 48 per cent nitrogen.

5,000 pounds "home mixed" potato fertilizer.

It should not be overlooked that the value of a chemical fertilizer depends largely upon the physical condition of the soil, the moisture content as well as proper drainage and cultivation. Given very heavy applications of fertilizers will not make up for the lack of any of these conditions nor will the use of any kind of chemical fertilizer take the place of the humus or decayed matter in the soil.

Planting.

When the planting is done by hand, furrows may be opened with team and one horse plow and if any chemical fertilizer is to be used it can be spread in the furrow by hand. On light or loose soils it is desirable to plant the seed about four to six inches deep. If shallow planted some of the potatoes will become exposed and sun burn. The seed pieces are dropped the distance desired, covered with a hoe, and the whole field smoothed over with a harrow.

It would be profitable to use machine planters upon large acreages (over ten acres) and with these a fertilizer attachment is often used to distribute the fertilizer. If the planter is not equipped with such an attachment the fertilizer may be drilled in with an ordinary drill before the field is planted, or can be spread by hand.

The distance for planting depends upon the fertility of the soil, but rows three feet apart and from 18 to 24 inches in the row has given good results on an average soil. With intensive cultivation and a rich soil, they may be planted as close as one foot in the rows.

Cultivation.

Frequent cultivation will greatly help to produce a good crop and keep the field free from weeds. A spike tooth harrow is usually used once or twice before the plants come up and again just as they appear. A weeder is often used at this time and about once a week afterward until the plants are several inches high. During this time it may be advisable to go over the field once or twice with a cultivator. After the plants are five or six inches high cultivate about once a week or every ten days until there is danger of injury to the vines.

Spraying.

Potato plants are sprayed with Bordeaux mixture (6 pounds of copper sulphate, 5 pounds of stone lime and 50 gallons of water) to protect them from blight and rot (Phytophthora infestans) and with poison (4½ pound of paris green or 2 or 3 pounds of arsenate of lead added to the Bordeaux) to kill bugs. The blight and rot are not present every season in Michigan,

but in tests made at the college during several recent seasons, it has paid to spray the plants when blight has not been present. The application of Bordeaux mixture in some way stimulates the plant and it grows longer in the fall, is freer from sun scald, tip burn and other troubles. Begin spraying when the plants are six or eight inches high or when the first spraying for "bugs" has to be made and repeat the treatment about every two weeks so that the new growth will be covered with the Bordeaux mixture. If the weather is "muggy" conditions under which blight flourishes, spray often. Four or five sprayings will usually be sufficient and they can be made for 80 cents to \$1.00 per acre for each spraying, all expenses of material and labor included.

Winter Vetch for a Cover Crop in Michigan Orchards.

By H. J. EUSTACE, Horticulturist, Michigan Agricultural College

Most of the successful orchards in Michigan are plowed in the spring and cultivated until mid-summer. This season is the natural one for trees to make a growth of new wood and the plowing and cultivating make the plant food in the soil available and stimulate the growth. After the cultivation ceases, the new growth will ripen, become hard and in a condition to pass through the average winter without injury, which it could not do if growth continued late in the fall.

At the last cultivation, it is desirable to sow something that will make a "cover crop" on the land during the fall, winter, and early part of the spring. If nothing is sown, weeds will make a "cover," but they will not make a uniform growth nor will they result in any benefit to the land and they may become a serious annoyance.

Many desirable features will result from having a cover crop in an orchard or vineyard, some of the more important ones are:

1. Their growth helps to check the tree growth and ripen the new wood.
2. A cover of vegetable growth over the soil, supplemented by the root system will prevent, to a very large extent, the washing of the valuable top soil by the heavy fall and spring rains. This feature is especially valuable on knolls and bluffs.

3. A cover crop will catch and hold the leaves as they fall from the trees. They contain some fertility and afford some protection.

4. The cover crop itself will make a blanket over the soil and by holding the snow from blowing away, this feature will be more effective, as it will largely prevent deep and severe freezing of the roots and the alternate freezing and thawing, all of which causes serious losses in many Michigan orchards, especially those located upon the lighter and more porous soils.

5. One of the most valuable results from the use of cover crops is that they add humus and plant food to the soil. Certain plants commonly used for cover crops as clover, vetches, peas and beans, possess the power of gathering nitrogen from the air, storing it in the plants and later it becomes available in the soil.

Some of the advantages of the cover crop that might be mentioned are: That they encourage the deep rooting of trees; they make the fall and spring operations in the orchard more comfortable and they improve the physical condition of the soil.

A plant suitable for an orchard or vineyard "cover crop" must meet some unusual demands. It must make at least a fair growth during late summer and fall; it must be able to stand the tramping necessary at picking time; it must be able to withstand a possible drought; in most cases in Michigan, it must live over winter and grow vigorously in the spring; it must be hardy and it should have the power to gather nitrogen from the air and hold it in the roots.

The experiment station has been carrying on tests in orchards and vineyards in different parts of the state to determine the best plant for a cover crop under Michigan conditions. At this time, winter vetch (*Vicia villosa*) promises to be especially valuable for this purpose. The plant is sometimes called hairy or Sand Vetch. It was imported from Europe many years ago and has long been used in the southern states especially as a forage crop. An appreciation of its value for orchard cover crop purposes is comparatively recent.

When sown as late as the middle of August, it makes a fair growth before winter, it will stand tramping well; it is not difficult to get started; it is hardy and will withstand the possible drought of fall and cold of winter; it grows vigorously in the early spring; it adds a large amount of nitrogen to the soil; it will succeed on a variety of soils and especially on sandy soil.

For cover crop purposes in Michigan, the seed should be sown during July or early August, usually at the time of the last harrowing.

If the seed is sown broadcast about 25 to 30 pounds to the acre is required and it should be harrowed in. Good results have been secured by drilling 15 pounds of seed per acre.

A quick growth or "catch crop" can be secured by sowing a bushel of oats, or rye with the vetch. Since the vetch does not make a large growth in the fall, this combination is often desirable.



A Picture of Contentment

All men look pleased when they smoke this choice tobacco—for all men like the rich quality and true, natural flavor of

Liggett & Myers

Duke's Mixture

Smoked in pipes by thousands of men—everywhere known to cigarette smokers as "the makings."

We take unusual pride in Liggett & Myers' Duke's Mixture. It is our leading brand of granulated tobacco—and every sack we make is a challenge to all other tobacco manufacturers. Every 5c sack of this famous tobacco contains one and a half ounces of choice granulated tobacco, in every way equal to the best you can buy at any price, and with each sack you get a book of cigarette papers FREE.

If you have not smoked the Duke's Mixture, made by the Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co. at Durham, N. C., try it now.

Get a Camera with the Coupons

Save the coupons. With them you can get all sorts of valuable presents—articles suitable for young and old: men, women, boys and girls. You'll be delighted to see what you can get free without cost to you. Get our new illustrated catalog. As a special offer, we will send it free during September and October only. Your name and address on a postal will bring it to you.



Coupons from Duke's Mixture may be secured with each pack of FOUR SHAGS, TWENTY, contains from FOUR ROSES (10's), FIVE, CIGARETTES, CIGARETTES, CIGARETTES, and other tags or coupons issued by us.

Premium Dept.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

ST. LOUIS, MO.

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HENKEL'S

Bread Flour for it makes delicious bread and lots of it. Velvet Pastry Flour for cakes and pastry. Good every day.

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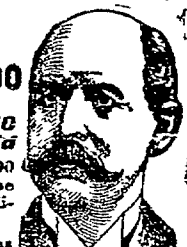
W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

\$3.00 \$3.50 \$4.00 \$4.50 AND \$5.00

FOR MEN AND WOMEN
Boys all wear W. L. Douglas \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00 School Shoes. Best in the world.

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world because they look better, fit better, and wear longer than ordinary shoes.

CAUTION—When you buy shoes be sure W. L. Douglas name is stamped on the bottom. It guarantees protection to you against inferior shoes. Beware of substitutes. W. L. Douglas shoes are sold in 75 own stores in large cities and retail shoe dealers everywhere. Fast Color Eyelets. Write for Catalog. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.



No Suffering Yet!

The unnatural suffering of so many women at times can be relieved by a little care and proper help. Beecham's Pills give just the assistance needed. They act gently but surely; they correct faults of the system so certainly that you will find better conditions prevail.

Amongst Women Who Take

this renowned and effective remedy. Beecham's Pills will help your digestion, regulate your bowels, stimulate your liver. Headaches, backaches, lassitude and nervous depression will trouble you less and less after you take at times—whenever there is need—

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Women wishing to retain their youthful looks and to feel at their best should be sure to read the special directions with every box. Sold everywhere. In boxes 10c, 25c.

DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S ASTHMA

Remedy for the prompt relief of Asthma and Hay Fever. Ask your druggist for it. JAMA. FREE SAMPLE. MORTON & LYMAN CO., INC., BUFFALO, N.Y.

READERS

of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

W. N. U. DETROIT, NO. 36-1512.

Helping a Woman

Generally means helping an entire family. Her back aches so she can hardly drag around. Her nerves are on edge and she is nearly wild. Headache and sleeplessness unfit her for the care of her family. Rheumatic Pains and Lumbago rack her body. But, let her take

Foley Kidney Pills
and all these ailments will disappear. She will soon recover her strength and healthy activity for Foley Kidney Pills are healing, curative, strengthening and tonic, a medicine for all Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Disorders that always cures.

For Sale by Murdock Bros.

Phone 247-J

DIAMOND DAIRY

Northville's Model Dairy: Everything in a strictly sanitary condition. All milk we sell is the product of our own dairy. Our having fresh cows at all times of the year gives you a high standard of milk at all times. It is worth a few cents a week to know what you are getting.

WE ALWAYS AIM TO PLEASE.
G. C. BENTON

OSCAR S. HARGER
REAL ESTATE BOUGHT, SOLD and EXCHANGED
Estates Settled and Managed
Insurance and Loans. Notary Public
Bell Phone, 60. 124 N. Center St.
NORTHVILLE, MICHIGAN

EXCURSION

PERE MARQUETTE

TOLEDO

SUNDAY, SEPT. 8, 1912

Train will leave Northville at 10:18 a. m. Returning, leave Toledo at 6 p. m.

EXCURSIONS

PERE MARQUETTE

SUNDAY, SEPT. 15, 1912

BAY CITY

Train will leave Northville at 8:12 a. m. Returning, leave Bay City at 6:15 p. m.

TO FLINT. 90C
SAGINAW & BAY CITY \$1.40

DETROIT NEWS ADS.

Detroit News Liner Ads received at the Northville Record Office.

Don't Take It For Granted

that just because you are in business, everybody is aware of the fact. Your goods may be the finest in the market but they will remain on your shelves unless the people are told about them.

ADVERTISE

if you want to move your merchandise. Reach the buyers in their homes through the columns of THIS PAPER and on every dollar expended you'll reap a handsome dividend.

GILT EDGE NEWS.

Mr. and Mrs. John Myers spent Sunday with Mrs. Brown.

Mrs. W. Wright of Jackson, is visiting her parents, R. Kahrl.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Meyer spent Wednesday with relatives in Detroit.

Mrs. H. Maas of Farmington spent Sunday at Fred Dietrich's.

Waybelle and Eva Bradley attended a house party at Sylvan Lake the latter part of last week.

Miss Mary Slesor of Ann Arbor and Helen Holmes of Northville spent Saturday with F. E. Bradley and family.

Heavy, impure blood makes a muddy, pimply complexion, headaches, nausea, indigestion. Thin blood makes you weak, pale, sickly. Burdock Blood Bitters makes the blood rich, red, pure—restores perfect health.

Dysentery is always serious and often a dangerous disease, but it can be cured. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy has cured it even when malignant and epidemic. For sale by all dealers.

WALLED LAKE NEWS.

Agnes Taylor was home from Detroit over Sunday.

Geo. McKnight was home from Detroit over Sunday.

Mrs. A. J. Church of Pontiac spent Tuesday at S. M. Gages.

George Ormsby of Commerce was in town Tuesday morning.

Leon Clutz will attend business college in Pontiac the coming year.

Miss Bly Quigley of Ypsilanti is spending the week with relatives here.

Mrs. John Carpenter and Mrs. Wm. Chaff were Pontiac visitors Tuesday.

Mrs. M. L. Bradley attended the Homecoming at Whitmore Lake Saturday.

Max Ormsby and wife of Detroit were guests of their aunt Mrs. Julia Chaff last week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Andrews were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Roy Donaldson in Pontiac Sunday.

Mrs. Flora Dye and daughter have moved to Pontiac. B. J. Meyer has rented their house here.

Harley Hickling has secured a position as bookkeeper at the Davidson mills at Pontiac.

W. S. Parmenter and family of Pontiac were guests at F. A. Parmenter's Sunday and Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Busch, Roland Busch and Miss Elizabeth Benzling of Busch were guests at the home of C. F. Rose from Saturday until Tuesday.

School opened Monday with Mr. Clara Grace and Miss Irish of Farmington as teachers. There is an enrollment of sixty scholars with a number of foreign pupils.

Stops itching instantly. Cures piles, eczema, salt rheum, tetter itch, hives, herpes, scabies—Doan's Ointment. At any drug store.

Buy it now. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is almost certain to be needed before the summer is over. Buy it now and be prepared for such an emergency. For sale by all dealers.

Seventy-Eight Pills a Day.

A case that was tried in London in 1817 gives some idea of the pill-taking proclivities of the time. An apothecary sued one Samuel Jessop for payment of a long standing account. The bill extended to 55 closely-written columns, and showed that in 20 years he took 226,934 pills, beginning with the modest number of 29 a day, and advancing by easy stages to a daily consumption of 78. During the same period he consumed 40,000 bottles of mixtures, besides juleps, electuaries, and other infallible specifics. The apothecary won the day, but Jessop died soon afterwards, at the age of 65, no doubt from stopping the physic.

Sprains.

The most important thing is absolute rest. Handle a sprain as little as possible. Immerse the foot in water as hot as it can be borne. Place a folded towel around the part and cover with bandage. Keep the foot elevated. In the case of a sprained hand or wrist apply a padded splint and put the arm in a sling.

Children Cry

FOR FLETCHER'S

CASTORIA

SALEM NEWS.

Mrs. Tillie Murray and daughter have visited Salem friends Friday.

School opened Tuesday in District No. 10, with Miss Jennie VanSickle as teacher.

Mr. and Mrs. Aura Whitehead of Chicago spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. Martha Taylor.

Mrs. Ed. Taylor and daughter Gwendolyn were Farmington visitors the latter part of last week.

Miss Pearlma Kohler and guest, Miss Selma Villorott of Detroit, spent Tuesday with the former's sister, Mrs. Roy Terrell.

Charlie Tatt was overcome by the heat while pitching bundles at Roy Terrell's Saturday. He was unconscious for a half hour. Dr. Henry was called and as soon as he was able he was taken home.

NOVI NEWS.

Mr. and Mrs. Job Leavenworth are visiting at Ypsilanti this week.

Geo. Bley has moved his family back to Novi. They are living with Geo. Goodell.

Mrs. Bert Hanford and son of California are visiting her mother, Mrs. E. S. Lorbs.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Goodell are attending the G. A. R. reunion at Pontiac this week.

Miss Myra West of Brooklyn, N. Y. who has been spending her vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Lee West, returned to that city Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clark Bisset and daughter Thelma of Lakeville, Ind. and Mrs. C. D. Greer of Plymouth visited at the home of J. O. Munro the first of the week.

The annual meeting of the Walled Lake Home-coming association will be held in the Walled Lake Baptist church Saturday September 14. A general invitation is extended to all citizens who have ever lived in the vicinity to attend the meeting. Dinner will be served at fifty cents a plate and a program will be given in the afternoon.

During the summer months mothers of young children should watch for any unusual loss of the bowels. When given prompt attention at this time serious trouble may be avoided. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy can always be depended upon. For sale by all dealers.

A Vivid Picture.

Of all "aptitudes," the mechanical is least likely to manifest itself in a feminine brain. The young woman whose visit to a locomotive works is described in Young's Magazine, was doubtless interested in what she saw, but her account of the processes observed leaves the reader to doubt her entire understanding of them.

"You pour," she told a friend, "a lot of sand into a lot of boxes, and you throw old stove lids and things into a furnace, and then you turn the red-hot stream into a hole in the sand, and everybody yells and shouts."

"Then you pour it out, let it cool and pound it, and then you put in a thing that bores holes in it. Then you screw it together, and paint it, and put steam in it, and it goes spinning, and they take it to a drafting-room and make a blue-print of it."

"But one thing I forgot—they have to make a boiler. One man gets inside and one gets outside, and they tie round frantically, and then they tie it to the other thing, and you ought to see it go!"—Youth's Companion.

Thoughtful John Chinaman.

"The virtues of a Chinese laundryman never have been half told," said the woman. "Not of my laundryman, anyhow. He is such a motherly old soul. The other day he brought my handkerchiefs home folded in two different ways, some squared, some cat-cornered."

"Why the different styles in ironing?" I asked.

"John pointed to the stack of cat-cornered handkerchiefs. These, he said, 'Then to the square pile. These good. In big bulky, not get mixed and go out with holey handkerchiefs.'"

"Kind old John? His idea was all right, but doesn't keep me from getting mixed, for I can never remember which shape means holey and which means whole, so I am likely to disgrace myself with a holey handkerchief after all."

FOUND RIGHT MAN AT ONCE

Seedy, and Unlikely Looking Individual Knew All About City's Street Railway Troubles.

A man, once, came to Newton D. Baker, mayor of Cleveland, and said: "My town is going to have a street railway fight. I want to know all about Cleveland's."

"I shall be only too glad to tell you all I know," said Mr. Baker, "but unfortunately I have appointments until one o'clock. Will you come back?"

"How can I most profitably put in the two hours here until that time?" asked the stranger.

The answer was: "Go out on the public square, sit down by the most unlikely man you can find—the one who looks most as if he didn't know the difference between a franchise and a double track. Ask that man to tell you about Cleveland's street railway fight, and when you come back I will tell you whatever you haven't been able to learn from him."

The man came back at the end of two hours. "I needn't keep my appointment here," he said, "I found an old chap whose feet were out of his shoes, whose elbows were out of his shirt sleeves, and who looked as if he had just sobered up for the first time in a month—in short, I found the unluckiest looking individual at large. I put one question to him and he started right in at the beginning and filled in all the details and brought me down to date. There's nothing for you to tell me, unless you know what's going to happen. He hasn't been let in on that."—The Survey.

Drinking Trick In Which English Monarch Figured—The First Fingerless Gloves.

Drinking tricks figured in diplomacy in the time of Henry VIII. "Mrs. Henry Gust quotes the king's challenge to Hubertus, the representative of the Palgrave Frederick. He sent for two huge goblets, filled with wine and beer respectively, and gave the envoy his choice for a 'drinking out' test. In vain Hubertus pleaded that his master had actually instituted a company of the Golden Ring to put down such contests, any member who broke the prohibition to lose his ring and give \$1 to the poor. Henry, anxious to prove that the Englishman was the better man, promised to find the fo-felt himself and drank his beer at a draft, while it took the German four gulps to account for the wine."

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ROUGH MANNERS OF THE PAST

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