

# THE NORTHVILLE RECORD.

VOL. XLVII. NO. 25.

THE RECORD: NORTHVILLE, MICH., FRIDAY, MARCH 23, 1917.

\$1.00 PER YEAR, IN ADVANCE.

## READY-TO-WEAR GOODS!

Our determination to build up a Greater Ready-to-Wear Department is meeting with satisfactory success.

We are doing it by making Quick Turns on the Merchandise—by Buying Frequently, and Selling Quickly, and Keeping our Stock Always Fresh and New.

The arrivals for this week are: One Lot of Colored Petticoats, Taffeta Silk Ruffles, Percale Tops. As Special Bargain, at

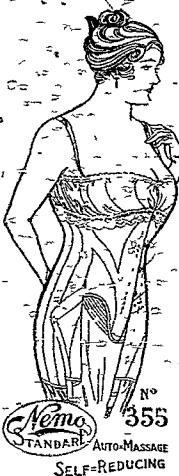
**\$2.25**

An Assortment of Up-to-the-Minute Silk Waists from \$2.25 and upwards. Try and see them Now.

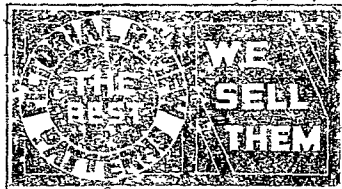
Sheer Muslin Waists from \$1.00 to \$3.50.

Bungalow Aprons, Breakfast Suits with Caps, Lowell House Dresses, None Better. Middy Blouses, Sport Coats.

Pictorial Patterns Are the Best Patterns.



We Sell Nemo Corsets.



**PONSFORDS'**

Northville, Michigan.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE IN THE RECORD WANT COLUMNS.

## WHY SHOULD YOU HESITATE?

YOU HAVE NO RIGHT TO DOUBT OUR SINCERITY WHEN IT IS BACKED BY THIS HONEST PROMISE.

You have no excuse to hesitate—no reason for doubt—when we say to you that with each and every sale of any one of the famous Rexall Remedies we give an honest promise to refund the money paid for it in case it does not give absolute satisfaction.

That is the whole story in a nutshell. That is a system that has prevailed and always will prevail in every one of the more than 5,000 leading drug stores of the United States where Rexall Remedies are sold. That guarantee is not only printed on every package of Rexall Remedies, but is backed every time a sale of one of them is made by the personal guarantee of the Rexall druggist making the sale. You risk nothing when you buy one of the

### REXALL REMEDIES

because you either get the relief you are looking for or you get back the money you paid for the remedy. Nothing can be more fair than this. It simply means that whenever you buy one of the Rexall Remedies you are trying it at our risk, and that if it does not give you satisfaction we want you to come back and get your money, because it is yours and we want you to have it.

**STANLEY'S DRUG STORE.**

NORTHVILLE, MICHIGAN.

## A GOOD DEAL FOR SATURDAY

2 Dozen Oranges for	28c.
Shredded Wheat Biscuit	10c.
5lb Best Granulated Sugar	43c.
2 1-2 lb White Beans	30c.
3 Grape Fruit	10c.
1-2lb Hershey's Cocoa	15c.

Any one of the above with 50 cents worth of other goods, For Saturday.

**WHEELER & BLACKBURN**

Northville, Michigan.

## DRIVING CLUB'S ANNUAL MEETING

NEW BOARD OF DIRECTORS ELECTED FOR COMING YEAR, LIVELY NIGHT.

COUNTY FAIR MAY BE PULLED OFF THIS FALL.

An adjourned annual meeting of the Northville Driving club was held in the village hall Monday night. After a lot of discussion, some of it very lively, and some of it very long drawn out, Mr. Harmon finally put some punch in the meeting by serving notice that if some haste was not pursued in the election of a new board of directors, the quorum would be broken by members leaving the hall.

The statement showed that the association lost money last year and complaint was made by President Henry of the lack of loyalty and support given the club by some people in the village.

It was suggested that perhaps a new board of directors, with new ideas, and possibly a county fair this fall might inaugurate attractions that would put the association on a paying basis again.

Dr. Henry stated he wanted to be re-elected president once more, but nearly all the old board of directors declined re-election and expressed a hope that a new board might bring in a better spirit of push, progress and prosperity.

M. Lapham stated he believed the present officers had done to the best of their ability but believed at this time that some new officers and directors might prove of mutual benefit to the association's welfare—the committee.

The following board was chosen and they will select the officers: A. C. Caldwell, T. E. Murdock, Milo Johnson, Harry Clark, Ed Starkweather, T. B. Henry and Stewart Montgomery.

## U. OF M. TEST OF SPRING WATER.

A sample of water from the Sadler spring, taken under all the required conditions of carefulness, and sent by Health Officer Dr. T. H. Turner to the laboratory of hygiene at Michigan University, brought the following verdict from the analyst: "Our analysis shows the spring water to be good, bacterially, containing no color bacilli."

## NORTHVILLE LOSES PROMINENT CITIZEN

DEATH OF NELSON E. BOGART MONDAY AT ANN ARBOR UNEXPECTED SHOCK TO THE COMMUNITY.

In the sudden death of Nelson Bogart which occurred Monday, March 19, in the Homeopathic hospital at Ann Arbor, Northville loses a citizen who will be greatly missed and sincerely mourned by unnumbered friends outside his home circle. The news of the critical character of Mr. Bogart's illness came as a shock to the community, his extreme reticence in regard to his physical sufferings having deceived even his family and his physicians as to his real condition. The indomitable will, power and uncompromising heroism that enabled him to drive alone in his car to Ann Arbor last Friday when on the very verge of his final collapse was absolutely characteristic of the spirit in which he met all the duties and responsibilities of life. He leaves an enviable record of uncompromising honesty, temperate living and kindly personality that won and kept the friendship and respect of the best element of his acquaintance.

Nelson E. Bogart was born on the family homestead in Novi in November 1867. He was a graduate of the Northville High school and later a student of Cleary college, afterward teaching school for some years. In 1890 he was married to Emma Simonds of this village. They were the parents of three sons, the eldest dying in infancy. After his marriage Mr. Bogart followed the vocation of farming, always living in Novi township until the family took up residence in Northville eight years ago. He served efficiently as marshal here for several terms. He had long been connected with the Masonic fraternity, and was a Past Master of the Northville Blue Lodge and for many years Worthy Patron of Orient Chapter O. E. S. The nearest relatives, besides the

wife, are two sons, Edward and Ray and the latter's little son of Northville, the father, Marvin Bogart and two brothers, Lardie and Harry of Novi and a sister, Mrs. Alta McGuire of Flint. His mother, who was Miss Sarah Kimmins of Novi, died several years ago. The funeral services were held from the home Thursday afternoon with Rev. J. E. Webber as the clergyman in charge. The interment was in Rural Hill cemetery. The Record shares in the universal regret and the sympathy felt for the family thus afflicted.

DR. HOWARD A. MUSSER



The "Jungle Man" of India, will speak in the M. E. church Sunday evening, March 25.

Don't forget the date of Mrs. McCully's millinery opening, Saturday, March 24.

Wanted to Rent, For Sale, Etc.

For Rent: For Sale, For Found. Wanted notices inserted under this head for 1 cent per word.

LOST—Medium-weight lap robe Sunday afternoon, somewhere in Northville or on Base-Line. Finder call J. W. Cleaver 35w1p.

NOTICE—F. G. Eckles is local agent for Red cars and trucks. Phone 311 F-2, Plymouth, R. F. D. 3 35-3p.

NOTICE—Any person having old rags, papers, iron, etc., call 44-J. Samuel Kleiman 35-45p.

NOTICE—For reliable practical nurse, address 554, Northville, Mich. 35w1p.

WANTED—Eight bushels of early and late seed potatoes. H. B. Wilber, Phone 56-J, Northville 35w1c.

WANTED—All kinds of trucking to do Charges reasonable. Don Van Sickle Phone 28-J. 35w4p.

WANTED—Good reliable man to rent farm on shares. Must understand care of fruit. Phone 182 J, Northville 30t.

WANTED—Curtains of any kind to wash and iron or stretch. Inquire Mrs. Wm. Hicks, Novi 34w2p.

FOR SALE—One 3-yr-old colt, or will exchange for cow. Phone 151 R-3. J. W. Cole 35w2p.

FOR SALE—Buffet and davenport, good as new. Inquire at Shipley's barber shop 35w2p.

FOR SALE—Clover seed. Inquire Franz S. Power Phone 151 R-2. 35w2c.

FOR SALE—Team, harness, buggy; also light spring wagon. Elmer E. Perrin, Northville. 35w1p.

FOR SALE—House and 3-4 acres. Inquire G. F. Wagner. Phone 197-W. 35w2p.

FOR SALE—New Studebaker, 4-cylinder, 7-passenger; will take in Ford. F. N. Perrin & Sons. 35w2p.

FOR SALE—House and lot on Church St., Northville. Inquire A. F. Huff, 136 Sheridan Ave., Detroit. 35w2p.

FOR SALE—Belgian Hares, both registered and common. Hugh Clawson, Northville 34w2p.

FOR SALE—8-room house corner of Randolph and West. Inquire Ivan Webber, 67 Parkhurst St. Pontiac, Mich. 34w4p.

FOR SALE—Dodge car. First class condition. Inquire Mrs. William Hicks, Novi. 34w2p.

FOR SALE—or Rent Two farms. George Gibson, Northville. Phone 130-J-3. 32ff.

FOR SALE—Carload of New Milck Cows, mostly Holsteins. Jay Leavenworth. Phone 310-R-3. 29w1t.

FOR RENT—Living rooms over the Nevison Bakery. Apply at store. 34w2p.

FOR RENT—Brick house on Randolph street. Inquire of Mrs. O. M. Lewis. 34w2p.

FOR RENT—Good farm of 92 acres, west of Novi on Grand River road. Fine location, school handy. Phone F. L. Thompson, Northville. 342p.

FOR RENT—Suite of rooms for light housekeeping, on Main street, for family without children. P. O. Box 276. 34ip.

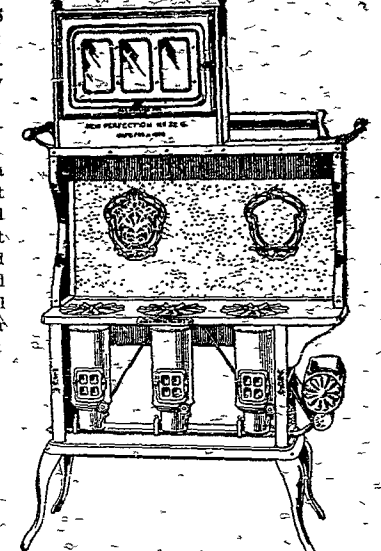
## AUTOMOBILE ACCESSORIES

We have just received a Shipment of Auto Parts and Accessories. Call and see our line. No trouble to show.

### PERFECTION OIL COOKING STOVES

No smoke, no smell, no trouble; guaranteed to give satisfaction. Built on the lines of the ordinary house lamp and will last just as long. Try one. Cheaper and more convenient to use than wood or coal.

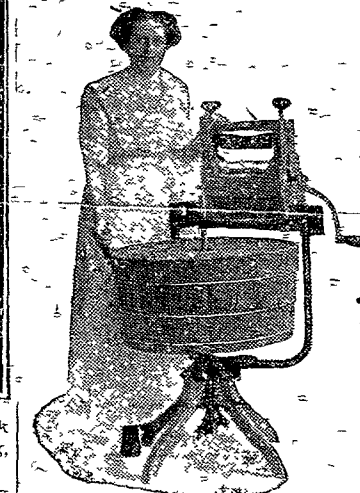
All this makes the New Perfection a stove of unusual convenience. It does everything any other stove will do, regardless of fuel. Ready at moment of lighting. Can be turned high, medium, low or out, as required—another decided advantage over coal or wood stoves. Makes no dust or dirt. Either with or without cabinet.



### WASHING MACHINES

The "1900" is the Washer that actually pays for itself, for no other washer saves more materially in time or labor, or clothes and actual saving of money.

The fact that there are many thousands of satisfied users is enough to convince all of its superiority. Let us show it to you.



**JAMES A. HUFF, Hardware.**

The Man with money and his wife put their money in the Bank where it is safe from fire, burglars and their own temptation to spend it.



Here is a picture of a young couple who are doing the right thing—they are saving their money instead of wasting it. Some day they can buy a home or a business with that money and be independent.

EVERY young couple can save a PART of their income. The way to do so is simply not to have so much "out-go."

Put YOUR Money in OUR Bank. We pay 3 per cent interest.

**NORTHVILLE STATE SAVINGS BANK.**

## Special SATURDAY ONLY

10 Cent Cream Corn Starch,	8c
10 Cent Queen Flake Baking Powder,	5c
25 Cent Asparagus Tips,	19c
10 Cent Can Del Monte Beans,	7c
Asparagus,	19c
Del Monte Beans,	7c
10c Hershey Cocoa,	8c
81c Coffee (Black Cross),	27c

All Good Values and Guaranteed.

Do not forget the Discount for Cash.

**C. E. RYDER, Northville.**



# Pruning

BY  
**L. C. CORBETT**  
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
WASHINGTON, D. C.

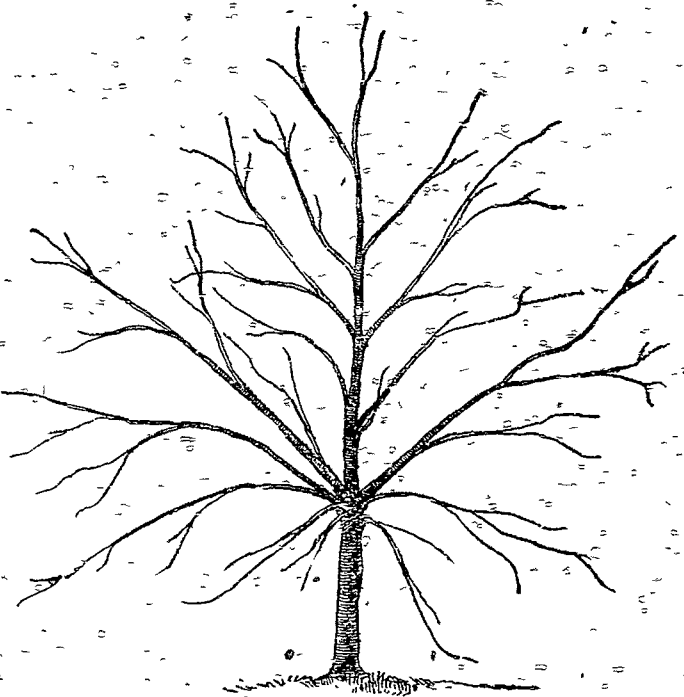
## PRUNING THE PLUM

### AND THE CHERRY

The habit of the plum to bear early and abundantly under favorable conditions limits its annual growth to such an extent that after the bearing age is attained little annual pruning

should be kept for such interlopers in order that they may be promptly removed.

During the early years of the growth of both of these plants care should be exercised to secure a proper distribution of the limbs which are



Sour Cherry—Good Form. Notice the Drooping Habit.

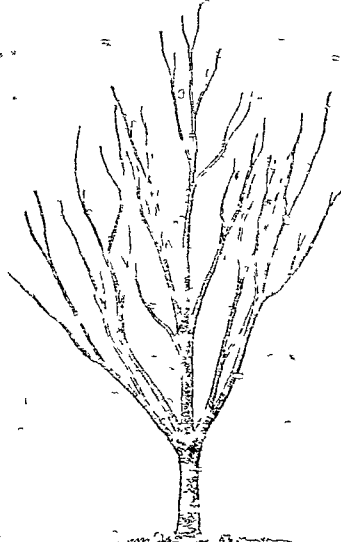
is necessary other than to remove dead or interfering limbs or to head back an occasional strong shoot which may appear from time to time in the center of the crown. The plum, as well as the cherry, has the annoying habit of

to form the framework branches of the tree, particularly with the Japan plums and the sweet cherries, as both these species have the unfortunate habit of dividing into two shoots of nearly equal size with a close angle between, which always forms a weak joint. Trees not carefully pruned to overcome this bad habit are liable to severe injury from splitting when heavily loaded with fruit.

In the early period of the growth of both the Japan and American plums, as well as the sweet cherry, the annual growth will need more or less severe cutting back, depending upon soil and climatic conditions, in order to maintain them within bounds. On general principles this heading should be done just before growth starts in the spring.

The form of a well pruned sweet cherry is shown in our first drawing and a sour cherry with its drooping habit in the second drawing. The European plums (*Prunus domestica*) do well when trained after the general fashion of the peach. In general, however, the main trunk of the plum should be somewhat longer than that of the peach, in order that the work of jarring for the curculio may be facilitated if the orchard happens to be located where this operation is necessary.

The fruiting habits of the plum and the cherry are more closely allied to those of the apple and the pear than



Sweet Cherry Properly Pruned.

occasionally producing strong shoots from adventitious buds along the

rich soil."

Resulting from the sugar beet growing demonstration inaugurated last year by the agricultural and labor department of the Grand Rapids & Indiana railroad, in which 121 growers along our lines co-operated, two prominent Michigan, Ohio and Indiana beet sugar manufacturers now have their field agents at work in western Michigan soliciting acreage for 1917. With view to ultimate establishment of one or more factories in favorable centers.

The general manager of one of these companies told me a few days ago that the reason they were anxious to open up the industry in western Michigan was because it had been fully demonstrated that we could produce beets with a higher sugar content than could southern Michigan, Indiana or Ohio. As a matter of fact the average content of sugar in beets for the state in 1916 was 13.5 per cent, exceeded by only one other state in the union, in comparison with which content it will be noted that the per cent sugar in juice from beets sent by 65 different growers from along the G. R. & I. Ry. to Washington for analysis was 17.55 per cent; in other words, about 2.5 per cent higher sugar in beet than the state average.

The by-products from a beet sugar factory are of considerable importance including beet pulp, a highly desirable feed for dairy cattle, refuse lime used in the purifying process, which aside from its calcium value carries an appreciable percentage of nitrogen, phosphorus and potash. The molasses as a by-product has a distinct local value.

The industry has another pleasing feature—the promise of seed production. An experienced beet-seed grower states that one might reasonably and conservatively expect to produce an average of 1,500 pounds of seed per acre, (European average 2,000 to 2,500 pounds) which at 14 cents per pound (the reported contract price for seed in 1917) would yield \$210.00 per acre.

The average investment for a factory and equipment is something around \$500,000. The annual payroll is of vital local consideration but its big advantages over most any other factory is due to the fact that the raw material furnished it is of local production. The factories' proposition to the farmers in North Michigan, which when intelligently studied, appeals to the average business man. In substance, they offer to pay a minimum

of \$6.00 per ton, f. o. b. loading station and a bonus of \$1.00 per ton for beets for every dollar per cwt. over \$5.00 for which beet sugar is sold during November and December, 1917, and January, 1918; therefore, if sugar is selling next year at the same price it sold this season the farmers would actually be paid \$7.80 per ton. This fact has not been clearly understood by some people in certain sections.

The factories are not working to contract any great acreage for 1917, but want to get the beets started in several sections, as something of a test, or demonstration proposition. They do want, however, in the neighborhood of 200 acres in given centers in order to make possible the services of a field agent, also to establish a loading station and to furnish the farmers who wish it, labor, fertilizer and seed. Of course, costs for the labor, fertilizer and seed are deducted from amount due when the crop is harvested.

This season the long-sighted farmer will plant as big an acreage of potatoes and beans as his supply of seed, or capital to buy good seed, will make possible. At the same time he scarcely will want to place all of his eggs in one basket; moreover, in analyzing the situation and forecasting the future, he must determine that the present prevailing prices for potatoes, beans and certain other farm products will in due course revert to their average and when this condition comes about another new and profitable cash crop will be welcomed.

Sugar beets are and always have been a profitable crop. In rotation, various authenticated tests in the United States and abroad have shown that crops following beets have increased in yield—some crops have doubled their yield. A guaranteed market is always provided. Farmers have their labor problem solved by the factories assuming this responsibility. No capital required for seed, fertilizer or labor, expense of these items covered when crop is harvested. Beets are adapted to a wide variety of soil conditions, and frosts in fall do not affect the crop. Average yield ten tons per acre. Compare yield and prices paid with other crop averages. Five to seven thousand acres devoted to the crop tributary to a given center is required to establish and maintain a factory. Sugar Beets and Dairying are "companion crops."

## Breeding Dairy Cattle

By T. F. West.

A greater field of operation is afforded in the breeding of dairy cattle than any other in connection with the propagation of farm animals. Perhaps in no other field is variation so great or improvement so easily attained as in the improvement of dairy cattle, providing the proper means are used. Increasing population makes greater demands upon and higher prices for dairy products, and while the supplying of this demand is becoming a complex question, especially in crowded centers of population, improvement in the production of dairy cattle is by no means a difficult task.

In order to better discuss the subject of breeding a few basic principles should be introduced.

Like produces like. In order that the offspring be a high producing strain of cattle. Robert Bakewell, an English breeder, about 1760, recognized this for the first time and shocked the modest people of his time by uniting animals that possessed the characters he wished to propagate without regard to the relationship. One important factor must not be lost sight of in respect to this discussion and that is that undesirable characteristics will be reproduced to the same degree as desirable ones.

Variation is the basis of all improvement among farm animals. If characters were absolutely fixed and unchangeable, then no improvement could be secured. Variation may be expressed in terms of form and size, quality, functional activity and deviation from the common pattern, extra toes, teats, etc. Conditions which bring about variation in animals might be grouped under the heads of environment, which in turn would include climatic conditions, food supply and care and attention and crossing or uniting of dissimilar animals. Up to the time of Bakewell, cross-breeding was the principal means of improvement.

Heredity is the transmission, or passing down, of characters from parents to offspring. Diseases of cattle, formerly considered as transmissible by heredity are due to germs and transmitted by infection.

Prepotency is the power one parent has over the other in determining the character of the offspring. Individual prepotency is a great factor in improving the breed. In selecting for prepotency, vigor in the individual is of great importance. In-breeding aids prepotency. The more in-bred are the animals the more intense their power of transmission. Again this applies to bad as well as good characteristics.

There are different systems of breeding and the system to be employed will depend on the purpose of the breeder. Grading consists in mating unimproved stock with those that are pure bred. The sire is usually

the pure bred parent. This is the safest, best and cheapest method for beginners even though they intend to engage in the business of breeding pure bred stock, for it will bring out for them the strong and weak points of the breed. Crossing, as already stated, is the mating of different breeds or families. Line-breeding consists in mating animals representing a single line of descent. No other method is equal to this one. It is a strong factor in securing uniformity and increasing prepotency. The animals should be mated whose individuality and pedigree is considered of the best.

In-breeding is line breeding, carried to the limit. It is the mating of animals closely related. This method has been used successfully in the improvement of all farm animals. Desirable characters are more easily and quickly obtained and more easily transmitted. Let us say that the individuality and pedigree of the sire is an *Irish* is desired. This is transmitted to the offspring. If the offspring is a female, she may be mated to her sire and this product, if a female, is in turn mated to her sire who is also her grand sire. If this method is practiced for four generations the qualities of the sire will have been transmitted almost complete. According to Galton the offspring will have inherited 31-32 of its full heritage from its five-nearest generations of ancestors. If the sire is mated with the daughter, the offspring will contain 1/4 of the blood lines of the sire. If the son is mated with the dam the offspring will contain 1/2 of the blood lines of the dam. If brother is mated to sister the blood lines of sire and dam will be equally retained. Inbreeding should be practiced extensively in grading up a herd. Sires from high producing dams will transmit this quality to the offspring but the high producing characteristic will be doubly marked in the offspring if both dam and sire are of exceptional quality.

In all breeding operations it must be remembered that like produces like and the tendency of the race is always downward. The careful breeder will keep a record of production of each individual in the herd. Then he will mate the superior to the superior and discard the inferior. Never get the idea that a heavy milker mated to a high tester but low milker will produce a heavy milker and high tester. The tendency of the race is downward and the result will be both a low milker and low tester.

A very interesting discussion in breeding has always been the relative influence of the parent stock and the ability to control sex. The parent with the strongest nervous and sexual or-

ganization, the one of purest breeding and most intensified qualities will control the characters of the offspring. The sex of the parent, who is in the best physical condition at the time of the mating, will probably determine the sex of the offspring.

The most productive period in a cow's life is usually between two to eight years of age. If the heifer is vigorous, healthy and full grown it may be advisable to breed her so that she will drop her first calf when two years old. It is better to breed young and encourage the milking habit from the beginning. Keep her milking as long as possible and do not breed again until rather late. Breeding young develops the reproductive and producing organs from the start. The assimilation of food is better and everything considered she will develop more during pregnancy than otherwise.

Fall calving is much to be preferred

on dairy farms. Milk brings a higher price during the winter months and just as the milk flow begins to decrease in the spring the cow can be put out to pasture and it will increase again. The average period of gestation for cows is 283 days. A cow bred on January 1 should calve on October 10. The cow should be watched closely as the parturition approaches. There are certain signs which rarely fail to herald the approach of the calving time. The udder becomes enlarged and resistant with more or less swelling in front, the vulva becomes swollen, the belly droops and the tail muscles fall in, leaving deep hollows on either side of the tail.

Directly after calving give a warm drink of gruel prepared from oat meal or bran. These drinks should be given for a period of a day or two and a grain ration gradually introduced until on full feed.

## The Wonderful Story of The Soil

By George F. Jordan

This series of articles which is to appear each week in this paper was written so that everyone who reads them may understand the story of the soil. What the soil is made of, how it can best serve us, and how we can treat it for the best results are the objects of this work. The good it will do will be measured by the practical use which you may make of the things contained herein.—Editor.

### CHAPTER III Soil Moisture.

We have studied the soil in its arrangement and the pore or air-spaces, resulting between them. Now we are to examine the soil moisture and the relation the soil particles and pore-spaces bears toward maintaining a sufficient amount of moisture for the best growth of the crop.

Moisture in the soil occurs in three conditions:

First, that moisture which fills the pore spaces and is free to move through the soil. This is free water and the force affecting it is gravity, hence it has the name gravitational moisture.

The second condition is that in which the moisture sticks to the surfaces of the soil particles and to the roots of the plants in films. These films act through a force called surface tension. This is best illustrated by dipping a marble into water. When removed, a thin film of moisture adheres over the entire surface of the marble, the tension of the water to the object overcoming the force of gravity. When

water. Hence the right amount of this at all times is very important. It is in the capillary water that plant foods derived from the soil are held in solution just as coffee was held in solution by the water taken up by the lump of sugar.

In the preceding chapter we saw how the soil particles were held in groups or kernels. As long as this state exists there will always be pore spaces filled with air but should the soil become puddled, or the structure broken down, these particles would fit so close together that air would be excluded and the plants would not thrive.

The part which hygroscopic water plays is not yet fully understood. It is probably active in aiding the dissolving of plant food from the particle but even then it must be aided by capillary water for the best results. Again Prof. King says, "It is not probable that the hygroscopic moisture of a soil can aid plant growth."

The greatest amount of water an average soil will contain is about 4 inches per acre foot. This means that if the soil is full of water a tube of an inch square and twelve inches



Tractor and Grub Plow Plowing Swamp Land and Cutting so Deep That Weeds Will Never Grow Again

the end of a small tube is placed in water, the water will rise on the inside higher than the level on the outside, this being due to surface tension being greater inside than out.

When a lump of sugar is held in a cup of coffee so that the liquid will just touch it, it will become brown by the coffee rising through the pores which are irregular tubes. The smaller the tube or the smaller the granules of sugar the higher the liquid will rise. Water will not rise as fast in the soil as in sugar for the reason that sugar has what is called an "affinity" for water, but this is also true of soil, though to a less extent, because of the presence of salts. The water attracted by surface tension in the soil and thus held is called capillary water.

The third form of moisture is that which is still retained by the soil particle after it is air-dry. It is unavailable to plants so far as is known, and is not yet fully understood. According to the late Prof. King: "It is probably active in aiding the dissolving of plant food from the particle but even then it must be aided by capillary water for the best results. \* \* \* It is not probable that the hygroscopic moisture of a soil can aid plant growth."

From the same source it is stated that gravitational or free water in the soil may be harmful in three ways: First, by washing out the soluble plant food which leaves the soil poor; second, by keeping the air out of the soil thus causing suffocation of the roots and the small animal and plant life in the soil; and third, by preventing surface tension and by dissolving cementing materials thus destroying or reducing the granulation of the soil and injuring its texture.

Otherwise it may be helpful in that it replenishes the soil moisture by allowing the films around the particles to become thicker, and by washing out and carrying away soluble substances which are harmful to the plants.

Capillary water in the soil is the source from which plants, crops, and soil organisms derive their supply of

high will contain enough moisture to make a column of water an inch square and four inches high. Under field conditions this is rarely found. The amounts which are found vary greatly due to a number of factors. The first is the kind of soil. A sandy soil under field conditions will contain from 15 to 20 per cent, a clay loam from 20 to 30%, and a humus or muck soil from 35 to 45% of moisture. To account for this difference we know that water percolates through sand faster than through clay, the pore space being less in the sand and the pores being larger allows more freedom of motion of the water.

Since the capillary water is practically the only available supply for plants, a thorough understanding of its action, the influence of the kind of soil and its condition is of utmost importance.

(Next Week, Chapter No. 4—Maintaining Soil Moisture.)

Wick O'Connell and other Houghton associates have purchased a heavily wooded section of land in Baraga county with the intention of building a saw mill at L'Anse, three miles distant, to manufacture this timber. From 25 to 30 men are to be employed and 20,000 feet of lumber a day will be cut.

The Superior Coal company of St. Charles, which owns the mine at Six Mile Creek, has made a protest to the state railroad commission against the proposed abandonment by the Ann Arbor Railroad company of the six and one-half miles of spur track extending from Owosso to the New Haven mine. The Owosso Sugar company also plans to intervene.

It is stated that the city of Lansing has about 2,000 vacant lots and that it has been proposed the city stand the expense of plowing these with the understanding the ground be planted to potatoes this summer.

## Busy Acres

By W. P. HARTMAN

The production of sugar is a national economic problem. Its importance was especially emphasized by the serious concern given the available supply and future production, by the countries now at war, when hostilities were declared.

It would seem that we in the United States have a particularly sweet tooth, or perhaps many of them, for in the last 20 years our production of sugar has jumped from 11 million tons in 1904 to 20 million tons in 1913, in other words, for a period of 20 years ending 1913, the consumption of sugar in this country increased 42.9 per cent, while the population increased only 21 per cent.

From a purely production standpoint, we, in western Michigan, are concerned only with the refining of sugar from the sugar beet. According to figures available for 1916, Michigan is the third state in the union in the production of sugar beets, having 15 of the 74 factories, which 15 factories last year produced 81,600 tons of sugar from 604,000 tons of beets, grown on 99,300 acres of land, for which Michigan farmers were paid an average of \$6.06 per ton, or approximately \$3,660,240.00.

The value of the sugar beet in crop rotation, and as a cash crop, is evidenced wherever the crop is grown commercially. Further proof of the value of the industry is pointed out in the annual report for the year ending 1915 by John I. Gibson, secretary, Western Michigan Development bureau, relating a convention between an American and an official of the German government's agricultural department. The latter saying to the American, in part: "they (the German government) were trying to get their people to pay less attention to the raising of wheat and to buy more of it from us, and to pay more attention to raising beets to be manufactured into sugar and the sugar sold to us; that they knew that every bushel of wheat that came out of the ground took about 20 per cent of its nutriment from the strength of the soil, while the beet takes most of its nutriment from the air \* \* \* which would in effect be swapping their air for our



## 15,000 MOTHERS DIE IN THE UNITED STATES

Dr. Grace L. Meigs Asserts Their Death Is Sacrificed in Ignorance And Improper Care at Childbirth.

Grand Rapids. More women 15 to 45 years of age die in the United States from conditions incident to maternity than from any other cause except tuberculosis. And since 1900, while the death rates from tuberculosis, typhoid, diphtheria and croup and certain other preventable diseases have been greatly reduced, the available figures for the death-registration area show no decrease in the proportion of mothers whose lives are sacrificed yearly to ignorance and improper care in childbirth.

These facts and their causes, with a detailed study of maternal death rates in the United States and foreign countries, are set forth in a bulletin on Maternal Mortality by Dr. Grace L. Meigs, which has just been issued by the Children's Bureau of the United States Department of Labor.

Dr. Meigs emphasizes the inseparable connection between the life and health of the mother and the life and health of her baby. She points out that the 15,000 maternal deaths which occur annually in the United States are largely preventable; that these 15,000 deaths are merely a rough index of unmeasured preventable deaths among mothers; and that the protection of mothers is essential to the saving of babies' lives.

How can the protection of mothers be accomplished?

Two underlying causes are assigned for the present conditions:

First: The hazards have been either ignored or accepted as unavoidable. "Knowledge of the need for good care at childbirth is essential; the lack of such knowledge and of a demand for this care has been, probably, the chief factor in producing the present indifference to this phase of preventive medicine. Communities are still to a great extent indifferent to or ignorant of the number of lives of women lost yearly from childbirth."

"The second fundamental cause—the difficulty of obtaining adequate care—is seen to depend to a large extent on the first. As women, their husbands, physicians, and communities realize the absolute need of skilled care, methods for providing it will be developed."

The city problem and the rural problem are both discussed.

Even in a city well supplied with clinics and hospitals the number of women served by them is small in comparison with the number who bear their children without receiving adequate care. Certain sections of the population depend on ignorant midwives. But the reader is reminded that women of moderate means who can not pay large fees and who will not visit a clinic sometimes receive the least benefit from improvements in standards of care.

"In rural districts many women bear their children with no attendant other than the husband, a relative, or a neighbor. The nearest physician may be miles away, the nearest hospital much farther."

Dr. Meigs refers to the work for

maternal and child welfare which has been developed in New Zealand and in Canada, and suggests a "unit plan" for a rural county in this country to include:

A rural nursing service, centering at the county seat, with nurses especially trained to recognize dangerous symptoms in prospective mothers.

An accessible county center to which mothers could come for information about personal hygiene.

A cottage hospital, or beds in an accessible general hospital, especially for the proper care of abnormal cases. Skilled attendance obtainable by each mother in the county.

The growing business of St. Louis has caused a petition to be signed by a large number of citizens to petition the city council to consider the proposition of building a dam and power house on the Pine river below the city. The water stage at the present plant is not capable of furnishing the power necessary.

The Sault Ste. Marie Ministerial association composed of Protestant and Catholic ministers to have the Sunday moving picture shows stopped.

Learning from reports that the Traverse City region had lots of potatoes in storage, Mayor John L. Black of Port Huron tried to secure from that section enough seed potatoes for the citizens of his city to plant this summer in vacant lots but received the reply there were none available.

Dowagiac is to drive four six-inch wells at a depth of 68 feet, which is the level of Stone Lake. The water, which is of good quality, comes to within a foot of the surface. The city authorities have purchased a purifier.

Two hundred pounds of flour, boxes of macaroni, raisins, bottles of catsup and a little of all most every other product of the grocery store of W. H. English of Grand Rapids was taken during the night by unknown thieves.

Serious freight congestion has occurred at Frankfort because all four of the Ann Arbor railroad's car ferries are tied up from ice and unable to move. Ice blasting has been to no avail and only a heavy thaw or an east wind will relieve the situation.

Grand Haven and Spring Lake workmen and even boys and girls who have generally found it necessary to take the interurban to either of these points have been taking advantage of the good ice skating on Grand River to save their transportation charges.

It is reported there will be a larger acreage than ever in Michigan devoted to farming during 1917, but the lack of help may hinder somewhat. W. J. Orr, president of the Michigan Bean Jobbers' association, is responsible for the statement that 700,000 acres will be used for beans by Michigan farmers. This is 250,000 acres more than used in 1916. He bases his statement on the fact that potatoes will cost \$40 an acre to plant while beans will cost only \$6.

According to a report from the department of state wheat during February was more or less hurt in the southern counties gradually getting less farther north. The average depth of snow at middle of month ranged from four inches in the southern counties to 15 inches in the upper peninsula and at the end of the month from half an inch in southern counties to 17 1/2 inches in the upper peninsula. There were 178,016 bushels of wheat marketed in February.

It is now declared that the cold weather of the past winter and the lack of any thaws between has not hurt the fruit trees of the Grand Traverse region.

Dwight Fisher of Dowagiac sold his potatoes last fall for \$1.85 and thinking he had made a mistake bought them back at \$2.25 selling them again recently at \$2.75.

At the last session of the Kent county farmers' institute it was announced that the Michigan farmers were facing a serious shortage of seed corn for next year's crop.

One of the important issues at the spring election at Traverse City will be that concerning a county agent. Several mass meetings have already been held.

## State News Page

Of Home Interests To Our Readers

It is reported from Cadillac that Samuel Rayle, 68, is dying from a broken heart, over the loss by death of his wife, with whom he had lived happily for the past 40 years. His condition is serious.

Leo Baker and Robert Russell two prisoners of the Jackson county jail awaiting trial for grand larceny, picked the lock of the cell block and made good their escape.

The Empire Lumber plant of Empire, owned by the T. Wilce company of Chicago, was destroyed by fire resulting in a loss of \$35,000 and throwing 75 men out of employment.

A. S. Musselman, with a state wide reputation and president of the Grand Rapids Commercial Savings bank, is dead from a chronic ailment.

Hendricks Leppink, 71, a resident of Grand Rapids for the last 45 years and former alderman and supervisor and also a prominent coal dealer, is dead.

Eighteen cows found in the vicinity of Holland to be suffering from tuberculosis were ordered killed by state livestock commissioner Harper.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. S. Van Ostrand of South Haven was burned with a loss of between two and three thousand dollars, covered by insurance.

Peter Wurzburg, 60, of Traverse City, state oil inspector, is dead. He had held several important state and city positions. He has brothers and sisters in Grand Rapids.

The Riverside Cemetery association of Three Rivers has raised its prices on all lots and the care of same.

The city of Mendon is rapidly being built up from the effects of the disastrous fire of last fall. The post office will begin operations in its new building about April 1.

The Shiawassee Sportsmen's association is going to do all it can to help Major Oates, state game warden, retain his job despite efforts to oust him by legislation now before the state legislature. At a meeting tonight, the association will pass a resolution condemning any legislation that has for its purpose the ousting of Oates. Other sportsmen's associations about the state are expected to take similar action.

Frank P. Parker, 56, custodian of Battle Creek jail and his mother, Mrs. Julia P. Parker, 76, died at the same home within six hours of each other.

Miss Josephine Dell of Traverse City while rushing down an ice clad hill on skis crashed into a tree rendering her unconscious and required the services of a surgeon to take several stitches in her scalp.

Besides voting for a revision of the charter, Kalamazoo people will vote on the Sunday closing theater proposition. The theaters have been open on Sundays for the past two years.

Joseph Martin, age 5 of Muskegon is able to read, write, play the piano and draw. He does not yet go to school.

It is estimated there have been 4,000 cases of scarlet fever in the state of Michigan since November.

The mayor of Cadillac has appointed a committee to decide upon the feasibility of establishing play grounds, social centers and a recreation system.

Midland county received \$163 as her share of the amount appropriated from state funds for a good showing at the 1916 fair. To insure the merit of attractions for the coming fair, a circuit which includes Clinton, Shiawassee, Gratiot, Midland, Isabella and Wexford counties has been formed.

Robert Carille, head of the private bank of R. H. Carille and son of Dowagiac, upon entering his bank early in the morning surprised robbers at their work blowing the safe and was gagged and bound. The two robbers took flight, however, and left the \$6,000 untouched.

Petitions are being circulated to build a concrete road from Wyoming Park to Byron by the Covert system. Distance, 7 1/2 miles.

Forty government employees of Sault Ste. Marie have formed a union to better the service with Thomas Ross, immigration inspector as president.

The Bay City Eastern high school will have no base ball team this year, the students to devote their time to spring foot ball practice and track work.

The Arcadia Furniture and Mirror plants, the only industries at this place, burned to the ground, throwing 150 men out of employment. Loss estimated at \$100,000.

Sore Eyes, Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Marine Eye Remedy. No smarting, just Eye Comfort. At your Druggist's or by mail, 60c per Bottle. For Book of the Eye Remedy and Marine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

## LEGISLATIVE.

The Foster bill allowing the removal of the Lansing Industrial Home for Boys was increased \$100,000, the money to be paid back to the state with the sale of the city property.

Representative Clark has come to the rescue for those entering into breach of promise suits with a bill that will require written contracts of an engagement to wed to be shown in court as proof for action.

The Wood game bill, which passed both the senate and the house, with the latter tacking on two amendments, putting the question of a closed season on game up to the board of supervisors, who must petition the state game warden, was concurred in by the senate and is now up to Governor Sleeper for signature. It is freely predicted the governor will veto the bill.

Senator Scully has introduced a bill into the senate that allows parents to take out an insurance in a fraternal society in behalf of their children, providing they themselves belong. This will allow a two-year old to be insured for \$34, the amount increasing up to the age of 18, when it is \$600.

Another amendment to the Robert's training school for women will make it possible for women sentenced to the work farm to commit themselves.

Because the state tuberculosis institute at Midland did not pay out Senator Smith plans to sell the property and give the proceeds to the Howell institution.

All state and county primaries will be held the first Tuesday in September if the Condon bill which has already passed its third reading becomes law.

Culver has introduced another bill that provides for pure booze after May 1, 1918, by those who are permitted to sell it.

Representative George McArthur of Eaton Rapids has revived a 1913 bill introduced by the late Rufus Skeels of Oceana which allows the husband or wife absolute divorce when either have been proven incurably insane. The party considered insane must have been committed to a state hospital for at least five years, says the bill, and then experts must prove satisfactorily to the court that there is no hope of recovery.

Senator Scully has another bill which permits 20 or more persons to organize a mutual insurance company for the purpose of insuring against fire, liability, disability, automobile losses and other matters.

Senator Tripp of Allegan has introduced a bill that allows the Michigan railroad companies to charge three cents a mile for chair and pullman cars, providing the companies furnish first class sealed cars.

A bill introduced under the guidance of Attorney General Groesbeck will give the cities the power to own the telephone companies. If the amendment to the constitution is favored by the senate it will probably come up for election in April.

Representative Frost announces he will introduce a bill into the state house to abolish the superior court and turn all the business over to the circuit courts. Under the guidance of Attorney General Groesbeck Senator Murtha introduced a bill to entirely revamp the city court system and allowing cities of over 40,000 to abolish their own courts.

Representative Fred L. Eaton's bill providing for the appointment of three censors by the governor who are authorized and required to inspect all motion picture films before they are exhibited in Michigan has been recommended by the state affairs committee.

The enforcement of the prohibition law will probably be left with the state food and dairy department.

Representative Taube has introduced a bill that will make it necessary for persons to resign from one office before becoming eligible to another.

Before the \$500,000 appropriation bill for current expenses of the Michigan Soldiers' Home is voted upon in the senate, which has already approved it, the finance committee will consider it and make recommendations.

A measure introduced by Senator George Scott of Detroit and meant especially for his city and optional with cities of 50,000 or over, proposes abolishing the Detroit Health board and substituting a health commissioner.

The Culver bill will require that all hotels of two stories or over and state institutions not now so equipped be made safer with the addition of iron fire escapes.

Representative Merlin Wiley of Chippewa county has stated he would fight the ghost in railroad passenger rates until some disinterested parties formed the commission to investigate and give good cause for so doing. He suggested that the commission be appointed to make a thorough investigation which should also include service.

The house of representatives are very anxious to close the session by March 20 and get it down in the history as the shortest session ever held regardless of what bills that may have to go unheard or unfinished. Representatives are trying to get the senate to see it the same way but they already have schedules up to the 20th.

A bill similar to the one passed in Indiana and the Suffrage bill of Illinois was introduced by Representative Charles Flowers of Detroit and if passed will allow women to vote for presidential electors and other offices not created by the state constitution.

Farmers at the Michigan Agricultural College during the farmers' week session adopted resolutions to ask the state legislature to pass a bill providing for an investigation into the producing of certain farm products such as potatoes, sugar beets and beans. They ask that a report be published.

There is a bill pending which requires railroads to move live stock at a minimum rate of 10 miles an hour.

Senator Damon's bill to compel state institutions to purchase Michigan made flour, if the prices are as low as flour sold by outside concerns, was passed on third reading.

The Gaspipe house bill to provide for making contracts for the fuel and paper by state institutions for the coming year was passed in the senate and given immediate effect. This is the second bill to be sent to Governor Sleeper.

Senator V. A. Martin, of Fruitport, has introduced a bill that will make all automobiles come to a full stop before crossing a steam or electric railroad tracks, with a fine of \$25 or 30 days in jail on failure to comply with this ruling. Railroads are also, according to the bill, to put up stop signs from 50 to 500 feet from such crossings not in the city or protected by flagmen. Horse drawn vehicles are not mentioned in the bill.

## The Proof Of The Pudding

is found in the eating of it.

Big sounding words and claims of superiority are quickly forgotten,

but actual results are long remembered.

The next time you bake, and it's cheaper to bake your bread than buy it, use

## Lily White

"The Flour The Best Cooks Use."

The results will delight you and every member of the family.

Bread baked from Lily White Flour has a delicious flavor as well as an excellent color and fine texture.

You will notice the difference.

VALLEY CITY MILLING CO.,  
Grand Rapids, Mich.

### HAVE YOU MADE YOUR WILL?

If not, it would be wise to do so, and make provision for those to whom you wish your estate to go. If for any special reason you desire a friend to serve appoint him Co-Executor and Co-Trustee with this Company. This will give your estate the benefit of our many years experience and ripe judgment. Send for blank form of will and Booklet on Descent and Distribution of Property

THE MICHIGAN TRUST CO.

Grand Rapids, Michigan.





## NINA DAY GRIFFIN

### CONTRALTO.

Vocal Instructions and Coaching  
Phone 592-E-2.

## DIAMOND DAIRY

### NORTHVILLE'S MODEL DAIRY.

Everything in a Strictly Sanitary Condition. All Milk we sell is the product of our own dairy.

Our having fresh cows at all times of the year gives you a high standard of milk at all times. It is worth a few cents a week to know what you are getting.

WE ALWAYS AIM TO PLEASE.  
G. C. BENTON, Proprietor.

## UPHOLSTERING

CALL 258-W. NOW.  
ALL UPHOLSTERING MATERIALS ARE STEADILY ADVANCING IN PRICE.

NICE LINE OF UP-TO-DATE SAMPLES TO SELECT FROM.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED RIGHT OR NO PAY.

SHOP—ROGERS ST., NORTH  
E. R. WOODWORTH  
NORTHVILLE, MICH.

## RHEUMATIC SUFFERERS

Listen to This.

I was absolutely helpless, limbs all drawn out of shape, given two days to live by a consultation of doctors, when I hit upon this external remedy which has cured me. I will gladly send to any sufferer a bottle sufficient for several treatments for the sum of 35 cents which only covers the medicine and postage for sending same.

BERT R. VINCENT  
Redford, Michigan.

Frank A. Lewis, Attorney, 625 Moffat Bldg., Detroit.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, In the Circuit Court for the County of Wayne, in Chancery.

Elizabeth Brown, Plaintiff  
vs.  
Herman Brown, Defendant.

No. 57,800.

Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Wayne in Chancery, on the 5th day of February A. D. 1917.

In this cause it appearing that the defendant, Herman Brown, is not a resident of this State but is a resident of the State of Ohio, therefore, on motion of Frank A. Lewis, attorney for said plaintiff, it is ordered that said defendant enter his appearance in said cause on or before three months from the date of this order, and that within twenty days the said plaintiff cause this order to be published in the Northville Record, a newspaper published in Wayne county, said publication to continue once each week for six weeks in succession.

(A true copy).

ALFRED J. MURPHY,  
Circuit Judge.

JOHN D. LESNAU,  
Deputy Clerk. 31-37.

FRANK A. LEWIS,  
Attorney for Plaintiff.

M. E. Tripp, Attorney, 1626 Penobscot Bldg., Detroit.

STATE OF MICHIGAN. In the Circuit Court for the County of Wayne, in Chancery. No. 57,833.

Edith E. Fisher, complainant.

Julius W. Fisher, defendant.

At a session of the said court held at the Court house in the City of Detroit, on the 10th day of March A. D. 1917.

Present, the Honorable George S. Hosmer, Circuit Judge.

It appearing to said court from the affidavit now on file, that the residence of the said defendant, Julius W. Fisher, is unknown and that it is not known in what state or county he now is; on motion of M. E. Tripp, plaintiff's attorney, it is ordered that the said defendant, Julius W. Fisher, cause his appearance to be entered herein within three months from the date hereof and that, in case of his appearance, that he cause his answer to be filed and a copy thereof served on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after service on him of a copy of the bill of complaint and this order or that said bill of complaint be taken as confessed against him; That this order be published as required by law in the Northville Record, a newspaper published and circulating in this state.

GEORGE S. HOSMER,  
Circuit Judge.

A true copy.  
W. J. McKay, Clerk. 34-40.

DETROIT NEWS ADS.

Detroit News Liner Ads received at the Northville Record Office.

## Perfect Confidence

Northville People Have Good Reason for Complete Reliance.

Do you know how—  
To find relief from backache;  
To correct distressing urinary ills;  
To assist weak kidneys?  
Your neighbors know the way—  
Have used Doan's Kidney Pills—  
Have proved their worth in many tests.

Here's Northville testimony:  
F. F. Benson, machinist, 124 Center St., Northville, says: "I can conscientiously recommend Doan's Kidney Pills as a medicine of merit. About twice a year, I take a few boxes of this medicine which keeps my kidneys in good shape. For rheumatic pains, I find Doan's Kidney Pills very beneficial, for they remove the uric acid poison from my body."

Price 50¢ at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Benson uses. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y. Adv. 47.

## Northville Newslets.

The local Foresters are to give their 15th annual ball next Friday evening, March 30, in Princess Rink.

Edward Sessions has bought the Matt Green residence on Main street and will occupy it after the first of April.

The decorations of our new school building are both beautiful and appropriate, but the most beautiful and appropriate of them all is Old Glory floating high over all the rest.

Mrs. C. E. Ryder who was operated on for the removal of her tonsils a few days ago at the home of friends in Ypsilanti, is improving very satisfactorily. She was able to return home Wednesday.

In her sheltered nest, among the hills Northville suffered no particular damage while the 60 mile gale was raging over the country, endangering shipping on the lakes, crippling the street car and railroad service in various places and doing much minor mischief.

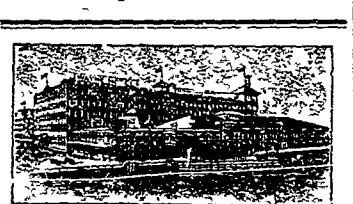
A large number of men of the Presbyterian church at Royal Oak gathered at the church Friday evening for a "get-together" banquet. Plans were made to form a brotherhood. The new minister, Rev. J. E. Webber, lately of Northville, was present. Pontiac Press Gazette.

Plymouth Presbyterians, also, have to lose their well-beloved young pastor Rev. B. F. Farber, who has been in charge of the church of that denomination there for the past six and one-half years, has accepted a call to the assistant pastorate of the North Woodward avenue Presbyterian church, Detroit. This is a flattering promotion for Mr. Farber but a very sad loss to his Plymouth parishioners.

Mrs. George Groth gave a miscellaneous shower last week Wednesday for her sister, Mrs. Vera James Schaufele, which was a very pleasing affair to all concerned. About 20 guests attended from Plymouth, Farmington and Northville and many useful and pretty gifts were presented the bride of a few weeks. The floral decorations were sweet peas and ferns and the light refreshments served were in pink and white to correspond.

Friends of the Record are one more reminded that news intended for publication must reach this office before Thursday afternoon, as the paper goes to press during the afternoon of that day. Very often interesting items come in too late for insertion in the current issue and cannot always be used the following week because of being too much out of date. We are very glad to receive items of local interest, but please get them to us as early in the week as possible.

Thomas Thompson is now making a very satisfactory recovery, after the latest amputation operation on one of his limbs. The trouble was caused by gangrene in the foot and a third amputation, the last time above the knee, was necessary before the progress of the disease could be checked. As Mr. Thompson is well advanced in years, he is greatly to be congratulated on his grit and determination in



THE NEW \$100,000 WAYNE MINERAL BATH HOUSE  
DETROIT (Third and Jefferson Aves.) MICH.

Completely equipped for giving every approved form of hydrotherapeutic treatment for Rheumatism, Blood Disorders, Nervous Troubles, Dyspepsia, Constipation, etc. The Sulpho-Saline water is not excelled in therapeutic value by any spring in America or Europe.

WAYNE HOTEL AND GARDENS  
In connection, delightfully located on river front, adjacent to D. & C. War Co. Wharf. The coolest spot in Detroit. European plan, \$1.00 per day and up.  
J. R. Hayes, Prop. F. H. Hayes, Asst. Mgr.

so serious a fight for health. Mr. Thompson purchased a home on Main street last year.

Ada Pickell, a sister, was named administrator of the estate of the late Herbert Pickell, Durand merchant, who met death a few weeks ago when the auto he was driving was struck by a train. The estate is valued at \$12,000 and will go to the aged parents of the deceased. They are residents of Northville. Mr. Pickell was the man who died from his injuries at Dr. Wright's office in January. Penton Independent.

Guy Filkins was given a pleasing surprise by the members of his choir at the Preston M. E. church, Detroit, at the conclusion of rehearsal last week, as a reminder of his 27th birthday. He was ushered into one of the rooms of the building where he found awaiting him a birthday cake with 27 candles, also ice cream accompaniment thereto. After a period of kindly "rough-house," Mr. Filkins was presented with a collection of 27 new dimes, besides many congratulations and good wishes.

The following from a current publication will be of much interest to readers of the Record, especially those who are patrons of the local library: "As a means of determining to what extent books carry disease germs, bacteriologists of John Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md., recently made tests on a number of books taken from homes in which diphtheria had existed and also on other books which had circulated in homes where the sanitary conditions were known to be bad. In no instance, it is said, could any disease germs be isolated from the books. All the bacteria collected from them were of the kind ordinarily found in the air.

According to an act passed recently by congress, anyone in the District of Columbia who mutilates the stars and stripes or desecrates the national emblem in any way or uses pictures of it on goods of any kind for advertising purposes is guilty of a misdemeanor, and liable to heavy punishment. Since the passage of the act several violations have been noted, one being that of a candy box with a flag on its lid. Several other cases in which favors decorated with Old Glory have been given out at banquets and parties in the District announce that the law must be observed or drastic measures will be taken to enforce it. Pathfinder.

Price of Love.  
Prospective jurors in bench 4 promise suits may be interested in this "personal" from the London Press: "Mary—Waited three hours, appointed spot until questioned, suspicious policeman. If I pay price of love, it is too late to pay for me to pay Forewell. P."

First Lithograph.  
The first successful example of the lithographic art was produced 120 years ago by Alois Senefelder, a Bavarian, who produced a piece of music printed by this process.

## When the Tigers Play in Detroit.

Following is the 1917 schedule of the Tigers for Detroit games and the names of the teams with whom they play:

April 11, 12, 13, 14—with Cleveland.  
April 15, 16, 17, 18—with Chicago.  
April 24, 25, 26, 27—with St. Louis.  
May 5, 6, 7, 8—with Cleveland.  
May 10, 11, 12, 13—with Boston.  
May 14, 15, 16, 17—with Washington.  
May 18, 19, 20, 21—with New York.  
May 23, 24, 25, 26, 27—with Athletics.  
June 21, 22, 23, 24—with St. Louis.  
June 3, 4, 5, 6—with Chicago.  
July 7, 8, 9, 10—with Washington.  
July 11, 12, 13, 14—with Boston.  
July 15, 16, 17, 18—with Athletics.  
July 19, 20, 21, 22—with New York.  
Aug. 12, 13, 14—with St. Louis.  
Aug. 17, 18, 19—with Washington.  
Aug. 20, 21, 22—with New York.  
Aug. 23, 24, 25—with Athletics.  
Aug. 26, 27, 28—with Boston.  
Sept. 11, 12—with Cleveland.  
Sept. 14, 15—with Chicago.  
Sept. 18, 19—with Cleveland.

## Rupture Expert Here.

Seeley, who Has Supplied U. S. Army and Navy, Called to Detroit.

F. H. Seeley of Chicago and Philadelphia, the noted crass expert, will be at the Pontchartrain Hotel and will remain in Detroit this Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, March 26 to 29, inclusive. Mr. Seeley says: "The Spermatic Shield as supplied to the United States Government will not only retain any case of rupture perfectly, but contracts the opening in 10 days on the average case. This instrument received the only reward in England and in Spain, producing results without surgery, injections, medical treatments or prescriptions. Mr. Seeley has documents from the United States Government, Washington, D. C., for inspection. All charity cases without charge, or if any interested call, he will be glad to show same without charge or if them if desired. Business demands prevent stopping at any other place in this section.

P. S.—Every statement in this notice has been verified before the Federal and State Courts.—F. H. Seeley.

## GET TOGETHER FOR PERMANENT PROSPERITY.

Every man and woman engaged in American factories, mills and mines, whether they know English or speak it, are naturalized or intend to become citizens, have a direct interest in maintaining industrial prosperity. When times are good, all workers should not only be thrifty in habit and lay up a little something for possible rainy days, but they should do all they can to keep the good times with us.

Simply because your language is different from that of the foreman, overseer, superintendent, manager or owner of the plant in which you earn a living, is no excuse for misunderstanding your own common interest in prosperity by hating your partner in your own industry or listening to and following the gospel of dissension and violence which selfish agitators so often preach.

Do not blindly follow the man who tells you how hard your lot is. Often he is doing so untruthfully and for the purpose of getting you to contribute membership money for his own support in idleness. Agitators get rich by preying on the men in American industry, whom they urge into unlawful or harmful acts by misrepresenting conditions or holding out foolish and false promises of better things if they follow their orders. You know conditions yourself, and you know or ought to know that the man or men whom the agitator who pictures your employer as an inhuman driving machine is actually a partner with you, interested in having the plant or industry successful.

The more successful your plant or industry becomes, the more room for you to grow with it there will be. It should be your feeling, then, that you will not do as little as you may find it convenient to do, but to do just as much as you possibly can do, and then reasonably expect to share in the rewards that always come to the efficient worker.

Do not be a clock watcher in the factories. Those who wait for hours to strike or whistles to blow and "soldier" at the bench, machine or in the office, never get ahead in the ranks of industry. They never get any more pay because they are not worth any more, and often are worth less than they get. Remember the old adage that a man who never does any more or as much as he gets paid for, never gets paid for any more than he does.—Industrial Conservation, N. Y.

## PUTTING BUSINESS RIGHT WITH THE PUBLIC.

A few years ago some big industrial organizations and certain railroads employed business tactics which, according to the popular idea, would make the financial adventures of Pizarro, Morgan or Captain Kidd look as amateurish as the verbal exploits of Bobby Make-Believe.

All are more or less acquainted with the details. We will concede that there were some glaring abuses, but the public when it came to apply a remedy ignored the fact that these were peculiar to comparatively few institutions and instead of tackling the trouble where it lay furiously assailed everything classifiable as business—the trust magnate, the independent manufacturer ready and anxious to obey the law, the small retailer, a law abiding and useful citizen—the innocent and the guilty suffering alike. Seemingly the law was invoked not to regulate, but to persecute.

There could be but one result. Business was demoralized, and the whole country has felt the evil effects. Now the public is beginning to realize its error and in a rather grudging way is making some concessions.

Business is being permitted to speak for itself, and a movement has been instituted by the leading business men of the country under the title of the National Industrial Conservation Movement for the purpose of repairing the damage that has been done. Nothing revolutionary is contemplated. The plan is simply to educate the public by taking it into the business man's confidence. Meetings will be held in various trade and industrial centers. All classes of citizens will be invited. The purpose of these meetings is to give the public a new and correct viewpoint as to the effects of drastic legislation and restriction of business on the prosperity of the country. Every effort will be made to give the public a clear view of the problems and difficulties which beset business.

Special favors are not sought through these meetings, only fair play. It is believed that once the citizen grasps the situation his whole attitude toward business will change and that he will readily co-operate toward bringing about better conditions.

Commercial and other civic organizations and the local press are already showing great interest in this movement, and it is reasonable to believe that much good will come from it.—Industrial Conservation, N. Y.

## Common Capitalists.

Every man or woman who possesses a dollar or owns a set of tools is a capitalist. People generally make the mistake of thinking that the only form of capital in existence is the national currency—the dollar, franc, ruble, mark, lire or pound sterling. Yet everybody knows that many a successful business man's only original capital was brains, knowledge, ability, determination or ingenuity. It would be well for more people to recognize this truth before abetting, either by action or attitude, ceaseless efforts on the part of some political or other self seekers, to hobble business men and industrial development. Such is the spirit of industrial patriotism which is needed in America.—Industrial Conservation, New York.

IN THIS SPACE, SOME OF HIS FRIENDS AGAIN REMIND YOU OF A CIVIC DUTY TO VOTE.

FOR

## GEORGE P. CODD

FOR RE-ELECTION AS

## CIRCUIT JUDGE

His Record is Our Recommendation, and We Believe Wayne County Should Retain His Services.

Every Citizen Should Vote on Monday, April 2nd.

FORMER PRICE means FORMER STYLE!

Why, the "sale" stores themselves blantly say that their "sales" are held for the purpose of clearance to make room for New styles. In other words, they expect you to buy their former-style clothes merely because they want to get rid of them! Why take chances on "bargains" when

## MABLEY SUITS AND OVERCOATS

give maximum Style plus extra Value at

\$10.00 \$20.00 \$25.00

## JOHN D. MABLEY

Mabley's Corner DETROIT Grand River and Griswold.  
Best \$10 and \$15 Men's Suits in the World.

We own and Offer, Subject to Prior Sale:

## \$12,000 TOWNSHIPS OF NORTHVILLE, WAYNE COUNTY and NOVI, OAKLAND COUNTY, MICHIGAN, School District No. 2, Fractional, 4 1/2 per cent School Bonds.

Dated December 15, 1916. Due April 1, 1931.

These Bonds are a direct and General Obligation of the Entire School District, including the Village of Northville.

TAX EXEMPT IN MICHIGAN AND FREE FROM FEDERAL INCOME TAX.

Price 105.40 and Interest, to yield 4 per cent.

We also have a Carefully Selected List of Municipal and Corporation Bonds and will be pleased to send descriptive offerings upon request.

## WATLING, LERCHEN & CO.

### INVESTMENT BANKERS

56 West Congress St., DETROIT.

FOR RE-ELECTION

## CIRCUIT JUDGE HALLY

HIS RECORD AND EXPERIENCE COMMEND HIM.

FIND HIS NAME IN THE DEMOCRATIC COLUMN

JUDGE P. J. M. HALLY

## VAUDEVILLE

When visiting Detroit don't fail to see the finest Vaudeville Theatre in the world

## TEMPLE THEATRE.

Two Performances Daily  
3:15 and 8:15 p. m.

Splendid Seats at 10-20-25c

DETROIT NEWS ADS.

Detroit News Liner Ads received at the Northville Record Office.

#### PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

**DR. T. H. TURNER, HOMEOPATHIC**  
Physician and Surgeon. Office north  
west of Park House on Main street.  
Office hours 1:00 to 3:00 and 6:00 to 8:00  
p. m. Telephone.

**DR. T. B. HENRY, PHYSICIAN AND**  
Surgeon. Office in Lapham State  
Bank Building, corner Main and Cen-  
ter streets. Office hours: 8:00 to  
9:00 a. m. and 1:00 to 2:30 p. m. and  
6:00 to 7:30 p. m. Phone No. 1.

#### THE RIGHT SOAP

A good Toilet Soap  
doesn't wash beauty  
away—it preserves it.  
Self-preservation is  
best understood with  
the choice Soap which  
we sell. Your kind  
always.

**T. E. Murdock**  
NORTHVILLE, MICHIGAN

#### FLOWERS

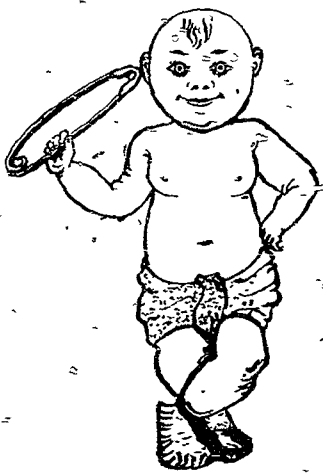
IF YOU ARE THINKING OF  
FLOWERS, PLEASE REMEM-  
BER DIXON AND PHONE 140 J,  
OR CALL IN PERSON.

**NORTHVILLE GREENHOUSE**  
J. M. DIXON, Prop. Phone

**FORD AGENCY**  
NORTHVILLE, MICHIGAN.  
Ford Touring Cars \$360  
Ford Runabouts, \$345  
Ford Chassis, \$325

**SPENCER J. HEENEY**  
PIANO  
TEACHER.  
Phone 50-J. NORTHVILLE.  
STUDENT OF MR. YORK.

**CLEANING & PRESSING**  
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.  
WORK CALLED FOR & DELIVERED  
-CHARLES FREYDL-  
NORTHVILLE, MICHIGAN.



"SAFETY FIRST."

**We are Still Doing Business**  
at the Old Stand Across from the  
Post-office

3 Floors, Basement and  
Store Room Full of Fur-  
niture. Floor Coverings  
of All Kinds.

Larger Assortment of Room-Sized  
Rugs than Ever.

Always Pleased to Show Goods.

**SCHRADER BROTHERS**  
NORTHVILLE, MICHIGAN.

#### Northville Newslets.

Township registration tomorrow.

Milford schools have 87 non-resi-  
dent pupils.

Mrs. Lester Stage has been seriously  
sick with erysipelas.

Azel Woodmansee is among those  
reported ill this week.

Spencer Clark is one of the nume-  
rous victims of rheumatism.

Mrs. F. A. Brass has been seriously  
sick during the past few days.

Mrs. A. L. Stanley is in Harper  
hospital, Detroit, for treatment.

The W. C. T. U. ladies are to hold a  
bake sale in Huff's store Saturday,  
March 24.

Catholic services will be held in  
Scott's hall next Sunday morning at  
eight o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Johnson are  
now settled in the Dr. Burgess resi-  
dence on Main street.

Mrs. J. W. Kator is recovering from  
her long and serious illness and is  
now able to sit up a part of the time.

Mr. and Mrs. John Walker have  
moved from the Kate Yerkes house of  
Wing street to the house on Dunlap  
street belonging to Mrs. Angie Smith.

The Baptist church at Elsie, Mich.,  
has asked Rev. E. A. Brass of this  
place to consider a call to its pastorate.  
Mr. Brass has not yet decided to accept.

Plymouth Methodists and their  
friends closed their first week's cam-  
paign for \$10,000 to complete their  
building fund, with a total secured  
of a third of the required amount.

Do not miss hearing Miss Patterson  
next Sunday morning in the Presby-  
terian church if you want to learn  
some surprising facts concerning the  
hold already attained in Detroit by  
Norman missionaries.

Mr. and Mrs. Mathew Green, who  
have sold their residence property  
here, will return to their Farmington  
home next month. Northville people  
will be sorry to lose Mr. and Mrs.  
Green as members of the community.

Everything is ready for the big  
social event of the season, the K. P.  
barn dance in the Princess Rink. Get  
the chores done early so as to be on  
hand for the grand march. Overalls  
will be the correct thing in dress  
suits for this occasion.

Remember that Richmond P. Holson  
one of America's favorite heroes and  
an orator of national reputation.

Remember the date of the Millinery  
opening at Miss Little's Saturday,  
March 24.

**ANNOUNCEMENT.**  
Miss Zoë Little, successor to Mrs.  
Georgia Tinham, announces her spring  
millinery opening for Saturday, March  
24. All the ladies of Northville and  
vicinity are cordially invited.

speaks this Friday evening in the new  
school auditorium. No admission fee  
is required.

Mr. and Mrs. Mark Seely entered  
the Main 500 club at six o'clock  
dinner Wednesday night.

George Mosher is suffering with a  
broken wrist as the result of an un-  
successful attempt to crank an auto-  
mobile.

Samuel Kleiman and family from  
Detroit have moved into the Henry  
Van Sickle house on south Center  
street.

Roy Cowles and family, who had  
been living in the Randolph house  
near the Library, have moved to  
Battie Creek this week.

The household goods of Mr. and Mrs.  
Webber were removed to Royal Oak  
Tuesday, a house having been secured  
there for them sooner than had been  
expected.

A new cream separator of 3200 lb.  
capacity has just been installed in the  
Northville condensery by F. W. Cook,  
agent for the Sharples Separator Co.  
of Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Taft are to be  
hosts of the Twin Six club at six  
o'clock dinner this Friday evening,  
and later the club members will at-  
tend the K. P. barn dance.

Mr. and Mrs. Wakefield, who have  
had charge of the D. U. R. waiting  
room and restaurant for some time  
past, have moved to Plymouth. The  
successors are Mr. and Mrs. F. Kies  
from Pontiac. Mrs. Kies is a daugh-  
ter of the Wakefields.

Jud Clark, whose foot was so fright-  
fully burned by melted iron at the  
foundry several weeks ago, is able to  
be about the streets with crutches,  
although the injured foot is still  
swathed in bandages and carried in a  
sling to prevent it from hanging down.

What might have been a very  
serious fire was narrowly averted  
early Saturday evening by the prompt  
action of two of our Northville boys.  
The young men, while on the street,  
discovered a glaring light in the  
Cattermole hall and on hastily in-  
vestigating found that the oil in one  
of the small stoves used for heating  
had in some way caught fire and the  
flame had ignited one of the many  
chairs standing near. After turning  
in an alarm, the boys did not wait an  
instant for help but one, at the ex-  
pense of burned fingers, carried the  
chair out of doors while the other se-  
cured a fire extinguisher from the  
Record building and succeeded in  
putting out the fiercely blazing oil,  
although the room was already filled  
with dense smoke. The young men  
have received many congratulations on  
their presence of mind, which was un-  
dered fortunate, as no response came  
to the fire alarm turned in, and a  
few minutes more it would have been  
too late to prevent serious damage.

**Northville School Notes.**  
Eliza Murdock is absent from the  
Eighth grade this week.  
The Kindergarten children are en-  
joying their new home very much.  
Ruth Sharp and Jasette Cascarelli  
re-entered the Kindergarten this week.  
The Seventh graders are hard at  
work on penmanship now that they  
have a place to have it.  
The boys and girls of the Third  
grade are very enthusiastic over the  
new building.  
Inez Chrysler, Alvin Tashka, Leona  
Moffit and Evert Long entered the  
Kindergarten this week.  
Expressions heard in halls, etc.:  
"Isn't it fine?" "Who could bear  
to mar such walls?" "Aren't the  
rules horrible?"  
From the third to the seventh  
grades inclusive the children are pre-  
paring a bird program for March 30.  
They are also making bird houses.

**ADVERTISED LETTERS.**  
C. Green.  
J. Z. Allen.  
W. H. Peterson.  
Miss Inez Smith.  
Harry C. Miller.  
James K. Lowden.

**CHRISTIAN SCIENCE SOCIETY.**  
Christian Science service in the  
Ladies Library Sunday morning at  
10:45 o'clock.

Dancing Saturday evenings in Cat-  
termole hall. Good Music. Good  
Floor. Good Singer. Spectators  
FREE.

Sale on Children's dresses, 1-4 off  
from 35c to \$1.00. E. WHITE.

**ANNOUNCEMENT.**  
Mrs. Belle McCully announces that  
her spring millinery opening will be  
on Saturday, March 24, and extends  
a cordial invitation to all the ladies  
of Northville and vicinity to be  
present.

**KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.**  
Second and Fourth Tuesdays  
meeting nights.  
F. B. SHAFER, K. of R. & S.  
S. W. McLEAN, C. C.

**FORESTERS OF AMERICA.**  
Regular Meetings:  
Wednesday, March 28:  
A. J. SIMMONS, E. A. SCHULTZ,  
Secy. C. R.

**NORTHVILLE LODGE NO. 186, F. & A. M.**  
Spcl Mar. 26 Work 1st

**UNION CHAPTER NO. 55**  
R. A. M.  
Spcl March 28

**NORTHVILLE**  
COMMANDERY NO. 39 R. T.  
Regular April 3

**ORIENT CHAPTER NO. 77**  
O. E. S.  
Regular April 20

#### Features at the New Alseum Theatre.

Anna Held in "Madam the Presi-  
dent" is to be the feature at the  
Alseum next Thursday night. This  
is the only chance to see this famous  
actress in a picture play, as she only  
appears in this film for the Paramount  
producers.

**CARD OF THANKS.**  
I wish to express my sincere thanks  
and appreciation to the Kings' Daugh-  
ters, the Ladies' aid of the Methodist  
church and friends for the beautiful  
flowers and their many kindly acts  
during my recent illness.  
THOMAS THOMPSON, Sr.

**CARD OF THANKS.**  
Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Vradenburg and  
Mr. and Mrs. Albert Vradenburg ex-  
tend sincere thanks to the Kings  
Daughters and other friends for flow-  
ers sent to our little daughter and  
granddaughter, and especially we wish  
to thank Mr. and Mrs. Horace Green  
for many acts of kindness during our  
quarantine.

Millinery opening at Miss Little's  
successor to Mrs. Georgia Tinham  
March 24.

Dancing Saturday evenings in Cat-  
termole Hall. Good Music. Good  
Floor. Good Singer. Spectators  
FREE.

#### LAPHAM STATE SAVINGS BANK

NORTHVILLE, MICH.

at the close of business March 5, 1917.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and Discounts,	\$173,681.63
Bonds, Mortgages and	
Securities,	238,961.28
Overdrafts,	None.
Banking House,	12,450.00
Furniture and Fixtures,	2,700.00
Due from Banks in Reserve	
Cities,	\$1,967.40
Cash and Cash Items,	\$3,855.51
Total,	\$543,615.82

LIABILITIES:	
Capital Stock,	\$25,000.00
Undivided Profits,	3,555.90
Surplus Fund,	7,000.00
Reserved for Taxes and	
Interest,	1,000.00
Deposits—	
Commercial, \$218,355.44	
Savings, 288,231.48	\$506,586.92
Total,	\$543,615.82

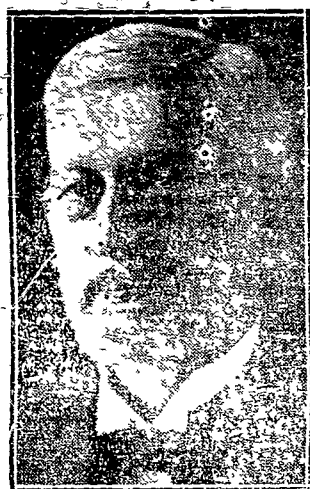
**BOARD OF DIRECTORS:** F. S. Harmon, President.  
F. S. Harmon, R. Christensen, R. Christensen, Vice-President.  
F. E. Bradley, Frank S. Neal, F. S. Neal, Vice-President.  
M. N. Johnson, F. G. Terrill, E. H. Lapham, Cashier.  
E. H. Lapham, Asst. Cashier.

Interest on Savings Deposits for the Full Time.

#### FOR RE-ELECTION

**CIRCUIT  
JUDGE  
HOSMER**

Born in Detroit 1855.  
Graduated Michigan Uni-  
versity 1875. Elected in  
1887 Judge Circuit Court.  
On bench since then.



JUDGE GEORGE S. HOSMER

Look for Name in Democratic Column

## Doc Says== HERE COMES THE BIG NOISE. Easter Neckwear

Absolutely the Largest, and Most Complete Easter Line Ever Shown in  
Northville. Following are a few of the good things

**PERSIAN MOTIF LINE**—Embraces many Beautiful, Exclusive and Novel  
Patterns.

**MALBY SHAPES**—This Line embraces hundreds of Novelty Weaves and  
Patterns.

**THE REGAL**—Practical, Full Shape, Made up in Large Variety of Fancy  
and Staple Silks.

**THE REGALTA**—Made from Satin and Twill Fabric.

**HOSIERY**—For thirty years "Black Cat" Hosiery has led the world in  
honestly-made Quality Footwear. What is more sensible for Easter  
than a 1-2 dozen Pairs of Black Cat Hose.

Silk Hosiery—in all colors.

**GLOVES**—Here is where we are strong. In colors, Gray and Tans; in  
material, Suede, Silk Lined and Unlined; Tan and Gray Cape Stock.  
The Cape Stock makes one of the finest Street Gloves a Gentleman  
can wear.

Then if you want a Driver, we will show you a Gray Sahara, Cashmere  
Lined, that makes a cold day look like 90 in the shade.

Stephenson Underwear Mills Underwear.  
Cluett Peabody's Fancy Shirts.  
Sweaters, Hand Bags and Suit Cases.

AND THE BEST LINE OF

**READY-TO-WEAR CLOTHING**

IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY.

GIVE US A LOOK.

**WM. GORTON**

NORTHVILLE.

MICHIGAN.



# HEPSEY BURKE

A Sister to David Harum

By F. N. WESTCOTT,  
Brother to the Man  
Who Wrote the  
Original.

Copyrighted By  
The H. K. Fly Company.

## CHAPTER XXI Uninvited Guests

A few nights later when Maxwell returned from his work he found Mrs. Burke sitting on the platform of the tent with Mrs. Betty, and having washed, and changed his clothes, he persuaded their visitor to stay to supper. After supper was over they sat out doors, chatting of Maxwell's amusing experiences.

They had not been sitting long when their attention was attracted by a noise up the street, and going to the fence they saw a horse, over which the driver evidently had lost control, galloping towards them, with a buggy which was swerving from side to side under the momentum of its terrific speed.

Maxwell rushed into the middle of the street to see if he could be of any assistance in stopping the horse and preventing a catastrophe; but before he could get near enough to be of any service the animal suddenly shied, the buggy gave a final lurch, overturned, and was thrown violently against a telegraph pole. The horse, freed, dashed on, dragging the shafts and part of the harness. The occupant of the buggy had been thrown out against the telegraph pole with considerable force, knocked senseless, and lay in the gutter, stained with blood and dirt. Mrs. Burke and Betty lifted the body of the buggy, while Maxwell pulled out from under it the senseless form of a man, and when they had turned him over and wiped the blood from his face, they discovered, to their utter amazement, that the victim was no less a personage than the Senior Warden, Sylvester Bascom.

Of course there was nothing to be done but carry him as best they could into the tent, and lay him on a lounge. Maxwell ran hastily for a doctor, while Hepsy and Mrs. Betty applied restoratives, washed the face of the injured man, and bound up as best they could what appeared to be a serious wound on one wrist, and another on the side of his head. The doctor responded promptly, and after a thorough examination announced that Bascom was seriously hurt, and that at present it would be dangerous to remove him. So Mrs. Betty and her guest removed Maxwell's personal belongings, and improvised a bed in the front room of the tent, into which Bascom was lifted with the greatest care. Having done what he could, the doctor departed promising to return soon.

In about twenty minutes there were signs of returning consciousness, and for some time Bascom looked about him in a dazed way, and groaned with pain. Mrs. Burke decided at once to remain all night with Mrs. Betty, and assist in caring for the warden until Virginia could arrive and assume charge of the case. After about an hour, Bascom seemed to be fully conscious as he gazed from one face to another, and looked wonderingly at the canvas tent in which he found himself. Mrs. Burke bent over him and inquired:

"Are you in much pain, Mr. Bascom?"

For a moment the Senior Warden made no answer; then in a hoarse whisper he inquired:

"Where am I? What has happened?"

"Well, you see, something frightened your horse, and your buggy was overturned, and you were thrown against a telegraph pole and injured more or less. We picked you up and brought you in here, cleaned you up, and tried to make you as comfortable as possible. The doctor has been here and looked you over, and will return in a few minutes."

"Am I seriously injured?"

"You have two bad wounds and have evidently lost a good deal of blood; but don't worry. Mrs. Betty and I and the rest of us will take good care of you and do all we can until Virginia is able to take you home again."

"Where am I?"

A curious expression of mild triumph and amusement played across Mrs. Burke's face as she replied:

"You are in Donald Maxwell's tent. This was the nearest place where we could bring you at the time of the accident."

For a moment a vestige of color appeared in Bascom's face, and he whispered hoarsely:

"Why didn't you take me home?"

"Well, we were afraid to move you until the doctor had examined you thoroughly."

The patient closed his eyes wearily. It was evident that he was growing weaker, and just as the doctor returned, he again lapsed into unconsciousness. The doctor felt of Bascom's pulse, and sent Maxwell hastily for

Doctor Field for consultation. For fifteen minutes the doctors were alone in Bascom's room, and then Doctor Field called Maxwell in and quietly informed Maxwell that the warden had lost so much blood from the wound in the wrist that there was danger of immediate collapse unless they resorted to extreme measures, and bled some one to supply the patient. To this Maxwell instantly replied:

"I am strong and well. There is no reason why you should hesitate for a moment. Send for your instruments at once; but my wife must know nothing of it until it is all over with. Tell Mrs. Burke to take her over to Thunder Cliff for an hour or two, on the pretext of getting some bedding. Yes, I insist on having my own way, and as you say, there is no time to be lost."

Doctor Field took Mrs. Burke aside, and the women immediately departed for Thunder Cliff. The necessary instruments were brought, and then the three men entered the sick room.

In about twenty minutes Maxwell came out of the invalid's room, assisted by Doctor Field, and stretched himself on the bed.

Bascom's color began slowly to return; his pulse quickened, and Dr. Field remarked to his colleague:

"Well, I think the old chap is going to pull through after all, but it was a mighty close squeak."

Meanwhile the messenger who had been sent out to Willow Bluff to apprise Virginia of her father's accident, returned with the information that Virginia had left the day before, to stay with friends, and could not possibly get home till next day. It was decided to telegraph for her; and in the meantime the doctors advised that Mr. Bascom be left quietly in his bed at the new rectory, and be moved home next day, after having recovered some of his lost strength. Mrs. Betty and Mrs. Burke took turns in watching by the invalid that night, and it might have been observed that his eyes remained closed, even when he did not sleep, while Mrs. Burke was in attendance, but that he watched Mrs. Betty with keen curiosity and wonder, from between half closed lids, as she sat at the foot of his bed sewing, or moved about noiselessly preparing the nourishment prescribed for him by the doctors, and which the old gentleman took from her with unusual gentleness and patience.

It was Mrs. Burke who having learned of the time when Virginia was expected to return home, drove out to Willow Bluff with Mr. Bascom, and assisted in making him comfortable there before his daughter's arrival. He volunteered no word on their way thither, but lay back among his cushions and pillows, with closed eyes, pale and exhausted, though the doctors assured the Maxwells that there was no cause for anxiety on the score of his removal, when they urged that he be left in their care until he had recovered more strength.

It was a white and scared Virginia who listened to Hepsy's account of all that had happened—an account which neither over-stated the Bascoms' debt to the Maxwells nor spared Virginia's guilty conscience. When she found that her father had been the guest of the Maxwells, and that they had played the part of good Samaritans to him in the tent in which the Senior Warden had obliged them to take refuge, she was thoroughly mortified, and there was a struggle between false pride and proper gratitude.

"It is very awkward, is it not, Mrs. Burke?" she said. "I ought certainly to go on Mrs. Maxwell and thank her—but under the circumstances—"

"What circumstances?" asked Hepsy.

"Well, you know, it will be very embarrassing for me to go to Mr. Maxwell's tent after what has happened between him and my father."

"I'm not sure that I catch on, Virginia. Which happened? Do you mean? Your father's cold blooded ejection of the Maxwells from their house, or Mr. Maxwell's warm blooded sacrifice to save your father's life? Perhaps it is a bit embarrassing, as you call it, to thank a man for giving his blood to save your father's."

"It is a more personal matter than that," replied Virginia, gazing dramatically out of the window. "You don't quite seem to appreciate the delicacy of the situation, Mrs. Burke."

"No, I'm blessed if I do. But then you know I'm very stupid about these things, Virginia. Fact is, I'm just stupid enough to imagine—no, I mean think—that it would be the most natural thing in the world to go straight to the Maxwells and thank 'em for all they've done for your father in taking him in and giving him the kind of care that money can't buy. There's special reasons that I needn't mention why you should say thank you and say it right."

Virginia examined the toe of her foot for some time in silence and then began:

"But you don't understand the situation Mrs. Burke."

"Virginia if you don't stop that kind of thing, I shall certainly send for the police. Are you looking for a situation? If you have got anything to say, say it."

"Well to be frank with you, Mrs. Burke, I must confess that at one time Mr. Maxwell and I were supposed to be very good friends."

"Naturally. You ought to be good friends with your rector. I don't see anything tragic about that."

"But we were something more than friends."

"Who told you? You can't believe all you hear in a town like this. Maybe some one was fooling you."

"I ought to know what I am talking about. He accepted our hospitality at Willow Bluff, and was so attentive that people began to make remarks."

"Well, people have been making remarks ever since. Eve told Adam to put his apron on for dinner. Any fool can make remarks, and the biggest fool is the one who cares. Are you sure that you didn't make any remarks yourself, Virginia?"

Virginia instantly bridled, and looked the picture of injured innocence. "Certainly not!" she retorted. "Do you think that I would talk about such a delicate matter before others?"

"Oh no; I suppose not. But you could look wise and foolish at the same time when Maxwell's name was mentioned, with a coy and kittenish air which would suggest more than ten volumes of Mary Jane Holmes."

"You are not very sympathetic, Mrs. Burke, when I am in deep trouble. I want your help, not ridicule and abuse."

"Well, I am sorry for you, Virginia, in more ways than one. But really I'd like to know what reason you have to think that Donald Maxwell was ever in love with you; I suppose that's what you mean."

Virginia blushed deeply, as became a gentle maiden of her tender years, and replied:

"Oh, it is not a question of things which one can easily define. Love is a vocal without words you know."

"Hm! You don't mean that he made love to you and proposed to you through a phonograph? You know I had some sort of idea that love that was all wool, and a yard wide, and meant business, usually got vocal at times."

"But Mr. Maxwell and I were thrown together in such an intimate way in parish work, you know."

"Which did the throwing?"

"You don't for one moment suppose that I would intrude myself, or press myself on his attention, do you?"

"Oh, gracious no! He is not the kind of a man to be easily impressed. He may have seen a girl or two before he met you; of course I mean just incidentally, as it were. Now, Virginia Bascom, allow me to ask you one or two plain questions: Did he ever ask you to marry him?"

"No, not in so many words."

"Did he ever give you any plain indication that he wanted to marry you? Did he ever play the mandolin under your window at midnight? Did he ever steal one of your gloves, or beg for a rose out of your bouquet, or turn the gas out when he called?"

"No, but one night he sat on the sofa with me and told me that I was a great assistance to him in his parish work, and that he felt greatly indebted to me."

"Hm! That's certainly rather pronounced isn't it? Did you call your father, or rise hastily and leave the room, or what did you do?"

"Well, of course it was not a proposal, but the way he did it was very suggestive, and calculated to give a wrong impression, especially as he had his arm on the back of the sofa behind me."

"Maybe he was making love to the sofa. Didn't you know that Donald Maxwell was engaged to be married before he ever set foot in Durford?"

"Good gracious no! What are you talking about?"

"Well, he certainly was, for keeps."

"Then he had no business to pose as a free man, if he were engaged. It is dreadful to have to lose faith in one's rector. It is next to losing faith in—"

"The milk man. Yes, I quite agree with you. But you see I don't recall that Donald Maxwell did any posing. He simply kept quiet about his own affairs—though I do think that it would have been better to let people know that he was engaged, from the start. However, he may have concluded his private affairs were his own business. I know that's very stupid; but some people will persist in doing it in spite of all you can say to 'em. Perhaps it never occurred to him that he would be expected to marry anyone living in a little sawed off settlement like this."

"There's no use abusing your native village; and"—her voice quavered on the verge of tears—"I think you are very unsympathetic." She burned her nose in her handkerchief.

Mrs. Burke gazed sternly at Virginia for a full minute and then inquired:

"Well, do you want to know why? You started with just foolishness, but you've ended up with meanness, Virginia Bascom. You've taken your revenge on people who've done you nothing but kindness. I know pretty well who it was that suggested to your father that the mortgage on the rectory should be foreclosed, and the Maxwells turned out of house and home. He's always been close fisted, but I've never known him to be dead-gly and vindictive before."

"Yes, you were behind all this wretched business—and you're sorry for it, and wish you could undo the unkindness you've done. Now I'm going to talk business—better than talk in sympathy, because it'll make you feel better when you've done what I tell you. You go and call on Mrs. Betty immediately, and tell her that you are very grateful to her husband for saving your father's life, and that money couldn't possibly pay for the things she and Mr. Maxwell did for him, and that you're everlastingly indebted to 'em both."

"But—but—" wailed the repentant Virginia, "what can I say about the tent? Pa won't go back on that—not if his life had been saved twice over."

"Never you mind about that. You do your part of the business, and leave the rest to the other fellow. You can bet your bottom dollar it won't be the Maxwells that'll raise the question of

who turned 'em out of the rectory."

"I'll go right away, before I weaken. Oh," she cried, as Hepsy put a strengthening arm about her, "I've been wrong—I know I have. However, shall I make it right again?"

When Virginia arrived at the tent and pulled the bell cord, Mrs. Betty pushed apart the curtains and greeted her with the utmost cordiality.

"Oh, Miss Tascom! I am so glad to see you. Come right in. Donald is out just now; but he will return presently, and I'm sure he will be delighted to see an old friend. This way, please. Is your father improving satisfactorily?"

This greeting was so utterly different from what she had expected, that for the moment she was silent; but when they were seated she began:

"Mrs. Maxwell, I don't know how to express my gratitude to you for all you have done for my father, I—I—"

"Then I wouldn't try, Miss Bascom. Don't give the matter a single thought. We were glad to do what we could for your father, and we made him as comfortable as we could."

Virginia's heart was quite atrophied and so with choking voice she began:

"And I'm afraid that I have not been very civil to you—in fact, I am sure that I owe you an apology."

"No, never mind. It's all right now. Suppose you take off your things, and stay to supper with us. Then we can have a real good visit, and you will see how well we tent dwellers can live!"

Virginia winced, but for some reason which she could not understand she found it quite impossible to decline the invitation.

"I'm sure you are very kind, Mrs. Maxwell; but I'm afraid I shall inconvenience you."

"Oh no, not a bit. Now will you be a real good Samaritan and help me a little, as I have no maid? You might set the table if you don't mind, and when Donald comes we shall be ready for him. This is really quite jolly," she added, bustling about, showing Virginia where to find things.

"I'm afraid," Virginia began with something like a sob in her voice, "that you are heaping coals of fire on my head."

"Oh no; not when coal is over seven dollars a ton. We couldn't afford such extravagant hospitality as that. You might arrange those carnations in the vase if you will, while I attend to the cooking. You will find the china and the silver, in that chest. I won't apologize for the primitive character of our entertainment because you see when we came down here we stored most of our things in Mrs. Burke's barn. It is awfully nice to have somebody with me; I am so much alone; you came just in time to save me from the blues."

When Mrs. Betty disappeared into the kitchen, and Virginia began the task assigned her, a very queer and not altogether pleasant sensation filled her heart. Was it remorse, or penitence, or self reproach, or indignation? She could not be absolutely sure about it, but concluded that perhaps it was a combination of all four. When Donald returned, and discovered Virginia trying to decide whether they would need two spoons or three at each plate for an instant he was too astonished to speak; but quickly regaining his easy manner, he welcomed her no less cordially than Mrs. Betty had done, remarking:

(Continued Next Week)

**NATIONAL**

Newspapers and associations from all parts of the country have denounced the men who were with "La Follette and his filibustering dozen" with many harsh terms and threats. They have been branded traitors, unpatriotic, contemptible, Kaiser men and in one instance it was suggested that Stone be honorable enough to resign before he is kicked out and from Oregon, Lane was informed that all powers would be directed to his recall as a senator.

Formation of an American academy of engineers was undertaken when Maj. Gen. Geo. Goethals named 10 or the country's foremost engineers as a nucleus for the society. The men will select 40 more, and the 50, as incorporators, will go before congress for a charter. The intention is to limit the membership to 100.

It has been reported that in the heat of Senator Stone's speech against the armed neutrality bill in the recent congress, he gave away naval secrets when he mentioned the fact that merchant ships were being equipped with light swift submarine chasers to guard them against the submarine attacks in the barred zone. The senate only recently made it a crime to publish the government's secrets.

Delegations of Tammany men will go to Havana to meet Ambassador Gerard and ascertain his ideas of plans that are on foot to make him a candidate for mayor of New York this year and Governor next.

A bill was introduced into the Illinois legislature forbidding the playing of the national anthem in any melody with a \$100 fine for disobedience.

While playing war with playmates, Earl Turner, 10, of Cass City, was shot through the lung and died an hour later at the hospital.

More than 600 flour mills in the United States are using electric power in preference to steam, gas, or even water power.



Ike Mumford of Laurel, Del., aged 96, is cutting his third set of teeth. W. H. Pickering, a Harvard scientist, has measured the candle power of a firefly's light.

Anthony Papasaidi of Boston asks a divorce because his wife hit him over the head with a rice pudding smearing his hair.

The water in the Antarctic ocean is colder than that in the Arctic ocean.

The falls of Qquozu, in South America, are 50 feet higher than Niagara, and twice as wide.

In Persia surgery is almost solely practiced by barbers who also act as dentists and bone setters.

At Stony Brook, L. I., there is still in use a house that was built in 1865.

The electrical energy developed by water in the French Alps amounts to 738,000 horse power.

Hawaii exports more than two million cases of pine apples annually.

A trap-baited with sunflower seed is one of the most efficacious means of catching rats.

The skin of the whale is split into four thicknesses and each thickness makes a stout and substantial leather.

The butterfly, like the bat, sleeps with its head down on the stem of the blade of grass upon which it rests.

An analysis of the body of the star fish shows it contains nearly 5 per cent of nitrogen and a quantity of phosphoric acid.

Japan produces 250 million bushels of rice annually.

A Pennsylvania farmer blasted a stump recently and out flew a box containing \$1,943.

An aeroplane said to be capable of flying 120 miles an hour has been received at the army aviation school at San Diego, Cal. It is asserted the machine can climb 10,000 feet in 10 seconds.

Bolivian railroads are substituting wood for coal as fuel.

Recent tests have been shown that a light covered with a red globe will keep mosquitoes away while a white light attracts them.

A French aviator claims to have invented a perfectly stable aeroplane the high use of seven planes on the machine.

An increase of from 25 to 194 per cent in farm land values has been produced by improvement of market roads, according to federal statistics.

The department of agriculture is experimenting with Chinese plants with a view of reducing the cost of food production.

Directors of the Utah Consolidated Mining company have declared a dividend of \$1 per share payable March 26 to stock of record March 17.

Many gas plants in small Italian cities have shut down on account of lack of coal.

Mme. Schuman Heinck, injured in a St. Louis trolley accident, will be unable to sing again for a year.

Expert figures show the number of horses purchased in three years for the armies of the allies were 1,088,588 at a value of \$228,155,786.

The sale of spirits and other alcoholic drinks has been prohibited in Denmark.

The price of gasoline has advanced in the principal cities of New York from 27 cents to 28 cents a gallon.

Professor Thomas N. Carver of Harvard says the over-supply of gold is as much responsible for the high cost of living as the under supply of products.

Italian motion picture men start avalanches in the Alps by exploding dynamite in the snow.

Rubber obtained from trees growing in Natal has proved so satisfactory that a factory to refine it has been established in England.

A recently invented dish washing machine can be attached to a faucet and used with dishes placed in the kitchen sink without the use of a dish pan.

For testing the dangers of mine gases, an Englishman has invented an apparatus that measures the duration of flashes from explosions.

A combination of steel bands and hard rubber to surround an inner tube features a new automobile tire that is claimed to be punctureless.

Thirty thousand persons heard the message of tuberculosis prevention in lectures and addresses during the year; 10,000 received instruction through motion pictures; 8,000 through exhibits, and 100,000 pieces of literature were distributed in various ways.

Eighty patients, all referred from the tuberculosis clinic, were treated at the dental clinic since it was opened October 21, 1916.

Railroad fares in Great Britain were increased 50 per cent January 1.

Steel tires for motor cars are being used in Germany because of the scarcity of rubber. They consist of dozens of steel threads woven together and fixed over an inner band of rubber. After running about 3,500 miles the steel has to be replaced, but the rubber remains intact.

Operator Walsh of the Marion Wireless Telegraph office at Honolulu, Hawaii, recently sent to the receiving station in California, 67 messages in one hour and 20 minutes. The distance is 2,372 miles.

Pitchblende has been discovered in India and a syndicate has been formed to exploit the deposits for radium.

**CO-OPERATIVE**  
**CLASSIFIED**

**ADVERTISING**  
**DEPARTMENT**

8c A WORD 1 TIME; 4 TIMES FOR PRICE OF 3

ASK THE EDITOR ABOUT CO-OPERATIVE CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

**MEDICAL**

**CANCERS**  
No pay until removed. Health Herald Free. Add. Dr. Edw. B. Norton, Fitchburg, Mass.  
**MORPHINE OR LIQUOR HABIT CURED.** 25 years' experience. E. A. W. To Be. 416 Michigan St., Grand Rapids, Mich. D-251  
**FARMS FOR SALE**  
**FORTY-ACRE IRRIGATED FARM, IDAHO.** Clear. Owner, R. S. Crandall, Newham, Kans. D-252  
**MISCELLANEOUS**  
**FREE—HOW TO BE CURED OF ANY** Drug or Liquor Habit. 24 years' experience. Dr. Esterson, Specialist. 416 Michigan St., Grand Rapids, Mich. D-253  
**FOSTER'S CROP WEATHER FORECASTS** free. Address 23 Tea St., Northeast, Washington, D. C. D-255  
**LEARN BARRER TRADE—EVERYTHING** modern, tuition \$25. Tools given. Tri-City Barber College, 819 So. State, Chicago, Ill. D-254  
**BEAUTIFY YOUR HOME GROUNDS.** For quick results plant Quality Dahlias (Northern Growth). Write for catalogue. Mrs. E. L. G. Davis, Newton, N. H. D-254  
**HELP WANTED**  
**LATHE AND FACTORY MEN WANTED.** Satisfactory work for good men. Good wages and a chance to learn a trade. Write to J. E. & Mfg. Co., Thompsonville, Mich. D-254  
**WANTED—MAN WITH STOCK** and land to work farm on shares. Extra terms if you will stay several years. Chance to buy. W. I. Kinney, Marion, Mich. D-255  
**BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES**  
**BUSINESS COURSE**  
**IN ORDER TO INTRODUCE THIS** course, equal to any, given in modern colleges, will send the complete course on receipt \$1. Money back if dissatisfied. We pay charges. Miller's Literary Agency, 211 Kalamazoo St., Dayton, Ohio.

**AGENTS WANTED**

**MAKE \$5 DAILY SELLING OUR** Undersized and Heavy to your friends and neighbors. No experience necessary. Write today for information. C. & D. Miller, Grand Rapids, Michigan. D-254  
**WANTED—C. NEAL, 401 BROWN ST., CADILLAC, MICHIGAN,** wants fifty live agents at once. Write today. D-254  
**\$150.00 SALARY FOR 60 DAYS' WORK** paid woman or man in each town to distribute free circulars, and take orders for non-alcoholic white ribbon concentrated flavoring. Big demand, steady increase. Write for full particulars. 11 S. E. Harrison St., Chicago, Ill. D-252  
**POULTRY**  
**SILVER CAMPINES, POLISH, LANGSHIRE,** also furnish other varieties. Beautiful birds. Reasonable. Write for information. Hatchling eggs prompt. SLEEPY EYE POULTRY YARDS, SLEEPY EYE, MINN. D-251  
**PLANTS—SEEDS**  
**SPECKLE PEAS AND PEANUTS, OLIVER** Seed Co., Union Springs, Ala. A-255  
**BLACK HILLS ALFALFA SEED.** 3c per bushel. For sample send stamp to Brook Side Farm, Buffalo, N. D. D-255  
**STRAWBERRIES—WANT THEM** Taste good next fall. Grow them in your garden. Plants set this spring will produce abundance of berries from July to December; start right. Get the FRANKS. Best proof, drought resistant. \$3.00 per 100; \$25.00 per 1,000 post paid. Liberal discount on large orders. W. F. Tindall, the Fall Strawberry Man, Cozy Brook Farm, Boyne City, Mich. D-254  
**STRAWBERRY PLANTS—SENATOR DUNLAP.** Money makers. 1,000, \$1.75. J. E. Hampton, Bangor, Mich. D-254  
**LIVE STOCK FOR SALE**  
**O. I. C. HOGS** Write for book. "The Sale" The L. E. SILVER CO., 195 Victor Bldg., Cleveland, Ohio.  
**FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL GRAY PERCHERON** Stallion, 4 years old, weight 1900. Registered and state licensed. A sure breeder. E. F. Thatcher, Ravenna, Mich. D-254  
**U. W. P. A.**

255







# Great Stock Reduction Sale

## of SHOES for Men, Women and Children

### AT CARRINGTON & SON'S

Is now in full swing and judging by the throngs of Eager Buyers who have crowded the store all days, picking up the Wonderful Bargains to be had—is strong evidence that they are living up to their well-known reputation of giving the public the Excellent Bargains they advertised. This Sale will only continue ten days. The early customers secure the best assortment and values.

Extra Salespeople have been engaged to wait on the trade. But we urge those who possibly can to shop in the morning. The earlier the better; as in the afternoon rush we cannot give as good service as we wish.

The Store will Remain Open Evenings until 10 o'clock, to accommodate those who are unable to visit the store in the day time.

The Shoes for Men, Women and Children offered in this Great Stock Reduction Sale are of the Very Latest Models and the Finest Quality of Leathers, and ordinary cannot be purchased for double and in some instances three times the price offered during this Sale.

THIS IS AN EVENT THAT WILL ESTABLISH A NEW RECORD FOR VALUE GIVING IN NORTHVILLE.

Every Man and Woman in Northville should attend this wonderful Sale, for perhaps never again will you have such an opportunity to secure such high-class Shoes at such remarkable Low Prices.

We List below just a few of the many Bargains to be had:

#### Ladies' Shoes.

A special lot of about 300 pairs Ladies' Fine Dress Shoes. Not a pair sold for less than \$3 and up to \$4, at \$1.89

Ladies' Fine Dress Shoes. The lot consists of different styles and kinds of leather. Positively worth \$4.50, go at \$2.59

Ladies' highest-grade Dress Shoes, the world's most famous and latest style Shoes are represented in this lot. No better values can be obtained anywhere at \$7 to \$9, go at \$5.48

#### Men's Shoes.

Men's Shoes, Gun Metal, heavy black and tan calf. Worth \$3.50. Forced to go at \$2.29

Men's Fine Dress Shoes, this season's styles, worth \$4. to go at \$2.69

Men's high-grade Dress Shoes. The lot consists of every style and kind of leather. Worth \$5, go at \$3.39

#### Boys' Shoes.

Boys' Shoes, Gun Metal and Box Calf. Worth \$2.50, go at \$1.96

Boys' Fine Dress Shoes. Every pair new and up-to-date, worth \$3.50 and \$4, go at \$2.69

#### Misses' and Children's Shoes.

Misses' fine Dress Shoes, worth \$2.50, forced to go at \$1.59

Misses' high-grade Dress Shoes, worth \$3 and \$3.50, go at \$1.98

## CARRINGTON & SON

NORTHVILLE.

MICHIGAN.

This is the Season of the Year  
When Your System Should be Thoroughly  
Cleansed with a Preparation, Such as

SUPREME  
BRANDSUPREME  
BRAND.

### Blood and Skin Purifier A Valuable Alternative and Tonic.

This is an especially valuable remedy for Boils, Carbuncles, Ulcerations, Ringworms, Pustules, Scrofula, Blisters, Salt-Rheum Sores, Constipation, Rheumatism, and Diseases arising from Impure Blood and low conditions of the system.

This Preparation is Composed of  
Ginger Root, Mandrake Root, Licorice Root, Broom Corn Seed, Triticum, Alex. Senna, Sarsaparilla Root, Poke Root, Red Clover, Burdock Root, Cascara Sagrada, Chicory Root, Potassium Iodine, Soda Salicylate, Soda Benzoate and 15 per cent Alcohol as a Preservative.

The Real Merits of this Preparation are its powers of restoring and strengthening the system, cleansing and enriching the blood when it becomes impure, such impurities generally showing themselves by eruptions, pimples, blotches, etc. It stimulates nature to expel impurities from the system through the natural channels, thus cleansing the blood and restoring the system to a pure and healthy state, as through the blood all the organs and tissues of the body are reached.

This product costs more to manufacture than many similar remedies that we have heard of selling for \$1.00 or more per bottle. To introduce our product in this community we are selling it at 75c per bottle or 3 bottles for \$2.00.

#### PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING

Our faith in the preparation is so great that we are willing to guarantee it to benefit you and should you find no results after taking a bottle, we will cheerfully refund the money. We make this statement based entirely on the results obtained by others.

We could not afford to make the above statements or promises unless we were thoroughly confident that you would find them true as we have established our business here and elsewhere and cannot figure the sale of our other products of which we have 32, and further articles in course of experiment.

WE WOULD BE PLEASED TO MAKE DELIVERY AND  
DEMONSTRATE OUR OTHER MEDICINAL AND  
TOILET ARTICLES. ADDRESS A CARD OR CALL  
PHONE 36-W.

## NORTHVILLE CHEMICAL CO.

Mill and Rogers Streets  
NORTHVILLE, MICHIGAN.

### VISITORS HERE AND ELSEWHERE

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Adams of Dearborn spent Sunday with Mrs. George Hoyt.

Mrs. A. H. Kohler and daughter, Lena, spent Tuesday with friends at Redford.

The Curtiss family returned last week from a two months' stay in Florida.

Mrs. Frank E. Beach of Pontiac spent the week-end with friends in Northville.

Mrs. Alice Stowe of Detroit, a former resident here, was in town Wednesday.

Mr. Roy Whitney of Bentley, Mich., visited Warren Van Dyne and family this week.

Miss Anna Bowen of Magnolia, Miss., is the new teacher at Miss Zoe Little's millinery store.

Mrs. Bertha Cook and daughter returned last week from a several days' visit at South Lyon.

Louie and Ella Power have returned from a three weeks' visit with relatives at Memphis, Tennessee.

Jay Simpson has left for Mobile, Ala., where he will be out in one of the southern baseball leagues.

Mrs. Carl Switzer of Ypsilanti returned home Tuesday afternoon spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Clark.

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Yerkes and Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Babbitt left Detroit Sunday for a southern trip of two or three weeks' duration.

Mr. and Mrs. Claude Seeley have moved to Walled Lake from the farm home they have been occupying on the Base Line west of town.

Mr. and Mrs. Gus Tewksbury and son were called to Clifford Saturday to attend the funeral of the wife of Mr. Tewksbury's brother.

Mrs. D. M. Herrick entertained six mothers and their babies Monday afternoon in honor of the first birthday anniversary of her little daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Z. M. Hayes and daughter, Mrs. Arthur Latsenberger and baby, visited the former's son, John R. Hayes and family in Detroit Sunday.

Mrs. D. P. Yerkes entertained the following Milford ladies at her home here last Friday afternoon: Mesdames J. T. Watkins, S. T. Evans, M. B. Liddell and Miss Marjorie Liddell.

Mrs. Anna Johnson-Fulford, who had been visiting among Northville friends for several days, left for Plymouth Wednesday for a brief stay before returning to her home at Chelsea.

Mr. and Mrs. Griffith, who had been in town for the past two months while the former was engaged in the interior decoration work at the new school building, returned to Lansing.

Mr. and Mrs. Hempstead left for Northville Wednesday to visit Mrs. Hempstead's mother, and will remain until Mrs. Reynolds and daughter, Gertrude, return from Florida. —Algonac Courier.

One evening recently twelve of the girls employed at the Markham factory went to Northville, where they gave Mrs. Tom Carrington a pleasant surprise, the occasion being her birthday. A delicious supper was served and all report a jolly time. —Plymouth Mail.

Mrs. McCully will be pleased to welcome the ladies of Northville and vicinity at her spring millinery opening, Saturday, March 24.

#### Auction Sale.

On Wednesday, March 28, James Clark will sell at auction, on the premises one mile west and 3-4 miles north of Northville, milch cows, horses, farm tools, hay, grain and household goods. The sale is to begin at ten o'clock sharp, with Frank J. Boyle as auctioneer, and a hot-lunch will be served at noon.

#### Auction Sale.

On March 30 Fred Skarrit, who purchased the Paddock implement business, will sell at auction, on the premises, a large stock of farm tools, buggies, wagons, harness, etc., all new goods; also one span Belgian mares. Sale begins at 10 o'clock. Lunch at noon. Frank Boyle is the auctioneer.

#### Cautious Dependence.

"Do you depend on the wisdom of the plain people?" "I do," replied Senator Sorghum; "if their wisdom is attained through courses of instruction which I supervise."

Dancing Saturday evenings in Cattermole Hall. Good Music. Good Floor. Good Singer. Spectators FREE.

### COMMUNICATION.

Editor Northville Record:—

In regard to an article in your paper some time ago about the village using the grove on Cady street as a public park, it is certainly something Northville needs. Not only would it be a place of beauty, but useful as well. When there is a public gathering of any kind it would make a fine place for people to sit down and rest. There is now no place of that kind, and no matter how tired people may be, they must keep moving or standing around, or go home. It seems as if everybody in the village would be in favor of such a proposition, for the convenience of our citizens as well as strangers. With a combined band stand and speakers' stand and seats it would be an ideal place for public exercises on Decoration day, etc., weather permitting.

As another much needed improvement to the looks of our pretty village, as "Spring cleaning" will soon begin, why not have the streets cleared of wagons, hay racks and other truck that probably has no legal right on the street front? In some places in town such things, which should be kept elsewhere, disfigure the streets continually. If there is no ordinance to prevent using the streets for a barnyard, such a one should be passed. Our council has made many improvements during the past year, the good work may as well be continued along the lines here suggested.

A CITIZEN.

### CARD OF THANKS.

I wish to thank the King's Daughters, the Ladies Aid, my Sunday school class and other friends for flowers sent me.

MRS. WARREN VAN DYNE

### REGISTRATION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Registration for the township of Northville, Wayne county, Michigan, will meet in Murdoch's Drug Store in the village of Northville, on Saturday, March 24, 1917, from 9 o'clock a. m. to 5 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of registering the electors of said township.

Dated, Northville, Mich. 7 March 15, 1917.

ERNEST MILLER  
Township Clerk

### AMENDMENT TO CONSTITUTION REQUIRED TO ENABLE MICHIGAN TO RECEIVE FEDERAL AID

That Michigan's constitution does not give the State Highway Commissioner authority to originate plans for and to build roads as required by the federal aid road bill, which offers to Michigan \$2,186,758 during the next five years, is the claim made by the Department of Agriculture in a recent letter to Governor Sleeper.

To remedy this defect and some others affecting the Covert (assessment district) act and the sale of bonds by townships, a joint resolution has been unanimously passed by both houses of the legislature to submit to the voters of Michigan at the coming April election an amendment to section 26, article 8 of the state constitution.

The amendment makes but slight changes, but remedies all the defects mentioned. It is, therefore, very important to the road cause of Michigan that this amendment to the constitution be made at this time.

FRANK F. ROGERS,  
State Highway Commissioner

### STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Wayne, ss.

At a session of the Probate Court for the county of Wayne, held at the Probate Court room in the City of Detroit, on the nineteenth day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen.

Present, EDWARD H. COMMAND, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of MILTON B. BURROWS, deceased.

William J. Lanning, administrator of said estate, having rendered to this court his final administration account and filed therewith his petition praying that distribution of the residue of said estate be made pro rata among the creditors of said deceased.

It is ordered, that the seventeenth day of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, Eastern Standard time, at said court room, be appointed for examining and allowing said account and hearing said petition.

And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Northville Record, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Wayne.

(A true copy.)

EDWARD COMMAND,  
Judge of Probate.

CHAS. C. CHADWICK,  
34-36 Probate Clerk.

### STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Wayne, ss.

At a session of the Probate Court for said county of Wayne, held at the Probate Court room in the City of Detroit, on the twentieth day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen.

Present, EDWARD H. COMMAND, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of JOSEPH LEADBEATER, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Andrew Leadbeater praying that administration of said estate be granted to him or some other suitable person.

It is ordered, that the eighteenth day of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon Eastern Standard time, at said court room, be appointed for hearing said petition.

And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Northville Record, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Wayne.

(A true copy.)

EDWARD COMMAND,  
Judge of Probate.

CHAS. C. CHADWICK,  
25-27 Probate Clerk.

### W. L. B. CLARK'S

#### MILK ROUTE

Sweet and Sour Cream  
Furnished on Application.

### DETROIT UNITED LINES

#### NORTHVILLE TIME TABLE Eastern Standard Time.

Northville to Farmington and Detroit  
—Also to Orchard Lake and Pontiac.

Cars leave Northville for Farmington and Detroit at 6:20 a. m., and every hour thereafter until 8:20 p. m. 8:35 p. m. and 10:35 p. m. for Orchard Lake, and Pontiac only 11:35 p. m. for Farmington Junction only 12:35 a. m.

Limited to Detroit at 6:43 a. m. daily except Sunday.

Cars leave Detroit for Northville at 5:35 a. m. and hourly to 7:35 p. m. 8:35 p. m. and hourly to 11:05 p. m. Limited at 5:00 p. m. daily, except Sunday.

Northville to Plymouth, Wayne and Detroit.

Through cars leave Northville for Detroit at 5:20 a. m., 6:30 a. m., and hourly to 7:30 p. m., 9:30 p. m. To Wayne only, 11:15 p. m.

Leave Wayne for Northville at 5:43 a. m. and hourly to 6:43 p. m., also 8:43 p. m., 10:17 p. m., and 12:09 a. m.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, in the Circuit Court for the county of Wayne, In Chancery No. 51133.

William H. Cort and Minnie F. Cort, plaintiffs

vs.

Dennis Brink, the wife of Dennis Brink, if he had a wife, the unknown heirs of said Dennis Brink and his wife if he had a wife, and any person or the unknown heirs, devisees, legatees and assignees of the said Dennis Brink, and his wife, if he had a wife, and any person claiming from either of them as devisees, legatees, grantees or assignees, defendants.

At a session of said court held in the court house, in the city of Detroit on said March 4, 1917, on the 12th day of said March A. D. 1917.

Present, the Honorable Fred S. Lamb, Circuit Judge.

On reading and filing the bill of complaint in this cause, duly sworn to by William H. Cort, one of the plaintiffs herein, from which it satisfactorily appears that the defendants hereto are necessary and proper parties and have some apparent or possible right, title, interest or claim to the premises described in the said bill of complaint and hereinafter described which right, title, interest, and claim of said defendants, and each of them said plaintiffs aver to be barred by the continuous, open, notorious, exclusive, hostile and adverse possession of said plaintiffs and their grantors for more than fifteen years last past, and that more than fifteen (15) years since the several rights to the possession thereof of accrued to the said respective defendants, which possession has been during all of said time and still is adverse, and hostile to the right, title, interest and claim of the respective defendants, and that it is not known and could not be ascertained, after diligent search and inquiry whether the defendants, Dennis Brink and his wife, if he had a wife, or the unknown heirs, devisees, legatees, grantees or assignees, of either of them, are living or dead or where they reside, if living, or whether their right, title, interests or claim, if any, has been assigned to any person or persons, or if dead whether they have personal representatives or heirs living or they or any of them has been disposed of by law, and that said plaintiffs do not know and have been unable, after diligent search, to ascertain the names and the persons who are included as defendants in said bill of complaint without being named.

On motion of Allen L. Lamphere, attorney for plaintiffs, it is ordered that Dennis Brink, his wife, if he had a wife, and the unknown heirs of said Dennis Brink, and his wife, if he had a wife, and any person claiming from either of them as devisees, legatees, grantees or assignees, and the unknown persons who are or may be entitled to claim under them, or either of them, cause their several appearances to be entered herein in the manner provided by law within three months from the date of this order and that within twenty days after the making of this order the said plaintiffs cause the same to be published in the Northville Record once in each week for six weeks in succession.

FRED S. LAMB,  
Circuit Judge.

A true copy.

W. J. MCKAY,  
Deputy Clerk.

The foregoing suit is brought to quiet the title to certain land and property situated in the township of Livonia, county of Wayne, and State of Michigan, and described as follows:

The east one-half of the northeast quarter of section twenty-two, T. 1. S. R. 9 E., containing eighty (80) acres more or less, the same being the premises conveyed by Minnie Cort to William H. Cort, his wife, by deed dated December 27, 1916, and recorded December 28, 1916, in volume 1174 of Deeds, page 226, in the office of the Register of Deeds, for Wayne county, Michigan.

ALLEN L. LAMPHERE,  
Attorney for Plaintiff.

625-26 Moffat Bldg., Detroit, Mich. 34-40.

### CHICHESTER'S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.

These pills are the most reliable and most effective pills in the world for the treatment of all cases of constipation, indigestion, and all other ailments of the bowels.

Take no other. Buy the Diamond Brand.

Prepared by CHICHESTER PILLS CO., Ltd., London, England.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

34-40.